The Palmer Journal.

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—BY—
GORDON M. FISK & Co.

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WM. MCKINSTREY, Merchant Tailor and Manufacturer of Custom Clothing, opposite the Bank.

WM. O. GOULD, Dealer in Millinery of all kinds, Demond's Block, Main street, up stairs.

President Lincoln.

O, loved and lost! Thy patient toil
Had robed our cause in Victory's light;
Our Country stood redeemed and bright,
With not a slave on all her soil.

Again o'er Southern towns and towers
The eagles of our nation flew;
And as the weeks to summer grew,
Each day a new success was ours.

'Mid peals of bells and cannon bark,
And shouting streets, with flags abloom,
Sped the shrill arrow of thy doom,
And in an instant all was dark!

* * * * * * * * * * *

Thick clouds around us seem to press;
The heart throbs quickly—then is still;
Father, 'tis hard to say, "Thy will
Be done!" in such an hour as this.

A martyr to the cause of man,
His blood is Freedom's eucharist,
And in the world's great hero list
His name shall lead the van.

And, raised on Faith's white wings, unfurled
In Heaven's pure light, of him we say,
"He fell upon the self-same day
A GREATER DIED TO SAVE THE WORLD."

High and Low.

A youth would marry a maiden,
For fair and fond was she;
But he was high and she was low,
And so it might not be.
For a man had worn a spur,
In ancient battle won,
And sent it down, with great renown,
To goad his future son.
And so the cruel word was spoken,
And so it was two hearts were broken.

A youth would marry a maiden,
For fair and fond was she;
But she was high and he was low,
And so it might nor be.
For the daughter never could wear—
Her mother held it firm—
A gown which came of an India plant
Instead of an India worm.
And so the cruel word was spoken,
And so it was two hearts were broken.

CAPTURE AND DEATH OF BOOTH.

There have been several accounts of the capture and death of Booth, but the following appears to be more correct than any other we have read:

Col. Conger and his party left Belle Plain on Monday night at ten o'clock. They proceeded about three miles towards Fredericksburg, and then turned southeast, towards the Rappahannock River. They reached Port Conway, on the Rappahannock, about one o'clock, P. M., on Tuesday. At this point it was ascertained, from a man named Rollins, that, on Monday, two men, answering exactly the description of Booth and Harold, had offered him ten dollars to take them to Bowling Green, which he agreed to; but afterwards the one answering to the description of Harold came to him and said they did not need his services, as they had found friends who would do all that they desired. It was ascertained that they had crossed the river about one o'clock P. M., on Monday, with the assistance of three rebel soldiers, and had started immediately for Bowling Green. Col. Conger and his party were detained in crossing the river, as only two horses at a time could be carried across in the limited ferry arrangements to be had. They left Port Conway, however, at about five o'clock P. M., on Tuesday. When half way to Bowling Green, they were informed by some women that the party of five who had passed down the road on Monday had returned that day, except one, and that "no lame man" had come back.

Supposing that Booth had been left at Bowling Green, the party of pursuers went on to that place, and surrounded the hotel about 11 o'clock P. M. Here they captured a rebel soldier—one of those who had ferried the culprits across the Rappahannock. They were informed by this prisoner that Booth had stopped at Garrett's farm, three miles from Port Conway, as they went down on Monday, and that Harold had gone back on Tuesday evening to join him.

Lieut. Col. Conger's party then returned to Garrett's, and surrounded the dwelling and outhouses. They were told by Garrett's son, a youth, that there were two men hid in the barn. This was about two o'clock A. M. on Wednesday. Proceeding to the barn, Lieut. Baker was sent forward, and called upon Booth to come out, give up his arms, and surrender, and that young Garrett would go into the barn to receive his arms. Upon his entering the barn, Booth said to the young man, "Get out of here! you have betrayed me."

Under the direction of Col. Conger, a colloquy then took place between Lieut. Baker and Booth, of which the following is the substance:

Lieut. Baker—You must give up your arms and surrender. We have come to take you prisoner, and will treat you as a prisoner.—We will give you five minutes to surrender, or we will burn the barn.

Booth—Who are you, and what do you want?

Instructions had been given to Lieutenant Baker not to disclose the character of those who were in pursuit.

Lieut. Baker—We want you. We intend to take you prisoner.

Booth—This is a hard case. It may be that I am to be taken by my friends.

After some further colloquy of this sort, Booth, seemingly convinced that he was in the toils of Federal soldiers, said: "Give me a chance for my life. I am a cripple with one leg. Withdraw your men one hundred yards from the barn, and I will come out and fight you."

Lieut. Baker—We did not come here to fight, but to take you prisoner. You must give up your arms and surrender.

Booth—Let me have time to consider.

A conversation in the barn, between Booth and Harold, then took place, which was not overheard by the party outside. In about fifteen or twenty minutes, Booth called out, "Who are you? I could have picked off half a dozen of your men while we were talking. I could have shot you two or three times, but I don't want to kill anybody."

Lieut. Baker—Then give up your arms and surrender. We have come here to take you.

Booth—I will never surrender. I will never be taken alive.

Lieut. Baker—If you don't do so immediately we will set fire to the barn.

Booth—Well, my brave boys, prepare a stretcher for me.

After this, a conversation took place inside, between Booth and Harold, during which Booth was heard to say, "You damned coward! will you leave me now? But go—go! I don't want you to stay with me!"

He then addressed the party outside, and said, "There is a man here who wants to come out."

Lieut. Baker—Let him hand out his arms and come out.

Another talk here occurred between Booth and Harold, in which it appeared that the latter was begging to be allowed to take out some arms with him, and Booth was heard to say, "Go away from me. I don't want anything more to do with you."

Harold then went to the door and asked to be let out. Lieut. Baker said, "No; hand out your arms." Harold replied, "I have none."

Lieut Baker.—Yes you have; you carried a carbine when you came here. You must hand it out.

Booth.—He has no arms; they are all mine; upon my word as a gentleman he has no arms; all that are here belong to me.

Lieut. Baker then approached the door. Harold thrust out his hands and was pulled from the door, tied and placed in charge of a guard.

When Harold had come out, Col. Conger was satisfied that further parley with Booth was vain; that he would not surrender; and passing to the other side of the barn he pulled out a wisp of hay from one of the crevices and lighting it by a match, thrust it back among the hay. Within a few minutes the blazing hay lighted up the inside of the barn. Booth, who was first discovered leaning on a crutch, threw it down, and with the carbine in his hands, came towards the side where the fire had been applied. But the light of the fire from the inside prevented him from seeing who was on the outside. He paused, looked at the fire for a moment, and then started toward the door.

When about in the middle of the barn he was shot by Sergt. Corbett, who had meanwhile crept up to the barn, and fired through a crevice of the boards. It is the opinion of Col. Baker's officers that if this shot had not been fired they would in a few minutes more have had the assassin in their custody alive.

Booth fell on the floor of the barn. Colonel Conger and Lieut. Baker immediately entered, and with the assistance of two soldiers removed the wounded man and placed him on the grass outside of the barn. He seemed to be insensible, but in a few minutes partially revived, and made efforts to speak. By placing his ear close to Booth's mouth Col. Conger heard him say "Tell mother I die for my country."

He was then carried to the porch of Garrett's House. Col. Conger sent to Port Conway for a physician, who, on his arrival found him dying. Before the moment of final dissolution he repeated;—"Tell mother I die for my country. I did what I thought was for the best."

When an effort was made to revive him by bathing his face and hands in cold water, he uttered the words—"useless—useless."

He was shot at about fifteen minutes past three, A. M., and died a little after seven A. M., on Wednesday.

PHILOSOPHY OF A SNEEZE.—The nose receives three sets of nerves—the nerves of smell, those of feeling, and those of motion. The former communicate to the brain the odorous properties of substances with which they may come in contact, in a diffused or concentrated state; the second communicate the impressions of touch; while the third move the muscles of the nose, but the power of these latter is very limited. When a sneeze occurs, all these faculties are excited to a high degree. A grain of snuff excites the olfactory nerves, which dispatch to the brain the intelligence that "snuff has attacked the nostril!" The brain instantly sends a mandate through the motor nerves to the muscles, saying, "Cast it out!" and the result is unmistakeable. So offensive is the enemy besieging the nostril held to be, that the nose is not left to its own defence. It would be too feeble to accomplish this. All the allied armies of muscles join in the rescue. Nearly one-half of the body arouses against the intruder—from the muscles of the lips to those of the abdomen, all unite in the effort for the expulsion of the grain of snuff.

SKINNING CATTLE BY MACHINERY.—There is a butchering establishment in Paris where the hides are taken off from the animals by means of air compressed by a force-pump in a cast-iron cylinder until it has a pressure of three or four atmospheres. One or more flexible tubes, fitted with cocks, pass from the cylinder to the slaughter-house. The extremity of one of these tubes is inserted in a small opening made in the haunch of the slaughtered animal, and the compressed air is turned on by means of the cock. The hide is then seperated from the animal with the greatest ease, and with little or no exertion on the part of the workman; and it is not in the least distorted or stained. A sheep may, by this method, be skinned in one minute, a calf in two, and an ox in five.

REMARKABLE DISCOVERIES IN ARIZONA.—Something over a year ago, an expedition set out from New York for the exploration of Arizona. Among the discoveries made by this party were numerous ruins of ancient settlements. Broken pottery is found strewn over all the parts travelled. Ancient forts, situated on the highest peaks of hills and mountains, are numerous; and the remains of towns of considerable size are seen in almost every valley of note throughout the entire region of Arizona, proving that the country was settled in former times by a better and more industrious race than the present tribe of thieving, murderous Indians called Apaches. It is conjectured that this race of people were destroyed or driven away by the violent eruption of numerous large volcanoes which once existed in that territory.

LIQUID GLUE.—The following is a recipe for making liquid glue without heat: Break the glue in small pieces; then add vinegar, say in the proportion of two parts vinegar to one part glue. Shake it well several times during twenty-four hours, and it is fit for use, fully equal to Spaulding's Glue. This is no patent, equal to any glue, and easily made.—Try it!

THE MORNING LAND.

How consoling the thought that "After the night cometh the morning." When the hand of bereavement is laid heavily upon us, how anxiously we turn our eyes upward to pierce the shadows which intervene between us and the fair Morning Land. When the spring bird warbles his sweet song in our ear, we pause and look heavenward, wondering if he hears to us some tidings of our dear departed, and if he has not seen the beauteous land where they have silently gone.

Where is that Morning Land? we sometimes ask, when dark shadows obstruct the light which our immortal spirits crave.—Where have they gone—the meek eyed ones who were the light and joy of our homes?—We list in mournful silence for the familiar footfall that ever pleasantly greeted our ears, and, half-forgetting, extend our arms to clasp anew the cherished form. Blessed are they who live so near the angel-world that they can hear its blissful echoes. Happy are they who see in visions the forms of the loved and true, and who can hear spirit voices sweeter than Beethoven's richest symphonies.

There is such a thing as holding communion with God and the blessed ones who have passed through the golden gates which have noiselessly closed upon them as they entered the Morning Land. They are there, while we are left to struggle a little longer—left to smile a few more times, as sunbeams illumine our chequered pathway—left to weep over the follies and estrangements of those we have loved, and left to realize that beneficent joy which comes from a sweet assurance that they who dwell in the Morning Land love us still.

LIVE WITHIN YOUR MEANS.

We don't like stinginess; we don't like economy, when it comes down to rags and starvation. We have no sympathy with the notion that the poor man should hitch himself to a post and stand still, while the rest of the world moves onward. It is no man's duty to deny himself every amusement, every recreation, every comfort, that he may get rich. It is no man's duty to make an iceberg of himself—to shut his eyes and ears to the sufferings of his fellows, and deny himself the enjoyment which results from generous actions, merely that he may hoard wealth for his heirs to quarrel about. But there is an economy which is every man's duty, and which is especially commendable in the man who struggles with poverty—an economy which is consistent with happiness, and which must be practiced if the poor man would secure an independence. It is almost every man's privilege, and it becomes his duty, to live within his means—not to, but within them. Wealth does not make the man, we admit, and should never be taken into the account in our judgment of men; but competence should always be secured, when it can be by the practice of economy and self-denial only to a tolerable extent. It should be secured, not so much for others to look upon, or to raise us in the estimation of others, as to secure the consciousness of independence, and the constant satisfaction which is derived from its acquirement and possession.

WHAT IS SETTLED.

Mr. Beecher said, in his address at Fort Sumter, as follows:

What are the ordinances given by the people, speaking out of the fire and darkness of war, with authority inspired by that same God who gave the law from Sinai amid thunders of trumpet voice? 1. That these United States shall be one and indivisible. 2. That States are not absolute sovereigns, and have no right to dismember the republic. 3. Universal liberty is indispensable to republican government, and that slavery shall be utterly and forever abolished. Such are the results of war; these are the best fruits of the war. They are worth all they cost. They are benefits secured to all nations as well as to us. Our highest wisdom and duty is to accept the facts as the decrees of God. We are exhorted to forget all that has happened. Yes, the wrath, the conflict, the cruelty; but those overruling decrees of God, which this war has pronounced as solemnly as on Mount Sinai, God says: "Remember—remember—hear it to-day, under this sun, under that bright child of the summer banner, with the eyes of this nation and of the world upon us. We repeat the syllables of God's providence, and recite the solemn decrees—*No more disunion! No more secession! No more slavery!* [Applause.]

WE EAT TOO MUCH.

It is now well ascertained that most of us eat twice as much as we need, and that ninety out of a hundred diseases are of our own making. The gentlemen who whirl about in carriages as if rushing to put out a fire, passing from house to house to minister to people afflicted with colds, billious attacks, headaches, nervous complaints, gout, rheumatism, and the majority of the physical ills that afflict humanity, owe their occupation and its profits to the "wrongs of the stomach."—People treat that vital member, which prepares in its wonderful laboratory the streams of life that nourish the whole system, as if it was merely a convenient arrangement for the gratification of the palate and the appitite. As a rule, they don't even take the pains to lighten its labor by making their teeth do the rough part of the work, but bolt their feed, gobbling away as long as a cubic barleycorn of the stomach is left uncrammed. They convert it into an organ of sensual employment, forgetting that its office is to prepare supplies to repair the hourly waste of the body, and that, as these supplies are healthy or unhealthy so will the body be.

TAKE NOTICE.—Holders of United States Bonds are advised and cautioned to preserve, in some book or on some memorandum which they can readily refer to, the dates and numbers of their bonds, the kind of loan—5-20, 10-40, or 7-30; and, if 5-20, the series—1st, 2d, or 3d, so that they may be able to describe and identify them if lost or stolen.

☞Do not lose your self-respect if you wish to retain the respect of others.

☞If a man is given to liquor let not liquor be given to him.

THE EASTERN PLAGUE.—We mentioned last week that the Siberian plague, as it is called, was raging at St. Petersburg. The French government has ordered all vessels from St. Petersburg to be put under a strict quarantine, while the Austrian government has sent a medical commission to Russia to inquire into the nature of the epidemic, and the best means of treating it. There is no doubt but this is the same disease as that known to history as the plague, and which has visited every continent but ours. Should it extend to Western Europe it may not spare us, and hence its progress will, from this time forth, be watched with the keenest solicitude. Its character is that of a contagious fever, accompanied by buboes, carbuncles and other unsightly eruptions. Persons taken with it often die within thirty hours. It generally lasts a week or ten days before terminating fatally. P. S.—According to the latest advices, the disease was abating. The highest medical authorities have decided that the disease is not the plague, but a sort of fatal fever, something like the cerebro spinal meningitis which has prevailed so alarmingly in this vicinity. It is confined chiefly to the lower classes.

A HARD SHELL MINISTER.—Rev. J. W. Loguen, a negro minister, delivered a speech at Brooklyn, on the evening of the 4th inst., in which, among other things, he said:—"Why, at Washington, once, I was standing quietly in the street, when a Union soldier came up, and, without the slightest provocation or my knowledge of the coming attack, gave me a terrific blow with a club from behind. The blow was so severe that the club broke over my head; for the foolish attacker did not know how hard a Southron's head was; and I, turning under the resentive impulse of the moment, gave a return blow of such severity as to knock the man's eye out."

REVIVAL OF BUSINESS IN RICHMOND.—The Richmond Whig says that the streets of that city, which used to bustle and hum like a hive with business and activity, begin to wear their old aspect again. Drays fill the street, boxes, barrels and packages the sidewalks; and men, with locomotive energy in them, move about with a velocity which is contagious. Old warehouses, which have been closed and to let since 1861, are opening on every hand.

A CURIOUS INCIDENT.—At the New York Institution for deaf and dumb, on the Wednesday night preceeding the President's assassination, a little dumb girl got up in her sleep, went to a classmate, and after rousing her, spelt with the manual alphabet "Lincoln is shot." In the morning the somnambulist knew nothing of the circumstance till informed of it by her friend in the presence of others.

A NOBLE UNDERTAKING.—The ladies of London, pained by the perils, over labor and too common wretchedness of the dressmakers' girls, of their great capital have established a joint stock company with a capital of $100,000, in shares of fifty dollars each, to remedy all, or so many as there may be, of the evils complained of.

SEVERE SENTENCE.—A man named Delaney who had been guilty of defrauding the Government in the enlistment of recruits at Augusta, for Maine regiments, has been tried by a military commission and sentenced to ten years imprisonment and ordered to pay a fine of $70,000 to the Government.

AN ARMY OF REBEL PRISONERS.—Between sixty and seventy thousand rebel prisoners are now in the hands of the government, in addition to those paroled under the terms of the surrender of Lee's army. About thirty thousand have been exchanged under the last cartels, in addition to those who have been recaptured.

HE IS THE MAN.—Of President Johnson the New York Tribune says: "There is no more danger of his making any compromise or peace that will leave a vestige of slavery on the continent than that he will agree to establish the inquisition." Clearly, he *is* "the man for Galway."

SEAL CAPTURED.—A seal five feet long and weighing one hundred and fifty pounds, was caught at South Amboy on Saturday last.—The fellow had climbed upon the wharf and got down again on the wrong side into a place where he could not escape. He was taken prisoner after a desperate struggle.

COTTON.—Cotton is so abundant in the South, that should the trade be left without restrictions, it is expected it would soon be as low as 10 cents a pound. What a delicious prospect for the shirtless! Even the most shiftless of mortals would profit from such a change.

THERE'S A CHANCE FOR SOMEBODY.—A war widow in Lawrenceville, Tioga Co., Pa., advertises to lay a wager with any responsible person that she can walk one hundred miles without food, rest or drink, one fourth of the proceeds to be given to the Sanitary Commission.

SEE THERE!—In Portland on Wednesday during the high wind which prevailed, a lady's ch—interior habiliment—inflated to its full proportions, floated gracefully over quite a portion of the city, and was, of course the observed of all observers.

HOOSAC TUNNEL.—A. Williams & Co., 100 Washington street., Boston, have published a drawing of the Hoosac Tunnel showing the summit of the mountain, shafts, and the length excavated, at each end. It is convenient for reference. Five cents will purchase a copy.

THEY WON'T GET MUCH.—The English creditors of the defunct rebel government have attached all the goods belonging to the concern now in the hands of its commercial agents in London.

THE EMBALMED PRESIDENT.

The body of President Lincoln was embalmed at Washington, and a writer describes the effect as follows:

"Death has fastened into his frozen face all the character and idiosyncrasy of life.—He has not changed one line of his grave, grotesque, countenance, nor smoothed out a single feature. The hue is rather bloodless and leaden; but he was always sallow. The dark eyebrows seem slightly arched; the beard which will grow no more, is shaved close, save the tuft, at the small, short chin. The mouth is shut, like that of one who had put his foot down firmly, and so are the eyes which look as calm as slumber. The collar is short and awkward, turned over the stiff, elastic cravat, and whatever of an energy, or humor, or tender gravity, marked the living face is hardened into its pulseless outline.

No corpse in the world is better prepared according to appearances. The white satin around it reflects sufficient light upon the face to show us that death is really there; but there are sweet roses, early magnolias, and the balmiest of lilies strewn around, as if the flowers had begun to bloom even upon his coffin. Three years ago, when little Willie Lincoln died, Drs. Brown and Alexander the embalmers or injectors, prepared his body so handsomely that the President had it twice disinterred to look upon it. The same men, in the same way, have made perpetual these beloved lineaments. There is now no blood in the body; it was drained by the jugular vein, and sacredly preserved, and through a cutting on the inside of the thigh, the empty blood-vessels were charged with the chemical preparation which hardened to the consistence of stone. The long and bony body is now hard and stiff, so that beyond its present position it cannot be moved any more than the limbs of a statue. It has undergone many changes. The scalp has been removed and the brain scooped out, the chest opened and the blood emptied. All that we see of Abraham Lincoln, so cunningly contemplated in this splendid coffin, is a mere shell, an effigy, a sculpture. He lies in sleep, but it is the sleep of marble. All that made this flesh vital, sentient, and affectionate, is gone forever.

CHILDREN.

The headaches of early childhood are on the increase. Medical men are more than ever alive to the fact that children are over-excited in the nursery, and, but too often, too early and far too hard worked in the school-room. They are "forced," as gardeners would say, for too early exhibition in the drawing-room. They pass too much of their early life in a sort of orderly drill and discipline in forms and manners, utterly destructive of the sweetest, most healthy, characteristics of true children. Forever, from the earliest moment they can be taught anything, they are bidden "not to be rude, but to behave well"; as if, in real truth, the prettiest feature of child-life was not a sort of rudeness—the exuberance of real nature. Martyrs to the vanity of our day, they are limb-hampered by the folly which makes them mere dolls for the exhibition of their dresses and the ingenuity of their nurses in dressing their hair. Taught a deportment in character with their costume, they become, but too often, vain little puppet imitations of men and women, all the winning artlessness proper to their age being thus forcibly taken from them. They strut about, pretty pictures, when they had far better be tumbling about with the *abandon* natural to their age, but which would at once destroy the claim to that sort of prettiness their careful "get up" had given them. This precocious training in the nursery has its fruit in that great amount of butterflyism of which we see so much in after life in those stately, artificial, variegated specimens of young lady life, of which every watering-place gives such a cloud. Much real goodness is there in some of them; but there is the same sad sense of "out to be looked at" stamped upon their gait and adorning, only of an older kind, as that with which, at from four to seven years of age, they entered the drawing-room to visitors or the dining-room to dessert.

PURITY OF CHARACTER.—Over the beauty of the plum and apricot there grows a bloom and beauty more exquisite than the fruit itself, a soft delicate blush spreads its flushing cheek. Now if you strike your hand over that it is gone. The flower that hangs in the morning impearled with dew, arrayed as no queenly woman was ever arrayed with jewels—once shake it so that the beads roll off and you may sprinkle water over it as you please, yet it can never be again what it was when the dew fell silently on it from heaven. On a frosty morning you may see panes of glass covered with landscape, mountains, lakes trees, blended in a beautiful picture. Now lay your hand upon the glass, and a scratch of the finger, or by the warmth of your palm that delicate tracery will be obliterated. So there is in youth a beauty of character which when once touched or defiled can never be restored.

BE AVARICIOUS OF TIME.—Do not give any moment without receiving it in value; only allow the hours to go from you with as much regret as you give to your gold; and do not allow a single day to pass without increasing the treasure of your knowledge and virtue.—The use of time is a debt we contract from birth, and it should only be paid with the interest which our life has accumulated.

☞A schoolmaster who had a habit of talking much to himself while alone, was asked by a neighbor what motive he could have in talking to himself. Jonathan replied that he had two good and substantial reasons; in the first place, he liked to talk to a sensible man; in the second place he liked to hear a sensible man talk.

☞There is an old superstition that the reading of grave stones causes a loss of memory. It may well make us forget a thousand things belonging to this world.

☞True love, like Greek fire, is inextinguishable, but unlike Greek fire, it burns with a pleasant fragrance.

☞What did the cat find when she first came out of the ark? Nary-rat!

Palmer Journal.

SATURDAY, MAY 6, 1865.

Surrender of Johnston.

The first terms of surrender made between Gen. Sherman and Gen. Johnston having been disapproved by our Government, the latter, on being notified, made another surrender on the same terms as those accepted by Gen. Lee. He surrendered about 27,400 men and officers, including Gens. Beauregard and Hardee, and all the militia from South Carolina, North Carolina, Georgia, and the Gulf States, leaving no rebel troops in arms east of the Mississippi River. Gen. Wade Hampton refused to be surrendered, and took himself off with Jeff Davis. Gen. Johnston did not hesitate long to accept the terms proposed by Sherman. He had no means of supplying his army; and, his superior in command having surrendered, while Davis had deserted him, he was left alone to take care of himself. The mistake which Gen. Sherman made in the first surrender has been remedied, and the error will be readily forgiven. He explains the reasons why he agreed to the proposal in a satisfactory manner. He is no statesman or diplomat, but a warrior, and it is not surprising that he should draw wrong inferences from what he learns in regard to the plans and measures of Government. We shall wrong him and be ungrateful for his services to the country if we allow that act to dim the lustre of his fame.

Now that Gen. Johnston's army has surrendered, there is nothing more for Gen. Sherman to do in the Carolinas, and his soldiers of a hundred battle fields are marching home—coming to Alexandria. Some of his staff officers have already arrived at Washington.

Reward for Jeff Davis and Others.

The assassination of President Lincoln has been traced to its origin, and President Johnson comes out with a proclamation offering liberal rewards for the conspirators. The public will not be surprised to learn that Jeff Davis was one of the originators, if not the prime instigater, of the horrid crime. President Johnson says that it appears, from evidence in the bureau of military justice, that the assassination was incited, concocted, and procured, by and between Jefferson Davis, late of Richmond, and Jacob Thompson, Clement C. Clay, Beverly Tucker, Geo. N. Sanders, W. C. Cleary, and other rebel traitors now in Canada; and he offers a reward of one hundred thousand dollars for the arrest of Jefferson Davis; twenty-five thousand dollars for the arrest of each of the following persons:—Clement C. Clay, Jacob Thompson, late of Mississippi, Geo. N. Sanders, Beverly Tucker; and ten thousand dollars for the arrest of Wm. C. Cleary, late clerk of Clement C. Clay. The provost marshal general of the United States is directed to cause a description of said persons, with notice of the above rewards, to be published.

There is a fine prospect that Davis will be caught by our cavalry, and, under the extradition treaty, it is highly probable that those in Canada will be arrested and brought to trial. These rewards clearly indicate that such men as Jefferson Davis and other leaders of the rebellion must pay the penalty of their crimes with their lives if caught. Under the wholesome regime thus initiated by President Johnson, people need not fear that the ringleaders of the conspiracy against the Government and the lives of its officers will go unmolested.

Gen. Lee is permitted to remain at Richmond, wearing his uniform and conducting himself like a rebel officer. He thinks pardon should be granted to the leaders of the rebellion as well as to the rank and file, and says Jeff Davis was foreed into the rebellion by the will of the people. Nonsense! Lee is interested in escaping from the punishment which he deserves, and that accounts for such kind of talk. Of all the arrant rebels, he has done us the most injury. He ought to swing.

The final ceremonies over the remains of President Lincoln took place at Springfield, Ill., on Thursday. People from all parts of the State were present and the crowd was very large. The remains were deposited in a vault built for their reception at Oak Ridge Cemetery. The ceremonies were deeply interesting and solemn. The appearance of the corpse has changed much since leaving Washingtou.

The sales of the 7-30 loan have increased so rapidly that the present series will be soon exhausted, and the rapidly decreasing expenses of Government are such that it is a question whether the second series will be issued. Seven millions were sold in one day this week. Other government bonds are on the rise and as soon as the 7-30's are exhausted they will, no doubt, be at a premium.

The latest story concerning the disposition of the remains of Booth is that, after the head and heart had been removed and deposited in the medical museum, the body was buried in the grave-yard at the penitentiary, among the graves of felons, and the ground smoothed off so that it could not he distinguished from the other graves.

An attempt to burn the city of Philadelphia has just been discovered through a letter unintentionally dropped by a couple of villains at Washington. The letter stated that 600 persons were interested in the plot. The authorities of Philadelphia are prepared for them.

It is stated that Harroid has made a full confession, and pointed out all the persons known by him to have been implicated in the assassination of President Lincoln. It is, also, reported that Payne, the assassin of Secretary Seward, has made a full confession.

An English paper has a report that Louis Napoleon has offered to England a treaty for the mutual defense of Canada and Mexico against the United States, but the report is generally discredited.

☞ Clarke, Booth's brother-in-law, has been placed under arrest.

THE WAR.

There is no longer doubt that the rebellion is ended and that there will be no more serious fighting. Our armies are to be reduced at least one half, and all expenses in the war department are to be cut down to a peace footing.

Johnston having surrendered there is no more work for Sherman and his army, and most of his troops will be sent home. Sherman goes to look after affairs at Charleston.

A flag of truce in charge of an officer of Kirby Smith's command has been for several days at Little Rock. It was sent by General Reynolds to General Fagan with the same terms granted by General Grant to General Lee; result not known, the return of the flag having been delayed by high water.

The cavalry with the army of the Potomac has been sent south into North Carolina.—About 4,000 men of Sheridan's command are still at City Point waiting to be mounted.

A dispatch dated April, 19 on the United States flagship Stockdale, in the Alabama River, states that an officer on the rebel Dick Taylor's staff had arrived at Gen. Canby's headquarters to make terms for the surrender of the rebel general's command to the United States forces. No particulars of the interview are yet known.

On April 20, Stephen B. Mallory, Secretary of the Confederate Navy, surrendered himself to Capt. Gibson, U. S. Navy at Pensacola.

It is surmised in Western journals that an army, consisting of the fourth army corps, under Maj.-Gen. D. S. Stanley, and several smaller commands are about to open a campaign in Arkansas and Texas.

A dispatch from New Orleans states that the rebel ram Webb ran past that city on the afternoon of the 24th ult. At first she displayed Union colors but afterwards substituted Confederate. She was then fired upon and a 125 pound ball passed through her bow.—Gunboats started in pursuit but when 24 miles below the city she was fired and blown up by her crew. The crew subsequently surrendered.

A rebel floating battery which had come down the Roanoke river, N. C., intent on mischief has been found sunk and abandoned, she having been blown up by a rebel torpedo.

A rebel steamer was captured Monday while runing out of the Rappahanock. She had on board several kegs of specie stolen from Richmond.

Information has been received by the Navy Department that the rebel iron-clad Stonewall left Teneriffe on the 2d inst., for the West Indies, and she is supposed by some to be in that locality. Torpedo boats and monitors are being placed in all our principal harbors along our coast to give a proper reception to the rebel ram should it make its appearance

Cannot Be Blotted Out.

There seems to be a disposition on the part of Government, and this desire is, no doubt, shared by millions, to blot out forever the name of the assassin who took the life of President Lincoln. It is a mystery now what has become of his body. After the autopsy at Washington it was seen no more. Various stories have been told as to its disposition, one of which is to the effect that it was cut up in pieces and sunk at various places in the Potomac, and another and more probable one, that it had been handed over to a medical college for dissection. The only reliable information concerning the body is that Col. Baker and one other man are the only persons who know what has become of it, and they are sworn to secrecy. Now that the life of the murderer is taken, any indignity inflicted upon the body would disgrace those participating in it, and it would be foolish for Government to endeavor to blot his name from memory. As the name of Abraham Lincoln will live in history sweetened with a fragrant remembrance, so the name of John Wilkes Booth will live with it, but blasted by eternal infamy. Booth, himself seems to have sought this notoriety. He was an actor, but in doing his best he had failed to win even the fame of a second-rate tragedian. He had conceived the idea that the perpetration of a great crime would make his name world-wide and perpetuate it through all coming time. This was, no doubt, one of the strongest motives that impelled him to commit the terible deed. He had often been heard to declare that the assassination of Abraham Lincoln would secure a fame that the most ambitious would envy, and a passage frequently quoted by him in conversation was the following from his favorite play of Richard III.:

"The daring youth who fired the Ephesian dome,
Outlives in fame the pious fool who reared it."

Once on being asked who that daring youth was he could not give his name. But the passage is nevertheless true. History does not tell us who built the temple of Diana, but no historian has failed to inform us that the youth who set it on fire was Herostratus, who did it that his name might become immortal. To thwart this purpose of the incendiary it was decreed that his name should never be mentioned throughout all Persia, but the attempt to hide his name in oblivion operated the more to make it notorious; and so it will be with Booth. But who is there that will envy such a fame? and who would not rather slumber in the ages of forgetfulnes that have a memory cursed and execrated by all men?

Terrible Calamity.—Fourteen hundred of our soldiers, who had just been released from rebel prisons and were on their way home, were killed on the 22d ult. by the blowing up of steamboat Sultana on the Mississippi River. She was known to be an unsafe boat, but these men were crowded into her to be murdered. All of the Eastern soldiers on board were saved. The troops on board the ill-fated boat represented every State in the Union.

Illinois Monument to President Lincoln. A Lincoln Monument Association has been formed by the citizens of Springfield and Illinois, and it proposes to receive subscriptions from all parts of the country. It is requested that churches of all denominations take up contributions on the second Sunday in May.—National banks and all postmasters are to act as agents.

New York papers propose a fund of half a million dollars, to be paid for the capture of Jeff Davis. More than $30,000 has already been subscribed. It is quite likely that some of our cavalry in the vicinity of the Mississippi River may win the money. We hope they will.

☞ The army will be reduced fully one-third by the middle of the present month.

The Income Tax.

The 1st of this month was the day on or before which each person of lawful age resident in the United States, or citizen residing abroad, is required to make and render a return "in such manner as may be prescribed by the Commissioner of Internal Revenue" of the amount of his or her "income, gains, and profits," between the first day of January and the thirty-first day of December, 1864, inclusive. The commissioner has prescribed certain forms, to be found at the assessors' offices; and it would seem, from the language used in the act of March 3d, 1865, that there is a penalty affixed to a refusal or neglect to use this prescribed *"form,"* as well as to the offence of rendering a fraudulent list or return. The act of March, 1865, inflicts a penalty of additional tax of twenty-five per centum, "in all cases of *willful* neglect or refusal to make return on or before the first Monday in May;" but the New York World infers, from a letter of the commissioner to Wilcox, an assessor in Maine, that the Treasury Department has decided that neglect even after Monday is not to be considered to be *"willful,"* until the assistant assessor calls upon persons in default, and, *in person*, asks for his or her return. In such case, the person asked must furnish the return at once, or he or she will be deemed willfully in default and liable to the twenty-five per cent. penalty. If, on the other hand, the person in default is not at home, or at his or her usual place of business, when the assistant assessor calls, then the assessor must give him or her notice of ten days to make the return, before a penalty can be inflicted.

If, therefore, it be a case of mere careless neglect, it would seem that, before the assistant assessor can inflict a penalty, he must, in person, call for the delinquent, at his or her house or place of business; and, if not found, must serve a written notice, with blank forms, and then wait ten days.

It appears, from the act of March, 1865, that the penalty of one hundred per centum additional can only be inflicted in case of a false or fraudulent return actually made. If anybody sees fit to neglect or refuse to make any return whatever, he has a legal right to do so, but the act of Congress provides that, in such case, the assessor or assistant assessor shall examine such delinquent, his books and accounts, or any other evidence, and ascertain the amount of his income, assess the tax thereon, and add twenty-five per centum to such tax, "in all cases of willful neglect or refusal." The law has armed the assessors with ample power to compel the production of books and papers. In the act of June 30th, 1864, there was a penalty of fine or imprisonment, at the discretion of the court, inflicted on persons refusing to answer the interrogatories of an assessor, or to produce such books or papers as should be demanded.

Retrenchment of Expenses.—The Government has already begun the work of retrenchment with earnestness, and this week a large number of clerks of the various departments have been dismissed. General Dix will immediately carry out the orders of the War Department discharging all unnecessary military officials in his department. It is estimated that Secretary Stanton's orders will dismiss from the service at least fifty thousand men.—The Administration intends to relieve the country of the expense of a war establishment. It means to trust the parole of the rebel armies and depend upon the good sense and good faith of the Southern people to preserve the peace and maintain order. We are ready for peace; only bad faith and treachery in the South can now prolong the war. It is estimated at the Treasury Department that the expenses of the Government have been reduced nearly one million of dollars per day since the surrender of Lee's army.

No Response.—Ex-Senator Gwin and a party of rebel officers were in Havana when news of the assassination of President Lincoln reached them, and Gwin attempted to raise a cheer, but he met with no response. In Havana the feeling among all respectable citizens is one of profound regret.

Cutting Down.—Nine hundred more workmen are to be discharged from the armory at Springfield within a fortnight. This will increase the number of discharged workmen to over 2000, making quite a little hole in the population of the city, as large numbers of them will seek employment elsewhere.

Where is Davis?—Reliable reports say that Jeff Davis was at Charlotte, N. C., as late as the 23d ult. It is, therefore, highly probable that his route to the Mississippi has been cut off by Wilson who was in possession of Macon as early as the 20th ult.

Troops in Service.—From estimates made some days ago, it is calculated that we have five hundred thousand men in the military service, and it is believed that within a month from this date, one-half of this force can be dispensed with and the men mustered out.

Incredulous Story.—Some very credulous people in Albany, N. Y., had their feelings agitated Saturday by a report that Gen. Sherman had shot Gen. Grant. Only knaves could circulate and fools believe such a ridiculous story.

Shot At.—It is said that Senator Sumner was shot at on Friday evening last week, and that he subsequently received a letter saying, "It was fortunate for you that my aim was not good." P. S.—All a hoax.

Our Friends.—Our government has assurances of the most friendly feeling from the highest sources in Great Britain, and the *entente cordiale* in Canada is made manifest by correspondence from the most influential men in the provinces.

Want Order Restored.—President Johnson and the Cabinet are considering measures for the restoration of order throughout the south. Another proclamtion will be issued in a few days.

To be Paid.—All the funds required to pay Gen. Sherman's army in full will be ready by the middle of next week. It will require about $11,000,000 for this purpose.

Suicide of a Governor.—On learning of the defeat and surrender of Lee the rebel Governor of Florida committed suicide.

A VARIETY OF THINGS.

May-day was a wet day, and yet a flowery day, and those who went gathering blossoms did not return empty. In many years we have not had such a profusion of flowers on the first day of May as this year. Indeed, the season is at least two weeks in advance of the average forwardness of spring—all which foreshadows an abundant harvest.

—The rebels find it an easy matter to surrender their armies. Tired and sick of fighting, they have lost all hope of success, and gladly yield to the authority of the Government. They will, no doubt, be boasting of their loyalty pretty soon.

—President Johnson is carrying out the ideas of the late President Lincoln, and, thus far, his plans meet with general approbation. He will be a little harder on rebel leaders than Lincoln would have been, which is just what is needed.

—Notice has been given by our Consul General in Canada that all the criminals connected with the assassination of President Lincoln must be surrendered to the United States authorities.—This has a meaning.

—The body of Marshal Sabin, of Southbridge, who disappeared last December, was recently discovered in North Woodstock, bearing indications of violence.

—The news of Booth's death reached the ears of his mistress while she was in a street car in Washington, which caused her to weep aloud, and, drawing a photograph likeness of Booth from her pocket, she kissed it fondly several times.

—The heavy verdict of $32,500 was, this week, obtained in the Supreme Court at Boston, by Leonard Sturtevant, against A. H. Allan, for illegal arrest and imprisonment on charges of disloyalty preferred by the defendant.

—The amount of damage sustained by the Susquehannah Canal during the late disastrous flood will cost upward of $60,000 to repair. The work is progressing as fast as possible, but will not be completed before the first week in June.

—The metropolitan police bill has passed the Massachusetts Senate by four majority. It is supposed that it will pass the House, and that Governor Andrew will veto it.

—The last Presidential funeral was that of Gen. Zachary Taylor, on the 16th of July, 1850, when a prominent mourner was a son-in-law of the deceased—Jefferson Davis.

—The authorities of Prince George's county, Md., offer $2,000 reward for the arrest of any accomplices of Booth within the limits of that county.

—President Johnson remarked to the Pennsylvania delegation that the only aristocracy he admired was one of virtue, talent, and labor.

—All the private and official papers of President Lincoln have been carefully collected, sealed up, and forwarded to Judge Davis, of Bloomington, Illinois.

—Gen. Halleck has offered to give citizens of Virginia transportation to their homes in that State, and to supply them with condemned Government horses for agricultural purposes.

—Five thousand of our men are held by the rebels, as prisoners. We hold almost 70,000 of their men—fourteen for one.

—The $50,000 fund to be raised by subscriptions of one dollar each, is rapidly being completed in Brooklyn.

—Senator Sumner has consented to deliver the eulogy on President Lincoln, in Boston, on the first day of June, the day of the National Fast.

—Four men were killed in New Orleans on the day the news of the assassination of President Lincoln was received, for expressing joy at his death.

—It is a remarkable fact that North Carolina has never supported a Penitentiary or State Prison. The people are of frugal and industrious habits, and the courts have never been overtaxed with criminal business.

—President Johnson does not believe in "State suicide," but he does believe in killing rebels, and, if any big rebel should cheet to kill himself, the President would not be found altogether inconsolable.

—For the first time since the suspension of specie payments, the supply of cents at the mint in Philadelphia, it is said, exceeds the demand.

—Arkansas has adopted the Constitutional Amendment abolishing slavery.

—The rebel ram Albemarle has been raised, and will be repaired and added to our navy.

—A great fall in the price of coal is predicted. Purchasers are resigned to the prospect.

Unemployed Generals.—It is stated that a number of unemployed generals will be mustered out of the service in a week or two, if they do not take the hint and resign. It is intended to retain only about fifteen major-generals, sixty brigadiers, and one hundred and fifty colonels.

Impious Clergyman.—A Southern clergyman at Toronto, on hearing of Booth's crime, said, that "Lincoln had only gone to hell a little before his time." We should think that the reverend fellow who made that speech couldn't make the journey, he spoke of, too early, let him start on it as soon as he might.

Springfield.—Forty thousand dollars have been subscribed for a new city library building in Springfield. Hon. Geo. Bliss gave $10-000 of this amount, besides a site for the building, and Hon. D. L. Harris also subscribed $10,000.

One Sided Hearing.—A piglet was born in Bath, Me., last week, with five ears—four on one side of the head and one on the other. Here is a chance to make purses.

Good Haul.—Some of our enterprising naval operators made a fine strike at Mobile.—Going up the river in launches, they captured a blockade runner loaded with 4000 bales of cotton.

The trial of those implicated in the conspiracy which culminated in President Lincoln's assassination, will commence in Washington early next week. Full reports will be published in the newspapers.

Intended to Burn It.—It is now definitely known that it was the intention of Jeff Davis to burn Richmond; he left Breckenridge behind to do the work of destruction.

Nearly Recovered.—Mrs. Lincoln has so far recovered from her serious illness as to make preparations to take her departure for Chicago.

☞ The reported trial of the conspirators now going on is merely a preliminary examination. Arrests of suspected parties continue to be made.

PALMER AND VICINITY.

Schools.—The district schools around town commenced on Monday, May 1st.

Thorndike.—Rev. J. W. Tuck has removed his family from Thorndike to Greenville, Ct., where will be his future post office address.

Sold Out.—M. W. French has sold his half of the shoddy tweed mill in Wilbraham to his late partner, Mr. Gates.

Milk.—John M. Converse is supplying milk to the people of this village for five cents per quart.

Fishing.—Judging from the nice strings of trout which are frequently exhibited in the street, there must be pretty good fishing in the streams about here.

Installation at Wilbraham.—Rev. Alexander D. Stone will be installed pastor of the Cong. church at Wilbraham next Wednesday, services to commence at 2 P. M.

Auction to-day.—Mrs. Jane Blanchard will sell at auction, to-day, all the furniture in her house on the corner of Main and Thorndike streets.

Rev. Mr. Barrett, of Newton Theological Seminary, who was expected to preach at the Baptist church last Sabbath, but did not, will supply the pulpit to-morrow.

Fire In Wilbraham.—The dwelling house of A. B. Read in South Wilbraham, was burned on Thursday afternoon with a large part of the contents. Loss estimated at $1500; insured for $550 in the Springfield Mutual.

Valuable Property to be Sold.—The Nassowanno House block, and the long brick building west of the Journal office, known as Strong's block, are advertised to be sold at auction on Wednesday, the 24th inst.

Dr. Goulh has repeated the concert given here under his direction at Wales and Warren, and contemplates visiting other towns.—Besides, he proposes to give another concert in this place at no very distant day, with an entirely new programme.

Dog Days.—Dog days come in May, according to the statutes of Massachusetts, and every dog that desires to have his days lengthened must have a license. Those not regularly licensed by the town clerk will be visited by a dog killer in a few days.

Cross, the photographer in Strong Block, is making large and small pictures of the late President, equal to any in market; also card pictures of Booth, Seward, and Mrs. Lincoln, for which there is a brisk sale just now. People are beginning to find out that Cross is a superior artist.

Fatal Accident.—Edgar Sagendorph, of Ware, while out hunting on Monday morning last, accidentally discharged his gun, a double-barreled one, both charges taking effect in the lower part of the abdomen, killing him almost instantly. It seems that he was standing on a stump at the time, and lowered his gun with the intention of resting it on the stump at his feet; but, instead, it slipped, and both hammers struck upon the edge of the stump, causing the discharge of the piece.

Summer Arrangement for Running Trains.—Trains on the Western Railroad commence running on their summer time-table next Monday, May 8th. The principal change is in the morning accommodation train from Boston, by which passengers from that city may reach Albany at noon. Trains will leave Palmer as follows: East—2.39 A. M., passenger mail; 7.48 A. M., accommodation; 12.17 P. M., accommodation; 2.14 P. M., express; 9.24 P. M., express; 6.30 P. M., passenger freight; Sunday mail, 10 36 P. M.

West—7.45 A. M., accommodation, connecting with train at Springfield for Albany; 11.-30 A. M., express; 5.18-P. M., express; 6.10 P. M., accommodation; 11.30 P. M., passenger mail; 1.14 A. M., night freight with passenger car attached; Sunday mail, 9.20 P. M.

Our Cause in France.—The French Legislative Body, on the 15th of April, had a debate on an amendment to the address to the crown, expressing sympathy with our cause. Mr. Pelletan spoke in favor of the amendment, but was constantly interrupted by the majority.—The amendment was rejected by 195 votes against 24.

The Fall of Richmond.—The fall of Richmond, at last accounts, continued to be eagerly discussed by the English and French press. The papers were nearly unanimous in regarding the victory of our armies and the loss sustained by the rebels as signs of the approaching end of the Rebellion.

Miss Harris.—Miss Mary Harris, who shot Andrew J. Burroughs at the Treasury Department in January last, and who is in prison, is suffering greatly from eresipelas in the face.—Her trial, which was to have taken place on Wednesday last, has been postponed until May tenth.

Not True.—The statement that Gen. Sherman was aware of the assassination of President Lincoln when he agreed to the terms with Johnston, is untrue; but the news was communicated to him prior to the terms becoming known to the army.

Change of National Fast.—As the 25th of May, appointed by the President as a day of fasting and prayer, is a feast-day in the Church for the Ascension, another proclamation is issued postponing the Fast to the 1st of June.

Pacific Railroad.—The California end of the Pacific Railroad now employs about 2,300 laborers, 800 of whom are whites, and the remainder Chinese. Cars will be running thirty-six miles from Sacramento next week.

Condemn It.—Emphatic condemnation of the assassination of President Lincoln is uttered by many leading Southrons, who have never thougbt it would be a benefit to them to have Andrew Johnson substituted for Abraham Lincoln.

Paper Hangings or Wall Papers are prominent among the articles whose domestic manufacture has received extraordinary stimulus and development in this country since the war opened. For many years, the very cheap papers have been made here in abundance; but all the finer qualities, the velvets and the satins, and those of exquisite colors, have come from France until within a very brief time, and in great quanities. Now, however, the importation has greatly fallen off, and the home manufacture has to even greater degree grown in quality, variety and quantity. Only a few wall papers are now imported, and those of a specially fancy and rich character, and costing from $4 to $8 a roll.

As some indication of the increased use of these cheap but ornamental instrumentalities in all house furnishing, we may instance the rapid growth of the trade of a single firm in Springfield, that of Bridgman & Whitney at the old Merriam bookstore. The business of selling paper hangings has grown in their hands within three or four years from about 10,000 rolls a year to over 100,000. They have become extensive wholesale dealers, as well as retailers; they keep an immense stock on hand, embracing probably over 500 different styles, all of American manufactures; and they are enabled to sell as low, either at wholesale or retail, as houses in New-York and Boston.—*Springfield Republican.*

Seizure of Photographs.—Last Saturday, Gen. Peck, in temporary command of the Department of the East, received orders from Secretary Stanton to destroy the negatives for photographs taken at the City Hall, New York, by Gurney & Son, of the face of President Lincoln as he lay in state on Monday.—It is understood that the objection of the family and the authorities to the publishing of the photographs arose mainly from the fact that the features of the corpse were shrunken and had assumed a most unnatural expression.

Fire in Boston.—A destructive fire occurred on Saturday evening at Nos. 283 to 291 Monroe St., and in the rear of Nos. 342 and 344 Madison St.; and loss to the amount of about $20,000 was sustained by Messrs. Battisan, Stringham & Bishop, proprietors of the Union mahogany steam saw-mill and lumber-yard, $6,000 by Mr. J. Post, $5,000 by Mr. C. W. Houghton, veneer-cutter, and $3,000 by Charles Glose, cabinet-maker. There was but little insurance.

A Good Picture.—We have received of A. Burt & Co., Springfield, a splendid steel engraving of the late President Lincoln, said to be the most correct likeness yet published. It should have a place in every house. The same firm also have engravings of Gens. Grant, Sherman, Sheridan, and McClellan, and of Washington and Mrs. Washington, all of uniform size with that of Lincoln. Price $1.50 each.

A Quorum.—The Arkansas Legislature has finally got a quorum. The Constitutional Amendment was passed unanimously. The house is busy about a bill disfranchising all who hold positions in the rebel army.

Whiskers!—Those wishing a fine set of whiskers, a nice moustache, or a beautiful head of glossy hair, will please read the card of Thos. F. Chapman in another part of this paper.

Again and Again.—Our readers may think it strange that we so often urge upon their attention a medicinal preparation. Already have we, for a number of weeks, urged the importance of a supply of Coe's Cough Balsam in the house ready for immediate use. But our excuse is the vast amount of sickness, sorrow and death that are the immediate result of sudden coughs, colds and pulmonary attacks; while thousands of children are dying from croup and lung complaints. Time and experience have proved that Coe's Cough Balsam is the most reliable preparation ever known to the world. Like magic it relieves the irritation of the throat, removes the stoppages that prevent breathing in croup, and heals all soreness of the throat, chest and lungs. No man should neglect to supply his family with a safe and reliable medicine like Coe's Cough Balsam, any more than he should neglect the supply of their daily bread. It costs but forty cents, and the bottles contain twice as much as those of any other remedy at the same cost, while in merit it is superior to all others. All drug stores keep it for sale.

Whiskers! Whiskers!

Do you want Whiskers or Mustaches? Our Grecian Compound will force them to grow on the smoothest face or chin, or hair on bald heads, in six weeks. Price, $1. Sent by mail anywhere, closely sealed, on receipt of price. Address
1sd24 WARNER & Co., Brooklyn, New York.

A Card to Invalids.

A Clergyman, while residing in South America as a missionary, discovered a safe and simple remedy for the cure of Nervous Weakness, Early Decay, Diseases of the Urinary and Seminal Organs, and the whole train of disorders brought on by baneful and vicious habits. Great numbers have been already cured by this noble remedy. Prompted by a desire to benefit the afflicted and unfortunate, I will send the recipe for preparing and using this medicine, in a sealed envelope, to any one who needs it, *Free of Charge.*
Address JOSEPH T. INMAN,
Station D., Bible House, New York City.

TO THE NERVOUS, DEBILITATED AND DESPONDENT OF BOTH SEXES.

A great sufferer having been restored to health in a few days, after many years of misery, is willing to assist his suffering fellow creatures by sending (free), on the receipt of a postpaid addressed envelope, a copy of the *formula* of cure employed. Direct to JOHN M. DAGNALL,
my19 Box 183 Post Office, Brooklyn, N. Y.

To Consumptives.

The advertiser, having been restored to health in a few weeks, by a very simple remedy, after having suffered several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease, Consumption—is anxious to make known to his fellow-sufferers the means of cure.

To all who desire it, will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge), with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a Sure Cure For Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, &c. The only object of the advertiser in sending the Prescription is to benefit the afflicted, and spread information which he conceives to be invaluable; and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing.

Parties wishing the prescription will please address. Rev. EDWARD A. WILSON.
3m. Williamsburgh, Kings County, New York.

Mr. Editor—Dear Sir:—With your permission I wish to say to the readers of your paper that I will send, by return mail to all who wish it, (free) a recipe, with full directions for making and using a simple Vegetable Balm that will effectually remove, in ten days, Pimples, Blotches, Tan, Freckles, and all Impurities of the Skin, leaving the same soft, clear, smooth, and beautiful.

I will also mail free to those having Bald Heads and Bare Faces, simple directions and information that will enable them to start a full growth of luxuriant Hair, Whiskers, or a Moustache, in less than thirty days.

All applications answered by return mail without charge. Respectfully yours,
m4 3m 831 Broadway, New York.

☞Ladies who are suffering from certain complaints, known only to females, should at once get Dr. Velpau's Female Pills. They produce a most charming effect. Sold by all druggists.

Old Eyes Made New.

A Pamphlet directing how to speedily restore sight and give up spectacles, without the aid of doctor or medicine. Sent by mail, free, on receipt of 10 cents. Address E. B. FOOTE, M. D., 6mja28. 1130 Broadway, New York.

A CARD.—Mr. Editor:—In reply to many letters and inquiries from people in this section of the country, the undersigned take great pleasure in saying through the columns of your paper, that our renowned preparation known as COE'S DYSPEPSIA CURE, is a certain cure for Dyspepsia, in its worst stages. Many cures of long standing, within our own acquaintance, have been completely, and we believe permanently cured. It will stop distress after eating almost instantaneously, and enables the dyspeptic who has lived for years upon Graham bread and the plainest diet, to eat as heartily as he pleases, and anything he chooses, without danger of distress, or souring, or rising on the stomach. It is an infallible corrector of indigestion and constipation, creates a healthy appetite, stops sick-headache, heart-burn, sickness at the stomach, pains, cramps, or colic in either stomach or bowels, and sweetens offensive breath, as soon as you take it, and by enabling the patient to take plenty of hearty food, "which is the parent of health," produces vigor, strength and energy. In every trial we have known it has speedily eradicated Dyspepsia with all its attendant sufferings, weaknesses, debility, and loss of power, giving instead, a proper activity and tone to the stomach and organs of digestion, and as we confidently believe, and as the published certificates in our circulars, almanacs, and in many of the leading Journals, from convalescent patients will *confirm*, completely, permanently, and almost miraculously "cure the worst case of Dyspepsia in existence." We warrant it in every instance. It can be obtained at all the Drug Stores in the United States and Canadas, at $1.00 per bottle, or six bottles for $5. C. G. CLARK & CO., 1yf4. Proprietors, New Haven, Ct.

REEVES' ORIGINAL
REEVES' GENUINE
REEVES' RELIABLE

AMBROSIA,

For the Growth, Beauty, and Preservation of the Hair.

One of the Many Testimonials.

New York, September, 1862.

I have many evidences to prove that Reeves' Ambrosia is all it is represented to be. I will state a few facts—could relate many more, give the names, residences, etc.

About two years ago I purchased some of Reeves' Ambrosia for my customers. Many, perhaps, bo't it with but little faith in its excellence. But seeing the same ones return time and time again for "another bottle," led me to inquire as to the result of their experience. I was assured by all of benefits obtained beyond expectation. Hair falling out was prevented, that turning gray was arrested, the thin and slowly growing hair was made to grow thick and rapid; in fact and were pleased and highly elated. An instance showing the remarkable effects of its use for one year, came to my knowledge as follows: A lady, (one of my customers) who informed me that this preparation had caused her hair to grow, proved the truth of her assertion by removing her bonnet and letting down her beautiful hair. Measuring its length, it showed a growth of 3 feet and 9 inches since using Reeves' Ambrosia. I hear many speak in its praise, and can confidently recommend it from my own experience.

Miss S. MOODY, 319 Grand Street.

New York, Sept. 30, 1862.

Proprietor of Reeves' Ambrosia—Dear Sir:—Noticing upon one of your circulars a statement from Miss S. Moody, and believing that the person referred to is none other than myself, I desire to fully corrobrate her statement as I did on one occasion, while in her store, discussing the merits of your Ambrosia, remove my bonnet to show a proof of the excellence of your preparation. I would at any time give you a certificate in detail Shall recommend it all I can, believing it to be infallible. Yours, gratefully,

Mrs. JOS. T. LOVELL.

REEVES' AMBROSIA is for sale by all Druggists, and at 62 Fulton Street, N. Y.

☞Price, 75 Cents per Bottle. d406m.

For sale in Palmer by WOOD & ALLEN, General Agents for Mass.

If You Want to Know

A little of everything relating to the human system, male and female; the causes and treatment of diseases; the marriage customs of the world; how to marry well, and a thousand things never published before, read the revised and enlarged edition of "Medical Common Sense," a curious book for curious people, and a good book for every one. 400 pages, 100 illustrations. Price, $1.50. Content tables sent free to any address. Books may be had at the bookstores, or will be sent by mail, post-paid, on receipt of the price. Address E. B. FOOTE, M. D., ja28 6m 1130 Broadway, New York.

B Strength to the Weak! Youth to the Aged!

BIOKRENE, or Life Rejuvenator.

This preparation is unequalled as a Rejuvenator, and Restorer of wasted or inert functions.

The aged should be certain to make the Biokrene a household god, inasmuch as it will render them youthful in feeling and in strength, and enable them to live over again the days of their pristine joy. It not only exhilerates but strengthens, and is really an invaluable blessing, especially to those who have been reduced to a condition of servility, self-abuse, misfortune, or ordinary sickness. No matter what the cause of the impotency of any human organ, this superb preparation will remove the effect at once and forever.

BIOKRENE cures Impotency, General Debility, Nervous Incapacity, Dyspepsia, Depression, Loss of Appetite, Low Spirits, Weakness of the Organs of Generation, Imbecility, Mental Indolence, Emaciation, Enuui. It has a most Delightful, Desirable, and Novel Effect upon the Nervous System; and all who are in any way prostrated by nervous disabilities are earnestly advised to seek a cure in this most excellent and unequalled preparation.

Persons who by imprudence have lost their NATURAL VIGOR will find a speedy and permanent cure in the

BIOKRENE.

The Feeble, the Languid, the Despairing, the Old should give this valuable discovery a trial; it will be found totally different from all other articles for the same purposes.

TO FEMALES.—This preparation is invaluable in nervous weaknesses of all kinds, as it will restore the wasted strength with wonderful permanence.

It is also a grand tonic, and will give relief in Dyspepsia with the first dose. A brief persistence in its use will renovate the stomach to a degree of perfect health, and banish Dyspepsia forever.

One Dollar per Bottle, or six Bottles for $5. Sold by Druggists generally.

Sent by express anywhere, by addressing HUTCHINGS & HILLIER, Proprietors, 81 Cedar Street, New York.

Sold in Palmer by Wood & Allen; in Ware by Daniel Holden, and in Stafford Springs by H. T. Small & Co. Aug. 13, 1864. 8n B

BORN.

In Wilbraham, April 17th, a daughter to Samuel S. Hollinsworth; May 1st, a son to Erasmus B. Gates.

MARRIED.

In Stafford Springs, 3d, by Rev. A. W. Ide, J. S. Spencer of Sturbridge, and Miss A. J. Amadon of Staffordville.

In Southbridge, April 23d, by Rev. J. K. Lewis, Thomas Wright of Sturbridge, and Jennie W. Rider of Wales.

In Wilbraham, April 26th, by I. G. Potter, Esq., Samuel E. Alden and Jennie L. Shearer of Palmer.

In Pelham, April 19th, John F. Nichols of Belchertown and Lizzie C. Thurber of Pelham.

DIED.

In Agawam, May 4th, Lois Fisk, 72, wife of Wm. H. Fisk, and mother of the senior publisher of this paper.

In Monson, April 30th, Susan N., 62, wife of Carlton Squier.

In Ware, 1st, Thomas Burke, 31; same day, Edgar Sagendorph, 21.

In Ware (Gilbertville), April 30th, John Harper, 19.

In Stafford (Orcuttville), 2d, Mrs. Martha Stebbins, 96.

In Belchertown, April 27th, Harriet E., 34, wife of Enoch Burnett, and daughter of Alanson Stacy.

ANOTHER LOT JUST RECEIVED.

PRICES FOR THE TIMES!

Good Brown Sugar,	9 lb for	$1.00
Porto Rico do.,	7 " "	1.00
Granulated, Pulv., and Crushed do.,	4½ "	1.00
Porto Rico Molasses,	per gallon,	.90
Good do.,	"	.50
Best quality Oolong Tea,	per pound,	1.25
Fair do.,	"	.75

Another lot of FRESH MILK BISCUIT, with a full

Assortment of all kinds of Groceries, Just received

—AT—

NEWTON & CO'S,

Nassowanno Block, Palmer.

FERTILIZERS.

Fish Guano, Poudrette, Phosphate of Lime. Bone Dust.

For sale in large or small quantities by SHAW & NICHOLS,.....McGilvray Block. Palmer, May 6, 1865. 1w

NOTICE!

THE copartnership between the undersigned, under the name of Graves & Clark, is this day dissolved. GEO. GRAVES. Palmer, April 22d, 1865. A. W. CLARK.

NOTICE.—Came into the enclosure of the subscriber, about the 24th of April, one red yearling bull, and a red yearling steer with white on end of tail. The owner is requested to prove property, pay charges, and take them away. DANIEL FOSKIT. Monson, May 6, 1865.*

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

Probate Court. Hampden, ss.

To all persons interested in the Estate of Amasa Switzer, late of Monson, in said County, deceased, Greeting:

Whereas, Austin Fuller, administrator with the will annexed of the estate of said deceased, has presented for allowance the first and final account of his administration upon the estate of said deceased:

You are hereby cited to appear at a Probate Court to be holden at Monson, in said county of Hampden, on the second Tuesday of June next, at nine o'clock before noon, to show cause, if any you have, why the same should not be allowed. And said administrator is ordered to serve this citation by publishing the same in the Palmer Journal, a newspaper printed at Palmer, three weeks successively, the first publication to be fourteen days at least before said Court, and by sending or causing to be sent a written or printed copy hereof, properly mailed, postage prepaid, to each of the heirs, devisees or legatees of said deceased, or their legal representatives known to said administrator, within two days of said first publication.

Witness, William S. Shurtleff, Esquire, Judge of said Court, this twenty fifth day of April, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five.

SAMUEL B. SPOONER, Register.

A copy, attest. Samuel B. Spooner, Register.

FERTILIZERS.

POUDRETTE, Coe's Super Phosphate of Lime. Ground Bone, and the New England Fertilizer, for sale by GEO. ROBINSON. Ware, April 29, 1865.

GRASS SEEDS.

HERDS GRASS, RED TOP, CLOVER, and MILLET, at the Agricultural Store in Ware. April 29, 1865. GEO. ROBINSON.

FLOUR

Of all grades, FOR SALE LOW for cash,

AT A. H. PARKS' STORE,

West end of Palmer House Block, Palmer, Mass

AT NEWTON & CO'S

WILL be found those choice Milk Crackers. Also Boston and Springfield Crackers.

COPARTNERSHIP.

THE undersigned has associated with himself Stephen J. Hamilton, Alexis Courier, and Herbert S. Lincoln, as partners in the Crockery, Glass, and China Ware business, to date from March 1, 1865, which will be carried on hereafter under the firm of Hamilton & Co., at the old stand, Union Block, 197 Main st., Springfield. JOHN HAMILTON.

John Hamilton will devote his attention most particularly to the wholesaling of Kerosene Oil, Burning Fluid, Benzine, and Spirits Turpentine, orders for which will be received for the present at the above named place of business. ap15m

SOAPS, SOAPS!

BURWELLS, Babbitt's, Castile and Common, at NEWTON & CO'S, Palmer.

NOTICE.

I HEREBY give notice that I have given my son, Nathan H. Rich, his time from this date, and shall claim none of his wages, nor pay any debts of his contracting. J. C. RICH. Palmer, April 25, 1865. n29.

MEAL.

BOLTED MEAL, FLOUR, RYE MEAL, CORN, GRASS SEEDS, RYE,

Will be found At NEWTON & Co's, Palmer, At the Lowest Figures.

A TIMELY WARNING.

DISEASES of the Urinary and Sexual Organs, the result of Self-abuse, Sexual Excesses, &c. Reports on the above, supplying the means of cure, sent free on receipt of a red stamp. Address JOHN D. WILLIAMS, a21. P. O. box, 2053, Philadelphia, Pa.

TOBACCO OF ALL KINDS,

Cavendish, Navy, Fine Cut Chewing, Killekinic Smoking.

We would call particular attention to our Navy Tobacco, that we are selling at 75 cents ₰ lb.

NEWTON & CO.,

Nassowanno Block . . . . Palmer, Mass.

NEW JUVENILE MUSIC BOOK.

By L. O. Emerson, author of the "Golden Wreath," "Harp of Judah," &c.

MERRY CHIMES;

Containing Elementary Instructions, Attractive Exercises, and Several Hundred Popular Songs.

This New Book will be found superior to all similar works, in many points essential to its success as a popular Instruction Book in Vocal Music, and Collection of Melodies for the Young.

The Elementary Department contains Just those Peculiar Elements that Attract and Retain the Attention of Children. The Songs are not old and time-worn—sung through a dozen books—but new and sparkling, adapted to all occasions, and Alive with the Spirit of the Times.

A large number have been written expressly for this work. The Melodies are equally good, and include very many Compositions never before published.

All who have examined this work predict for it a success beyond that of any similar publication.

Price 50 cents a copy—$5 a dozen.

SPECIMEN PAGES, containing several choice pieces, will be sent to any one on application.

OLIVER DITSON & CO., Publishers, 277 Washington Street, Boston.

TITUS & BURWELL,

House, Sign, and Ornamental Painters,

GRAINERS, and furnishers of

PAPER HANGINGS.

☞Whitening and Paper Hanging done at short notice. All work warranted.

Shop next Caswell's Blacksmith shop. Orders may be left at Dr. Cowan's office.

S. TITUS.....E. S. BURWELL. Palmer, April 15. 1865.

SPICES, of all varieties, Raisins, Citron, Extracts, Bluing, Pepper Sauce, Tomato Ketchup, At NEWTON & Co's, Pamler.

GOLD AT 150,

—AND—

MY PRICES

For all kinds of Goods

ARE MARKED TO CORRESPOND.

Good Prints, Fast Colors,	20 cts.
All others,	22@25
Best DeLaines,	30
7-8 Brown Cottons,	20
Nice yard wide, do.	20
Best 9-8 do., do.,	37½
Larg't size best qual. Ladies' Nubias,	1 25
Heavy Long Shawls, largest size,	7 00
Best quality do.,	11 00
More Ladies' Rubber Boots,	2 50
More Ladies' Rubber Sandals,	1 00
Colored Cambrics (slightly soiled),	17
A lot of shop worn shoes,	75
Good Bleached Cottons,	20, 30, @40
Good Cot. and Wool Flannels,	40@60
Heavy Cotton Goods, for suits,	80
Good Balmoral Skirts,	$3@$4.50
	50@75
Nice Alpaccas,	75
Best All Wool Delaines,	37½
Heavy yard wide Cottons,	45
Heaviest Cottons made,	
A lot of Ladies' Cambric Collars, half price.	
Six pounds Good Brown Sugar for	$1.00
Five and 5½ pounds very choice do.,	1.00
4½ pounds Crushed & Granulated do.,	1.00
Good Molasses, for	.80@.90
Best Porto Rico in the world,	1.00

All-widths OIL CLOTHS, Palm Leaf MATTRASSES, HOOP SKIRTS, every size from 6 to 40 springs.

A variety of SUGARS; several kinds of MOLASSES and SYRUPS; TEAS and COFFEES.

☞Remember the French Breakfast and Dinner Coffee.

VARIOUS GRADES OF FLOUR,

From the cheapest to the best made. BUCKWHEAT FLOUR, RYE FLOUR, GRAHAM FLOUR, CORN AND RYE MEAL, always on hand.

Just Received, a lot of *SMITH'S PARAFINE*, for Boots, Harnesses, or any Leather work. The *only sure Water Proof Leather Preserver* known, and will be furnished by the dozen or gross, at New York prices.

Always on hand an assortment of

Clocks, Trunks, Toys and Fancy Goods,

Cooking Extracts and Perfumeries,

All the popular *PATENT MEDICINES*,

In STONE and WOODEN WARE, the usual variety.

Crockery and Glass Ware, enough of it.

HATS AND CAPS,

a good stock at all times. Also,

BOOTS AND SHOES,

for Men and Boys, and as good a variety of Ladies', Misses', and Childrens', Shoes, in Leather and Serge Work, as can be found, in stores out of the cities.

Recollect, I always have

A LARGE STOCK OF GOODS,

At *PRICES TO SUIT THE PEOPLE* and the times, all marked in plain figures, and

ONE PRICE ONLY.

☞Every one who owes me is requested to make immediate payment, as a change in business is contemplated. E. E. TOWNE.

Monson, Feb. 25, 1865.

Administrator's Auction Sale.

HAMPDEN, SS.—By leave of Hon. William S. Shurtleff, Judge of Probate for said county, will be sold at public auction on Wednesday, the 24th day of May next, at 2 o'clock P. M., the following real estate:

The first class four story brick hotel block known as the

"NASSOWANNO HOUSE,"

occupied as a first-class Hotel, three Stores, Post Office, and Express Office, situated in the depot village of Palmer, Mass.

Also, the three story Brick Block occupied for Stores and Tenements, situated a few rods westerly, and known as

"STRONG'S BLOCK."

The above sale affords a rare opportunity to purchase most valuable property in the thriving village of Palmer.

Terms and conditions made known at the time and place of sale, or by inquiry of the undersigned.

JAMES G. ALLEN, Administrator.

Palmer, April 29, 1865.

COMMONWEALTH of MASSACHUSETTS, Hampden, ss. Probate Court.

To all persons interested in the estate of Oren Hovey, late of Monson, in said county, deceased, Greeting:

Whereas, the administrators of the estate of said deceased, have presented for allowance the first account of their administration upon the estate of said deceased:

You are hereby cited to appear at a Probate Court to be holden at Monson, in said county, on the second Tuesday of June next, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause, if any you have, why the same should not be allowed.

And said administrators are ordered to serve this Citation by publishing the same once a week, three weeks successively, in the Palmer Journal, a newspaper printed at Palmer, the first publication to be fourteen days at least before said Court, and by sending, or causing to be sent, a written or printed copy hereof, properly mailed, postage prepaid, to each of the heirs, of said deceased, or their legal representatives, known to said administrators, within two days of said first publication.

Witness, William S. Shurtleff, Esquire Judge of said Court, this, twenty-fifth day of April, in the year one thousand, eight hundred and sixty-five. SAMUEL B. SPOONER, Register.

Copy—attest Samuel B. Spooner, Register.

COMMONWEALTH of MASSACHUSETTS. Hampden, ss. Probate Court.

To the Heirs-at-Law, Next of Kin, and all other Persons interested in the estate of Anna Gage, late of Monson, in said county, deceased, Greeting:

Whereas a certain instrument purporting to be the last will and testament and codicil of said deceased has been presented to said Court, for Probate, by Leonard G. Cushman, who prays that letters testamentary may be issued to him, the executor therein named,

You are hereby cited to appear at a Probate Court to be holden at Monson, in said county of Hampden, on the second Tuesday of June next, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause, if any you have, against the same.

And said Leonard G. Cushman is hereby directed to give public notice thereof by publishing this citation once a week, for three successive weeks, in the newspaper called the Palmer Journal, printed at Palmer, the first publication to be fourteen days, at least before said Court, and by sending, or causing to be sent, a written or printed copy hereof, properly mailed, postage prepaid to each of the heirs, devisees, or legatees of said deceased, or their legal representatives, known to the petitioner, within two days of the date of said first publication.

Witness, William S. Shurtleff, Esquire, Judge of said Court, this twenty-fifth day of April, in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five. SAMUEL B. SPOONER, Register.

Copy—attest, Samuel B. Spooner, Register.

GUARDIAN'S SALE.

BY order of the Judge of Probate I will sell at public auction, on the premises, in Warren, half a mile west of the depot, on Wednesday, May 31, at 2 o'clock P. M., a piece of land containing about 5¾ acres and water privilege, known as the Taft privilege, and belonging to the heirs of Erastus Hawes, deceased.

LATHROP CLARK, Guardian. Monson, April 29, 1865.

PAINTING.

THE subscriber has taken the shop lately occupied by A. M. Titus, and will attend to all orders for

Painting, Graining, Paper Hanging, &c., at short notice. Special attention given to

SIGN PAINTING.

A. W. CLARK. Palmer, April 8, 1865.

APRIL 1, 1865.

FALL

—IN—

GOLD!

FALL

—IN—

Merchandize!

I HAVE THIS DAY

REDUCED THE PRICE

—OF—

MY STOCK OF GOODS

TO THEIR

GOLD VALUE,

COMPRISING ALL MY

DRESS GOODS,

DOMESTIC GOODS,

Gent's Furnishing Goods,

Ready-Made

CLOTHING,

Boots & Shoes,

CARPETINGS,

CROCKERY, GLASS WARE,

&c., &c., &c.

ANY PART OF MY STOCK

Can be Bought at

LOW FIGURES,

W. W. CROSS,

Palmer, 1865.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!

WE ARE NOW RECEIVING A NEW LINE OF

Dry Goods and Groceries,

Bought since the Fall of Richmond, which we will sell

At the Lowest Cash Prices.

We have a Large Stock of Men's and Boys'

CLOTHING, HATS, CAPS, &C.,

which we are determined to sell.

Please call before purchasing elsewhere.

KELLOGG & TINKHAM.

Palmer, April 8, 1865. tf.

SPRING SALES!

DRY GOODS AND CARPETS!

TINKHAM & CO.,

SPRINGFIELD ..... MASS.,

Now offer

A NEW AND SPLENDID STOCK OF NEW SPRING GOODS,

All bought at the recent **Panic Prices,** and to be sold at prices fully corresponding to the lowest point reached. Every department full of Choice Goods, the whole making by far

THE LARGEST AND MOST ATTRACTIVE Stock in Western Massachusetts,

to which the attention of purchasers in this part of the state is invited.

WE KNOW WE CAN MAKE IT AN OBJECT FOR PURCHASERS

of Dry Goods and Carpets to visit Springfield, to visit our store and buy their goods of us. No effort will be spared to make those who favor us with a call satisfied that what we claim is correct. Particular attention is paid to

DRESS GOODS,

of every kind, including a very large and desirable variety of

MOURNING DRESS GOODS,

Choice stock of

WHITE GOODS,

Rich Embroideries, Laces, Trimmings, and Fancy Goods,

SILKS, in all Colors,

SUPERB BLACK SILKS,

SPRING CLOAKS,

Mantillas, Shawls, CLOAKINGS,

☞The Largest Stock in the City. Garments made to order.

Immense stock of

HOUSEKEEPING GOODS.

Extra Bargains in

COTTONS AND LINENS.

A Heavy Stock, bought since the recent Large Fall in Value.

CARPETS, CARPETS,

Carpets have also felt the pressure, and can now be sold at a large discount from old prices. We are fully prepared to offer the best terms possible, and have a larger and better stock than can be found in this region, particularly in all the better grades of carpets—goods that are not found out of the larger cities. Our stock includes every kind and description of Carpet Goods.

FLOOR OIL CLOTHS.

CURTAINS AND CURTAIN GOODS, WINDOW SHADES,

☞The best variety in Springfield.☜

New Goods will be Received Daily

DURING THE SEASON.

THE LARGEST AND BEST LIGHTED Dry Goods Store in New England, out of Boston.

184, 186, 188 MAIN STREET,

a15 SPRINGFIELD. 4m

"A Word to the Wise is Sufficient."

D. H. BRIGHAM & CO., OF SPRINGFIELD,

ADVERTISED two weeks ago to give special attention to the

Retail Clothing Trade,

And for the past ten days have had

A CONTINUOUS RUSH!

They are selling their Goods Regardless of Cost!

As the panic has reduced the price of many goods about one-half, and

THEY ARE BOUND TO SELL!

AN EARLY CALL will secure

SPLENDID BARGAINS,

and insure

An Immense Stock to Select From!

What's the use of Paying a Profit?

BUY AT PANIC PRICES AT D. H. BRIGHAM & CO'S

Wholesale and Retail Clothing House,

a1 SPRINGFIELD, MASS. 3m

ANY BOOK WANTED!

CAN be obtained at short notice by leaving orders at our store. A select assortment of STANDARD WORKS on hand, together with TOY BOOKS and BOOKS FOR YOUTH.

Also, different styles of

Pocket Bibles and Testaments,

PHOTOGRAPH ALBUMS, &C.

Give us a Call.

WOOD & ALLEN,

Palmer, Feb. 11, 1865. tf

FARMERS, ATTENTION!

DO you want to raise LARGE CROPS this season? If so buy largely of

Bone Dust, Super Phosphate of Lime, Lodi Poudrette, and Fish Guano,

and your wants will be realized. For sale by E. E. TOWNE. Monson.

PAY UP.

OWING to the recent change in business we are desirous of settling our old books. All persons indebted to us will please make immediate payment and much oblige P. P. KELLOGG. Palmer. April 15, 1865. 4w.

REMOVED.

I HAVE removed my shop from Commercial Block to the new building adjoining the Journal Office, where I am prepared to make

BOOTS AND SHOES.

and do REPAIRING at short notice.

CALVIN HITCHCOCK.

Palmer, April 8, 1865.

SMITH & CONVERSE,

Successors to M. W. FRENCH & BRO.,

Have on Hand a Choice Lot of

DRY GOODS,

GROCERIES,

Hats, Caps, Boots, Shoes,

&c., &c., &c.

YARD WIDE COTTONS,

VERY CHEAP.

New Spring Style DeLaines, Very Handsome.

Also, a large assortment of

SPRING SKIRTS,

All Styles and Prices.

GIVE US A CALL.

GEO. F. SMITH. JOHN S. CONVERSE.

Palmer, Mass., 1865.

U. S. 7-30 LOAN.

By authority of the Secretary of the Treasury, the undersigned has assumed the General subscription Agency for the sale of United States Treasury Notes, bearing seven and three-tenths per cent. interest, per annum, known as the

SEVEN-THIRTY LOAN.

These Notes are issued under date of June 15th, 1865, and are payable three years from that time, in currency, or are convertible at the option of the holder into

U. S. 5-20 Six per cent. Gold Bearing Bonds.

These bonds are now worth a premium which increases the actual profit on the 7-30 loan, and its exemption from *State and Municipal Taxation*, adds from one to three per cent. more, according to the rate levied on other property. The interest is payable in currency semi-annually, by coupons attached to each note, which may be cut off and sold to any bank or banker.

The interest amounts to

One Cent	per Day on a	$50	Note.
Two "	"	$100	"
Ten "	"	$500	"
Twenty "	"	$1000	"
$1	"	$5000	"

Notes of all the denominations named will be promptly furnished upon receipt of subscriptions, and the notes forwarded at once. The interest to 15th June next will be paid in advance. This is

THE ONLY LOAN IN MARKET,

now offered by the Government, and it is confidently expected that its superior advantages will make it

The Great Popular Loan of the People.

Less than $300,000,000 of the Loan authorized by the last Congress are now on the market. This amount, at the rate at which it is being absorbed, will all be subscribed for within four months, when the notes will undoubtedly command a premium, as uniformly been the case on closing the subscriptions to other Loans.

In order that citizens of every town and section of the country may be afforded facilities for taking the loan, the National Banks, State Banks, and Private Bankers throughout the country have generally agreed to receive subscriptions at par. Subscribers will select their own agents, in whom they have confidence, and who only are to be responsible for the delivery of the notes for which they receive orders.

JAY COOKE, Subscription Agent, Philadelphia.

Subscriptions will be received by the

First National Bank of Springfield.
Second National Bank of Springfield.
Third National Bank of Springfield.
Ware National Bank of Ware.
Monson National Bank of Monson.
Stafford National Bank of Stafford.

f25 3m

FISK & HATCH,

BANKERS,

And Dealers in Government Securities,

38 Wall Street, New York,

—ARE—

U. S. GOVERNMENT AGENTS,

FOR THE SALE OF THE

POPULAR 7-30 LOAN,

Under the recent arrangement of the Treasury Department with Mr. JAY COOKE, General Subscription Agent.

Checks and Drafts on New York, Legal Tender Notes, and National Bank Notes may be remitted in payment. We also receive all Legal Tender *Five per cent.* Notes, and allow the *accrued interests to date of subscription.*

The 7-30 Notes will be forwarded by express, free of charge, to all points reached by the express companies.

Orders may be forwarded to us direct, or through your nearest bank or banker.

Persons visiting the city will find a full assortment of the notes on hand at our office for immediate delivery.

Orders by mail should be accompanied with the address in full to which the notes are to be forwarded.

We also keep on hand, and buy and sell at market rates, all kinds of

United States Securities.

Accounts of Banks, Bankers, and individuals received on favorable terms.

On or about the 1st of May we shall remove to the commodious offices No. 5 Nassau st. Continental Bank Building, now occupied by the Third National Bank.

FISK & HATCH, BANKERS,

f18 38 Wall Street, New York. 3m.

THE NINTH NATIONAL BANK

OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK.

CAPITAL, $1,000,000---PAID IN.

Fiscal Agent of the United States,

And Special Agent for Jay Cooke, Subscription Agent.

Will Deliver 7-30 Notes, Free of Charge,

by express, in all parts of the country, and receive in payment Checks on New York, Philadelphia, and Boston, current bills, and all five per cent. interest notes, with interest to date of subscription. Orders sent by mail will be promptly filled.

This Bank receives the accounts of Banks and Bankers on favorable terms; also of individuals keeping New York accounts.

J. T. HILL Cashier. J. U. ORVIS, Pres't.

DODGE & HASTINGS,

PAY the HIGHEST MARKET PRICE for GOOD VEAL CALVES.

Palmer, Feb. 25, 1865.

A NICE ARTICLE OF **SUGAR HOUSE SYRUP,** For sale

Palmer, Dec. 8. AT PARKS' STORE.

WANTED!

BUTTER, EGGS, and all kinds of FARMERS' PRODUCE at NEWTON & Co's. Palmer, 1865.

SHREWD ROGUES.—In North Adams, the other day, a couple of counterfeiters were pursued by a couple of officers, when rogue No. 1 seized rogue No. 2, and, after a hard fight, handed him over to his pursuers, one of whom remarked that he was an accomplice; but, being assured that he was a North Adams workman, subsided. On the examination, however, it was found that the fellow had not only saved himself by the adroit trick, but had taken off all the counterfeit money which was necessary to convict his comrade, so that both escaped.

WHO HE IS.—Mr. Wm. Hunter, who is now the acting Secretary of State, is a son of the late William Hunter, of Newport, R. I., the former minister to Brazil. He has been chief clerk in the State Department for many years, and he is, by his long experience in the affairs of that department, as well as by his high abilities and character, well fitted for the task to which he has now been called.

NEIGHBORLY.—"Mrs. Jenkins," said a light red-haired girl, with a pug nose and bare feet, "mother says you will oblige her by lending her a stick of fire-wood, filling this cruet with vinegar, putting a little soft soap in this pan, and please not let your turkey gobblers roost on our fence."

A FLEET PREPARING.—There are now 2600 men employed at the Portsmouth navy yard, and quite a fleet is getting ready for sea. The Agamenticus, double-turreted monitor, is almost ready for her trial trip, and it is expected that she will soon be ordered to Europe.

BOOTH'S "DOUBLE."—James L. Chapman, son of Sheriff Chapman of Pittsfield, bears so strong a resemblance to the assassin Booth, that he was stopped three times while traveling on the 19th, and made to establish his identity.

☞ San Francisco was greatly moved by the news of President Lincoln's death, and the offices of a number of democratic journals were destroyed. Order was soon restored.

☞ The Louisville Journal has a special dispatch announcing the death of Marion, the bold guerrilla leader by one of Capt. Farnsworth's men.

WILLING TO ABATE.—It is rumored that the heirs of the late Dr. Walker will contest his will, and that Amherst college is willing to compromise by abating $50,000 of the legacy.

☞ Evidence accumulates that the Knights of the Golden Circle originated the assassination.

PRICES

—ARE—

DOWN! DOWN! DOWN!

—FOR—

DRY GOODS.

J. H. STORRS,

Would inform all who have so liberally patronized him that he will now give a BENEFIT by selling goods at Wholesale Prices at Retail for a few days. We offer

Good Dark Prints for	17 cents.
Best New Styles dó,	20
" " " M'DeLaines,	25
Heavy Cottons, yard wide,	25
Fine Bleached Cottons, yard wide,	25

NEW STYLES OF

DRESS GOODS,

CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS,

FEATHERS,

ALL DOWN TO GOLD VALUE.

☞ We give notice to all we have bought largely at the late Low Prices,

WHICH ENABLES US TO SELL AT

VERY LOW PRICES.

We shall make

Special Inducements to those from a Distance,

Who buy in large quantities.

NEW GOODS WILL BE RECEIVED EVERY WEEK

During the Spring Trade.

A Word to the Wise is Sufficient.

Very respectfully,

J. H. STORRS.

Ware, March 25, 1865.

TAKE NOTICE!

OPENED THIS DAY!

A NEW CASE OF GOODS, consisting of

COTTONS, PRINTS, & D'LAINES,

Bought and sold at

PANIC PRICES.

SMITH & CONVERSE.

Palmer, April, 1865.

HAMS! DRIED BEEF!
HAMS! DRIED APPLES!
ALL KINDS OF FISH!
At NEWTON & Co's . . . Palmer, Mass.

ENVELOPES, embellished with Business Cards, furnished at this office.

WOODS' Celebrated Dry Hop Yeast, for sale at PARKS' STORE, Palmer

---

POTASH, at NEWTON & CO'S, Palmer. Of the best quality

PAPER HANGINGS!

WE have the LARGEST AND BEST STOCK to be found anywhere in New England,
FROM THE CHEAPEST STYLES
TO THE
ELEGANT GOLD AND PANEL PAPERS,
And furnish them
AT RETAIL OR WHOLESALE,
At Lowest Prices.

☞ We send samples by mail or express
☞ when it is not convenient for customers
☞ to call at our store.

BRIDGMAN & WHITNEY,
SPRINGFIELD, MASS.,
April 1, 1865.

CLOTHING

Marked Down! Down!

NOW IS YOUR TIME TO BUY.

CALL ON THE
NEW YORK
CLOTHING
COMPANY,
138 MAIN ST., SPRINGFIELD,
(Corner of Vernon Street)

GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS,

HATS AND CAPS,

From one of
THE LARGEST WHOLESALE ESTABLISHMENTS
in the City of New York,

ANY ONE WISHING
A Good Substantial Article
FOR A
LITTLE MONEY,
WOULD DO WELL TO
EXAMINE OUR STOCK.

ALL GOODS SOLD BY US ARE
WARRANTED
TO BE AS REPRESENTED.

We will allow the privilege of exchanging (within three days), any garment sold at retail, which upon examination at home does not meet the entire approval of the purchaser, either in material, style, or fit; or, if that is not sufficiently liberal,
WE WILL REFUND THE MONEY.
Our terms of sale are strictly for cash, and
WE GUARANTEE
A BETTER ARTICLE
OF CLOTHING FOR THE PRICE
than can be obtained elsewhere. Call and satisfy yourselves, at
138 MAIN ST.,
nearly opposite Baptist Church,
SPRINGFIELD ..... MASS.
n2ltf

READY MADE CLOTHING,

Just received and for sale by

D. MULVIHILL,

Nassowanno Block, Palmer, Mass.
March 4, 1865.

PETROLEUM STOCKS

Are now attracting much attention, as

They Pay Larger Dividends

than any other stocks in the market, ranging from
One to Five per Cent. per Month.

Parties wishing to subscribe for stock in the "Great Basin" the "Massachusetts & Oil Creek," the "New England," "Fuller Farm," or other first-class oil companies, or in the

Montezuma Gold Mining Company,

the ore of which assays at over $8,000 per cord, can do so at the office of
Palmer, Jan. 21, 1865. JAS. G. ALLEN.

Manhood: How Lost, How Restored.

JUST PUBLISHED, a new edition of DR. CULVERWELL'S CELEBRATED ESSAY on the Radical Cure (without medicine) of Spermatorrhœa, or seminal weakness, Involuntary Seminal Losses, Impotency, Mental and physical Incapacity; Impediments to Marriage, etc.: also, Consumption, Epilepsy, and Fits, induced by self-indulgence or sexual extravagance.

☞ Price, in a sealed envelope, only six cents.

The celebrated author, in this admirable essay, clearly demonstrates, from a thirty years' successful practice, that the alarming consequences of self-abuse may be radically cured without the dangerous use of internal medicine, or the application of the knife—pointing out a mode of cure at once simple, certain, and effectual, by means of which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately, and radically.

☞ This Lecture should be in the hands of every youth and every man in the land.

Sent under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address, post-paid, on receipt of six cents or two post stamps. Address the publishers,
CHAS. J. C. KLINE & CO.,
127 Bowery, New York, Post Office Box 4,586.

IF YOU WANT
A GOOD ARTICLE
—OF—
READY-MADE CLOTHING
For a Little Money,
Call at **D. MULVIHILL'S,**
Palmer, March 4, 1865. Nassowanno Block.

The New 7 3-10 Treasury Notes

ARE on hand and for sale at the MONSON NATIONAL BANK, in denominations of $50, $100, $500, and $1000.
Monson, Dec. 17. E. F. MORRIS, Cashier.

ANOTHER LOT Fresh Ground of KENT'S East India and OLMITZ'
COFFEES,
The best out. At NEWTON & CO'S,
Nassowanno Block, Palmer.

FIRE AND LIFE
INSURANCE AGENCY.

Ætna Insurance Company,
HARTFORD, CT.
Capital $1,500,000

Hartford Fire Ins. Company,
HARTFORD, CT.
Capital $1,000,000

Phœnix Insurance Company,
HARTFORD, CT.
Capital $400,000

Springfield Fire & Marine Ins. Co.,
SPRINGFIELD, MASS.
Capital and Surplus $567,863 17

Norwich Fire Insurance Company,
NORWICH, CT.
Capital $300,000

INSURANCE AGAINST FIRE,
ON FACTORIES, STORES, DWELLING Houses, Barns, &c.,
Effected on MOST REASONABLE TERMS, in the Best Companies.

Also, Life Insurance

Effected on good risks in the best Mutual Companies.

Address or apply to
E. F. MORRIS,
MONSON, MASS.
June 25, 1864—1y.

DENTISTRY.

DR. J. B. GOULD,

Surgical and Mechanical Dentist,
Palmer, Mass.

respectfully informs the Citizens of Palmer and vicinity that he has located himself in this place as a permanent Dentist, and hopes by strict attention to business to win the patronage of the public.

The Most Difficult Operations in Dentistry Performed with Care.

One of the most important and often neglected duties of the age is the preservation of the Natural Teeth, and to this end none should neglect having them frequently examined by a Dentist, that decay and other imperfections may be seasonably remedied. Children's teeth should receive frequent and careful attention, to prevent irregularities or decay.

ARTIFICIAL TEETH

inserted on the improved principle of atmospheric pressure. Teeth, from one to an entire set, inserted on Gold, Silver, or Rubber.

A SUPERIOR ARTICLE of DENTRIFICE and TOOTH BRUSHES constantly on hand.

☞ Examinations and advice gratis.
☞ All operations warranted.

TERMS REASONABLE.

TESTIMONIALS:

The undersigned, citizens of Monson, have employed Mr. J. B. Gould, in his regular practice as Dentist, with satisfaction, and would cheerfully recommend him to the citizens of this and adjoining towns; as skillful in all branches of this business. They are happy also to commend him as a man of good principles and high moral character.

Rev. T. G. Colton.	Marcus Keep.
" F. Woods.	S. Darling.
N. F. Rogers.	Dr. J. M. Towne.
E. B. Miles.	" Smith.

Dr. J. McKinstrey.
n19

Palmer Steam Mill!

THE subscribers, having leased the Steam Mill formerly occupied by Hall & Trumble, offer for sale

A FULL ASSORTMENT OF
FLOUR, GRAIN, MEAL,
FEED, SALT, LIME,
COAL, WOOD, &c.
AT THE LOWEST MARKET PRICES.

CASH PAID FOR ALL KINDS OF GRAIN.
HOVEY & SUTCLIFFE.
Palmer, Mass., Dec. 20, 1862.

NEW GROCERY STORE!

The undersigned, having purchased the stock of
GROCERIES & PROVISIONS
lately owned by J. P. SHAW, and removed them to their Flour and Grain Store, and having made large additions thereto, are prepared to furnish
FAMILY GROCERIES as CHEAP as at any other establishment in the county.
As we deal largely in
FLOUR AND GRAIN,
we are enabled to make purchases at
LOW FIGURES,
and sell in the same manner.
All kinds of FARMERS' PRODUCE taken in exchange for goods.
☞ Remember the place—
At the Palmer Steam Mill.
HOVEY & SUTCLIFFE.
Palmer, Aug. 29, 1863.

GOVERNMENT
PENSION AGENCY!
GOVERNMENT BOUNTY OF $100

Collected for soldiers who have been discharged from service by reason of wounds or disability, without regard to length of time. Invalid soldiers discharged from service, and the widows and orphans of soldiers who died in the U. States service, or of wounds or disease contracted in line of duty, are entitled to pensions. All pension claims against the government, and claims for arrears of pay and bounty, will be promptly attended to and collected at the lowest rates. No charge made to the soldier unless the claim is successful.

This Agency is duly licensed, and the undersigned does his business direct with the authorities at Washington, and not through third parties.
JAS. G. ALLEN, Counsellor & Attorney.
Palmer, March 21, 1863.

New London Northern Railroad.

On and after MONDAY, JANUARY 2, 1865,
Trains Leave Palmer as follows:
7.50 A. M., and 2.15 P. M., for New London and Way Stations.
2.15 P. M., and 6.00 P. M., for Belchertown and Amherst.
Trains for New London connect at Willimantic with trains for Hartford.
Trains for Amherst connect with trains from New London, and Western Railroad trains.
R. N. DOWD, Supt.
New London, Jan. 2, 1865.

M. P. KNOWLTON,
Attorney and Counsellor at Law.
Post Office Building, south side of Court Square,
SPRINGFIELD, MASS.
Soldiers' Pensions, Bounty, Back Pay, &c., procured promptly and at reasonable rates.

TO LET.

THE ROOMS IN STRONG BLOCK heretofore used as a Tin-shop. Enquire of
Palmer, March 4, 1865. JAS. G. ALLEN.

HEALTH

HELMBOLD'S
FLUID EXTRACT
BUCHU.

For Non-Retention or Incontinence of Urine, Inflammation or Ulceration of the Bladder or Kidneys, Diseases of the Prostrate Gland, Gravel, Brick Dust Deposits, Dropsical Swellings, Organic Weakness, Debility, Female Complaints, &c.

Helmbold's Fluid Extract Buchu and
IMPROVED ROSE WASH

Will radically exterminate from the system Diseases arising from habits of Dissipation, at little expense, little or no change of diet, no inconvenience or exposure, completely superseding those unpleasant and dangerous remedies, Copabia and Mercury, in curing these diseases.

USE HELMBOLD'S
FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU

In all Diseases of the Urinary Organs, whether existing in MALE OR FEMALE, *from whatever cause originating*, and no matter of how long standing. It is pleasant in its taste and odor, IMMEDIATE in action, and more strengthening than any of the preparations of Bark or Iron.

Those suffering from Broken Down or Delicate Constitutions, *procure the Remedy at once.*

The reader must be aware that however slight may be the attack of the above diseases, it is certain to affect his *Bodily Health, Mental Powers and Happiness.* If no treatment is submitted to, Consumption or Insanity may ensue.

All the above diseases require the aid of a diuretic.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU
IS THE GREAT DIURETIC.

HELMBOLD'S
HIGHLY CONCENTRATED COMPOUND
FLUID
EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA,

For purifying the blood, removing all diseases arising from excess and imprudence in life, chronic constitutional diseases arising from an impure state of the blood, and the only reliable and effectual know remedy for the cure of Scrofula, Scald Head, Salt Rheum, Pains and Swellings of the Bones, Ulcerations of the Throat and Legs, Blotches, Pimples on the Face, Tetter, Erpsipelas, and all scaly eruptions of the skin, and beautifying the complexion.

AND

HAPPINESS

NOT A FEW

Of the worst disorders that afflict mankind arise from the corruption that accumulates in the Blood. Of all the discoveries that have been made to purge it out, none can equal in effect Helmbold's Compound Extract of Sarsaparilla. It cleanses and renovates the Blood, instills the vigor of health into the system and purges out the humors which make disease. It stimulates the healthy functions of the body, and expels the disorders that grow and rankle in the blood. Such a remedy, that could be relied on, has long been sought for, and now, for the first time, the public have one on which they can depend. Our space here does not admit of certificates to show its effects, but the trial of a single bottle will show to the sick that it has virtues surpassing anything they have ever taken.

Two tablespoonsful of the Extract of Sarsaparilla, added to a pint of water, is equal to the Lisbon Diet Drink, and one bottle is equal to a gallon of the Syrup of Sarsaparilla, or the decoction as usually made.

The above Extracts are prepared on purely scientific principles—in Vacuo—and embody the full strength of the ingredients entering into their composition. A ready and conclusive test will be a comparison of their properties with those set forth in the U. S. Dispensatory.

HOW TO USE THE REMEDIES.

In diseases of the Blood, Humors on the Face, or any and every part of the body, use Extract Sarsaparilla, applying to Pimples and all external Humors or Eruptions the Improved Rose Wash.

Use the Extract Buchu for all diseases requiring the aid of a Diuretic, except those of the Urinary Organs, such as Gonorrhœa and Gleet; in these use the Extrac Buchu and inject with the Improved Rose Wash

☞ THESE EXTRACTS HAVE BEEN ADMITTED TO USE IN THE UNITED STATES ARMY, and also are in very general use in all the STATE HOSPITALS and Public Institutions throughout the land, as well as well as in private practice, and are considered as invaluable remedies.

Medicine delivered to Any Address.

Direct letters to—
HELMBOLD'S DRUG & CHEMICAL WAREHOUSE,
594 Broadway, New York,
Next Metropolitan Hotel, or to
HELMBOLD'S MEDICAL DEPOT,
104 South Tenth St., Philadelphia,
Assembly Buildings.

Describe Symptoms in all Communication.

☞ Sold by all Druggists everywhere.
☞ Beware of Counterfeits.
☞ Ask for Helmbold's. Take no Other.
Feb. 25. 1y.

SECURED.

DR. VELPAU'S FRENCH PILLS.

LADIES, TAKE PARTICULAR NOTICE.
THE REAL VELPAU FEMALE PILL.
[Warranted French.]

These Pills, so celebrated many years ago in Paris, for the relief of female irregularities, and afterward so notorious for their criminal employment in the practice of abortion, are now offered for sale for the first time in America. They have been kept in comparative security from the fact that the originator, Dr. Velpau, is a physician in Paris, of great wealth and strictly conscientious principles, and has withheld them from general use lest they should be employed for unlawful purposes. In overcoming Female Obstructions, Falling of the Womb, Whites, Green Sickness, Suppression, Retention, or Immoderate flow of the monthly discharges, they seem to be truly omnipotent, bursting open the flood gates from whatever cause may have stopped them; but they are offered to the public only for legitimate uses and all agents are forbidden to sell them when it is understood that the object is unlawful. Married ladies should never take them when there is any reason to believe themselves pregnant, for they will be sure to produce a miscarriage.

These Pills are entirely safe under all circumstances, being composed entirely of substances from the vegetable kingdom.

Each box has the coat of arms for the city of Paris stamped on the box, with the words "Trade Mark" in French, to counterfeit which is a misdemeanor, and all persons will be dealt with according to law.

☞ Full directions accompany every box.

Ladies can obtain a box sealed from the eyes of the curious, by enclosing one dollar and six post-office stamps to any respectable druggists, or to O. C. STAPLES, General Agent for the United States, Watertown, N. Y.

For sale in Palmer by Wood & Allen, and Dr. Wm. Holbrook. n9ly.

Important to All Invalids!

IRON IN THE BLOOD

IT is well known to the medical profession that IRON is the Vital Principle or Life Element of the blood. This is derived chiefly from the food we eat; but if the food is not properly digested, or if from any cause whatever, the necessary quantity of iron is not taken into the circulation, or becomes reduced, the whole system suffers. The bad blood will irritate the heart, will clog up the lungs, will stupefy the brain, will obstruct the liver, and will send its disease producing elements to all parts of the system, and every one will suffer in whatever organ may be predisposed to disease.

The great value of
IRON AS A MEDICINE
is well known and acknowledged by all medical men. The difficulty has been to obtain such a preparation of it as will enter the circulation and assimilate at once with the blood. This point, says Dr. Hayes, Massachusetts State Chemist, has been attained in the Peruvian Syrup, by combination in a way before unknown.

THE PERUVIAN SYRUP
OR PROTECTED solution of the PROTOXIDE OF IRON. A NEW Discovery in Medicine that strikes at the Root of Disease by supplying the Blood with its Vital Principle or Life Element—blood.

THE PERUVIAN SYRUP
Cures Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Dropsy, Fever and Ague, Loss of Energy, Low Spirits.

THE PERUVIAN SYRUP
infuses strength, vigor, and new life into the system, and builds up an "Iron Constitution."

THE PERUVIAN SYRUP
cures Nervous Affections, Female Complaints, and all Diseases of the Kidneys and Bladder.

THE PERUVIAN SYRUP
is a SPECIFIC for all diseases originating in a BAD STATE OF THE BLOOD, or accompanied by Debility or a Low State of the System.

Pamphlets containing certificates of cures, and recommendations from some of the most eminent Pyhsicians, Clergymen, and others, will be sent FREE to any address.

We select a few of the names to show the character of the testimonials.

Rev. John Pierpont.	Lewis Johnson, M. D.
Rev. Warren Burton.	Roswell Kinney, M. D.
Rev. Arthur B. Fuller.	S. H. Kendall, M. D.
Rev. Aug. R. Pope.	W. R. Chisholm, M. D.
Rev. Gardon Robbins.	Francis Dana, M. D.
Rev. Sylvanus Cobb.	Jeremiah Stone, M. D.
Rev. T. Starr King.	Jose Anto. Sanchez M.D.
Rev. Osborn Myrick.	Marcelino Arauda, M. D.
Rev. Ephraim Nute, Jr.	Abraham Wendell, M.D.
Rev. Thomas H. Pons.	A. A. Hayes, M. D.
Rev. Richard Metcalf.	J. R. Chilton, M. D.
Rev. M. P. Webster.	H. E. Kinney, M. D.
Rev. Jos. H. Clinch.	Jose d'Espinar, M. D.
Rev. Ab'm Jackson.	Thomas A. Dexter, Esq.
Rev. J. Pearson, Jr.	Thomas C. Armory, Esq.
Rev. A. R. R. Crawley.	Hon. Peter Harvey.
Rev. Henry Upham.	James C. Dunn, Esq.
Rev. H. S. Riddel.	Samuel May, Esq.
Rev. P. C. Headley.	Prof. E. Vitalis Scherb,
Rev. John W. Olmstead.	Ferdinand Andrews, Esq.

—FOR SALE BY—
SETH W. FOWLE & Co., 18 Tremont st., Boston.
J. P. DINSMORE, 491 Broadway, New York.
And by all Druggists.

REDDING'S RUSSIA SALVE!

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The Palmer Journal.

VOLUME XVI. PALMER, MASS., SATURDAY, MAY 13, 1865. NUMBER 9.

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY.
—BY—
GORDON M. FISK & Co.

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Spring.

Over Natore sweet Spring, with a prodigal hand,
Her uet-work of beauty is weaving;
Over meadow and heath, over mountain and strand,
Her foot-prints in light she is leaving.

O'er the verdureless earth a soft earpet of green,
Interwoven with violets and roses,
She has daintily spread where the dclieate sheen
Of the sunlight in glory reposes.

The trees with a tissue of blossoms and leaves,
With her magieal wand she is tipping,
While her flowers, unclosing their beautiful leaves,
Rich draughts from her showers are sipping.

Her zephyrs come borthened with fragranee as sweet
As floats through the bowers of Eden,
And the songs of the birds, as they merrily flit,
Seem with heaven's own love-musie laden.

And the streams that in gladness go murmuring by,
Their musie in eoncert are blending;
And the breeze to the free-gushing melody
Its low-chanted whisper is bending.

Sweet Spring, thoo art welcome—thy life-giving breath
Bringeth joy to the languishing spirit;
Like the flowers, may we wake from the long sleep of death,
The heavenly joys to inherit. S. F. P.

LEICESTER, MASS., April 28, 1865.

MY PLAIN LOVER.

I was a coqoette. Many a lover's heart I had lacerated by refusing his offer of marriage, after I had lured him on to a declaration. My last victim's name was James Frazer. He was a tall, awkward, homely, ungainly man, bot had a heart true as steel. I respected him highly, and felt pained when I witnessed his anguish at my rejection of him. Bot the fact was, I had myself fallen in love with Captain Elliot, who had been unremitting in his devotion to me.

Mr. James Frazer warned me against Elliot; but I charged him with jealoosy, and took his warning as an insult.

A few days afterward Elliot and I were engaged, and my dream of romantic love seemed to be in a lair way of realization. I had a week of happiness. Many have not had so much in a lifetime. Many awake from the bright, short dream to find themselves in lifelong darkness, and bondage from which there is no escape. Thank God, I was not to be so miserable as they!

My mother was a widow in good circumstances, but having very bad health. She was, also, of an easy, listless, credolous nature—hating trouble, and willing to take things jost as they happened to present themselves. She, therefore, made no enquiries about Captain Elliot—but loudly believed that, inasmuch as he was captain, he must necessarily be a man of honor also, especially as he had served in the Crimea and India and won medals. His regiment was quartered in our neighborhood, and he had the reputation of being one of the wealthiest, as he was certainly the handsomest officer in it.

I remember well the day we became engaged. He was on doty, bot managed to ride over to our house in his omfarm, and while we were walking in the garden he made the tender avowal. I referred him to "mamma." He hastened to her—returned in three minutes, and led me into her presence to receive the assorance that the maternal consent had been readily and freely given.

My dear mother hated trouble, and she, moreover, loved me tenderly; so she was well pleased to find a hoshand presenting himself in a form and manner apparently so eligible for her only and beloved daughter.

Well, a week passed qoite delightfully, as I have said; and, at the expiration of this, there might have been seen an equestrian party winding through old Devonshire woods and quiet country roads. Elliot and I led the cavalcade. I rode my own beaotiful brown Bess. Captain Elliot was mounted on a handsome black horse which had been sent him from London. Following us was a bevy of merry girls and their cavaliers; and among them was tall, awkward, and silent James Frazer. His presence had marred all the pleasure of my ride, and I was glad to be in advance of them all that I might not see him.

And, as we rode on through the woods, and I listened, well pleased, to the low bot animated words of the gallant Elliot, who wished himself a knight and me a faire ladye of the olden time, that he might go forth to do battle and compel all men to recognize the claims of his peerless love. Very eloquently he spoke of the inspiration of love, of the brave deeds and perilous exploits it had prompted. wishing again and again that he might proclaim and maintain his love before the world. It pleased me to listen to this and to believe it sincere, though I sorely had no desire to put my lover to such a test.

A shot suddenly rang through the woods, and a wounded bird, darting past, fluttered and fell at the feet of brown Bess. With a bound and a spring which nearly unseated me, she was off.

Struggling to regain my seat, I had no power to check her, and even as she flew the fear and madness of the moment gained upon her. I could only cling breathlessly to the mane and bridle, and wonder, helplessly, where this mad gallop was to end. She swerved from a passing wagon, and turned into a path that led to the river. In the sudden movement, the reins had been torn from my hands, and I could not regain them. I clung to the mane and closed my eyes, that I might not behold the fate that awaited me.—How sweet was life in those precious moments which I thought my last! How all its joys, its affections, its last crowning love, rose up before me! I thought of the pang that would rend Elliot's heart as he saw me lying, mangled and dead; and then the thought would come if he were pursuing and trying to save me, even, as he said, at the risk of life and limb.

I remembered no more. I felt a sudden shock, a fearful rushing through the air, and I knew no more until, days afterwards, I woke to a faint, weak semblance of life in my chamber at home.

I never saw Captain Elliot again. The last words I ever heard from him were those of knightly daring. The last action of his life in connection with mine was to follow in the train of frightened youths who rode after me, to contemplate the disaster from afar; and, as soon as he saw me lifted from the shallow bed of the river, into which I had been thrown when my frightened horse stopped suddenly on its banks, to ride hastily off. That evening, he sent to make inquiries; and, learning that I was severely, but it was hoped not fatally injured, he thenceforth contented himself with such tidings of my condition and improvement as might be gained from mere rumor. At last it was known that I would never recover entirely from the effects of my injury, and that very day Capt. Elliot departed suddenly from the neighborhood. He made no attempt to see me and sent me no farewell. When I was once more abroad, and beginning, though with much unalloyed bitterness, to learn the lesson of patience and resignation that awaited me, I received a letter from him, in which he merely said that he presumed my own judgment had taught me that, in my altered circumstances, our engagements must come to an end! But, to satisfy his own sense of honor, (?) he wrote to say that, while entertaining the highest respect for me, he desired a formal renunciation of my claim. Writing on the bottom of his letter, "Let it be as you wish," I returned it to him at once; and thus ended my brief dream of romantic wedding.

I heard, ere this, of Elliot's cowardly conduct on that day; hot now I first hethought me to inquire who had rescued me from that imminent death. And then I learned that James Frazer, his arm already broken by the jerk with which Brown Bess tore away from him as he caught at her bridle, had ridden after me, and been the first to lift me from the water. Many times daily he made inquiries concerning me; his had been the hand which had sent the rare flowers that had decked my room; his were the lips which breathed words of comfort and hope to my poor mother; his were the hooks which I read during the days of convalescence; and his, now, the arm which supported me as, slowly and painfully, I paced the garden walks.

I have been his wife for many a year. I have forgotten that he is ant handsome—or, rather, he *is* beautiful to me, because I see his grand and loving spirit shining through his plain features and animating his awkward figure. I have long since laid aside, as utterly untenable, my theory that beautiful spirits dwell only in lovely bodies. It may be a providential compensation that, in denying physical perfection, the soul is not dwarfed or marred by petty vanity and love of the world's praise.

THE HORRORS OF WAR.—A shell struck the 14th Indiana battery, a few days ago, before Mobile, and produced most fatal effects. It struck the caisson, thus adding to its own havoc that of many other shells which were exploded by it. One poor fellow was burned and blackened into a ghastly and shapeless mass. Others were scattered about dreadfully mangled, writhing in fierce agonies, some with arms and others with legs blown off; and one more unfortunate than all, with an arm and both legs torn away. Another remained standing after the shock, but the fiery flame of the powder had seared his eyes as though a bolt from heaven had passed over them.—Thick darkness wrapped him forever, and putting out his quivering hands before him, as if to assure himself, he piteously asked of his comrades, as his mind dimly wandered over former recollections, "Is it already night?"—Such a sight sickens and weakens the stoutest heart; God grant that the hour may not be far off when our country shall see them no more.

PRESIDENT LINCOLN'S ESTATE.—A Washington letter says that Judge Davis, of the Supreme Court of Illinois, has been appointed administrator of the late President's estate, which is valued at the moderate amount of $25,000. On his accession to office in 1861, Mr. Lincoln was supposed to be worth not more than $15,000. The continual demands upon his purse for the last four years, and the increased expense of living, have prevented him from saving more than $10,000 out of his four years salary. Such is the statement of his nearest relatives and friends.

ARTILLERY UNEARTHED.—About 50 pieces of artillery, which were buried by the rebels in the fields and along the roads during their late famous retreat, have been unearthed by our men and brought safely into Burkesville. These pieces were discovered without much difficulty, from the simple fact that our scouts helped the unsuspecting rebels to bury them During the retreat, Sherman's scouts mixed freely and constantly with the rebels, and accurately marked the places of concealment of cannon, caissons, and other munitions of war too lumbersome to accompany the fleet-footed chivalry.

MOB JUSTICE.—In the Pennsylvania oil regions, last week, a Jerseyman named Stevens, said to resemble, in some slight degree, the photograph of Booth, the assassin, was taken into custody by two detectives. When he got into custody by two detectives. When he got to Titusville, he found that the news of his arrest had preceeded him, and a crowd clamorous for hanging him on the spot followed him to the hotel. An investigation there showed who he was; but, though the two stupid detectives who arrested him told the mob that he was not Booth, they still insisted that he ought to be hung.

COTTON.—The National Intelligencer says the most sagacious merchants anticipate, in consequence of the great increase in the growth of cotton in India and Egypt, a reduction in its price to ten cents a pound in another twelve-month. Should this anticipation prove correct, it will effectually close up the cotton trade of India inasmuch as the inland transportation there is so expensive as to preclude its export at so low a figure.—Then will come the turn of America once more.

FASHIONABLE DRESS.—The Parisian rulers of fashion have decreed that the female dress of the empire shall be brought into full fashion this summer. Already shops and saloons discover the queer looking little half-hat bonnets of the days of Napoleon I., and there are dresses to be seen with very low waists, which will reveal more than we have seen of the ladies for many years in society.

DISASTROUS FLOOD.—A great flood in the district of Berthier and Sorel, in Canada, recently swept away houses, barns and stock, and drove the inhabitants into the tall trees. Many lives were lost.

COURTSHIP AND MARRIAGE IN DENMARK.

In Denmark, where the men have not yet thought of selling their name for a woman's dowry, every marriage is what nature and morality pronounce that it ought to be everywhere—a marriage of inclination. The young man whose position is not yet assured, does not, the more for that, renounce a girl whose charms and innocence are her only capital.

After having made—almost always in the presence of the lady's parents—the mutual avowal of their inclination, the young man announces his matrimonial intentions, and solicits the favor of a betrothal. The parents accept; and, from that moment, the lovers are left completely at liberty. They go to the theatre, or out walking, unaccompanied.—They are constantly together, and wait, as patiently as they can, for the time when the church shall bless their onion. It is very rare indeed for the betrothed to abuse the privilege allowed him. A man would justly be considered indelicate, if, after intimate acquaintance with a respectable girl, his affianced wife, he ran after other "flirtations," as the Americans phrase it.

Nevertheless, there are men sufficiently careless of public opinion, and light enough, to make an amusement of these preliminaries to wedlock, which they have the boldness to say they prefer to wedlock. One old bachelor in Copenhagen was said to have been betrothed the ominous number of thirteen times.—A faithless female turtle-dove, somewhat advanced in life, was spoken of in indignant terms because she broke off her engagement after a courtship of eighteen years. Just at the moment of a definite union, she had the audacity to ask for a little longer time for reflection. Subsequently, she married quite a boy, without relations, advice, or experience, whom she caught in his hubbing affections, as you take a young magpie from the nest.—When she expected some manifestatinn of the wrath and resentment of her former sweetheart, she was not a little surprised to see him come to church and remain to witness the matrimonial rite. He pressed her hand more warmly than ever, and betrayed his secret thoughts by whispering:

"Oh! my dear madam, you don't know what a service you have rendered me!"

To which the bride replied, with equal emotion: "Ah, Henrick! I love this lad because he reminds me of what you were twenty years ago."

THE RUSSIAN PLAGUE PREDICTED.

It appears that the terrible plague which is now making such deadly ravages in Russia has been anticipated for a long time in Germany. The first Napoleon, who was very superstitous, placed great reliance in the predictions of Mademoiselle Lenormaud a profesional prophetess in Paris, who also succeeded in interesting the Emperor of Russia in prophecies. In 1853 a small pamphlet was published in Germany which professed to contain a series of prophetic revelatinns made by Lenormaud and which, at the time attracted much attention throughout Germany. It announced among other things:

"That in 1853 there would be a European war upon Russian soil, upon which the eagle and leopard would closely hug the bear (the elder Napoleon having declared the leopard, not the lion, was the symbolic animal of England); that after peace had been restored, the elephant (India) would attempt to trample down the leopard (England), but would not succeed; that following the war between Russia, England and France would be an immense emigration from Germany to the West (United States) for many years; that the emigrants would prosper in their new home, but a time would come when a civil war would make them desire that they had not left their fatherland; that after the civil war had fearfully raged for four years, peace would be restored, and remarkable prosperity would ensue; and that about the time the war in the West had ended a fearful sickness, commencing in Russia, would extend across the Baltic, desolate Germany, cause immense mortality in England, and thence simoltaneously spread to the east and west, This prediction Germans in this country believe to be now in its last stage of fulfilment. It is at least remarkable."—*Boston Journal.*

PERSONAL.

It was a very singular fact that most of the leaders of the Southern rebellion are advanced in years. Yancey, who was indeed the man who set the ball in motion, was young; but Davis, Lee, Hunter, Wise, Toombs, Slidell, Mason and others most prominent, are past middle life; and no man for insurrection or revolution should be over forty, and he is better for such work under thirty. The best of our generals—Grant, Sherman, Lyon, McClellan, Rosecrans, Sheridan and others—have been young. Sheridan, who has proved himself to be as smart as any of them, is only thirty-three; and we have had some many years his juniors, who have won great names in this war. So it is and ever has been with the world over. Now and then some old man of seventy or eighty years will sustain his vigor and skill for war, but these are exceptions. On the other hand men seldom begin to think profoundly and maturely till they have reached middle life. Lord Macaulay says that "of all the good books now extant in the world, more than nineteen-twentieths were published after the writers had attained the age of forty. We get action from the pressure of youthful blood, as ye do power from an engine by the force of the steam, but for the ripe thought there must be a ripeness of intellect.

☞A lady who was in the habit of spending a large portion of her time in society with her neighbors, happened one day, to be taken suddenly ill, and sent her husband in great haste for a physician. The husband ran a few rods, but soon returned exclaiming "My dear, where shall I find you when I get back?"

SHOWS HIS WORK.—There is an undertaker in Newbern, who is also an embalmer, and when his wife died he excrcised his art upon her remains in his best style, and now keeps her in his room to exhibit as a specimen of his art, tapping her upon the forhead to show its firmness and saying, "This is all there is of my poor Betsy."

What Are Folks Made Of?

What are little girls made of?
A bib and a tucker,
And cheeks in a pocker;
Caps, corals and belts,
And samplers and dolls,
Cakes and candy and all that's nice,
And such are little girls made of.

What are little boys made of?
Of long tasks saying,
And truant playing,
Pulling and hauling.
And tears and bawling,
Bats and balls, and whips and tops,
Dog-eared books and dirty chops,
And such are little boys made of.

What are young men made of?
Of larks and sprees,
And do as they please,
Twisting their soap locks.
Lounging in gin shops,
Drinking and smoking and chewing,
And going fast on the road to ruin,
And such are young men made of.

What are young lovers made of?
Of fond valentines,
And amorous lines,
Dueks and dears,
And crocodile tears,
License and ring—love, honor, obey,
Bride cake and favors and the d—l to pay,
And such are young lovers made of.

What are old maids made of?
Of thrown away sighs,
And crows-feet eyes,
Sprigs of rue and vinegar, too,
Parchment skin and hoarded riches,
Apes to lead and bachelor's breeches,
And such are old maids made of.

What are old bachelors made of?
Of bread and cheese,
And very weak knees,
Drivelling nose,
And rheumatic toes,
Funded riches and landed estate,
Worn out smalls and bald pate,
And such are old bachelors made of.

What are the widows made of?
Of wonderful art,
And very small heart,
A terrible sigh,
When there's any one nigh.
Jointures, crinoline, snuff, and tea,
Prudery, flirting and fiddle de dee,
And such are widows made of.

What are our statesmen made of?
Debates and speeches,
To spend our riches,
Wisdom scant,
To rule the land,
Capital dinners, places for friends,
Marvelous talent to serve their own ends,
And such are our statesmen made of.

SECRET CORRESPONDENCE.

A young married lady being obliged to show her husband all the letters she wrote, sent the following to an intimate friend:

"I cannot be satisfied, my dearest friend, blest as I am, in the matrimonial state, unless I pour into your friendly bosom, which has ever beat in unison with mine, the various deep sensations which swell with the liveliest emotions of pleasure my almost bursting heart. I tell you my dear hosband is one of the most amiable men. I have been married seven weeks, and have never found the least reason to repent the day that joined us; my husband is in person and manners, far from resembling an ugly, cross, disagreeable, jealous monster, who thinks by confiding to secure a wife, it is his maxim to treat as a bosom friend and confident, and not as a plaything or menial slave, the woman chosen to be his companion. Neither party he says ought to obey implicitly, but each yield to the other by turns.—An ancient maiden aunt, near seventy, a cheerful and venerable old lady, lives in the house with us, she is the delight of both the young and old, she is civil to all in the neighborhood around, and generous and charitable to the poor.—I know my husband loves nothing more than he loves me; he flatters me more than the glass, and his intoxication, (for so I must call the excess of his love), often makes me blush for the unworthiness of its object, and I wish I could be deserving of the man whose name I bear. To say all in one word, my dear Fannie, to crown the whole, my former gallant lover is now my indulgent husband, my fondness is returned, and I might have married a Prince without the felicity I find with him. Adieu! May you be blest as I am unable to wish that I could be more happy."

P. S.—The key to the above letter, is to read the first and then every alternate line.

APPLES.—Apples are, perhaps, the most wholesome of all fruits. In the regions where the apple thrives it is the most abundant of all fruit, lasts the year round, and is cheap, easily preserved by drying or canning, and readily cooked. If all persons would eat freely of cooked apples as a part of each meal, dyspepsia would be reduced ninety per cent. Raw apples are offensive to most dyspeptics, and some cannot eat apples cooked. For confirmed dyspeptics grapes are regarded as an unexceptional fruit.

THE QUAKER BOY'S WISH.—When Quakers have religious meetings they do not have singing and prayers and a sermon in regular order as we do. They all sit for a time in silence and then if any man or woman or child has anything to say, he or she gets up and says it; after that they all shake hands and leave the house. At one of these meetings nobody spoke for a long time; then one little boy rose and said these words: "My friends, I wish the Lord would make us all gooder, and gooder, and *gooder*, till there is no bad left."

A great many sermons have not so much in them as that boy's wish.

LINIMENT TO RELIEVE PAIN.—One of the most powerful liniments for the relief of severe pain is made of equal quantities of spirits of hartshorn, sweet oil and chloroform; dip into this a piece of cotton cloth, doubled about the size of a silver dollar, lay it on the spot, hold a handkerchief over the spot so as to confine the fumes, and the pain immediately disappears. Do not let it remain over a minute. Shake it well just before using, and keep the bottle very closely stopped.—*Hall's Journal of Health.*

☞The discontinuance of the drafting system will relieve from duty a force of persons estimated at 70,000.

ARTEMUS WARD'S BROTHER.

The following quaint letter, from a gentleman who professes to be the brother of the celebrated Artemus Ward, says an eastern exchange, reached us the other day, by mail and we give it because it embraces so much of the special kind of humor for which Artemus is so renowned. The whole family seems to be laboring under a very bad "spell," which is a disorder that in their case, however, seems to operate as disease does upon certain oysters, in producing a pearl where we might only expect putridity:—

SHECARGO, March 11, 1865.

To the Edytur of the Sunday Times, N. Y.

4 years ago wile in indianoples, injyania, I rote to Mr. Prentiss of the Looseville Jurnil, regarding the whereabouts of my berother, Artymus Ward, off hoom I have not heerd sinst he was a boi.

"And we roamed the fields together."

happe as a Mackeral in Kashmeer Sox.—There was four of us berothers, all bois. The follering is a pedagog of our family. Our parents, of which there is 2, consist's of our father and mother namely:

Hannah and Erysipelas Ward. The later (my father) was given heavily to Plugg tobacker of which he chawed incessantly, but biled bacon done rair was his best hold. He was a man that could nnt go long between drinks; the kamil did not predominate in him, and G. Hover took him at the age of sicksty, and after 2 dais sickness. The following is applicable to his case:—

"Oakom! Oakum! with me."—S. Spear.

After the old man's death, our mother was left with the four bois aforesaid, *whizz*, namely, i. e.:

Ereysipelas, (named after father).
Artymis (the long lost).
Rndney and myself.
Olonzn (named after olonzo of pizzaronean celebrity.)

My eldest brother, Ery, went into the wool bizzeness, while Rodney went out to Orriggone territory and Mbarkeil in the Fur trade Ery did pnorly at the Wool, and bust, but Rodney is still in the *Fur Coining* money.

Artymis at the tender age of eleven, was suddenly mist from hoam. In this konnexshin I would remark an old stnckin belongsin to mother, containin forc dollars in Cilver and fifty-too cents in Kopper, dissappeered about the same time. There was a party of akrawbats, or double somerset prokiivitys, in our naburhood a few days preevis and by many it was supposed Arty had been invigled

"To leave his ga and happa home
Sands eyes and sands teeth brushes,
Sands pale ale,
The worrild is all a stage,
The rest is lemon and vanilla."

At all evinks I have never heern of him but once, i. e. when I rote to Mr. Prentiss who did not ancer mi letter he bein engaged in translatin a French letter sent to him by Snosan Monday, a noted goriller of the female gender. Off her more hereafter; but *Revenaus on our Mutton* as the French have it. I heerd that mi berother, A. Ward, had bekum ritch, he having been to Salt Lick City among the Mormen women (he was allus given to the latter, even from a child,) and that moreover and above, he had got a sho of wax figgers and nevertheless was perfectly decayed with money in which event I would remind him

"I still live."—Webb.

And his absents cost me many teers, (I carried aul the water and chopt all the wood for two years after his leving us,) and as I am his only surving berother in poor suckemstances. (Ery being ritch and Rodney when last heerd from was in a big contract for furnishing phine toothed komes for the Confederut army, with his hed quarters at Richmund,) therefore I do think Arty might come and see me. He is ever welkome to mi pnor but happi hoam. Owe, owe, berother if this shood meet your i, think kindly off one who loves non wisely but too well: but owe, owe, deer Artymis! do not try to *shake* me. OLONZO WARD.

Deer berother, don't! don't! go back onto me. O. W.

"Why do I wepe 4 thee." O. W.

TAKE MY HAND, PAPA.

In the dead of the night I am frequently awakened by a little hand stealing out from the crib by my side with the pleading cry, "Please take my hand, papa!"

Instantly the little boy's hand is grasped, his fears vanish, and, soothed by the consciousness of his father's presence, he falls into a sleep, again.

We commend this lesson of simple, filial faith and trust to the anxious, sorrowing ones that are found in almost every household.—Stretch forth your hand, stricken mourner, although you may he in the deepest darkness and gloom, and fear and anxious suspense may cloud your pathway, and that very act will reveal the presence of a loving compassionate Father, and give you the peace that passeth all understanding.

The darkness may not pass away at once, night may enfold you in its cold embrace, but its terrors will be dissipated, its gloom and sadness flee away, and, in the simple grasp of the Father's hand, sweet pence will be given, and you will rest securely knowing that the morning cometh.—*Congregationalist.*

AN EXCELLENT AND ECONOMICAL PUDDING.—Try this and you will—as the boys and girls are admonished in the song—Try, try again:" "Pare and core half a dozen Rhode Island greenings or other easily cooking apples; chop them into small bits; dry some bread in the oven (stale is the best) until it is crisp; then roll it into crumbs; butter a deep dish, and place in a layer of crumbs; then put in the apples with a little sugar and such like spice as you like; cover the apples with another layer of crumbs, add a little beef suet chopped as finely as possible; pour in half a pint of milk; bake until browned, and serve with hard sauce."

CALIFORNIA VOLCANO.—Mount Baker, California, has been for some time in a state of active eruption, and its formerly sharp point has been flattened down ten or fifteen hundred feet.

☞The burner of the United States steamer St. Paul has been captured on the Tennessee River, and hanged by our troops.

Palmer Journal.

SATURDAY, MAY 13, 1865.

Now for Mexico!

The people of the United States have never felt reconciled to the usurpation of Maximilian in Mexico, believing that no monarchy should find a resting place on this continent; but, engrossed with their own intestine war, they have wisely left Mexico to take care of itself. Meantime, the Emperor Maximilian has seated himself upon his throne, and, with the aid of French troops, has been able to hold the loyal Mexicans in subjection; but the new Empire has not been acknowledged by our Government, while the ministers of the old Republic are still holding diplomatic relations with us. The loyal army of Jaurez is not broken or scattered, and he now invites recruits from the United States. But Jaurez has no right to open recruiting offices here, for we must maintain neutrality in the matter.—However, "emigration" offices have been opened in all the principal cities of the North, and numerous other places, under the auspices of the "Mexican Emigrant Company"; and, though the ostensible object of this company is to aid emigration to Mexico, yet the fact cannot be denied that those who emigrate are expected to join the Mexican armies. Agents of this company report that they are very successful in obtaining willing emigrants, and returned soldiers have been heard to boast that they are willing to go to Mexico, since they have received offers of $1000 in gold if they would go and live there. The disbanding of our armies will throw upon the country thousands of restless soldiers, whose love of adventure will lead them to Mexico or to any other place where large bounties and a romantic life are offered. It is stated, also, that many of our officers will go to Mexico for the liberal pay which is offered them. Maximilian and the French are already getting jealous of the United States, and begin to talk of hanging or shooting filibusters from the North. The French organ in this country—the N. Y. Courier des Etats Unis—looks upon all those who now emigrate to Mexico as filibusters. It further states that recruiting for the Juarez army is going on quite fast in New York, and hopes that the French men-of-war will receive instructions to watch the Mexican coast from the Rio Grande to Yucatan. M. Montholen, the French Minister to Washington, was to arrive about the 10th or 12th inst., and he will, no doubt, at once ask for explanations from the Washington Government. If the authorities state that they cannot interfere in the matter, the Courier suggests that Maximilian also open recruiting offices in our various cities, as it believes that the "mercenaries" will go to whomsoever pays them the highest premiums. The Courier also threatens that these filibusters, if ever they reach Mexico, will be treated as pirates.

Trial of the Conspirators.

The military commission convened for the trial of the conspirators under arrest at Washington met on Wednesday. Major Gen. Hunter is president, and Judge-Advocate General Holt is judge advocate. The prisoners, David E. Harold, George A. Abzerodt, Lewis Payne, Michael O'Laughlin, Edward Spangler, Samuel Arnold, Mary E. Surratt, and Samuel A. Mudd, were arraigned on charge and specifications. Each of the prisoners pleaded not guilty to the charge and specifications. The testimony will be reported in full, but only such of it as the war department sees fit to allow will be published. The court will sit with closed doors, and the reporters are pledged to secresy.

The trials are to be in the Penitentiary building at the Arsenal, where the prisoners are now confined in chains and in separate cells. It is said that the Secretary of War is thoroughly conversant with the whole testimony, and that the cases have been prepared under his eye.

The wretched criminals are in chains, with mufflers over their heads, and already undergoing a living death. They are not allowed any communication with the outside world, and the guards who feed them are not allowed to converse with them under any pretenee.—The padded masks, covering their entire head except the mouth, are put on to prevent their committing suicide. A sentinel placed over each one attends to them day and night. All are very much dejected, and fear that, at any moment, they may be executed by the people. It is most likely that three of Ford's theatre employees will have to die, as it seems pretty clear that they aided Booth materially in the execution of his dreadful murder. Ford, the proprietor, is still in the Old Capitol, but, so far as can be learned, is not implicated.

The theatre is still under guard by the military. No one can enter except by a permit of the Secretary of War. It remains just as it was on the night of the assassination. Quarters and accommodations for the entire court and reporters are prepared at the jail, and they will probably remain there during the trials.

It is rendered quite certain that Jeff Davis will be caught. The large reward offered for him has been telegraphed through the South, and handbills naming the reward have been circulated through all the region where he is likely to be lurking. He is hemmed in by the cavalry of Stoneman, Wilson, and Grierson. It will be a miracle if he escapes.

Hanging of traitors will begin at Indianapolis, Ind., next Friday, when three copperheads, named Bowles, Milligan, and Horsey, who have been convicted of treason, will be executed. They were concerned in a plot for the invasion of Indiana by rebels, and forcibly resisting the draft.

It is noted as a curious fact that Jeff Davis has not taken the slightest notice or made any statement of any kind relative to the assassination of President Lincoln, although he has been publicly and officially branded as the leading accomplice in that act.

Subscriptions to the 7-30 loan are unparallelled. On Wednesday they went up to over seventeen millions, and on several days this week they have exceeded $15,000,000.

Gold went down to 128¼ on Wednesday, but rallied to 131¼ on Thursday evening.

No Counterfeits.—It is well established that there are no counterfeit United States bonds in circulation, either here or in Europe.

Letter from Richmond.

Provost Marshal's Office,
4th District, Richmond, Va., May 2, '65.

Great events follow each other in such rapid succession that the human mind becomes almost bewildered in trying to comprehend them. The capture of Richmond; the surrender of Lee and the Army of Northern Virginia; the murder of the President; the escape of the assassin; the surrender of Johnston and the armies of the South; the capture of the murderer of the President; are events which will ever occupy a prominent position in the history of the Great Republic—and all have happened within one short month. These are, indeed, stirring times. No wonder the world looks on with wonder and astonishment. The conspirators, failing in their tremendous efforts to destroy our Government, have succeeded in taking the life of our President; but the Republic still lives; the Star Spangled Banner still waves. Thank God! the country is safe, and woe be to the man, set of men, or *nation* that shall attempt to trail our banner in the dust. The South has tried a dear experiment; they knew not what they were doing when they attacked Fort Sumter. How do they feel to-day? Let a person visit Richmond, and he will hear on every hand, "We are the poorest people on the face of the earth." Thousands will admit, to-day, that there never was any real cause for war, and curse the leaders of the secession movement without any reservation whatever. The great mass of the people have no federal currency; their business is ruined; and many a family who considered themselves wealthy one month ago, are, to-day, actually hungry and suffering for food. Many are too proud to ask the Government for rations, but hunger brings them to it *gradually*. A prosperous people have become impoverished; but that is not the saddest part of the story of this war, caused by these leaders of the South. Look at the slain and maimed throughout the land. Shall the perpetrators of the awful crime of plunging this country into war without a cause go unpunished? We shall see.

Most of the people are taking the oath of allegiance, and I have yet to meet a single man who has any doubts of the bursting up of the late Southern Confederacy, and that the North is of some account, after all. The war will cause the people of the North and South to become better acquainted with each other, which will be something gained. If we stay here long, it is hoped that the people will see that the Yankees are human, and not such abandoned wretches after all. Already one young lady has said she thinks she could learn to love a Yankee, but thinks she never could learn to like the badge he wears; but time changes all things, and we can afford to wait, hoping they will consent to go for the Union soon. The people here seem to be well disposed, and the city has been kept remarkably quiet since its occupation by our army. It is considered here that the war is over, and we are looking forward to the time when we can go home and enjoy what has been won during four years of war—a nation which a citizen may well be proud to own, a flag that will be respected in all climes. God has saved us.

W.

The Assassination in England.—News of the assassination of President Lincoln has reached England and the voice of indignation and sorrow on the great crime was quite as unanimous as it was here. The sympathizers with the South evinced quite as much sorrow as the friends of the North. Great meetings were to be held on the 27th in all the large cities. All the members of the House of Commons who were present on the 26th signed an address to Mr. Adams, expressing their regret and horror at the crime. The London Times says that nothing in political history can be remembered that has ever drawn forth a more unanimous feeling than this news. The Daily Telegraph calls Lincoln "a great ruler," in whose "large heart" there was no malice against a beaten foe. The Liverpool Post was printed with its columns in mourning, and the flags on the public buildings in Liverpool were displayed at half-mast.

Trial of a Traitoress.—The trial of Miss Betty Perrine, arrested for colliding and consorting with Major Harry Gilmore and his men some months ago, when they captured two railroad trains between Baltimore and Philadelphia, was commenced in Washington on Monday, before a military court. Governor Thomas Corwin, Minister to Mexico, is counsel for the accused. This case is a very peculiar one, and several circumstances connected with it attach to it an extraordinary interest. The accused is quite young, not over 22, and the widow of an officer of Gen. Lee's staff.—She is, also, handsome. She is reported very wealthy, is the daughter of Judge Lee, of Baltimore, and one of the leaders of the secesh aristocracy, fashion, and politics of that city.

New Fashion at Funerals.—The funeral fashion at New York is for no lady to follow a husband, child, or friend to the grave, but to allow that duty to be performed by gentlemen, while the women sit, solitary and alone, at home. Do the ladies of New York take their cue from Mrs. Lincoln, who did not accompany the remains of the President from the White House?

A Would be Assassin.—Roger A. Pryor, in 1860, in a public speech, declared that "the first anti-slavery President who was elected would be assassinated; and, if there was no other person to do the deed, he would be the Brutus to plant the dagger in his breast." This same Pryor is now drawing Government rations at Richmond.

Over the Plains.—Speaker Colfax is going to make an overland journey to California and Oregon, for the purpose of visiting the mining districts and spending a pleasant summer vacation. Samuel Bowles, of the Springfield Republican, and Albert D. Richardson, of the New York Tribune, will accompany him. They will start about the 20th of May and return in September.

A Grand Review.—It is expected that the grand review of Mead's and Sherman's armies will come off on the old Bull Run battle ground early in June. One corps of Sherman's army has already reached Petersburg, having marched one hundred and fifty miles in five days and a half, an average of about twenty-seven miles a day.

The Russian people are mourning over the death of the eldest son of the Czar, a young man of promising ability, to whom they had looked as their future monarch. Nicholas Alexanderowitch, the eldest son of the Emperor of Russia, and heir to the imperial throne, was born at St. Petersburg on the 29th of February, 1845, and had not yet attained his majority.

THE WAR.

The war for the Union is closing as fast as possible, the rebels laying down their arms and seeking protection under the terms proposed by Gen. Grant to Lee, and also in taking the oath of allegiance. The people of Houston, Texas, had held meetings, at which it was proposed to continue the rebellion, although they had heard of the capitulation of Gen. Lee. A Federal attack upon the coast of Texas was immediately expected. It is not probable, however, that the Texans will continue rebellious after hearing of the surrender of Johnston and other rebel leaders.

The homeward-bound armies of Sherman and Grant are coming to Washington, and a grand review of the veteran troops will take place within a few weeks. The soldiers will then be dismissed. The cavalry arm of the service will be retained to operate in Texas and in hunting down guerillas if they should be troublesome.

A gang of twenty guerillas attacked and captured a train on the Ohio and Mississippi Railroad, only fourteen miles from Cincinnati, on Friday night last week. They blew open the express safes with powder and stole their contents, robbed the passengers, and then escaped across the river in skiffs.

Gen. Canby has met Dick Taylor, 15 miles from Mobile, and opened negotiations for a surrender of the Rebel forces.

General Meredith, commanding the District of Western Kentucky, has summoned all the bands of armed men, acting in open hostility against the government of the United States, operating within his District, to surrender before the 20th of May, on the terms granted to Lee, otherwise they shall be regarded and treated as outlaws.

Advices from Cairo report that the steamer Atlantic, which had arrived there, brought 985 Rebel prisoners from New-Orleans to Vicksburg. William Murphy, the notorious Rebel boat-burner, was captured at New-Orleans, and brought up on the way to St. Louis, in charge of United States Detective Dunford.

Over 40,000 Union troops passed through Richmond on the 6th inst. Most of Sherman's forces and the greater part of the Army of the Potomac will be encamped around Washington within a fortnight.

Accounts from North Carolina represent Johnston's Army as greatly demoralized and a very bitter feeling existing among the rank and file against the Rebel leaders.

Major Cooper's Rebel battalion, 150 strong, surrendered to Gen. Sandhorn at Springfield, Missouri, on Saturday. They took an oath of allegiance.

Late Galveston papers announce that Major-Gen. Wharton, of the rebel army, had been shot by Col. Baylor, of the same service.

Gen. A. J. Smith, with his command, occupied Montgomery, Ala., on the 25th ultimo, and Gen. Steele, Selma, on the 27th.

One year men are to be returned to their respective State Capitals and mustered out of the service.

Guerillas are said to be rapidly disappearing in Virginia.

Arrangements are being made to pay off the armies ordered to rendezvous about Washington.

A Hellish Plot.—Dr. Blackburn, formerly of North Carolina, and an ultra traitor, has been arrested at Bermuda for endeavoring to introduce the yellow fever into northern cities. His plan was to send bedding and clothing permeated with the virus of that fatal scourge, to parties in the North. He had packed a number of trunks, and was about shipping them when the plot was discovered. This is on the same footing with the systematic starvation of Union prisoners, and the assassination of President Lincoln; and yet there are people urging that leniency be shown to such incarnate fiends.

The President has issued a Proclamation enjoining upon our naval vessels to capture all rebel cruisers and bring them into port that their crews may no longer enjoy immunity for their crimes; and he warns all foreign nations that may permit them to enter their ports that hospitality will be refused to their vessels in the ports of the United States. The proclamation also recognizes the State of Virginia as restored to the Union, and orders measures to be taken for the reestablishment of her government and the restoration of peace within her boundaries.

Horrible Murder in Minnesota.—The St. Paul Press gives an account of a shocking murder recently perpetrated in Sibley county, Minn. A Swede named Johnson deliberately chopped off the head of his son, a boy nine years old, with an axe. The murderer said the spirits told him to do the deed; and he seemed also to have been impressed with the idea that he could restore him to life again. He is said to be not more than half-witted. The murder was committed in a field, the boy obediently laying down upon the ground as his father bid him for the execution of the terrible deed.

An Important Order.—Gen. Schofield has issued an important order in North Carolina with a view to the more effectual carrying out of President Lincoln's Emancipation Proclamation. He notifies all former masters that their negroes are now free, and advises that they retain their servants by paying them fair compensation. He also tells freedmen to accept such paid service, and in all ways to deport themselves worthily of their new condition.

Shot At.—A cold-blooded attempt was made Monday morning to take the life of the editor of the New Jersey Volksman, at Newark, by shooting at him while in his sanctum. Two shots were fired, but neither of them hit him, and the would-be-assassins made their escape.

Cool Reception.—The paroled soldiers of Lee's army who returned to Baltimore and Maryland, expecting to be feasted by rebel relations and sympathizers, are sadly disappointed, orders being issued for the arrest of all of them, to be sent to their political homes in Dixie.

Died in Prison.—Miss Surratt, the daughter of Mrs. Surratt the Leading female conspirator, died in prison a day or two ago from intense suffering caused by her arrest, and the developments showing that her family were so deeply the accessories immediately before the fact of assassination.

Paralyzed.—A woman in Biddeford, Me. who danced for joy at the death of President Lincoln, has been struck down with paralysis, and has no use of her legs.

A VARIETY OF THINGS.

Peace is dawning and the people of the South are glad to welcome it. They acknowledge themselves beaten and subdued, and we trust we shall hear no more of the superiority of southern blood. The "mudsills," of the north have proved themselves the better race, both in honor, humanity and all that pertains to noblenesss of character. Now that the rebellion is crushed, while we may boast of Northern valor and superiority we can afford to be magnanimous to a fallen foe; but our magnanimity and forgiveness should not be so lavish as to include the leaders of the rebellion and the assassins of our rulers. They deserve punishment, and they should receive it.

—A bloomer at New York has been arrested by an Irish policeman who accused her of wearing male apparel. She was dismissed after an examination.

—The policemen of Springfield are soon to appear in uniform.

—The President is said to be exceedingly annoyed at the attacks upon Sherman, and will take an early opportunity to express his high appreciation of his briliant qualities and achievements.

—Miss Louisa Kellogg, the prima donna, now at Chicago, prepared a Greek cross of white camelias, which was laid upon President Lincoln's coffin during the funeral ceremonies in Chicago.

—A Nevada paper says that at night the streets of Virginia City, in that State resound with the screams of women whose husbands are beating them.

—The closing up of the war and the decline in gold are having the effect of stimulating travel to Europe.

—Frank Ayers, of Brattleboro', Vt., a gambler and substitute broker, committed suicide in Springfield, Mass., in a fit of delirium tremens, on the 6th inst.

—President Lincoln considered the photograph from which his portrait on the treasury notes was engraved, to be the best that had ever been taken.

—Connecticut is bragging that no other State but that passed the constitutional amendment unanimously.

—The sale of portraits of J. Wilkes Booth has been forbidden in Baltimore by the military authorities.

—Vegetable flannel is now manufactured in Germany from the Scotch fir.

—One division of Sherman's army, when the news of the fall of Richmond was announced, made a bonfire, using 400 barrels of resin.

—New York is overrun with rats.

—Seven barbers in New Haven were prosecuted for Sunday shaving, the other day, and discharged on the ground that the work was of necessity.

—A colored gentleman was seen in Boston a few mornings since, smoking a segar while having his boots blacked by a white boy.

National Debts and U. S. Stocks.

The creation of national debts is not a modern improvement; but the ability of a great nation to provide for a great debt, and to make it the most convenient and best form of personal property, is a modern wonder. The debt of Great Britain was begun by raising a million sterling by loan in 1692, and when her great contest with Louis XIV. was terminated, the debt had reached fifty millions. Many statesmen and economists were then alarmed at the great burden which had been imposed upon the industry of the country; but when the war of the Austrian succession had swelled this amount to eighty millions, Macaulay says that historians and orators pronounced the case to be desperate. But when war again broke out, and the national debt was rapidly carried up to one hundred and forty millions, men of theory and business both pronounced that the fatal day had certainly arrived. David Hume said that, although, by taxing its energies to the utmost, the country might possibly live through it, the experiment must not be repeated—even a small increase might be fatal. Granville said the nation must sink under it unless some portion of the load was borne by the American Colonies, and the attempt to impose this load produced the war of the revolution, and, instead of *diminishing*, added another hundred million to the burden. Again, says Macaulay, was England given over; but she was more prosperous than ever before. But when, at the close of her Napoleonic wars, in 1816, this debt had been swelled up to the enormous sum of over eight hundred millions sterling, or four thousand three hundred million dollars—nearly one half the entire property of the United Kingdom—the stoutest heart, the firmest believer in national progress and national development, might well have been apalled. But, in the very face of this mountain of obligation—to say nothing of her vast colonial possessions—the property of the British nation has been more than trebled, and her debt is now a charge of but 12½ per cent. against it. All that Great Britain has done in paying her debt, we shall do, and more, with ours. We have vast territories untouched by the plow, mines of all precious metals of which we have hardly opened the doors, a population full of life, energy, enterprise, and industry, and the accumulated wealth of money and labor of the old countries pouring into the lap of our giant and ever-to-be-united republic. During the fiercest and most exhausting of all possible wars, we have demonstrated our national strength; and, all the world over, national strength is but another name for national credit. "As good as United States Stocks" will soon be synonymous, the world over, with "as good as British Consols." For our part, we think a U. S. Treasury note, bearing seven and three-tenths annual interest, is just as much better than British Consols as the rate of interest is higher. Some of our timid brethren, who shipped their gold to London and invested in consols, are now glad to sell out and invest at home at a round loss—and serves them right.

An Infernal Invention.—It is asserted that the terrible explosion of the steamer Sultana was not due to ordinary causes, but to a torpedo which, shaped like a lump of coal, was thrown into the furnace with the fuel, and immediately exploded. An air of probability is given to this statement from discoveries recently made. A miniature representation of one found in the cabinet of curiosities in the house of Jeff Davis proves the use of this particular shape.

Mrs. Lincoln.—Mrs. Lincoln's nervous system is gradually recovering from the shock occasioned by the President's death, but she is yet greatly depressed in spirits and unable to leave her room. Workmen are engaged in packing up the effects of the family, and Mrs. Lincoln will leave for her home in Illinois as soon as permitted to do so by Dr. Stone, the attending physician.

A Drafted Man.—Robinson, the Maine soldier, who saved Secretary Seward's life, was a "victim of the draft," having been drawn into the service at Island Falls, Aroostook county. After serving his time he enlisted in the Veteran Reserve Corps.

A Murderess Sentenced.—Sarah E. Webber, tried at Keene, N. H., week before last for the murder of Alfred A. Tolman, and found guilty of manslaughter, was sentenced by the Court to fifteen years in the State Prison.

Aged.—There are fifteen persons living in a school district of Damariscotta, Me., whose united ages amount to 1127 years, or an average of over 75 years each.

PALMER AND VICINITY.

At a re-union of prominent old stage proprietors, at Pittsfield, last week, Major Morgan, of this town, was among them.

The assessor and census taker are about town, one taking the number of our dollars and the other numbering our heads.

The late heavy rains have raised the springs and streams to such a height that it will take quite a drouth to bring them to low water.

One or two cases of confluent small pox have occurred in the western part of Belchertown. One of the victims, Josiah Randall, died on Friday of last week.

The opposition line of telegraph from Boston to New York has its poles strung along the highway through this village. The wires are up from Boston as far as Warren.

Divorced.—One of the editors of the Detroit Tribune—W. L. George—who married the daughter of George Filer, of Belchertown, has obtained a divorce from her in a Michigan court.

Taxes.—Town taxes will be high this year, at least 2½ per cent., which is ahead of anything the people have heretofore felt in the line of taxation. Besides, in one or two school districts, the tax will be 1½ per cent. more.

Glass Wedding.—Mr. and Mrs. John D. Blanchard celebrated the 15th anniversary of their marriage with a glass wedding on Monday evening last. The gifts were choice, and numerous enough to furnish a respectable sized glass store, while the good cheer which abounded made everybody exceedingly happy. The Palmer Glee Club was in attendance.

Lincoln Photographs.—Henry M. Judd is agent for the sale of a splendid photograph likeness of the late President Lincoln, taken by Spooner, of Springfield. Hon. Geo. Ashmun says it is the most correct likeness that he has seen. Mr. Judd will visit Monson, Stafford, and other towns on the New London Railroad, as far south as Norwich.

A Young Mother.—E. H. Hyde, Esq., of the Old Furnace village, Stafford, has an Alderney heifer, only eleven and a half months old, which has given birth to a calf. The curious in matters pertaining to nature can see the animals by calling at Mr. Hyde's. It is, undoubtedly, the youngest cow with calf by her side on record. It is, nevertheless, true.

The legislature having passed an act authorizing towns to pay back to individuals the money subscribed and paid for raising volunteers, the subject of calling a town meeting for that purpose is warmly discussed about town. In some of the neighboring towns this has already been done. If it is to be done at all, let us have it off our hands. P. S.—A meeting is called on the 25th of May.

An Almshouse Boy.—Sergt. William Witherow, of Co. D., 31st Mass. Reg., who died at Ware on the 8th ult., an obituary notice of whom we published at the time, was an orphan, taken from the State Almshouse at Monson by Milton Lewis, in whose family he lived till he entered the army, and where he died. He was the youngest man in his company, and was first elected corporal, then sergeant.

So. Wilbraham—Mr. Editor:—The town held a legal meeting on Monday of this week, in the South Parish, to see what measures the town would take to pay the debts of the town. After learning that the town was unable to borrow to keep the wheels moving, and that those who had loaned the town were anxious to draw the same to invest in Gov. bonds, to save taxation the town voted to raise by taxation the whole indebtedness, viz: $23,000.—This is in addition to over $10,000 which the town had previously raised for town expenses, &c. Add to this amount some $2000 State tax, and it will make quite a little sum to be levied on the polls and estate of Wilbraham in one year. Since the meeting, I hear the whole matter was a "copperhead" movement, and the "regulators" have called another meeting, to reconsider the doings of the former meeting.—Benjamin Benedict was before Justice Spellman on the 5th inst., for an assault, with intent to commit rape, on Catherine Seymour, a colored female under the age of ten years. Also, for an assault on Alice Cutter, to ravish and carnally know, &c. Was found guilty in part, viz: an assault in both cases. Fined in the latter case $10 and cost of prosecution; in the former, sent to the House of Correction for ninety days. M. P. Knowlton appeared for the Commonwealth, and E. D. Beach for the defendant. Same day, Elmer Clark, a student in the Wesleyan Academy, was before the same justice for larceny in a dwelling in the night time. Was acquitted after a close examination. E. D. Beach for the Commonwealth, M. P. Knowlton and —— Dean, the latter from Uxbridge, for defendant.—Luther E. Sage, agent of the Ravine Mills, is very sick with congestion of the lungs. S. W.

An Experiment Abandoned.—Government has given up the experiment of supporting the blacks at Freedmen's Village, Arlington, Va. Work is offered to all willing to labor, at the usual prices, and rent is charged them for their tenements at $4 per month. All incapable or unwilling to accept these terms are to be removed to Macon's Island, near Georgetown. It is almost impossible to induce any of them to migrate North.

The National Mourning.—Gov. Andrew, with the advice of the council, in furtherance of a recommendation of the president of the United States, has appointed Thursday, the first day of June next, as a day of Humilation and prayer, to be observed by the people of Massachusetts in memory of the late lamented President.

Reorganization.—The Union army after its permanent reorganization will consist of four army corps of 40,000 men each, one corps of regulars, one corps of white volunteers, and two corps of colored. The four organizations will be complete in themselves, with cavalry, artillery and infantry in proper proportions.

A Good Thing.—The later-day substitutes and recruits who enlisted for three years and got the bounty, and have since been mustered out of service, made a good thing of it—in other words, they have pocketed $1000 in greenbacks, and obtained board and lodging at Uncle Sam's expense for some week.

Prisoners.—It is estimated that the exchanges now in progress will exhaust the whole number of Union prisoners held in the South, leaving in our hands and on parole an excess of about seventy-thousand rebel prisoners to be disposed of. No transportation will hereafter be furnished to rebel deserters or refugees.

Dismounted.—All but four of the encircling line of forts about Washington are to be immediately dismounted, their garrison withdrawn and dismissed, and everything appertaining to this enormous, expensive branch of defensive warfare is to be put upon the general retrenchment path.

☞ There was a rumor in Richmond the other day that Benjamin, late rebel Secretary of the State had committed suicide.

Just Decision.—It has been decided by Judge Clifford, of the United States Supreme Court, that a man who expressed his joy at the assassination of President Lincoln, is not fit to serve as juror in the United States Courts.

Reduced Expenses.—Since the recent orders for the reduction of expenses, the Quartermaster's department has effected a reduction of its daily expenses of ocean and coastwise trade $35,000 per day, which is a saving of $1,000,000 per month.

The Shoe Business.—The Lynn Bulletin says shoe buyers are numerous, and orders are coming in faster than they can be filled. The stock of goods are very light, and there is no prospect at present of an accumulation.

Wade Hampton.—Wade Hampton recently ran his sword through a wounded Union soldier, and it is said his fears of being tried for murder had something to do with his refusal to surrender.

The Constitutional Amendment.—The amendment to the Constitution abolishing forever slavery in the United States has been passed by twenty-two States, requiring only five more to give the necessary two-thirds.

☞ The Jewish Record reminds President Johnson that the 1st of June, the day fixed for the National Fast, is the Israelites' Feast of Shevuous. The editor, however, has no suggestion to offer in the premises.

The Latest Story.—The latest story about the disposal of the remains of Booth is to the effect that they were covered with quick-lime, which effectually destroyed them in a few hours.

Buried.—The Union dead who have been exposed on the battle fields around Richmond for a year past, are being buried by colored troops detailed for the purpose.

Extended.—By some unexpected hocus-pocus, the commissioner of patents has extended the Goodyear rubber patent seven years.

Have Fled.—Sanders and Tucker have fled from Montreal, and it is believed that they have gone to Halifax.

Whiskers!—Those wishing a fine set of whiskers, a nice moustache, or a beautiful head of glossy hair, will please read the card of Thos. F. Chapman in another part of this paper.

Old Eyes Made New.

A Pamphlet directing how to speedily restore sight and give up spectacles, without the aid of doctor or medicine. Sent by mail, free, on receipt of 10 cents. Address E. B. FOOTE, M. D.,
6mja28. 1130 Broadway, New York.

A Card to Invalids.

A Clergyman, while residing in South America as a missionary, discovered a safe and simple remedy for the cure of Nervous Weakness, Early Decay, Diseases of the Urinary and Seminal Organs, and the whole train of disorders brought on by baneful and vicious habits. Great numbers have been already cured by this noble remedy. Prompted by a desire to benefit the afflicted and unfortunate, I will send the recipe for preparing and using this medicine, in a sealed envelope, to any one who needs it, *Free of Charge*.
Address JOSEPH T. INMAN,
Station D., Bible House, New York City.

Mr. Editor—Dear Sir:—With your permission I wish to say to the readers of your paper that I will send, by return mail to all who wish it, (free) a recipe with full directions for making and using a simple Vegetable Balm that will effectually remove, in ten days, Pimples, Blotches, Tan, Freckles, and all Impurities of the Skin, leaving the same soft, clear, smooth, and beautiful.

I will also mail free to those having Bald Heads and Bare Faces, simple directions and information that will enable them to start a full growth of luxuriant Hair, Whiskers, or a Moustache, in less than thirty days.

All applications answered by return mail without charge. Respectfully yours,
Thos. F. Chapman, Chemist,
m4'3m 831 Broadway, New York.

Whiskers! Whiskers!

Do you want Whiskers or Mustaches? Our Grecian Compound will force them to grow on the smoothest face or chin, or hair on bald heads, in six weeks. Price, $1. Sent by mail anywhere, closely sealed, on receipt of price. Address
1sd24 WARNER & Co., Brooklyn, New York.

If You Want to Know

A little of everything relating to the human system, male and female; the causes and treatment of diseases; the marriage customs of the world; how to marry well, and a thousand things never published before, read the revised and enlarged edition of "Medical Common Sense," a curious book for curious people, and a good book for every one. 400 pages, 100 illustrations. Price, $1 50. Content tables sent free to any address. Books may be had at the bookstores, or will be sent by mail, post-paid, on receipt of the price. Address
E. B. FOOTE, M. D.,
ja28 6m 1130 Broadway, New York.

To Consumptives.

The advertiser, having been restored to health in a few weeks, by a very simple remedy, after having suffered several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease, Consumption—is anxious to make known to his fellow-sufferers the means of cure.

To all who desire it, will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge), with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a Sure Cure For Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, &c. The only object of the advertiser in sending the Prescription is to benefit the afflicted, and spread information which he conceives to be invaluable; and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing.

Parties wishing the prescription will please address. Rev. EDWARD A. WILSON.
3m. Williamsburgh, Kings County, New York.

Lyon's Periodical Drops!

The Great Female Remedy for Irregularities.

These drops are a scientifically compounded fluid preparation, and better than any Pills, Powder, or Nostrums. Being liquid, their action is direct and positive, rendering them a reliable, speedy and certain specific for the cure of all obstructions and suppressions of nature. Their popularity is indicated by the fact that over 100,000 bottles are annually sold and consumed by the ladies of the United States, every one of whome speaks in the strongest terms of praise of their great merits. They are rapidly taking the place of every other Female Remedy, and are considered by all who know aught of them, as the surest, safest, and most infallible preparation in the world, for the cure of all female complaints, the removal of all obstructions of nature, and the promotion of health, regularity and strength. Explicit directions stating when they may be used, and explaining when and why they should not, nor could not be used without producing effects contrary to nature's chosen laws, will be found, carefully folded around each bottle, with the written signature of John L Lyon, without which none are genuine.

Prepared by Dr. JOHN L. LYON, 195 Chapel Street, New Haven, Conn., who can be consulted either personally, or by mail, (enclosing stamp,) concerning all private diseases and female weaknesses.

Sold by Druggists everywhere.
C. G. CLARK & CO.,
Gen'l Agents for U. S. and Canadas.

TO THE NERVOUS, DEBILITATED AND DESPONDENT OF BOTH SEXES.

A great sufferer having been restored to health in a few days, after many years of misery, is willing to assist his suffering fellow creatures by sending (free), on the receipt of a postpaid addressed envelope, a copy of the *formula* of cure employed. Direct to JOHN M. DAGNALL, my19 Box 183 Post Office, Brooklyn, N. Y.

REEVES' ORIGINAL
REEVES' GENUINE
REEVES' RELIABLE

AMBROSIA,

FOR THE GROWTH, BEAUTY, AND PRESERVATION OF THE HAIR.

One of the Many Testimonials.

NEW YORK, September, 1862.

I have many evidences to prove that Reeves' Ambrosia is all it is represented to be. I will state a few factss—could relate many more; give the names, residences, etc.

About two years ago I purchased some of Reeves' Ambrosia for my customers. Many, perhaps, bo't it with hut little faith in its excellence. But seeing the same ones return time and time again for "another bottle," led me to inquire as to the result of their experience. I was assured by all of benefits obtained beyond expectation. Hair falling out was prevented, that turning gray was arrested, the thin and slowly growing hair was made to grow thick and rapid; in fact and were pleased and highly elated. An instance showing the remarkable effects of its use fur one year, came to my knowledge as follows: A lady, (one of my customers) who informed me that this preparation had caused her hair to grow, proved the truth of her assertion by removing her bonnet and letting down her beautiful hair. Measuring its length, it showed a growth of 3 feet and 9 inches since using Reeves' Ambrosia. I hear many speak in its praise, and can confidently recommend it from my own experience.

Miss S. MOODY, 319 Grand Street.

NEW YORK, Sept. 30, 1862.

Proprietor of Reeves' Ambrosia—Dear Sir:—Noticing upon one of your circulars a statement from Miss S. Moody, and believing that the person referred to is none other than myself, I desire to fully corrobrate her statement as I did on one occasion, while in her store, discussing the merits of your Ambrosia, remove my bonnet to show a proof of the excellence of your preparation. I would at any time give you a certificate in detail. Shall recommend it all I can, believing it to be infallible. Yours, gratefully,

Mrs. JOS. T. LOVELL.

REEVES' AMBROSIA is for sale by all Druggists, and at 62 Fulton Street, N. Y.

☞ Price, 75 Cents per Bottle. d106m.

For sale in Palmer by WOOD & ALLEN, General Agents for Mass.

B **Strength to the Weak! Youth to the Aged!**

BIOKRENE, or Life Rejuvenator.

This preparation is unequalled as a Rejuvenator, and Restorer of wasted or inert functions.

The aged should be certain to make the Biokrene a household god, inasmuch as it will render them youthful in feeling and in strength, and enable them to live over again the days of their pristine joy. It not only exhilerates but strengthens, and is really an invaluable blessing, especially to those who have been reduced to a condition of servility, self abuse, misfortune, or ordinary sickness. No matter what the cause of the impotency of any human organ, this superb preparation will remove the effect at once and forever.

BIOKRENE cures Impoteney, General Debility, Nervous Incapacity, Dyspepsia, Depression, Loss of Appetite, Low spirits, Weakness of the Organs of Generation, Imbecility, Mental Indolence, Emaciation, Ennui, It has a most Delightful, Desirable, and Novel Effect upon the Nervous System; and all who are in any way prostrated by nervous disabilities are earnestly advised to seek a cure in this most excellent and unequalled preparation.

Persons who by imprudence have lost their NATURAL VIGOR will find a speedy and permanent cure in the

BIOKRENE.

The Feeble, the Languid, the Despairing, the Old should give this valuable discovery a trial; it will be found totally different from all other articles for the same purposes.

TO FEMALES.—This preparation is invaluable in nervous weaknesses of all kinds, as it will restore the wasted strength with wonderful permanence.

It is also a grand tonic, and will give relief in Dyspepsia with the first dose. A brief persistence in its use will renovate the stomach to a degree of perfect health, and banish Dyspepsia forever.

One Dollar per Bottle, or six Bottles for $5. Sold by Druggists generally.

Sent by express anywhere, by addressing

HUTCHINGS & HILLYER, Proprietors, 81 Cedar Street, New York.

Sold in Palmer by Wood & Allen; in Ware by Daniel Holden, and in Stafford Springs by H.T. Small & Co. B

Aug. 13, 1864. au

BORN.

At Three Rivers, 9th, a son to ABEL WEBBER.

MARRIED.

At Ludlow, 4th, by Rev C. Bridgman, SOLON LYON, Jr, and CHARLOTTE L. SWART of Chicopee

At Ware, by Rev William G. Tuttle, CHARLES H. LIVERMORE and MARY E. WHITE, both of Springfield.

DIED.

At Holland, 23ult, BATHSHEBA DAMON, 71.

At Monson, 7th, ELVIRA 20, daughter of William Moore.

At Woonsocket, R. I., 1st, MARY E., 6, daughter of George White. The remains were taken to Monson for interment.

At Wilbraham, 7, JULIA A., 32, wife of Dr J. M. Foster, formerly of Springfield.

In Stafford, 7th, HANNAH PLIMPTON, 93.

In Hartford, 5th, WILLIS R. WEST, formerly of Stafford.

At Belchertown, 10th, by Rev. H. B. Blake, THOMAS H. NEWTON and Mrs. PHILURA GILBERT.

In Ware, 10th, EDWARD, 9, son of Elijah Hatbaway.

In Monson, April 14th, of spotted fever, HATTIE L. GATES, 4 months.

In Ware, April 29th, DELIA A. STORRS, 3 years, 7 months.

Ye have borne her away in her early bloom,
Ye have lain her to rest in the silent tomb;
Your only daughter like a flower was given—
It hath faded on earth, but blooms in Heaven.

Notice to Road Builders.

THE subscribers will let out to the lowest bidder, on Saturday, May 20th, at 1 o'clock P. M., the rebuilding of the road from near the Merrick bridge (so called), to near the red schoolhouse, in the south-westerly part of Palmer, beginning near that place; the same being laid out and ordered by the County Commissioners. For particulars apply to Enos Calkins, Palmer Depot.

ENOS CALKINS, } Selectmen
E. B. GATES, } of
GEORGE MOORES, } Palmer.

Palmer, May 11, 1865. 1w

ANOTHER LOT JUST RECEIVED.

PRICES FOR THE TIMES!

Good Brown Sugar.	9 lb for	$1.00
Porto Rico do.,	7 " "	1.00
Granulated, Pulv., and Crushed do.,	4½ "	1.00
Porto Rico Molasses,	per gallon,	.90
Good do.,	"	.50
Best quality Oolong Tea,	per pound,	1.25
Fair do.,	"	.75

Another lot of FRESH MILK BISCUIT, with a full

Assortment of all kinds of Groceries,

Just received

—AT—

NEWTON & CO'S,

Nassowanno Block, Palmer.

DODGE & HASTINGS,

PAY the HIGHEST MARKET PRICE for GOOD VEAL CALVES.

Palmer, Feb. 25, 1865.

A NICE ARTICLE OF **SUGAR HOUSE SYRUP,**

For sale

Palmer, Dec. 8. AT PARKS' STORE.

WANTED!

BUTTER, EGGS, and all kinds of FARMERS' PRODUCE at NEWTON & Co's.

Palmer, 1865.

U. S. 7-30 LOAN.

The sale of the first series of $300,000,000 of the 7-30 Loan was completed on the 31st of March, 1865. The sale of the series of Three Hundred Millions payable three years from the 15th day of June, 1865, was begun on the 1st of April. In the short space of thirty days over One Hundred Millions of this series have been sold!—leaving this day less than Two Hundred Millions to be disposed of. The interest is payable semi-annually in currency on the 15th of December and 15th of June by Coupons attached to each note, which are readily cashed anywhere. It amounts to

One Cent per Day on a		$50	Note.
Two "	"	$100	"
Ten "	"	$500	"
Twenty	"	$1000	"
$1	"	$5000	"

MORE AND MORE DESIRABLE.

The Rebellion is suppressed, and the Government has already adopted measures to reduce expenditures as rapidly as possible to a peace footing, thus withdrawing from market as borrower and purchaser. This is

THE ONLY LOAN IN MARKET,

now offered by the Government, and constitutes

The Great Popular Loan of the People.

The Seven-Thirty Notes are convertible on their maturity, at the option of the holder, into

U. S. 5-20 Six per cent. Gold Bearing Bonds.

which are always worth a premium.

FREE FROM TAXATION.

The 7-30 Notes cannot be taxed by towns, cities, counties or states, and the interest is not taxed unless on a surplus of the owner's income exceeding $600 a year. This fact increases their value, from 1 to 2 per cent. per annum, according to the rate levied on other property.

SUBSCRIBE QUICKLY.

Less than $300,000,000 of the Loan authorized by the last Congress are now on the market. This amount, at the rate at which it is being absorbed, will all be subscribed for within four months, when the notes will undoubtedly command a premium, as uniformly been the case on closing the subscriptions to other Loans. It now seems possible that no considerable amount beyond the present series will be offered to the public.

In order that citizens of every town and section of the country may be afforded facilities for taking the loan, the National Banks, State Banks, and Private Bankers throughout the country have generally agreed to receive subscriptions at par. Subscribers will select their own agents, in whom they have confidence, and who only are to be responsible for the delivery of the notes for which they receive orders.

JAY COOKE, Subscription Agent,

PHILADELPHIA.

Subscriptions will be received by the

First National Bank of Springfield.
Second National Bank of Springfield.
Third National Bank of Springfield.
Ware National Bank of Ware.
Monson National Bank of Monson.
f25 Stafford National Bank of Stafford 3m

FISK & HATCH,

BANKERS,

And Dealers in Government Securities,

38 Wall Street, New York,

—ARE—

U. S. GOVERNMENT AGENTS,

FOR THE SALE OF THE

POPULAR 7-30 LOAN,

Under the recent arrangement of the Treasury Department with Mr. JAY COOKE, General Subscription Agent.

Checks and Drafts on New York. Legal Tender Notes, and National Bank Notes may be remitted in payment. We also receive all Legal Tender *Five per cent.* Notes, and allow the *accrued interests to date of subscription.*

The 7-30 Notes will be forwarded by express, free of charge, to all points reached by the express companies.

Orders may be forwarded to us direct, or through your nearest bank or banker.

Persons visiting the city will find a full assortment of the notes on hand at our office for immediate delivery.

Orders by mail should be accompanied with the address in full to which the notes are to be forwarded.

We also keep on hand, and buy and sell at market rates, all kinds of

United States Securities.

Accounts of Banks, Bankers, and individu received on favorable terms.

On or about the 1st of May we shall remove to the commodious offices No. 5 Nassau st. Continental Bank Building, now occupied by the Third National Bank.

FISK & HATCH, BANKERS,

f18 38 Wall Street, New York. 3m.

THE NINTH NATIONAL BANK

OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK.

CAPITAL, $1,000,000---PAID IN,

Fiscal Agent of the United States,

And Special Agent for Jay Cooke, Subscription Agent.

Will Deliver 7-30 Notes, Free of Charge,

by express, in all parts of the country, and receive in payment Checks on New York, Philadelphia, and Boston, current bills, and all five per cent. interest notes, with interest to date of subscription. Orders sent by mail will be promptly filled.

This Bank receives the accounts of Banks and Bankers on favorable terms; also of individuals keeping New York accounts.

J. T. HILL Cashier. J. U. ORVIS, Pres't.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

HAMPDEN, ss. PROBATE COURT.

To the Heirs-at-Law, and others interested in the estate of Wareham J. Davis, late of Monson, in said county, deceased greeting:

Whereas Lathrop Clark, administrator of the estate of said deceased, has presented to said Court his petition to sell so much of the real estate of said deceased as will raise the sum of seventy-two dollars and fifteen cents, for the payment of debts and charges of administration:

You are hereby ordered to appear at a Probate Court to be holden at Springfield, in said County, on the first Tuesday of June next, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause, if any you have, against the same; and said administrator is ordered to serve this Citation by publishing the same once a week, three weeks successively, in the Palmer Journal, a newspaper printed at Palmer, the first publication to be fourteen days at least before said Court, and by sending or causing to be sent a written or printed copy hereof, porperly mailed, postage prepaid, to each or the heirs of said deceased, or their legal representatives, known to the petitioner, within two days of the date of said first publication.

Witness, WILLIAM S. SHUETLEFF, Esquire, Judge of said Court, this second day of May, in the year one thousand, eight hundred and sixty-five. SAMUEL B. SPOONER, Register.

TOBAOCO OF ALL KINDS,

Cavendish, Navy, Fine Cut Chewing, Killekinic Smoking.

We would call particular attention to our Navy Tobacco, that we are selling at 75 cents ℔ lb.

NEWTON & CO.,

Nassowanno Block . . . . Palmer, Mass.

SMITH & CONVERSE,

Successors to M. W. FRENCH & BRO.,

Have on Hand a Choice Lot of

DRY GOODS, GROCERIES,

Hats, Caps, Boots, Shoes,

&c., &c., &c.

YARD WIDE COTTONS,

VERY CHEAP.

New Spring Style DeLaines, Very Handsome.

Also, a large assortment of

SPRING SKIRTS,

All Styles and Prices.

GIVE US A CALL.

GEO. F. SMITH. JOHN S. CONVERSE.

Palmer, Mass., 1865.

FERTILIZERS.

Fish Guano, Poudrette,
Phosphate of Lime. Bone Dust.

For sale in large or small quantities by

SHAW & NICHOLS,.....McGilvray Block.

Palmer, May 6, 1865. 1w

SPICES, of all varieties, Raisins, Citron, Extracts, Bluing, Pepper Sauce, Tomato Ketchup, At NEWTON & Co's, Pamler.

NOTICE.—Came into the enclosure of the subscriber, about the 24th of April, one red yearling bull, and a red yearling steer with white on end of tail. The owner is requested to prove property, pay charges, and take them away.

DANIEL FOSKIT.

Monson, May 6, 1865.*

FERTILIZERS.

POUDRETTE, Coe's Super Phosphate of Lime, Ground Bone, and the New England Fertilizer, for sale by GEO. ROBINSON.

Ware, April 29, 1865.

AT NEWTON & CO'S

WILL be found those choice Milk Crackers. Also Boston and Springfield Crackers.

GOLD AT 150,

—AND—

MY PRICES

For all kinds of Goods

ARE MARKED TO CORRESPOND.

Good Prints, Fast Colors,	20 cts.
All others,	22@25
Best DeLaines,	30
7-8 Brown Cottons,	20
Nice yard wide, du.	20
Best 9-8 do., do.,	37½
Larg't size best qual. Ladies' Nubias,	1 25
Heavy Long Shawls, largest size,	7 00
Best quality do.,	11 00
More Ladies' Rubber Boots,	2 50
More Ladies' Rubber Sandals,	1 00
Colored Cambrics (slightly soiled),	17
A lot of shup worn shues,	75
Good Bleached Cottons,	20, 30, @40
Good Cot. and Wool Flannels,	40@60
Heavy Cotton Goods, for suits,	80
Good Balmoral Skirts,	$3@$4.50
Nice Alpacas,	50@75
Best All Wool Delaines,	75
Heavy yard wide Cottons,	37½
Heaviest Cottons made,	45
A lot of Ladies' Cambric Collars, half price.	
Six pounds Good Brown Sugar for	$1.00
Five and 5½ pounds very choice do.,	1.00
4½ pounds Crushed & Granulated do.,	1.00
Good Molasses, for	.80@.90
Best Porto Rico in the world,	1.00

All-widths OIL CLOTHS, Palm Leaf MATTRASSES, HOOP SKIRTS, every size from 6 to 40 springs.

A variety of SUGARS; several kinds of MOLASSES and SYRUPS; TEAS and COFFEES.

☞ Remember the French Breakfast and Dinner Coffee.

VARIOUS GRADES OF FLOUR,

From the cheapest to the best made. BUCKWHEAT FLOUR, RYE FLOUR, GRAHAM FLOUR, CORN AND RYE MEAL, always on hand.

Just Received, a lot of *SMITH'S PARAFINE*, for Boots, Harnesses, or any Leather work. The *only sure Water Proof Leather Preserver* known, and will be furnished by the dozen or gross, at New York prices.

Always on hand an assortment of

Clocks, Trunks, Toys and Fancy Goods,

Cooking Extracts and Perfumeries,

All the popular *PATENT MEDICINES*,

In STONE and WOODEN WARE, the usual variety.

Crockery and Glass Ware, enough of it.

HATS AND CAPS,

a good stock at all times. Also,

BOOTS AND SHOES,

for Men and Boys, and as good a variety of Ladies', Misses', and Childrens', Shoes, in Leather and Serge Work, as can be found, in stores out of the cities.

Recollect, I always have

A LARGE STOCK OF GOODS,

At *PRICES TO SUIT THE PEOPLE* and the times, all marked in plain figures, and

ONE PRICE ONLY.

☞ Every one who owes me is requested to make immediate payment, as a change in business is contemplated.

E. E. TOWNE.

Monson, Feb. 25, 1865.

Administrator's Auction Sale.

HAMPDEN, SS.—By leave of Hon. William S. Shurtleff, Judge of Probate for said county, will be sold at public auction on Wednesday, the 24th day of May next, at 2 o'clock P. M., the following real estate:

The first class four story brick hotel block known as the

"NASSOWANNO HOUSE,"

occupied as a first-class Hotel, three Stores, Post Office, and Express Office, situated in the depot village of Palmer, Mass.

Also, the three story Brick Block occupied for Stores and Tenements, situated a few rods westerly, and known as

"STRONG'S BLOCK."

The above sale affords a rare opportunity to purchase most valuable property in the thriving village of Palmer.

Terms and conditions made known at the time and place of sale, or by inquiry of the undersigned.

JAMES G. ALLEN, Administrator.

Palmer, April 29, 1865.

TITUS & BURWELL,

House, Sign, and Ornamental Painters,

GRAINERS, and furnishers of

PAPER HANGINGS.

☞ Whitening and Paper Hanging done at short notice. All work warranted.

Shop next Caswell's Blacksmith shop. Orders may be left at Dr. Cowan's office.

S. TITUS.....E. S. BURWELL.

Palmer, April 15, 1865.

GRASS SEEDS.

HERDS GRASS, RED TOP, CLOVER, and MILLET, at the Agricultural Store in Ware.

April 29, 1865. GEO. ROBINSON.

APRIL 1, 1865.

FALL

—IN—

GOLD!

FALL

—IN—

Merchandize!

I HAVE THIS DAY

REDUCED THE PRICE

—OF—

MY STOCK OF GOODS

TO THEIR

GOLD VALUE,

COMPRISING ALL MY

DRESS GOODS,

DOMESTIC GOODS,

Gent's Furnishing Goods,

READY-MADE

CLOTHING,

BOOTS & SHOES,

CARPETINGS,

CROCKERY, GLASS, WARE,

&c., &c., &c.

ANY PART OF MY STOCK

CAN BE BOUGHT AT

LOW FIGURES,

W. W. CROSS,

PALMER, 1865.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!

WE ARE NOW RECEIVING A NEW LINE OF

Dry Goods and Groceries,

Bought since the Fall of Richmond,

which we will sell

At the Lowest Cash Prices.

We have a Large Stock of Men's and Boys'

CLOTHING, HATS, CAPS, &C.,

which we are determined to sell.

Please call before purchasing elsewhere.

KELLOGG & TINKHAM.

Palmer, April 8, 1865. tf.

SPRING SALES!

DRY GOODS AND CARPETS!

TINKHAM & CO.,

SPRINGFIELD ..... MASS.,

Now offer

A NEW AND SPLENDID STOCK

OF NEW SPRING GOODS,

All bought at the recent **Panic Prices,** and to be sold at prices fully corresponding to the lowest point reached. Every department full of Choice Goods, the whole making by far

THE LARGEST AND MOST ATTRACTIVE Stock in Western Massachusetts,

to which the attention of purchasers in this part of the state is invited.

WE KNOW WE CAN MAKE IT AN OBJECT FOR PURCHASERS

of Dry Goods and Carpets to visit Springfield, to visit our store and buy their goods of us. No effort will be spared to make those who favor us with a call satisfied that what we claim is correct. Particular attention is paid to

DRESS GOODS,

of every kind, including a very large and desirable variety of

MOURNING DRESS GOODS,

Choice stock of

WHITE GOODS,

Rich Embroideries, Laces, Trimmings, and Fancy Goods,

SILKS, in all Colors,

SUPERB BLACK SILKS,

SPRING CLOAKS,

Mantillas, Shawls, CLOAKINGS,

☞ The Largest Stock in the City. Garments made to order.

Immense stock of

HOUSEKEEPING GOODS.

Extra Bargains in

COTTONS AND LINENS.

A Heavy Stock, bought since the recent Large Fall in Value.

CARPETS, CARPETS,

Carpets have also felt the pressure, and can now be sold at a large discount from old prices. We are fully prepared to offer the best terms possible, and have a larger and better stock than can be found in this region, particularly in all the better grades of carpets—goods that are not found out of the larger cities. Our stock includes every kind and description of Carpet Goods.

FLOOR OIL CLOTHS.

CURTAINS AND CURTAIN GOODS,

WINDOW SHADES,

☞ The best variety in Springfield. ☜

New Goods will be Received Daily

DURING THE SEASON.

THE LARGEST AND BEST LIGHTED Dry Goods Store in New England, out of Boston.

184, 186, 188 MAIN STREET,

a15 SPRINGFIELD. 4m

"A Word to the Wise is Sufficient."

D. H. BRIGHAM & CO.,

OF SPRINGFIELD,

ADVERTISED two weeks ago to give special attention to the

Retail Clothing Trade,

And for the past ten days have had

A CONTINUOUS RUSH!

They are selling their Goods Regardless of Cost!

As the panic has reduced the price of many goods about one-half, and

THEY ARE BOUND TO SELL!

AN EARLY CALL will secure

SPLENDID BARGAINS,

and insure

An Immense Stock to Select From!

What's the use of Paying a Profit?

BUY AT PANIC PRICES AT

D. H. BRIGHAM & CO'S

Wholesale and Retail Clothing House,

a1 SPRINGFIELD, MASS. 3m

ANY BOOK WANTED!

CAN be obtained at short notice by leaving orders at our store. A select assortment of STANDARD WORKS on hand, together with TOY BOOKS and BOOKS FOR YOUTH.

Also, different styles of

Pocket Bibles and Testaments,

PHOTOGRAPH ALBUMS, &C.

Give us a Call.

WOOD & ALLEN,

Palmer, Feb. 11, 1865. tf

FARMERS, ATTENTION!

DO you want to raise LARGE CROPS this season? If so buy largely of

Bone Dust, Super Phosphate of Lime, Lodi Poudrette, and Fish Guano,

and your wants will be realized. For sale by

E. E. TOWNE, Monson.

PAY UP.

OWING to the recent change in business we are desirous of settling our old books. All persons indebted to us will please make immediate payment and much oblige P. P. KELLOGG.

Palmer, April 15, 1865. 4w.

REMOVED.

I HAVE removed my shop from Commercial Block to the new building adjoining the Journal Office, where I am prepared to make

BOOTS AND SHOES.

and do REPAIRING at short notice.

CALVIN HITCHCOCK.

Palmer, April 8, 1865.

NOTICE!

THE copartnership between the undersigned, under the name of Graves & Clark, is this day dissolved. GEO. GRAVES.

Palmer, April 22d, 1865. A. W. CLARK.

NOTICE.

I HEREBY give notice that I have given my son, NATHAN H. RICH, his time from this date, and shall claim none of his wages, nor pay any debts of his contracting. J. C. RICH.

Palmer, April 25, 1865. a29.

MEAL.

BOLTED MEAL, FLOUR.
RYE MEAL, CORN,
GRASS SEEDS, RYE,

Will be found

At NEWTON & Co's, Palmer,

At the Lowest Figures.

A TIMELY WARNING.

DISEASES of the Urinary and Sexual Organs, the result of Self-abuse, Sexual Excesses, &c. Reports on the above, supplying the means of cure, sent free on receipt of a red stamp.

Address JOHN D. WILLIAMS,

a21. P. O. box, 2853, Philadelphia, Pa.

COPARTNERSHIP.

THE undersigned has associated with himself STEPHEN J. HAMILTON, ALEXIS COURIER, and HERBERT S. LINCOLN, as partners in the Crockery, Glass, and China Ware business, to date from March 1, 1865, which will be carried on hereafter under the firm of Hamilton & Co., at the old stand, Union Block, 197 Main st., Springfield. JOHN HAMILTON.

John Hamilton will devote his attention most particularly to the wholesaling of Kerosene Oil, Burning Fluid, Benzine, and Spirits Turpentine, orders for which will be received for the present at the above named place of business. ap15 1m

PAINTING.

THE subscriber has taken the shop lately occupied by A. M. Titus, and will attend to all orders for

Painting, Graining, Paper Hanging, &c.,

at short notice. Special attention given to

SIGN PAINTING.

A. W. CLARK.

Palmer, April 8, 1865.

NEW JUVENILE MUSIC BOOK.

By L. O. EMERSON, author of the "Golden Wreath," "Harp of Judah," &c.

MERRY CHIMES;

Containing Elementary Instructions, Attractive Exercises, and Several Hundred Popular Songs.

This New Book will be found superior to all similar works, in many points essential to its success as a popular Instruction Book in Vocal Music, and Collection of Melodies for the Young.

The Elementary Department contains Just those Peculiar Elements that Attract and Retain the Attention of Children. The Songs are not old and time-worn—sung through a dozen books—but new and sparkling, adapted to all occasions, and Alive with the Spirit of the Times.

A large number have been written expressly for this work. The Melodies are equally good, and include very many Compositions never before published.

All who have examined this work predict for it a success beyond that of any similar publication.

Price 50 cents a copy—$5 a dozen.

SPECIMEN PAGES, containing several choice pieces, will be sent to any one on application.

OLIVER DITSON & CO., Publishers, 277 Washington Street, Boston.

SOAPS, SOAPS!

BURWELLS, Babbitt's, Castile and Common, at NEWTON & CO'S, Palmer.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

PROBATE COURT. HAMPDEN, ss.

To all persons interested in the Estate of Amasa Switzer, late of Monson, in said County, deceased, Greeting:

Whereas, Austin Fuller, administrator with the will annexed of the estate of said deceased, has presented for allowance the first and final account of his administration upon the estate of said deceased:

You are hereby cited to appear at a Probate Court to be holden at Monson, in said county of Hampden, on the second Tuesday of June next, at nine o'clock before noon, to show cause, if any you have, why the same should not be allowed. And said administrator is ordered to serve this citation by publishing the same in the Palmer Journal, a newspaper printed at Palmer, three weeks successively, the first publication to be fourteen days at least before said Court, and by sending or causing to be sent a written or printed copy hereof, properly mailed, postage prepaid, to each of the heirs, devisees or legatees of said deceased, or their legal representatives known to said administrator, within two days of said first publication.

Witness, WILLIAM S. SHURTLEFF, Esquire, Judge of said Court, this twenty-fifth day of April, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five.

SAMUEL B. SPOONER, Register.

A copy, attest, SAMUEL B. SPOONER, Register.

COMMONWEALTH of MASSACHUSETTS, Hampden, ss. Probate Court.

To the Heirs-at-Law, Next of Kin, and all other Persons interested in the estate of Anna Gage, late of Monson, in said county, deceased, Greeting:

Whereas a certain instrument purporting to be the last will and testament and codicil of said deceased has been presented to said Court, for Probate, by Leonard G. Cushman, who prays that letters testamentary may be issued to him, the executor therein named,

You are hereby cited to appear at a Probate Court to be holden at Monson, in said county of Hampden, on the second Tuesday of June next, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause, if any you have, against the same.

And said Leonard G. Cushman is hereby directed to give public notice thereof by publishing this citation once a week, for three successive weeks, in the newspaper called the Palmer Journal, printed at Palmer, the first publication to be fourteen days, at least before said Court, and by sending, or causing to be sent, a written or printed copy hereof, properly mailed, postage prepaid to each of the heirs, devisees, or legatees of said deceased, or their legal representatives, known to the petitioner, within two days of the date of said first publication.

Witness, WILLIAM S. SHURTLEFF, Esqnire, Judge of said Court, this twenty-fifth day of April, in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five. SAMUEL B. SPOONER, Register.

Copy—attest, SAMUEL B. SPOONER, Register.

COMMONWEALTH of MASSACHUSETTS, Hampden, ss. Probate Court.

To all persons interested in the estate of Oren Hovey, late of Monson, in said county, deceased, Greeting:

Whereas, the administrators of the estate of said deceased, have presented for allowance the first acount of their administration upon the estate of said deceased:

You are hereby cited to appear at a Probate Court to be holden at Monson, in said county, on the second Tuesday of June next, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause, if any you have, why the same should not be allowed.

And said adminstrators are ordered to serve this Citation by publishing the same once a week, three weeks successively, in the Palmer Journal, a newspaper printed at Palmer, the first publication to be fourteen days at least before said Court, and by sending, or causing to be sent, a written or printed copy hereof, properly mailed, postage prepaid, to each of the heirs, of said deceased, or their legal representatives, known to said administrators, within two days of said first publication.

Witness, WILLIAM S. SHURTLEFF, Esqnire Judge of said Court, this twenty-fifth day of April, in the year one thousand, eight hundred and sixty-five. SAMUEL B. SPOONER, Register.

Copy—attest SAMUEL B. SPOONER, Register.

GUARDIAN'S SALE.

BY order of the Judge of Probate I will sell at public auction, on the premises, in Warren, half a mile west of the depot, on Wednesday, May 31, at 2 o'clock P. M., a piece of land containing about 5¼ acres and water privilege, known as the Taft privilege, and belonging to the heirs of Erastus Hawes, deceased.

LATHROP CLARK, Guardian.

Monson, April 29, 1865.

☞ Man doubles all the evils of his fate by pondering over them. A scratch becomes a wound, a slight an injury, a jest an insult, a small peril a great danger, and a slight sickness often ends in death by the brooding apprehensions of the sick. We should always look on the bright side of life's picture.

VALUABLE CURIOSITY.—Barnum has offered $1000 for the pillow of the bed on which the President died, the same to be placed in his musuem. It is not likely that his offer will be accepted, as it is proposed to give the bedstead and clothing to the government to be put in the Patent Office.

WANTED A CHANGE.—President Lincoln after the battle of the Wildernesss had been raging, some days, betook himself with a friend to the opera, exclaiming, "The people will wonder if they hear of it, but the truth is, I must have a change of some sort or die."

A BLUNT ANSWER.—A sculptor of some notoriety and no excess of loyalty applied to Secretary Stanton for permission to take a cast of Booth's head. The blunt war minister replied: "Better take care of your own head."

☞ There have been disturbances in Madrid, the troops firing on and charging the people who were in the streets, apparently without provocation. Several persons were killed, and many others were wounded.

☞ It is proposed to raze Ford's Theatre, and to raise on its sight a monument to President Lincoln.

☞ An incendiary attempt to burn the block in which Ford's Theatre stands, was made Sunday night.

☞ Coming to the point—Gen. Sheridan at the battle of Five Forks.

☞ The system on which Brigham Young conducts his matrimonial affairs: Quick returns and small prophets.

☞ Why ought the stars to be good astronomers? Because they have *studded* the heavens for thousands of years.

☞ Gen. Halleck has taken command at Richmond.

PRICES

—ARE—

DOWN! DOWN! DOWN!

—FOR—

DRY GOODS.

J. H. STORRS,

Would inform all who have so liberally patronized him that he will now give a BENEFIT by selling goods at Wholesale Prices at Retail for a few days. We offer

Good Dark Prints for	17 cents.
Best New Styles do.,	20
" " " M'DeLaines,	25
Heavy Cottons, yard wide,	25
Fine Bleached Cottons, yard wide,	25

NEW STYLES OF

DRESS GOODS,

CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS,

FEATHERS,

ALL DOWN TO GOLD VALUE.

☞ We give notice to all we have bought largely at the late Low Prices,

WHICH ENABLES US TO SELL AT

VERY LOW PRICES.

We shall make

Special Inducements to those from a Distance,

Who buy in large quantities.

NEW GOODS WILL BE RECEIVED EVERY WEEK

During the Spring Trade.

A Word to the Wise is Sufficient.

Very respectfully,

J. H. STORRS.

Ware, March 25, 1865.

TAKE NOTICE!

OPENED THIS DAY!

A NEW CASE OF GOODS, consisting of

COTTONS, PRINTS, & D'LAINES,

Bought and sold at

PANIC PRICES.

SMITH & CONVERSE.

Palmer, April, 1865.

HAMS! DRIED BEEF!
HAMS! DRIED APPLES!
ALL KINDS OF FISH!
At NEWTON & Co's . . . Palmer, Mass.

ENVELOPES, embellished with Business Cards, furnished at this office.

WOODS' Celebrated Dry Hop Yeast, for sale at PARKS' STORE, Palmer

POTASH, at NEWTON & CO'S, Palmer. Of the best quality

PAPER HANGINGS!

WE have the LARGEST AND BEST STOCK to be found anywhere in New England, FROM THE CHEAPEST STYLES TO THE

ELEGANT GOLD AND PANEL PAPERS,

And furnish them AT RETAIL OR WHOLESALE,

At Lowest Prices.

☞ We send samples by mail or express
☞ when it is not convenient for customers
☞ to call at our store.

BRIDGMAN & WHITNEY,
SPRINGFIELD, MASS.,
April 1, 1865.

CLOTHING

Marked Down! Down!

NOW IS YOUR TIME TO BUY.

CALL ON THE

NEW YORK

CLOTHING

COMPANY,

138 MAIN ST., SPRINGFIELD,

(Corner of Vernon Street)

GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS,

HATS AND CAPS,

From one of

THE LARGEST WHOLESALE ESTABLISHMENTS

in the City of New York,

ANY ONE WISHING

A Good Substantial Article

FOR A

LITTLE MONEY,

WOULD DO WELL TO

EXAMINE OUR STOCK.

ALL GOODS SOLD BY US ARE

WARRANTED

TO BE AS REPRESENTED.

We will allow the privilege of exchanging (within three days), any garment sold at retail, which upon examination at home does not meet the entire approval of the purchaser, either in material, style, or fit; or, if that is not sufficiently liberal,

WE WILL REFUND THE MONEY.

Our term. of sale are strictly for cash, and

WE GUARANTEE

A BETTER ARTICLE

OF CLOTHING FOR THE PRICE

than can be obtained elsewhere. Call and satisfy yourselves, at

138 MAIN ST.,

nearly opposite Baptist Church,

SPRINGFIELD..... MASS.

n21tf

READY MADE CLOTHING,

Just received and for sale by

D. MULVIHILL,

Nassowanno Block, Palmer, Mass.

March 4, 1865.

PETROLEUM STOCKS

Are now attracting much attention, as

They Pay Larger Dividends

than any other stocks in the market, ranging from

One to Five per Cent. per Month.

Parties wishing to subscribe for stock in the "Great Basin" the "Massachusetts & Oil Creek," the "New England," "Fuller Farm," or other first-class oil companies, or in the

Montezuma Gold Mining Company,

the ore of which assays at over $8,000 per cord, can do so at the office of

Palmer. Jan. 21, 1865. JAS. G. ALLEN.

Manhood: How Lost, How Restored.

JUST PUBLISHED, a new edition of DR. CULVERWELL'S CELEBRATED ESSAY on the Radical Cure (without medicine) of Spermatorrhœa, or seminal weakness, Involuntary Seminal Losses, Impotency, Mental and physical Incapacity; Impediments to Marriage, etc.; also, Consumption, Epilepsy, and Fits, induced by self-indulgence or sexual extravagance.

☞ Price, in a sealed envelope, only six cents.

The celebrated author, in this admirable essay, clearly demonstrates, from a thirty years' successful practice, that the alarming consequences of self-abuse may be radically cured without the dangerous use of internal medicine, or the application of the knife—pointing out a mode of cure at once simple, certain, and effectual, by means of which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately, and radically.

☞ This Lecture should be in the hands of every youth and every man in the land.

Sent under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address, post-paid, on receipt of six cents or two post stamps. Address the publishers,

CHAS. J. C. KLINE & CO.,
127 Bowery, New York, Post Office Box 4,586.

IF YOU WANT
A GOOD ARTICLE
—OF—

READY-MADE CLOTHING

For a Little Money,

Call at **D. MULVIHILL'S,**

Palmer, March 4, 1865. Nassowanno Block.

The New 7 3-10 Treasury Notes

ARE on hand and for sale at the MONSON NATIONAL BANK, in denominations of $50, $100, $500, and $1000.

Monson, Dec. 17. E. F. MORRIS, Cashier.

ANOTHER LOT Fresh Ground of KENT'S East India and OLMITZ'

COFFEES,

The best out. At NEWTON & CO'S, Nassowanno Block, Palmer.

FIRE AND LIFE

INSURANCE AGENCY.

Ætna Insurance Company,
HARTFORD, CT.
Capital.....$1,500,000

Hartford Fire Ins. Company,
HARTFORD, CT.
Capital.....$1,000,000

Phœnix Insurance Company,
HARTFORD, CT.
Capital.....$400,000

Springfield Fire & Marine Ins. Co.,
SPRINGFIELD, MASS.
Capital and Surplus.....$567,863 17

Norwich Fire Insurance Company,
NORWICH, CT.
Capital.....$300,000

INSURANCE AGAINST FIRE,
ON FACTORIES, STORES, DWELLING Houses, Barns, &c.,
Effected on MOST REASONABLE TERMS, in the Best Companies.

Also, Life Insurance

Effected on good risks in the best Mutual Companies.

Address or apply to

E. F. MORRIS,

MONSON, MASS.

June 25, 1864—1y.

DENTISTRY.

DR. J. B. GOULD,

Surgical and Mechanical Dentist,

Palmer, Mass.

respectfully informs the Citizens of Palmer and vicinity that he has located himself in this place as a permanent Dentist, and hopes by strict attention to business to win the patronage of the public.

The Most Difficult Operations in Dentistry Performed with Care.

One of the most important and often neglected duties of the age is the preservation of the Natural Teeth, and to this end none should neglect having them frequently examined by a Dentist, that decay and other imperfections may be seasonably remedied. Children's teeth should receive frequent and careful attention, to prevent irregularities or decay.

ARTIFICIAL TEETH

inserted on the improved principle of atmospheric pressure. Teeth, from one to an entire set, inserted on Gold, Silver, or Rubber.

A SUPERIOR ARTICLE of DENTRIFICE and TOOTH BRUSHES constantly on hand.

☞ Examinations and advice gratis.

☞ All operations warranted.

TERMS REASONABLE.

TESTIMONIALS:

The undersigned, citizens of Monson, have employed Mr. J. B. Gould, in his regular practice as Dentist, with satisfaction, and would cheerfully recommend him to the citizens of this and adjoining towns, as skillful in all branches of this business. They are happy also to commend him as a man of good principles and high mural character.

Rev. T. G. Colton. Marcus Keep.
" F. Woods. S. Darling.
N. F. Rogers. Dr. J. M. Towne.
E. B. Miles. " Smith.
Dr. J. McKinstrey.

n19

Palmer Steam Mill!

THE subscribers, having leased the Steam Mill formerly occupied by Hall & Trumble, offer for sale

A FULL ASSORTMENT OF

FLOUR, GRAIN, MEAL,
FEED, SALT, LIME,
COAL, WOOD, &c,
AT THE LOWEST MARKET PRICES.

CASH PAID FOR ALL KINDS OF GRAIN.

HOVEY & SUTCLIFFE.

Palmer, Mass., Dec. 20, 1862.

NEW GROCERY STORE!

The undersigned, having purchased the stock of

GROCERIES & PROVISIONS

lately owned by J. P. SHAW, and removed them to their Flour and Grain Store, and having made large additions thereto, are prepared to furnish

FAMILY GROCERIES as CHEAP as at any other establishment in the county.

As we deal largely in

FLOUR AND GRAIN,

we are enabled to make purchases at

LOW FIGURES,

and sell in the same manner.

All kinds of FARMERS' PRODUCE taken in exchange for goods.

☞ Remember the place—

At the Palmer Steam Mill.

HOVEY & SUTCLIFFE.

Palmer, Aug. 20, 1863.

GOVERNMENT

PENSION AGENCY!

GOVERNMENT BOUNTY OF $100

Collected for soldiers who have been discharged from service by reason of wounds or disability, without regard to length of time. Invalid soldiers discharged from service, and the widows and orphans of soldiers who died in the U. States service, or of wounds or disease contracted in line of duty, are entitled to pensions. All pension claims against the government, and claims for arrears of pay and bounty, will be promptly attended to and collected at the lowest rates. No charge made to the soldier unless the claim is successful.

This Agency is duly licensed, and the undersigned does his business direct with the authorities at Washington, and not through third parties.

JAS. G. ALLEN, Counsellor & Attorney.

Palmer, March 21, 1863.

New London Northern Railroad.

On and after MONDAY, JANUARY 2, 1865,

Trains Leave Palmer as follows:

7.50 A. M., and 2.15 P. M., for New London and Way Stations.

2.15 P. M., and 6.00 P. M., for Belchertown and Amherst.

Trains for New London connect at Willimantic with trains for Hartford.

Trains for Amherst connect with trains from New London, and Western Railroad trains.

R. N. DOWD, Supt.

New London, Jan. 2, 1865.

M. P. KNOWLTON,

Attorney and Counsellor at Law.

Post Office Building, south side of Court Square,

SPRINGFIELD, MASS.

Soldiers' Pensions, Bounty, Back Pay, &c., procured promptly and at reasonable rates.

TO LET.

THE ROOMS IN STRONG BLOCK heretofore used as a Tin-shop. Enquire of

Palmer, March 4, 1865. JAS. G. ALLEN.

HEALTH

HELMBOLD'S

FLUID EXTRACT

BUCHU.

For Non-Retention or Incontinence of Urine, Inflammation or Ulceration of the Bladder or Kidneys, Diseases of the Prostrate Gland, Gravel, Brick Dust Deposits, Dropsical Swellings, Organic Weakness, Debility, Female Complaints, &c.

Helmbold's Fluid Extract Buchu and

IMPROVED ROSE WASH

Will radically exterminate from the system Diseases arising from habits of Dissipation, at little expense, little or no change of diet, no inconvenience or exposure, completely superseding those unpleasant and dangerous remedies, Copabia and Mercury, in curing these diseases.

USE HELMBOLD'S

FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU

In all Diseases of the Urinary Organs, whether existing in MALE OR FEMALE, *from whatever cause originating*, and no matter of how long standing. It is pleasant in its taste and odor, IMMEDIATE in action, and more strengthening than any of the preparations of Bark or Iron.

Those suffering from Broken Down or Delicate Constitutions, *procure the Remedy at once.*

The reader must be aware that however slight may be the attack of the above diseases, it is certain to affect his *Bodily Health, Mental Powers and Happiness.* If no treatment is submitted to, Consumption or Insanity may ensue.

All the above diseases require the aid of a diuretic.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU

IS THE GREAT DIURETIC.

HELMBOLD'S

HIGHLY CONCENTRATED COMPOUND

FLUID

EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA,

For purifying the blood, removing all diseases arising from excess and imprudence in life, chronic constitutional diseases arising from an impure state of the blood, and the only reliable and effectual know remedy for the cure of Scrofula, Scald Head, Salt Rheum, Pains and Swellings of the Bones, Ulcerations of the Throat and Legs, Blotches, Pimples on the Face, Tetter, Erysipelas, and all scaly eruptions of the skin, and beautifying the complexion.

AND

HAPPINESS

NOT A FEW

Of the worst disorders that afflict mankind arise from the corruption that accumulates in the Blood. Of all the discoveries that have been made to purge it out, none can equal in effect Helmbold's Compound Extract of Sarsaparilla. It cleanses and renovates the Blood, instills the vigor of health into the system and purges out the humors which make disease. It stimulates the healthy functions of the body, and expels the disorders that grow and rankle in the blood. Such a remedy, that could be relied on, has long been sought for, and now, for the first time, the public have one on which they can depend. Our space here does not admit of certificates to show its effects, but the trial of a single bottle will show to the sick that it has virtues surpassing anything they have ever taken.

Two tablespoonsful of the Extract of Sarsaparilla, added to a pint of water, is equal to the Lisbon Diet Drink, and one bottle is equal to a gallon of the Syrup of Sarsaparilla, or the decoction as usually made.

The above Extracts are prepared on purely scientific principles—in Vacuo—and embody the full strength of the ingredients entering into their composition. A ready and conclusive test will be a comparison of their properties with those set forth in the U. S. Dispensatory.

HOW TO USE THE REMEDIES.

In diseases of the Blood, Humors on the Face, or any and every part of the body, use Extract Sarsaparilla, applying to Pimples and all external Humors or Eruptions the Improved Rose Wash.

Use the Extract Buchu for all diseases requiring the aid of a Diuretic, except those of the Urinary Organs, such as Gonorrhœa and Gleet; in these use the Extract Buchu and inject with the Improved Rose Wash

☞ THESE EXTRACTS HAVE BEEN ADMITTED TO USE IN THE UNITED STATES ARMY, and also are in very general use in all the STATE HOSPITALS and Public Institutions throughout the land, as well as well as in private practice, and are considered as invaluable remedies.

Medicine delivered to Any Address.

Direct letters to—

HELMBOLD'S DRUG & CHEMICAL WAREHOUSE,

594 Broadway, New York,

Next Metropolitan Hotel, or to

HELMBOLD'S MEDICAL DEPOT,

104 South Tenth St., Philadelphia,

Assembly Buildings.

Describe Symptoms in all Communication.

☞ Sold by all Druggists everywhere.
☞ Beware of Counterfeits.
☞ Ask for Helmbold's. Take no Other.

Feb. 25. 1y.

SECURED.

DR. VELPAU'S FRENCH PILLS.

LADIES, TAKE PARTICULAR NOTICE.

THE REAL VELPAU FEMALE PILL.

[Warranted French.]

These Pills, so celebrated many years ago in Paris, for the relief of female irregularities, and afterward so notorious for their criminal employment in the practice of abortion, are now offered for sale for the first time in America. They have been kept in comparative security from the fact that the originator, Dr. Velpau, is a physician in Paris, of great wealth and strictly conscientious principles, and has withheld them from general use lest they should be employed for unlawful purposes. In overcoming Female Obstructions, Falling of the Womb, Whites, Green Sickness, Suppression, Retention, or Immoderate flow of the monthly discharges, they seem to be truly omnipotent, bursting open the flood gates from whatever cause may have stopped them; but they are offered to the public only for legitimate uses and all agents are forbidden to sell them when it is understood that the object is unlawful. Married ladies should never take them when there is any reason to believe themselves pregnant, for they will be sure to produce a miscarriage.

These Pills are entirely safe under all circumstances, being composed entirely of substances from the vegetable kingdom.

Each box has the coat of arms for the city of Paris stamped on the box, with the words "Trade Mark" in French, to counterfeit which is a misdemeanor, and all persons will be dealt with according to law.

☞ Full directions accompany every box.

Ladies can obtain a box sealed from the eyes of the curious, by enclosing one dollar and six post-office stamps to any respectable druggists, or to O. C. STAPLES, General Agent for the United States, Watertown, N. Y.

For sale in Palmer by Wood & Allen, and Dr. Wm. Holbrook. n51y.

DR. WISTAR'S

BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY,

THE GREAT REMEDY FOR

CONSUMPTION,

And acknowledged by many prominent physicians to be by far the most Reliable Preparation ever introduced for the Relief and cure of all

LUNG COMPLAINTS.

This well-known remedy is offered to the public, sanctioned by the experience of over forty years, and when resorted to in season, seldom fails to effect a speedy cure of

Coughs, Colds, Croup, Bronchitis, Influenza, Whooping Cough, Hoarseness, Pains or Soreness in the Chest and Side, Bleeding at the Lungs, Liver Complaints, &c., &c.

Its complete success in many cases of confirmed consumption has reversed the opinion so long entertained, that this much dreaded disease is incurable.

To those who have already made use of this Remedy, no appeal is necessary. To those who have not, we have only to refer them to the written testimonials of many of our most distinguished citizens, who have been restored to health when the expectation of being cured was indeed a "forlorn hope." We have space only for the following

Unsolicited Testimony.

From REV. FRANCIS LOBDELL, Pastor of the South ong. hurch, Bridgeport, t.

BRIDGEPORT, Jan. 4, 1864.

Messrs. SETH W. FOWLE & Co.—Gentlemen: I consider it a duty which I owe to suffering humanity, to bear testimony to the virtues of Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry: I have used it—when I have had occasion for any remedy for Coughs, Colds, or Sore Throat—for many years, and never, in a single instance, has it failed to relieve and cure me. I have frequently been very hoarse on Saturday, and looked forward to the delivery of two sermons on the following day with sad misgivings, but by a liberal use of the Balsam my hoarseness has invariably been removed, and I have preached without difficulty. I commend it to my brethren in the ministry, and to public speakers generally, as a certain remedy for the bronchial troubles to which we are peculiarly exposed.

Entirely unsolicited I send you this testimonial, which you are at liberty to use in any way you choose. Perhaps the Balsam does not affect all persons alike, but it always removes my hoarseness, and fits me for the minister's hard-working day—the Sabbath.

Very truly yours, FRANCIS LOBDELL.

Clergymen, Lawyers, Singers,

and all those whose occupation requires an unusual exercise of the vocal organs, will find this the Only Remedy which will effectually and instantaneously relieve their difficulties. This Remedy, unlike most others, is not only not nauseous, but is extremely

PLEASANT TO TASTE.

A small quantity allowed to pass over the irritated part at once removes the difficulty.

WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY

IS PREPARED BY

SETH W. FOWLE & CO.,

18 TREMONT STREET, BOSTON,

1ys10. and is sold by all druggists. eow.

REDDING'S RUSSIA SALVE

HEALS OLD SORES.

REDDING'S RUSSIA SALVE cures Burns, Scalds, Cuts.

REDDING'S RUSSIA SALVE cures Wounds, Bruises, Sprains.

REDDINGS' RUSSIA SALVE cures Boils, Ulcers, Cancers.

REDDING'S RUSSIA SALVE cures Salt Rheum, Piles, Erysipelas.

REDDING'S RUSSIA SALVE cures Ringworms, Corns, &c.

☞ No family should be without it. Only 25 cents a box. For sale by

SETH W. FOWLE & CO., Boston, Mass and by all druggists and country storekeepers.

HALL'S VEGETABLE

SICILIAN HAIR RENEWER,

THE best preparation for the Hair. It will immediately free the head from all dandruff, restore the hair to its natural color, and produce a new growth where it has fallen off. It will stop the falling out of the hair in a few days, if faithfully applied, and it will turn gray hair to its original color. Price, one dollar. A large lot just received, and for sale by the bottle or dozen.

WOOD & ALLEN,

Palmer, Mass., Feb. 11, 1865. 1y

REVENUE STAMPS.

ALL DENOMINATIONS of U. S. Revenue Stamps for sale at the Journal Office.

Palmer, Aug. 20, 1864

TAPIOCA, FARINA, SAGO, CORN STARCH, CHOCOLATE, COCOA &c., &c., for sale at

A. H. PARKS' Cash Store . . . PALMER, MASS.

A Lot of First-Rate

BUTTER,

FOR SALE in any quantity, from one to 100 pounds, at

A. H. PARKS' STORE, Palmer, Mass.

GEO. S. BOSWORTH,
CARPENTER AND JOINER,
—AND DEALER IN—
Doors, Sash, Blinds, Framing Timber, &c., &c.

Doors, Sash, and Blinds constantly on hand. All kinds of jobbing done to order. Palmer, Jan. 30

A Superior Article of Pure Ground JAVA COFFEE,

For sale at A. H. PARKS' Store,

Palmer House Block

FLOUR

Of all grades, FOR SALE LOW for cash,

AT A. H. PARKS' STORE,

West end of Palmer House Block, Palmer, Mass

AMERICAN AND FOREIGN PATENTS.

R. H. EDDY,

SOLICITOR OF PATENTS,

Late Agent of U. S. Patent Office, Washington, (under the Act of 1837.)

76 STATE ST.....opp. Kilby st.....BOSTON

After an extensive practice of upwards of twenty years, continues to secure Patents in the United States, also in Great Britain, France, and other foreign countries. Caveats, Specifications, Bonds, Assignments, and all Papers or Drawings for Patents executed on liberal terms, and with dispatch. Researches made into American or Foreign works to determine the validity or utility of Patents or inventions—and legal or other advice rendered in all matters touching the same. Copies of the claims of any patent furnished by remitting one dollar. Assignments recorded at Washington.

The Agency is not only the largest in New England, but through it inventors have advantages for securing Patents, of ascertaining the patentability of inventions, unsurpassed by, if not immeasurably superior to any which can be offered them elsewhere. The Testimonials below given prove that none is MORE SUCCESSFUL AT THE PATENT OFFICE than the subscriber, and as SUCCESS IS THE BEST PROOF OF ADVANTAGES AND ABILITY, he would add that he has abundant reason to believe, and can prove, that at no other office of the kind are the charges for professional services so moderate. The immense practice of the subscriber during the twelve years past has enabled him to accumulate a vast collection of specifications and official decisions relative to patents.

These, besides his extensive library of legal and mechanical works, and full accounts of patents granted in the United States and Europe, render him able, beyond question, to offer superior facilities for obtaining Patents.

All necessity of a journey to Washington to procure a Patent, and the usual great delay there, are here saved inventors.

TESTIMONIALS.

"I regard Mr. Eddy as one of the MOST CAPABLE and SUCCESSFUL practitioners with whom I have had official intercourse." CHAS. MASON.
Commissioner of Patents.

"I have no hesitation in assuring inventors that they cannot employ a person more competent and trustworthy, and more capable of putting their applications in a form to secure for them an early and favorable consideration at the Patent Office."
EDMUND BURKE,
Late Commissioner of Patents.

"Mr. R. H. Eddy has made for me THIRTEEN applications, on all but one of which patents have been granted, and that is now pending. Such unmistakeable proof of great talent and ability on his part leads me to recommend ALL inventors to apply to him to procure their patents, as they may be sure of having the most faithful attention bestowed on their cases, and at very reasonable charges." JOHN TAGGART.

During eight months, the subscriber, in course of his large practice, made on TWICE rejected applications, SIXTEEN APPEALS, EVERY ONE of which was decided in his favor by the Commissioner of Patents. R. H. EDDY.

January 1, 1865. 1y

E. & H. T. ANTHONY & CO.,

Manufacturers of Photographic Materials,

Wholesale and Retail,

501 BROADWAY . . . . NEW YORK.

In addition to our main business of PHOTOGRAPHIC MATERIALS, we are headquarters for the following, viz.:

Stereoscopes and Stereoscopic Views.

Of these we have an immense assortment, including War Scenes, American and Foreign Cities and Landscapes, Groups, Statuary, &c., &c. Also, Revolving Stereoscopes, for public or private exhibition. Our Catalogue will be sent to any address on receipt of stamp.

PHOTOGRAPHIC ALBUMS.

We were the first to introduce these into the United States, and we manufacture immense quantities in great variety, ranging in price from 50 cts. to $50 each. Our Albums have the reputation of being superior in beauty and durability to any others. They will be sent by mail, FREE, on receipt of price.

FINE ALBUMS MADE TO ORDER.

CARD PHOTOGRAPHS.

Our Catalogue now embraces over FIVE THOUSAND different subjects, to which additions are continually being made, of Portraits of Eminent Americans, &c., viz.: about

100 Major-Generals,	550 Statesmen,
200 Brig.-Generals,	139 Divines,
275 Colonels,	125 Authors,
200 Lieut.-Colonels,	40 Artists,
150 Other Officers,	125 Stage,
75 Navy Officers.	50 Prominent Women,

150 Prominent Foreign Portraits,

3,000 Copies of Works of Art.

including reproductions of the most celebrated Engravings, Paintings, Statutes, &c. Catalogues sent on receipt of stamp. An order for One Dozen Pictures from our Catalogue will be filled on the receipt of $1.30, and sent by mail, FREE.

Photographers and others, ordering goods C.O.D. will please remit 25 per cent. of the amount with their order. E. & H. T. ANTHONY & CO.,
Manufacturers of Photographic Materials.
501 Broadway, New York.

☞ The prices and quality of our goods cannot fail to satisfy. n19ly

Caution to Females in Delicate Health.

DR. DOW,

Physician and Surgeon, 7 Endicott st., Boston,

IS consulted daily for all diseases incident to the female system. Prolapsus Uteri, or Falling of the Womb, Fluor Albus, Suppression, and other Menstrual derangements, are all treated on new pathological principles, and speedy relief guaranteed in a very few days. So invariably certain is the new mode of treatment, that most obstinate complaints yield under it, and the most afflicted person soon rejoices in perfect health.

Dr. Dow has no doubt had greater experience in the cure of diseases of women than any other physician in Boston.

Boarding accommodations for patients who may wish to stay in Boston a few days under his treatment.

Dr. Dow, since 1845, having confined his whole attention to an office practice for the cure of Private Diseases and Female Complaints, acknowledges no superior in the United States.

N. B.—All letters must contain one dollar, or they will not be answered.

Office hours from 8 A. M. to 9 P. M.

Boston, July 30, 1864. 1y.

FOX & HOLBROOK,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

FRESH FISH, OYSTERS,

Fruit, Confectionery. Pies and Cakes, Vegetables,

Spruce and Hop Beer, Soda,

And SOLE AGENTS in Eastern Hampden for Millard & Waterbury's Hudson Pale Ale.

Nassowanno Block.....Palmer, Mass.

M. FOX. Feb. 20, 1864. C. HOLBROOK.

A. B. COWAN,
DENTIST,
Office and residence in
LAWRENCE BLOCK, PALMER, MASS.

TOBACCO.

FINE CUT, CHEWING, and SMOKING, of the best quality. Also, the best

Plug Tobacco, Navy Cavendish, &c.,

For sale AT PARK'S STORE, Palmer.

WANTED!

All Kinds of Farmer's Produce in Exchange for Goods, at

A. H. PARKS' Store..... Palmer, Mass.

Western Reserve Ohio Cheese.

OF SUPERIOR QUALITY,

For sale at A. H. PARKS' Cash Store, Palmer.

THE best Young Hyson, Black, and Japanese TEAS,

For sale at A. H. PARKS' Store, Palmer.

FISH, OF ALL KINDS,

FOR SALE

AT PARKS' STORE.

Palmer House Block.

The Palmer Journal.

VOLUME XVI. PALMER, MASS., SATURDAY, MAY 20, 1865. NUMBER 10.

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY.
—BY—
GORDON M. FISK & Co.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.—Two Dollars a year; a discount of twenty-five cents made to those who pay in advance. Six months, $1; three months, 50 cents.—Single copies, five cents.

ADVERTISEMENTS inserted at the following rates:—One square, one week, $1; 25 cents per square, per week, for each week after the first. One square, one year, without change, $12. One-half square, one year, $7. Legal advertising, $1.75 per square for three insertions. Notices in editorial columns, 20 cents per line; no charge less than $1. Obituary notices, 6 cents per line; no charge less than 25 cents. Notices of funerals, under the head of deaths, 25 cts. each. Special notices, before marriages and deaths, 33⅓ per cent. advance of regular rates. The space occupied by ten lines solid minion type constitutes a square. To merchants advertising their business at above rates discounts will be made of ten per cent. on yearly bills of $50, fifteen per cent. on bills of $75, and twenty-five per cent on bills of $100 and over.

JOB PRINTING, of all kinds, executed in the best style and at short notice.

G. M. FISK. JAS. M'LAUGHLIN.

LOCAL BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

PALMER.

ALBERT BURLEIGH, Carpenter and Joiner, and Dealer in Lumber, Doors, Windows, &c.

A. H. PARKS, Dealer in Family Groceries, Flour, Farmer's Produce, &c.

A. MASON, Refreshment Saloon. Weddings and parties supplied with Cake and Ice Creams.

ANTIQUE HOUSE, by E. B. Shaw, east of railroad bridge.

A. R. MURDOCK, Licensed Auctioneer, Thorndike.

A. W. CLARK, Portrait and Landstape Painter; tudio at his residence.

B. H. JOHNSON, Carpenter and Joiner, and Mover of Buildings.

BILLIARD ROOMS, BY JOHN THAYER, Basement of Commercial Block.

BLANCHARD & CO., Dealers in Hardware, Iron, Nails, Carriage Trimmings, Paints, Oils, Glass, &c.

CALVIN HITCHCOCK, Boot and Shoe Maker and Repairer, Commercial Block.

CYRUS KNOX, JR., News Room and Stationery, at the Post Office.

D. MULVIHILL, Merchant Tailor, and dealer in Gent's Furnishing Goods.

DODGE & HASTINGS, Meat Market, base ment of Commercial Block.

E. BROWN, Dealer in Hardware, Iron, Steel, Paints, Oils, and Glass.

E. S. BROOKS, Repairer of Watches and Jewelry. Nassowanno Block.

E. S. BURWELL, House, Sign, and Carriage Painter, first door south of Caswell's blacksmith shop.

FOX & HOLBROOK, Dealers in Fresh Fish, Oysters, Fruit, &c., and ag'ts for various varieties of Ale

F. J. WASSUM, Merchant Tailor and dealer in Gents' Furnishing Goods.

G. M. FISK & COMPANY, Job Printers and agency for Book binding, Lithographing, Engraving, &c.

HENRY JONES, Barber and Hair Dresser, opposite the depot.

H. G. CROSS, Ambrotype and Photograph Rooms, Strong Block,

H. MCMASTER, Livery Feeding, and Boarding Stable.

HOVEY & SUTCLIFFE, wholesale and retail dealer in Flour, Meal, Grain and Feed.

H. W. MUNGER, Merchant Tailor, and manufacturer of Custom Clothing.

IRON FOUNDRY, by John A. Squier, Furnace street.

J. G. ALLEN, Counsellor and Attorney at Law, Notary Public, and General Insurance Agent.

J. H. BLAIR, Attorney and Counsellor at Law, office in Waite's Block, opposite Antique House.

JOHN FEENEY, Eating Saloon, opposite the depot.

JOHN SHAW, Brick Mason and Plasterer. Residence at the Antique House.

J. S. LOOMIS, Dealer in all kinds of House Furniture, Coffins, and Burial Caskets.

J. W. THOMPSON, Dealer in Groceries, Crockery, Provisions, Flour.

LOOMIS & ELSBREE. Carriage Makers and Repairers, at the old stand of N. Smith & Co.

L. DIMOCK, Dealer in Boots and Shoes, Center Store Palmer House Block.

MRS. A. C. COLLINS, Dealer in Millinery and Fancy Goods.

NASSOWANNO HOUSE, by J. W. Weeks, opposite the depot.

NEWTON & CO., Dealers in Groceries. Flour, Feed, Crockery, Glassware, &c., Nassowanno Block.

N. PIPER, Manufacturer of Monuments, Tombstones, and other Marble Works.

P. P. KELLOGG, Dealer in Dry Goods, Groceries, Ready Made Clothing, Boots, Shoes, &c.

S. G. NEWTON, Deputy Sheriff, for Hampden County.

SHAW & NICHOLS. Dealers in Flour, Grain, Meal, Feed, Lime, Salt, Lime, &c., McGilvray Block.

SMITH & CONVERSE, Dealers in Dry Goods, and Groceries, opposite the depot.

S. R. LAWRENCE & Co. will pay the Highest Market Price for Hides and Skins deliv'd at their Market

WM. BARNES & Co., Dealers in Stoves, Tin Ware, Pipe, &c.

WM. MERRIAM, Currier and Retail Dealer in all kinds of Leather.

WOOD & ALLEN, Druggists, and dealers in Medicines and Fancy Articles.

W. W. CROSS, Dealer in Dry Goods, Millinery, Carpets, and Crockery Ware.

WARE.

BYRNS & Co., Staple and Fancy Bakers, opposite the Hotel, Main street.

E. F. HITCHCOCK, Dealer in Stoves, and manufacturer of Tin Ware, &c.

F. D. RICHARDS, Attorney and Counsellor at Law.

F. L. CHAPIN, Life-Insurance Agent, office at the Savings Bank.

G. C. HOLDEN, Dealer in Fruit, Confectionery, Pies, Cakes, Oysters and Ice Cream.

GEO. ROBINSON. Dealer in Hardware, Agricultural and Mechanic Tools, Paints, Oils, and Glass, Furniture and Wooden Ware. Especial attention given to Framing Pictures.

H. S. PARSONS, Dealer in Fine Watches and Jewelry, Agent for Florence Sewing Machines.

MRS. A. F. STRICKLAND, Dress and Cloak Maker. Room opposite the Bank, up stairs.

P. D. WILLIS, Dealer in Dry Goods, Groceries, Boots, Shoes, Flour, Fish, Grockery, &c.

S. B. WITHERELL, Dealer in Furnaces and Stoves, and Tin, Iron and Copper Work.

WM. MCKINSTREY, Merchant Tailor and Manufacturer of Custom Clothing, opposite the Bank.

WM. O. GOULD, Dealer in Millinery of all kinds, Demond's Block, Main street, up stairs.

Our Boys are Coming Home.

Thank God, the sky is clearing!
The clouds are hurrying past!
Thank God the day is nearing!
The dawn is coming fast.
And when glad herald voices
Shall tell us peace has come,
This thought shall most rejoice us:
"Our boys are coming home!"

Soon shall the voice of singing
Drown war's tremendous din;
Soon shall the joy-bells ringing
Bring peace and freedom in,
The jubilee bonfires burning,
Shall soon light up the dome,
And soon, to soothe our yearning,
Our boys are coming home.

The vacant fireside places
Have wailed for them long;
The love-light lacks their faces,
The chorus waits their sung;
A shadowy fear has haunted
The long-deserted room;
But now our prayers are granted,
Our boys are coming home!

O mother, calmly waiting
For that beloved son!
O sister, proudly dating
The victories he has won!
O maiden, softly humming
The loved song while you roam—
Joy, joy, the boys are coming—
Our boys are coming home!

And yet—oh, keenest sorrow!
They're coming, but not all;
Full many a dark to-morrow
Shall wear its sable pall,
For thousands who are sleeping
Beneath the empurpled loam:
Woe! Woe! for those we're weeping,
Who never will come home!

O sad heart, hush thy grieving;
Wait but a little while!
With hope and believing
The woe and fear beguile,
Wait for the joyous meeting
Beyond the starry dome,
For there our boys are waiting
To bid us welcome home.

A NIGHT WITH A GHOST.

BY CHARLES E. HURD.

Some years ago there stood, and I believe still stands, at the corner of Salem street and the Stoneham road, in Medford, an old two-story house, half the lower front of which was occupied as a confectionery and fancy bread store, and attached to the rear of which was a bakery. It was then occupied by a young man, intelligent and energetic, who had recently gone into business, and whose every moment was devoted to its advancement. Certain circumstances, which it concerns not my readers to know, threw me into connection with this gentleman, and I became an inmate of his family for several months. For my own reasons, I sought to make no acquaintances outside. I preferred solitude. I rarely attended church, for, at that time, I entertained peculiar theological ideas. My Sabbaths were, in fair weather, spent up a hill a mile back from the village, where I read, wrote, and rambled, from early morning until sunset. My opinions have somewhat changed since then, but I still believe that I might have done worse.

Between the owner of the establishment and myself there sprang up, or, rather, had always existed, an habitual reserve. Not from any dislike, for he had my full respect, and deserved it; but the cares of his business demanded his whole attention, and he was, besides, too much the gentleman to evince a curiosity to know more of my affairs than I chose to reveal.

At that time, I contributed somewhat to a literary journal, and occasionally visited the city to carry in MS. and purchase books. I seldom saw my friends while there, and few of them knew my whereabouts. So my life passed on, with nothing to vary its everyday monotony, or excite a feeling above the common routine of quiet daily life.

I have written thus much, though it has no particular bearing on my subject, because the reader can, perhaps, better understand my habits and situation, and more easily account, in his own mind, for what I am about to relate:

One night—a wild, rainy, windy, night in April, not cold, but with a wetness in the air which seemed to penetrate to the bones—I had been into the city to visit a family with whom I had formerly boarded; and, notwithstanding their invitation to stop, set out, at a late hour, on my return. I half repented as I stepped from the brilliantly lighted hall into the outside darkness, and would have turned back had not my refusal been so peremptorily given. Had I done so, I might have escaped what, in all the years since then, has been slowly wearing away my life.

From Green street I passed down Gouch into Merrimac, and from its then dangerous precincts into Haymarket Square. It was very dark, and the wind, as I turned the corner, blew the chill rain into my face, and tugged violently at a raglan which I had thrown on loosely, and was now obliged to grasp tightly to prevent its being carried away. As I entered the square, in a sudden lull of the wind, I heard a voice, or something resembling a voice, in so close a proximity to me that I started and flung out my arm on that side whence it seemed to proceed. There was nothing. I stood for a moment, the cold sweat starting from every pore. Then I lifted my foot; it came again—a hollow, unnatural, crying sound, not loud, but distinct, as if the lips of the utterer had been at my ear, and had striven to break into words the silence it might have kept, God knows how long. Not another sound—no voice, no plashing of footsteps on the wet pavement—nothing but the rushing of the wind and the gurgling of the rain-swollen gutters in the darkness. Overcome with terror, I plunged forward, until, reaching Causeway street, the long line of lights across the bridge partially dispelled my fears, and I slackened my pace.

When about half way across the bridge, I became conscious of a Presence—nothing human—nothing that I could hear, or see, or feel—but it was *there*—I knew it! I knew it was walking beside me, its face turned to mine, as truly as if its hand had palpably grasped my own. I felt that there was no escape from it, even should I plunge into the current below. And I went on. I dared not think of the long road which stretched before me in the darkness, and dreaded to leave the dim street lamps which skirted a part of my way. On and on I went, until the last light twinkled far behind me. The Shape still kept close by my side, invisible still; but once or twice there was a fancy that its hand touched my arm. I ran, I shrieked aloud, and flung my arms about wildly, in the vain hope to rid myself of it. I dreaded a repetition of that fearful sound which I now knew proceeded from its lips, and stopped my ears in its anticipation. I had now arrived at what was then called Cutter's Mills, just half my way home, and in the midst of that dreary moor lying between Charlestown and Medford. A light was moving about in the mill-yard, and, in an agony of hope and fear, I sprang towards it, shouting at the top of my voice. There was an immediate answer, and the light moved in my direction.—It was carried by the owner of the establishment, who, for some reason, was abroad at that late hour. He started on seeing my pale face and frightened look, and hastily asked the matter. As the light flashed from the lantern into his face, and I knew that I was no longer alone, a feeling of relief came over me, and my nerves, which had been strung to their utmost tension, relaxed, leaving me the next moment weaker than a babe. Another moment, and, thank God, the Thing was gone! I stammered an apology, pleading sickness, and asked for a glass of water. My request was readily complied with, and, following to the house, I stood upon the step till he fetched the water, when, thanking him, I turned again into the darkness.

Hurrying on in the face of the wind and rain, which now came more furiously, I expected every moment to feel the fingers of the Shape catching at my cloak, or to hear again the dreadful cry which still rang in my ears. But nothing came, and, at three o'clock, I reached home, half dead with terror, nerves slackened, and scarcely able to speak above a whisper. I tried the doors. They were locked. There was but one other way to obtain entrance, and that I tried. The roof of the bakery gave opportunity to reach a second story window, opening into a chamber off which was my sleeping apartment. With the aid of a barrel I climbed to the low roof, and, pulling myself along, reached the window, which, being partly open, I entered with ease. My fright had, in a great measure, abated, and I drew a long breath of relief as I dropped from the sill softly into the room. Dripping wet, and chilled through, I experienced yet a deadlier thrill as, feeling in the dark for my door, something seemed to pass suddenly before me, and I knew that the phantom was with me again! I hastily flung off my garments, and, burying myself in the bedclothes, strove to sleep. Tossing and turning for an hour, I at last fell into an uneasy slumber, from which I was suddenly awakened by a sound as of singing; and, a moment after, a hand, slender and delicate as that of a woman, but cold as that of a corpse, was laid upon my burning forehead. For a moment the blood settled round my heart; but, with a sudden effort, I sprang bolt upright in bed, and called aloud. There was no answer; nothing stirred. I could hear no step or breath, listened I ever so intently; and, again closing my eyes, I sank back, stupefied and exhausted, with a terrible fear that I was going mad. Time dragged on, and, roused at last by the noise below, I sat up in bed, striving to collect my thoughts and look back upon the events of the past night as a horrid dream. It was broad day. The storm had ceased, and the sun was shining brightly in at the windows. I rose and went down.—Something was said at the breakfast table respecting my appearance, which I ascribed to illness, and the subject passed. For weeks I lived in nightly terror lest it should come to me again; but time went on, and, growing bolder, I began to believe I had been laboring under a delusion.

One night, nearly six months afterwards, I was standing in front of the Arcade at Providence, waiting for a friend with whom I had an appointment, when a cold gust of air seemed to pass me, and close by my side—I could feel it—was the Thing! All my old terror came back, and I should have fled—I know not whither—when my friend appeared, and it vanished as suddenly as it came.—After this, for three months, it visited me often—sometimes twice a week—and then discontinued its visits altogether. Nearly two years passed by, when, in the midst of a terrific gale in the Bay of Fundy, during which we narrowly escaped getting wrecked, it came again. I was lying in my berth, sick and unable to stir, and waiting the death I expected every moment would bring, when the hand was laid upon my forehead and drawn slowly across, brushing my hair aside with its motion. This time it brought no terror, and, closing my eyes, I let it depart at its will.—Still later, and scarcely a year since, while walking, one evening, on the desolate Cape Negro coast, I heard the voice, distinct, and with the same unnatural, thrilling tone as at first. It is impossible to describe it or its effect upon me. It was as if some desolate spirit, cast out from its fellows, had striven to break through the mysterious veil which hangs between the bodily and the spiritual, and wail its unrevealable agony into the ears of some one who might guess at and pity its misery. For weeks I dreaded its repetition. It never came again, however, and I trust that never, until the eternal gates close upon me, shall I again listen to its utterance.

A thousand times I have tried to persuade myself that it was imagination, but reason cries out against it. When I least expected it, then it came—when I waited and watched and dreaded, it came not. In this life it is and will be a mystery; but, as surely as there is a world beyond, so surely do I know that it will there one day be plain to me.

THICKER THAN THREE IN A BED.—"Mother where is the man going to sleep?" asked a girl of fifteen of her mother who had just promised a traveller a night's rest in their out-of-the-way hut. "I'll have to put him in with you, and Jack, and Kate, and Sue, and Bet, I suppose," was the reply, and if it is too crowded one of you must turn in with me, and dad, and Dick, and Tommy, and the twins."

☞John Adams being called upon for a contribution for foreign missions, remarked: 'I have nothing to give for the cause, but there are in this vicinity six ministers; not one will preach in the other's pulpit. Now, I will give as much and more than any one else to civilize these clergyman.'

SERMONS IN STONES.

"A rough stone-wall," says Hugh M'Millan, "in any situation is an object of interest to a thoughtful mind. The different shapes of the stones, their varied mineral character, the diversity of tints, flexures, and lines which occur in them, are all suggestive of inquiry and reflection. Sermons may thus be found in stones more profitable, perhaps, than printed or spoken ones, which he who runs may read. The smallest appearances link themselves together with the grandest phenomena; a minute speck supplies a text around which may cluster many a striking thought; and by means of a hint derived from a mere hue or line in a little stone—almost inappreciable to the general eye—may be reconstructed seas and continents that passed away thousands of years ago—visions of landscape scenery to which the present aspect of the globe presents no parallel. This flexure of the stone tells me of violent volcanic eruptions, by which the soft, newly-deposited stratum—the muddy precipitate of the ocean waters—heaved and undulated like corn in the breeze; that lamination of which the dark lines regularly alternate with the gray, speaks eloquently of gentle waves rippling musically over sandy shores; and the irregular protuberances which I see here and there over the stone, are the casts of hollows and cracks produced in ancient tide-beaches by shrinkage—similar appearances being often seen under our feet as we walk over the pavement of almost any of our towns. Yonder smooth and straited surface of granite is the Runic writing of the northern Frost-king, transporting me back in fancy to that wonderful age of ice when glaciers slid over mountain rocks, and flowed through lowland valleys where corn now grows, and snow seldom falls. And if there be a block of sandstone, it may chance to exhibit not only ripple marks of ancient seas but also foot-prints of unknown birds and strange tortoises who sought their food along the water's edge; and sometimes memorials of former things more accidental than even these—such as fossil rain drops, little circular and oval hollows, with their casts—supposed to be impression produced by rain and hail, and indicating by their varying appearances the character of the shower and the direction of the wind that prevailed when it was falling. Every one has heard of the crazy Greek who went about exhibiting a brick as a specimen of the building which he wished to sell; but in the structure of each geological system every stone is significant of the whole. Each fragment however minute, is a record of terestrial changes that occurred when it was formed; ingrained in every hue and line is the story of the physical condition under which it was produced. The ten commandments were not more clearly engraved on the two tables of stone than the laws of nature that operated in its formation are impressed upon the smallest pebble by the wayside. Its materials furnish unmistakable clue to its origin, and shape unfolds its subsequent history. God has impressed the marks of the revolutions of the earth not merely upon large tracts of country and enormous strata of rock and mountain range—difficult of access and inconvenient for study, but even upon the smallest stone, so that the annals of creation are multiplied by myriads of copies, and can never be lost."

DERIVATION OF THE WORD "ASSASSIN."—According to Gibbon, "Assassin" was originally the name of a people who inhabited Persia and Syria in the twelfth and thirteenth centuries. Their religion consisted of the fanaticism of the Koran, blended with the Hindoo doctrine of the transmigration of souls; and, as the faith of Mahomet was propagated by the sword, that of the Assassins was diffused by the stealthy use of the dagger, Derringer pistols not then being known. The chief of this strange sect was called the Imam, and it was the first duty of his followers to devote their souls and bodies in blind obedience to him, as the Vicar of God.

"The daggers of his missionaries," says Gibbon "were felt both in the East and West. The Christians and the Moslems enumerate, and perhaps multiply, the illustrious victims who were sacrificed to the zeal, avarice, or resentment of the 'Old Man (as he was corruptly styled) of the Mountain.'" These enemies of mankind were overthrown and dispersed by Holagon, a grandson of Zenghis Khan.

A WONDERFUL TREE.—Some of the Brazilian journals tell astounding stories of a wonderful tree which they say has lately been met with in South America, and which, if their accounts are to be relied on, must, indeed, be something remarkable. The discovery is said to have been made by a German naturalist, who informs us that the tree in question, which grows on the banks of the Rio Branco, a tributary of the Amazon, belongs to the Malvaceous order, and that its branches form a canopy of verdure of sufficient extent to shelter 10,000 men. A gigantic bird, the fononydon, "another wonder of the basin of the Amazon," perches itself on the branches of this tree, far beyond the reach of the Indian's arrow, or the rifle which forms the weapon of more civilized men. It is added that the tree is called by the Brazilians Souina, and that it is very common upon river banks in the country of the Upper Amazon, where an equatorial temperature prevails.

A BAD HISTORY.—John Milton, the rebel Governor of Florida who committed suicide a few weeks since, was a gay and dashing young lawyer of considerable practice in New Orleans some twenty years ago. He had to flee the city in consequence of a difficulty arising out of an affair in which there was a lady. A short time previous to his advent here the late governor killed a gentleman by the name of Kemp, at Columbus, Ga., firing a load of buck shot into him while he was crossing the street, and another load after he had fallen to the ground. After leaving the city Milton returned to Florida and became a preacher, but the vocation not suiting him turned politician, and succeeded in being elected Governor of the State.

DESERVES IT.—A fund is being raised in Chicago for the benefit of George F. Robinson, the heroic soldier who risked his life and was desperately wounded in saving the life of Secretary Seward. Over $1600 has been subscribed in New York for Robinson.

THE LARK.

Take it for all, no bird in either hemisphere equals the English lark in heart or voice; for both unite to make it the sweetest, happiest, the welcomest singer that was winged like the high angels of God's love. It is the living ecstacy of joy when it mounts upon its "glorious privacy of light." On earth it is timid, silent and bashful, as if not at home, and not sure of its right to be there at all. It is rather homely withal, having nothing in feather, feature or form to attract notice. It is seemingly made to be heard, not seen—reversing the old axiom addressed to children when getting noisy. Its mission is music, and it floods a thousand acres of the blue sky with it several times a day. Out of that palpitating speck of lively joy there wells forth a sea of twittering ecstacy upon the morning and evening air. It does not ascend by gyrations, like the eagle or birds of prey. It mounts up like a human aspiration. It seems to spread out its wings and to be lifted straight upward out of sight by the afflatus of its own happy heart.

To pour out this in undulating rivulets of rhapsody is apparently the only motive of its ascension. This it is that has made it so loved of all generations. It is the singing angel of man's nearest heaven, whose vital breath is music. Its sweet warbling is only the metrical palpitation of its life of joy. It goes up over the roof-tree of the rural hamlet, on the wings of its song, as if to train the human soul to trial flights heavenward. Never did the Creator put a voice of such volume into so small a living thing. It is a marvel, almost a miracle. In a still hour, you can hear it almost a mile's distant. When its form is lost in the hazy lace-work of the suns rays above, it pours down upon you all the thrilling semi-tones of its song as distinctly as if it were warbling to you in your window.—*Elihu Burritt.*

GOD IN NATURE.

When Napoleon was returning from his campaign in Egypt and Syria, he was seated one night upon the deck of the vessel under the open canopy of the heavens, surrounded by his captains and generals. The conversation had taken a skeptical direction, and most of the party had combatted the doctrine of Divine existence. Napoleon sat silent and musing, apparently taking no interest in the discussion, when suddenly raising his hand and pointing to the crystaline firmament, crowded with its mildly shining planets, and its keen, glittering stars, he broke out in those tones that so often electrified millions: "Gentlemen, who made all that?" The "eternal power and godhead" of the Creator had impressed by "the things that are made;" and these words of Napoleon to his atheistic captains silenced them. And the same impression is made the world over. Go to-day into the heart of Africa or into the center of New Holland; select the most imbruted pagan that can be found; take him out under a clear, star-lit heaven, and ask him who made all that, and the idea of a Superior Being, superior to all his fetish and idols, possessing eternal power and Godhead, immediately emerges in his conciousness. The instant the missionary takes this lustful idolater away from the circle of his idols, and brings him face to face with the heavens and the earth, as Napoleon brought his captains, constitutional ideas dawn again, and the pagan trembles before the unseen power.—*Prof. Shed.*

TAKING COLD.

A "cold" is not necessarily the result of low or high temperature. A person may go from a hot bath directly into a cold one, or into snow even, and not take cold. He may remain out in the coldest atmosphere until chilled through, and still not take cold. On the contrary, he may take cold by pouring a couple of tablespoonfuls of water upon some part of his dress, or by standing in a door, or before a stove, or by sitting near a window or other opening, where one part of the body is colder than another part. Let it be kept in mind that uniformity of temperature over the whole body is the great thing to be looked after. It is the unequal heat upon different parts of the body that produces colds, by disturbing the uniform circulation of the blood, which in turn induces congestion of some part. If you must keep a partially wet garment on, it would perhaps be as well to wet the whole of it uniformly. The feet are the great source of colds, on account of the variable temperature they are subjected to. Keep these always dry and warm, and avoid draughts of air, hot or cold, wet spots on the garments, and other direct causes of unequal temperature, and keep the system braced up by plenty of sleep, and the eschewing of debilitating foods and drinks, and you will be proof against a cold and its results.

AN EASY AND SIMPLE YEAST.—Take a jar or quart pitcher, and mix in it flower and warm water, with a little salt, somewhat thicker than batter, and about half full. Then set the pitcher in a kettle of warm water, about the same temperature, which must be kept up by adding warm water occasionally. It must stand thus for five or six hours, and be stired now and then, until it begins to rise. It will at last rise, fill the pitcher, when it will be sufficient to make two or three loves of bread, by being mixed with more warm water in the usual way. If you use water half of which is boiling, mixed with half quite cold, it will give you the proper degree of warmth. One great recommendation to this bread is that it never turns sour with age, and is very easily made.

PRESIDENTIAL ASSASSINATIONS.—Two attempts were made upon President Jackson's person—the first by an ex-Lieutenant of the Navy, Randolph, who pulled him by the nose, and the second by a resident of Washington City, but of English birth, named Lawrence; in 1835, who snapped two pistols at him, while he was in the portico of the old Capitol, returning from a Congressional funeral. Lawrence turned out to be a maniac.

AMENDED—An exchange says that the old question of "who struck Billy Patterson?" must give place to the new one, 'Who struck Pete Roleum?'

☞What is more beautiful and poetic than the child's idea of ice—'Water gone to sleep?'

SHODDY GIRLS.

Everybody remarks the wonderful beauty of the generation of girls just now blooming into young womanhood. They are not only finer in physique and features than the last crop of girls, but have a superior brilliancy of color, glow of health, and animation.—There is more young beauty of the striking kind, called exceptional, to be seen in the course of an afternoon's walk in Broadway, than can be found in a year's diligent search in any European city. Whence this new effulgence?

"Ah!" exclaimed the peripatetic philosopher to whom we propounded the question; "ah! sir, it's shoddy!"

"What do you mean? Is it not real—real flesh that is full and sound, and real blood which glows like the blush of evening through—"

"Tut, tut, man! You are dull of comprehension. I mean to say that this new irruption of healthful beauty all comes of Shoddy. These resplendent girls, sir, are the daughters of the new race of rich men created by the war, and who were formerly dispersed through the Bowery and the *terra incognita* to the eastward thereof, and scattered in country villages and hamlets. Our old families, sir, if the truth be told, are effete.—They have married in and in, with the hope of keeping their blood and money in the same channel, until their women have become ugly and their men weak and spindle-legged.—Ask an old resident the name of any one of the radiant creatures of to-day, at sight of whom the half-extinguished embers in our hearts flame up, albeit feebly, and he will shake his head dolefully. He doesn't know. That young fellow with shoulder-straps however, who has just joined her, can tell you.—Ten to one she is daughter of the man who contracts for the hoofs and horns of the slaughtered cattle of the army of the Potomac, or who has had a "trading permit" in the Southwest, or is Post Commissary, or something of the sort. It is wonderful, sir, how much a year or two in a well-kept seminary for young ladies, and the expenditure of a couple of thousands, even though it be in greenbacks, will do for a young girl with any natural pretensions to beauty."

"But these girls are healthful as well as handsome, and promise to start the nation well in its career of manhood, which the war has opened for us so gloriously. They are to be the mothers of a mighty race, and—"

"That's so, provided they will only stick to the thick soles and heavy cloth surtouts which they now have. Fashion is really becoming a little rational."

Here the philosopher lit his cigar, and relapsed into silence.—*Frank Leslie's Illustrated Newspaper.*

A POLISH SUPERSTITION.

It is a Polish superstition that each month has a particular gem attacheil to it, which governs it, and is supposed to influence the destiny of persons born in that month. It is, therefore, customary, among friends and lovers particularly, to present each other, on their natal day, with some trinket containing their tutelary gem, accompanied by an appropriate wish:

January—Jacinth or garnet denotes constancy or fidelity in every engagement.

February—Amethyst preserves mortals from strong passions, and insures peace of mind.

March—Bloodstone denotes courage and secresy in dangerous enterprises.

April—Sapphire or diamond denote repentance and innocence.

May—Emerald, successive love.

June—Agate insures long life and health.

July—Ruby or cornelian insures the forgetfulness or cure of evils arising from friendship or love.

August—Sardonyx insures conjugal felicity.

September—Chrysolite preserves from or cures folly.

October—Aquamarine or opal denote misfortune and hope.

November—Topaz insures fidelity and friendship.

December—Turquoise (or malachite) denotes the most brilliant success and happiness in every condition in life.

ARLINGTON A CEMETRY.—The lofty plateau of Arlington has been converted into a national cemetry for our brave soldiers and seaman who died in or near Washington. It was opened for interment May 1. 1864, and within the year 5,000 have been buried there. In a year or two more it will be the most populous city of the dead on this side of the Atlantic. Its conversion into a cemetry renders it impossible that it can ever be used as a residence again. Gen. De Russy has already removed his headquarters from there to the house of Gen. Lee's son, immediately north. Many of the graves contain the bodies of Southern soldiers who died in our hospitals, but in every case the headboard of the graves bears the word Rebel in large letters on it.

SLAVERY IN KENTUCKY.—The Louisville Journal of Thursday last says:—

"The doom of slavery is sealed. There cannot be a question about it. It is no matter whether we like it or don't like it. Its continued existence in this State is an absolute impossibility. The attempt to prop it up and save it, now that the avalanche is so near the base of the mountain, is to act the part of the old man who shakes his staff at the descending glacier and expects thereby to stop it.

☞A medical student under examination, being asked the different effects of heat and cold, replied: 'Heat expauds and cold contracts.' 'Quite right; can you give me an example?' 'Yes, sir, in summer, which is hot, the days are longer; but in winter, which is cold, the days are shorter.'

☞A lady more favored with fortune than education, at a soiree which she gave, desired her daughter to play the "fashionable new *malady* she got from London last week."—The pretty girl obeyed, and it was very catching.

FILIAL AFFECTION.—Two ladies who inhabit Wapping were having some words together on the pavement, when the daughter of one of them popped her head out of the door, and exclaimed, "Hurry, mother, and call her a thief before she calls you one."

Palmer Journal.

SATURDAY, MAY 20, 1865.

Capture of Jeff Davis.

The pursuit of Jeff Davis has been successful. He was brought to bay and captured at Irwinsville, Ga., on the morning of the 10th inst., by a detachment of the 4th Michigan cavalry. His trail was struck on the 7th in Lawrence county, and he was followed day and night through the pine wilderness of Allegator Creek and Green Swamp. In surrounding the camp of Davis, the 4th Mich. Cavalry came in collision with the 1st Wis. Cavalry, and a fight ensued, in which several were killed and wounded before the mistake was discovered. The firing of these regiments was the first intimation which Davis had that the enemy was so near him. He hastily put on one of his wife's dresses and fled to the woods, but some of our troops discovered his boots while running, and gave chase. The race was a short one, and, when confronted by our men, the rebel president brandished an elegant bowie knife, but yielded at the sight of several revolvers. He appeared very indignant, and said he believed our government more magnanimous than to hunt down women and children. His wife, sister, and brother, together with several Confederate public officers, were captured with him. Mrs. Davis cautioned our soldiers not to provoke the president, lest he should hurt some of them.

Davis and his family are on their way to Washington as fast as steam can bring them, and they will arrive, it is thought, to-day. He will soon be put on trial for treason before the U. S. Supreme Court, and there can be no doubt of his conviction and execution.

Trial of the Conspirators.

The trial of the conspirators is progressing slowly at Washington. The sessions of the court are no longer secret, and the testimony is daily published. There has been loud protestations against the trial by a military court, and these protestations have not been without good reasons; but since the doors of the court have been opened to the public the objections are partially removed. Payne who made the attack upon Secretary Seward will be convicted of attempted murder, and a number of others will be found to have been accomplices in the assassinations. The testimony shows that the assassination of President Lincoln had been talked of in the rebel army for a long time, and that Booth was in frequent consultation with Sanders and other prominent rebels in Canada. Nothing has yet been published showing that Jeff Davis was knowing to the plot, but the whole evidence has not been printed. No doubt the accomplices are many, including Mrs. Surratt, who was deeply engaged in the plot. Payne and Harold will probably be hung, and possibly Spangler, the theater carpenter, who seems to have aided Booth in consummating the assassination. As the trial progresses new facts will come to light which will give the public a clearer understanding of the extent of the great crime perpetrated at the capital.

There seems to be no doubt from the testimony taken, that the life of President Johnson was to be taken by Atzerot. When the moment for action came, the courage of the wretch seems to have deserted him, and he fled without committing the crime.

There remain something less than $230,000,000 of the loan authorized by the Act of March, 1865. This amount the Secretary of the Treasury will issue in 7-30's, exactly similar in all respects to the first and second series now disposed of, exeept that the right is reserved to pay six per cent. interest in gold instead of seven three-tenths in currency at the option of government. The deliveries of the bonds of this new series cannot begin before June 1, but subscriptions will be received meantime, and will be registered and filled in the order of their receipt. How long the opportunity to secure these bonds is likely to last can scarcely be judged from the fact that the preeeeding series of $300,000,000 was exhausted in six weeks; the subscription opening April 1, and the whole amount being taken by the end of last week, May 13.

Rebel leaders are on the way to Washington to receive their deserts at the hands of an injured Government. Besides Jeff Davis and those captured with him, Gov. Brown of Georgia and Gov. Vance of North Carolina are under escort to the Capital. Cavalry are in pursuit of Gov. Magrath of South Carolina, who was last heard of at Spartansburg. President Johnson is in favor of punishing the leaders; so there is a prospect of a lengthy court at Washington for the trial of prominent rebels.

The grand review of the armies of Grant, Sherman, and Sheridan, will take place at Washington on Tuesday and Wednesday of next week. The troops number 200,000, and they will all pass through Pennsylvania Avenue.

By an order of the War Department, it is announced that, as all the rebel armies east of the Mississippi have surrendered, all rebels in arms in that section, after June 1st, 1865, will be treated as outlaws.

The execution of Bowles and Milligan, the Indiana conspirators, has been postponed till June 2. Horsey, another of the conspirators, has had his sentence commuted to imprisonment for life.

Gen. Halleck has offered a reward of $25,000 for the arrest of Extra Billy Smith, "Rebel Governor of Virginia."

The Nashville Press learns that Gen. Forrest was killed by Capt. Walker of the rebel army, in revenge, for shooting his son.

Hang or Leave.—Ex-Governor Foote, of Mississippi, was shown an order last week from the War Department that he should either stand trial for treason or quit the country at once. He chose to go, and departed for Canada.

Justice, Not Vengeance.

The Government is often counselled not to exhibit a feeling of vengeance against the traitors of the South, but to show mercy to a fallen foe. All this is well; but, in our sympathy for the wretched men who have caused this great rebellion, we should not mistake justice for vengeance, nor allow mercy to defeat the rightful demands of the laws of God and man. The public is indignant that Green, the Malden murderer, is not executed; but, if we cannot spare the murderer of one man, how can we plead for the lives of those who have slain thousands? We should not forget that all the bloodshed and suffering of this war; all the mourning which the rebellion has carried into the households of the North and South; all the devastation of fire and sword in the path of Union and rebel armies; and all the mountain of debt entailed upon the nation, have been brought about by the men who are now pointed out as the authors of secession and rebellion. To try them before an impartial tribunal, and to execute them if found guilty, will not be vengeance, but lawful justice. If we are to forgive them their gigantic crimes, why should we punish thieves, robbers, and murderers, whose single crimes are insignificant in comparison to the enormities of these offenders? But there is little to fear that the principal criminals will go unpunished.—Public sentiment demands it, and security against future rebellions renders it necessary that treason should be punished. We do not anticipate that the victims will be many, for few of them will be caught when they see that the gibbet is erecting for them. Those who flee will be perpetually pursued by guilt and remorse, which will hunt them to the remotest corners of the earth; while those who suffer the penalties of their crimes, will have the prayers of all good men that God may have mercy on their souls.

Our Standing Army.—According to a statement from Washington, the force which Government means to keep on foot is to consist of four *corps d'armee*, each corps to be complete in itself, and to number 40,000 men—artillery, cavalry, and infantry. One corps will consist of regulars, and one of white volunteers; and the other two corps will be of colored men.—The total force will be 160,000 men. The cost of such an army would not be less than $3,000,000 a week, or almost $160,000,000 a year.

Adjourned.—The Massachusetts legislature adjourned on Wednesday at 25 minutes past 7 o'clock P.M., having been in session four months and a quarter. The governor has signed 285 bills and 76 resolves. The session, on the whole, has been uninteresting, and remarkable only for its length, and stupidity. The members, however, voted themselves $4 a day, without furnishing means whereby the treasury may be replenished.

Burying the Dead.—The 208th Pennsylvania regiment has been detached and sent to Bull Run, where it has been burying the dead. Over two thousand remains of Union and rebel soldiers have been interred, of which most of them were buried before, but so superficially that the rains had washed the skeletons to the surface.

The Sultana Disaster.—It is stated that General Grant has sent an officer to investigate the circumstances attending the fearful disaster to the Sultana. It appears that two or three other boats at Vicksburg wanted to share the load; but, by some unexplained influence, the quartermaster gave the whole to the Sultana.

Advocates of Mercy.—The most determined advocates of mercy for the rebels are old abolitionists, or advanced anti-slavery men such as Wendell Phillips and Gerrit Smith. They return good for evil, as they would have met with no mercy had they ever been caught "down South."

The Central Pacific Railroad.—The treasury department has paid in bonds $1,500,000 to the central Pacific railroad in California. This amount was due for the first completed section of 30 miles. Twenty miles more are promised to be finished within the next four months.

Unsuccessful.—A man representing himself to be Gen. Hancock, of the U. S. army, attempted last week to swindle a banker of Chicago, out of the sum of 10,000, by a forged letter and forged telegram. The banker became suspicious and the swindler suddenly disappeared.

Prize Fight for $5,000.—A prize fight for $5,000 took place at Port Jervis, May 16th, between two persons named Dunn and Davis. The fight lasted an hour and five minutes, during which 43 rounds were fought, resulting in Dunn winning.

The Mormons in Mourning.—The Deseret News informs us that when the news of President Lincoln's assassination reached Salt Lake, business was suspended, the public buildings draped in mourning, and the performance at the theater postponed.

Booth Endorsed.—At a mass meeting held at Shreveport, La., Col. Flourney of Texas, pronounced a glowing panegyric on Booth, the assassin, whom he compared to Brutus, the slayer of Ceasar, and predicted for him a high and enduring fame.

☞ President Johnson has issued a proclamation to re-establish federal authority in Virginia. The plan is fair and comprehensive, and will be carried out under the direction of Governor Pierpont, who will be aided by the federal authorities.

Poorly Patronized.—An office has been opened in Springfield for aiding those who may wish to emigrate to Mexico, for the purpose of helping drive out Maximilian; but the office is not well patronized.

☞ President Johnson is hostile to Gov. Vance, of North Carolina who takes upon himself great airs, though he is particularly deficient in federal graces.

A VARIETY OF THINGS.

We have had real summer weather this week, with mercury up to 90 in the shade. We do not often get such weather in May, but this is a remarkable year, both in weather and worldly events. The season has been so favorable for agricultural pursuits that farmers have got ahead wonderfully with their spring labor. Grass and grain are looking finely, but orchards in this vicinity do not promise abundance. Caterpillars are making sad havoc where they are not closely watched and frequently destroyed.

—Jeff Davis was caught in a very ludicrous plight—in petticoats which he had taken from his wife's wardrobe. Poor man! to what a mortifying position he has fallen; and yet he must fall still lower after trial for treason, and that will be a fall which will break his neck.

—Mrs. Lincoln has started west, for Chicago.

—The citizens of Washington Co., Md., have held a meeting and resolved that no one, formerly resident of that county, who joined the Rebellion shall now return and dwell among them.

—The Rebel Gen R. E. Lee and his family are now being supported by the Government rations regularly supplied to them by the proper authorities at Richmond. They are entirely destitute.

—The new three cent pieces are perfect beauties, and we should n't mind owning a ship-load of 'em, even if the ship were as big as the Great Republic, and were crammed with the shining spangles.

—Mr. Slidell is a sagacious man. He tells his Southern friends in Paris that the secession war is over,—and they have the sense to believe him.

—Thomas S. Bocock, well known both to the North and South, and latterly as the Speaker of the rebel House of Representatives, is in Richmond apparently unmolested.

—There is much bitter feeling among the soldiers who had been detailed as clerks in the war Department on account of physical disability, and now dismissed, while civilians are retained.

—Gen. Lee is said to have but one suit of clothes, and that of Confederate grey. He used to be rich with lots of clothes, but the war has nonsuited him.

—The French are taking their backy from Richmond. They would have done better had they taken it away before the war. Besides, some of it is said to be already smoked.

—Thomas Martin, the guerilla, who was respited last week by order of the war Department, suffered the extreme penalty of the law at Cincinnati on Thursday, the 11 inst.

—A guerilla, supposed to be Quantrell, was wounded by Terrell's scouts near Taylorsville, Ky. on Wednesday.

—Snow fell at Rutland, Vt., on Friday of last week, the hills remaining white for several hours.

—Many of Price's men are returning to their homes in Missouri. They take the oath of allegiance as readily as they would break it.

—Failing—horses, that is, they are cheaper, because government has stopped buying them for porposes of war. It has seldom happened that armies have used up horses faster than ours, in which, indeed, prodigality of expenditure of every kind was the rule—and misrule occasionally.

—Barnum offers $500 for the dress in which Jeff Davis was captured, and two Chicago gentlemen are pleading to be allowed to add the same garment to the attractiveness of the great North-Western Fair.

—Some citizens of Memphis, charged with rejoicing over the death of President Lincoln, have been sentenced to one year's imprisonment at hard labor.

—Robert M. Hunter, late president of the rebel senate, has been placed on board of a gunboat near Richmond.

—Coal has fallen to $7 and $8 a ton, which looks as though we might keep warm next winter.

—A convention will be held at Vicksburgh, Miss., on the 5th of June, to inaugurate a movement for the restoration of the state to the Union.

—The commissioner of internal revenue has decided that soda from fountains is subject to an ad valorem tax of six per cent. on the amount of sales.

—People must pay a government tax on gold watches, pianos, and melodeons, this year.

Atrocious Crime at Hopkinton.—We learn from the Worcester Spy that, on the 5th inst., the dwelling house of Mr. Amos R. Bates, who is absent in the army, was entered by three ruffians. They ordered a little child, who was in the room, to go to bed at the peril of its life, which it gladly did; and then, while one of the villains held the door, they each in turn, with much force and violence, perpetrated their beastly and fiendish purpose. They demanded what money there was, which, fortunately, was but little, and made off. Two of the villains, Michael Flattery and John O'Brien, have been arrested, and are in Cambridge jail.

Murder in Maine.—Mr. George Moore, of Frankfort, Me., was shot and killed on the evening of the 8th inst., while engaged in taking down some fence belonging to Seth Perry. The body of Mr. Moore was not found until the next morning. He was 68 years of age.—Elijah Perry has been arrested and committed for trial, on suspicion of being the murderer.

Oil in Utah.—In Utah the Mormons have found oil, and the Deseret News states that a well is to be sunk this season at Solphur Creek. Coal oil is said to be $12 per barrel in Salt Lake City. Brigham Young opposes the development of gold and silver mines, but is willing to have any one "strike ile."

Scalded to Death.—On Wednesday, May 3d, a little daughter of Mrs. Eliza J. Bushnell, of Hanover Four Corners, aged three years, being left a short time by her mother, attempted to drink from the tea-kettle, which was standing on the stove; and, inhaling the steam, was so badly scalded that she died the next morning.

Troops for Texas.—Gen. Weitzel's twenty-fifth corps, composed principally of colored troops, has been designated to form the expedition to Texas. The command will rendezvous at Alexandria, and will start from there as soon as the necessary transportation can be got ready.

Fatal Accident.—A man named Cummings, residing at Amesbury Mills, was instantly killed on Saturday, while on his way home, by his head coming in contact with a stone pier of a bridge on the Eastern Railroad, a short distance from Boston.

Poisoned Milk.—The Webster Times of last week contains an account of some fifty or sixty cases of apparent poisoning in that town, supposed to be caused by some poisonous substance in the milk with which the parties are supplied. Only one death had occurred, but many had suffered seriously. Chemical investigations were being made.

PALMER AND VICINITY.

Town meeting next Thursday.

Rev. Mr. Haynes, of Wallingford, Vt., will preach at the Baptist church to-morrow.

The New York Champs Elysees Circus spent last Sunday in Palmer. Another circus is coming, and will perform here.

Sale.—The sale of the Nassowanno House and Strong Block will take place next Wednesday.

Stolen.—Geo. H. Mosely of Westfield recently found one of his horses in Palmer, the animal having been left here by a hackman who had stolen it from Mr. M.

Rev. Dr. Vaill read from his pulpit, last Sunday morning, the despatch announcing the capture of Jeff Davis, and thanked God that the arch traitor was captured.

Warren.—S. & J. Wetherbee's store, at Warren, was broken into on Wednesday night, and robbed of several pieces of cloth, silver plated ware, &c. A reward of $75 is offered for the arrest of the thieves.

Wilbraham.—The religious interest at Wilbraham during the past winter has increased the number of members of the Methodist church so largely that a new and larger church edifice will be erected.

A Young Man who rode one of J. W. Weeks' span of black colts to the blacksmith shop, the other day, had the breath knocked out of his body for a few moments by the horse rearing and falling over upon him.

Repairs.—Since the 1st of March, 15,000 new ties and 500 tons of repaired iron rails have been put down on the New London Northern Railroad. The prospect of pushing the road through to Montague is considered good.

Struck by Lightning.—A tall hemlock tree near the railroad about three miles this side of Belchertown was struck by lightning during the thunder-shower on Wednesday evening, and shivered to pieces from top to bottom.

Increase of Incomes.—Last year the Government income tax, in the towns of Palmer, Monson, Brimfield, Holland, Wales, and Wilbraham, amounted to less than $7000. This year it will be over $50,000. It is evident that the people have been making money rapidly, or they are rendering more correct accounts of their income than heretofore.

A Fall.—In raising the first bent of the new barn at the State Almshouse, on Wednesday, the chain attaching it to the windlass broke, letting the long reach of 42 feet of heavy timbers fall to the ground. Several persons narrowly escaped injury, and the timbers were more or less broken, which will cause several days' delay in the work.

Excursion Party.—A party of sixty, composed of directors and stockholders of the New London Northern Railroad, with several ladies, took an excursion to Amherst on Friday, last week, in an extra train. After examining the colleges, witnessing the gymnastic drill of the students, and partaking of a dinner, they returned.

Monson.—The Cong. church and society, of Monson, have shown their appreciation of the services of their pastor, Rev. T. G. Colton, by raising his salary to $1200 per year. At the communion services of that church, last Sabbath, twenty-one persons united with the church—the fruit of the revival last winter—and others will be added at the next communion.

Road Letting.—The making of a new road from near Merrick's bridge, west of this village, to near the red school house about three miles from here, will be let to-day by the selectmen of Palmer and Monson. The new road will avoid two or three difficult hills on the route to Collins' Depot, and it is proposed to extend the improvement around another hill if the county commissioners will grant it.

U. S. Taxes for March.—Government taxes for March, just collected, in the Eastern Hampden district, amount to $10,486 18—Some of the large ones are: Boston Duck Co., $1843 33; Hampden Man. Co., Monson, $1102 15; Monson Woolen Co., $1739; Merrick, Fay, & Co, Monson, $2484 90; Monson & Brimfield Man. Co., $450 70; W. R. Parks, Palmer, $280.40; J. L. Reynolds, Monson, $932.85; N. F. Rogers, Monson, $129 60; Shaw Man. Co., Wales, $823.45; Wales Man. Co., $255 20; Dell Man. Co., Wales, $248.05; Chas. Fuller, Monson, $210.

Sentences.—The May term of the Superior Court, which closed at Springfield on Wednesday, sentenced Joseph H. Bradley, of Palmer, to 18 months in the house of correction for adultery. This is the man who was arrested here last fall for cohabiting with the wife of one Senter, a soldier of Lynn, and boarding with her at various hotels in this vicinity.—Timothy Burns, of Palmer, was sentenced to four months' imprisonment for larceny, and Kate Arlington, whose eccentric conduct hereabouts created considerable gossip last fall, was sentenced to 15 months' imprisonment for forgery.

Hanging of Jeff Davis in Palmer.—Last Tuesday evening, the rebel President, Jeff Davis, was hung in effigy in front of the Nassowanno House. A "sour apple tree" had been planted in the public square in the afternoon, and said Jefferson D. was escorted to a platform underneath a limb of the tree by a juvenile drum band, in presence of at least five hundred spectators, among whom were many from adjoining towns. Sheriff S. G. Newton read the death warrant, enumerating the crimes for which the rebel president had been condemned by the people of the nation. The Palmer Glee Club then sang,

"We'll hang Jeff Davis to a sour apple tree."

The platform was then knocked from under the effigy, and the counterfeit form of Jeff Davis, encircled by a hoop skirt, swung in the air. The Glee Club then sang,

"How do you like it Jefferson D?"
How do you like the sour apple tree?

In response to a call for a speech, Dr. Nichols, of the State Almshouse, addressed the concourse of people in eloquent language, invoking the same punishment for all the leaders of the rebellion as had been meted out to the effigy of Jefferson Davis. His remarks were full of the fire of patriotic loyalty, and were frequently applauded. A large bonfire had been kindled near the gallows tree, and the indignation of the boys vented itself by burning the effigy after the crowd had dispersed.

Damages by a Tornado.—A terrific gale of wind passed over Brooklyn, N. Y., last week Thursday evening, and caused a great deal of damage by the unroofing of houses uprooting of trees, prostration of fences, &c. The duration of the storm was not more than fifteen minutes during which time some thousands of dollars worth of property were destroyed. At one of the piers the cupola of a storehouse was struck by lightning and the building set on fire. On one street the roof of a house and the cornices of three others were blown off; in another street five houses were unrooled. Bricks, iron bolts, sticks of wood, window glass, etc., flew about every where and life was greatly endangered thereby.

The Situation in Virginia.—A civilian who came through Virginia on horseback in the track of the second corps and two days in the rear, reports that he neither saw nor heard of guerillas, and that he was wholly unmolested. In every county were some rebel officers and soldiers returned, still wearing their uniforms for want of clothing, and going vigously to work with their own hands. A few women are still defiant, but the men are subdued and seem as anxious now to be let alone for the restoration of peace and agriculture as they were four years ago to be let alone in the wicked work of destroying the Union.

Southern Trade.—The Baltimore American says quite a number of merchants from the South are constantly arriving in that city, and are making preparations to resome business. They generally express themselves as heartily glad that the dreadful struggle has closed, admit its folly and have as little kindly feeling for the leaders who dragged them into the vortex of ruin as we of the loyal States.

Arms, &c., for Texas.—Official information has been received at the navy department, that on the 29th of April a vessel cleared at Havana for Galveston, Texas, on which were shipped twelve Whitworth guns, a hondred thousand rounds of amunition, and other war material, for the use of the rebels in that section.

Destroyed by Fire.—During the thunder shower on Wednesday evening, the barn belonging to Joseph Eaton, of Ware, was struck by lightning and totally destroyed, together with all its contents, including two cows, hay, farming implements, wagon, etc. His horse was rescued with great difficulty. The barn was partially insured.

The $100,000 Fund Completed.—Dr. Stebbins, the president of the American Unitarian Association, announces that the subscriptions to the one hundred thousand dollar fund, at the present time, amount to $103,938.01, and there are some churches yet to hear from. The $10,000 subscription by the Church of the Unity in Boston is the largest contribution of any one church.

Poor Speculation.—Wool speculators in Somerset county, Me., are suffering severely from the decline of prices of that staple. We learn of various losses rating from $4000 to $12,000. The wool has been kept stored in hope of enormous profits, but the collapse of the rebellion proves a death to speculation.

Bibles for the South.—The American Bible Society forwarded, on Wednesday of last week, to Richmond, twenty-two cases, containing sixteen thousand volumes of the Scriptures. They are designed to supply the destitute of that city and State, and another invoice will soon be sent.

Appointment of Assistant Assessors.—Attorney General Speed has decided that the provisions of the act of 1865, vesting the power of appointing assistant assessors in the respective assessors, is clearly unconstitutional, and that the duty of making the appointments belongs to the President.

☞ There has recently been considerable excitement in Wilmington, N. C., in consequence of rumors that the rebel ram Stonewall is to make a raid on that place, and the garrisons of Fort Fisher and Caswell have been reinforced in anticipation of the event.

Handsome Present.—The Episcopal society at Amherst has received through Rev. Dr. Huntington, from some unknown friends, the offer of the sum of $10,000, on condition that $5,000 more be raised by the society, the whole to be devoted to the erection of a brick church.

Put Out her Eye.—A little girl about twelve years old, daughter of George D. Williams of Chicopee, a few days ago attempted to untie her younger sister's shoe with a fork, and accidentally stuck it in one of her eyes. Inflamation ensued, and the injured eye is now blind.

Races at Rome.—There have been some very successful races at Rome, although some of the jockeys got hurt. Miss Harriet Hosmer's groom got thrown and injured. Miss Charlotte Cushman was more fortunate; two of her horses took prizes, it is said.

Low Wages.—Farmers in eastern Pennsylvania are hiring laborers among the rebel paroled prisoners and deserters, at the low rates of from $8 to $16 per month. Government furnishes these men free transportation.

Plant Potatoes.—The Boston shippers advise the Vermont farmers to plant a much larger proportion of Pink-eyes, than heretofore, as they are the only desirable kind for the Southern market now about to be opened.

Shot her Seducer—A Mrs. Crandall, of LaSeur, Minnesota, a soldier's widow, was lately seduced by a fellow who boasted of his exploit. His victim heard of it and shot him dead.

Silver Change.—Small silver change is again making its appearance, and pennies are beginning to be a drug. It don't pay the hoarders to keep the small coin any longer.

Expired.—The terms of amnesty to deserters offered by a proclamation of President Lincoln will not now avail, as the sixty days expired on Wednesday last week.

☞ Three greenhouses belonging to Robert Johnston, in Providence, were burnt Wednesday morning. Three thousand verbenas were among the plants lost.

☞ The Stuyvesant pear tree in New York city is in full blossom for the two hundred and twentieth season.

Their Fate in Their Own Hands.—Hon. J. W. Forney writes to the Philadelphia Press that "every measure of the Government in regard to the Southern people, complained of as severe, has been, or will be, provoked and invited by the men who refuse to recognize its authority, or attempt to make their own obediance arrogantly conditional."

High Prices.—Speculators who went to Richmond a few weeks ago to purchase real estate found that lots were selling at prices three times higher than before the war. This is the voluntary tribute of the people to Yankee enterprise and thrift.

Arrested.—Charles E. Clark, the defaulting paying teller of the Commercial Bank of Philadelphia, who recently absconded after defrauding the bank of $300,000, was arrested a few days ago at Scranton, Pa.

Rascality.—A couple of scoundrels in Burlington county, N. J., have been collecting subscriptions for a monument to President Lincoln, and pocketing them.

Whiskers!—Those wishing a fine set of whiskers, a nice moustache, or a beautiful head of glossy hair, will please read the card of Thos. F. Chapman in another part of this paper.

Popularity. A great many people, at the present day, think more of obtaining a publicity and popularity, than of any other one thing they could possibly be possessed of. But, anxious as they may be to acquire the vain glory of the popular voice, none ever succeeded to so great an extent as has that world-renowned remedy, known as Coe's Cough Balsam. There is scarcely a family in the land but what consider a supply of this article as necessary to the household as their flour or provission. Experience has taught the people that no other remedy has ever been put before the public that will cure coughs, colds, croup, sore throat, and in fact all throat and lung complaints, as quickly and as effectually as Coe's Cough Balsam. In the Eastern States, where it has been long known and tested, it is considered as the most reliable cough remedy extant, and no one, either rich or poor, thinks of being without it. We would suggest to all our readers the necessity of keeping on hand an article of this kind for immediate use. It costs but 25 cents per bottle and is sold at all our drug stores, and is the cheapest and best remedy in the world.

Matrimonial.

Ladies and Gentlemen.—If you wish to marry you can do so by addressing me. I will send you, without money and without price, valuable information, that will enable you to marry happily and speedily, irrespective of age, wealth, or beauty. This information will cost you nothing and if you wish to marry, I will cheerfully assist you. All letters strictly confidential. The desired information sent by return mail, and no reward asked. Please enclose postage or stamped envelope, addressed to yourself. Address Sarah B. Lambert, Greenpoint, Kings Co., New York. m23m.

U. C. R.——T. A.——E. P.——& C. R.

THE GREAT REMEDIES OF THE AGE.

Hunnewell's Universal Cough Remedy.
For all Throat and Lung Complaints. Small bottles, 25 cents; Large do., 50 cents.

Hunnewell's Tolu Anodyne.
The great remedy for Asthma, Neuralgia, Pains in Menstruation, all Nervous Complaints, and Sciatica. 50 cts. per Bottle.

Hunnewell's Eclectic Fills.
Cure all derangements of the Stomach or Bowels *without the slightest griping*, a point the great importance of which cannot be overestimated. The dose, a single pill, never more than two, and so very small, make them most valuable in every family. 25 cents per bottle.

Hunnewell's Consumptive Remedy.
A radical cure for this heretofore called incurable complaint. Price, $1 per Bottle.

The testimonials in my possession, to be seen by all, will remove every doubt of the perfect character of the above named preparations, and to publish which would only cause them to be classed with the thousands published in newspapers, and not a fraction of them of the least character. I beg inspection of such at my office, confidence to test the preparation, and correspondence from all.

JOHN L. HUNNEWELL, Sole Proprietor,
Practical Chemist and Pharmaceutist.
9 Commercial Wharf, Boston, Mass.

☞ Sold by all wholesale and Retail Dealers in Medicine.

☞ The preparations securely packed to be sent to any quantity by express, or as directed.

☞ More full and particular description of each article given in notices, to follow this from month to month. m13.

Old Eyes Made New.

A Pamphlet directing how to speedily restore sight and give up spectacles, without the aid of doctor or medicine. Sent by mail, free, on receipt of 10 cents. Address E. B. FOOTE, M. D., 6mja28. 1130 Broadway, New York.

Mr. Editor—Dear Sir:—With your permission I wish to say to the readers of your paper that I will send, by return mail in all who wish it, (free) a recipe with full directions for making and using a simple Vegetable Balm that will effectually remove, in ten days, Pimples, Blotches, Tan, Freckles, and all Impurities of the Skin, leaving the same soft, clear, smooth, and beautiful.

I will also mail free to those having Bald Heads and Bare Faces, simple directions and information that will enable them to start a full growth of luxuriant Hair, Whiskers, or a Moustache, in less than thirty days.

All applications answered by return mail without charge. Respectfully yours,
m4 3m Thos. F. Chapman, Chemist, 831 Broadway, New York.

Whiskers! Whiskers!

Do you want Whiskers or Mustaches? Our Grecian Compound will force them to grow on the smoothest face or chin, or hair on bald heads, in six weeks. Price, $1. Sent by mail anywhere, closely sealed, on receipt of price. Address
1sd24 WARNER & Co., Brooklyn, New York.

If You Want to Know

A little of everything relating to the human system, male and female; the causes and treatment of diseases; the marriage customs of the world; how to marry well, and a thousand things never published before, read the revised and enlarged edition of "Medical Common Sense," a curious book for curious people, and a good book for every one. 400 pages, 100 illustrations. Price, $1 50. Content tables sent free to any address. Books may be had at the bookstores, or will be sent by mail, post-paid, on receipt of the price. Address
E. B. FOOTE, M. D.,
ja28 6m 1130 Broadway, New York.

To Consumptives.

The advertiser, having been restored to health in a few weeks, by a very simple remedy, after having suffered several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease, Consumption—is anxious to make known to his fellow-sufferers the means of cure.

To all who desire it, will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge), with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a Sure Cure For Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, &c. The only object of the advertiser in sending the Prescription is to benefit the afflicted, and spread information which he conceives to be invaluable; and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing.

Parties wishing the prescription will please address. Rev. EDWARD A. WILSON.
3m. Williamsburgh, Kings County, New York.

TO THE NERVOUS, DEBILITATED AND DESPONDENT OF BOTH SEXES.

A great sufferer having been restored to health in a few days, after many years of misery, is willing to assist his suffering fellow creatures by sending (free), on the receipt of a postpaid addressed envelope, a copy of the *formula* of cure employed. Direct to JOHN M. DAGNALL.
my19 Box 183 Post Office, Brooklyn, N. Y.

A CARD.—MR. EDITOR:—In reply to many letters and inquiries from people in this section of the country, the undersigned take great pleasure in saying through the columns of your paper, that our renowned preparation known as COE'S DYSPEPSIA CURE, is a certain cure for Dyspepsia, in its worst stages. Many cures of long standing, within our own acquaintance, have been completely, and we believe permanently cured. It will stop distress after eating almost instantaneously, and enables the dyspeptic who has lived for years upon Graham bread and the plainest diet, to eat as heartily as he pleases, and anything he chooses, without danger of distress, or souring, or rising on the stomach. It is an infallible corrector of indigestion and constipation, creates a healthy appetite, stops sick-headache, heart-burn, sickness at the stomach, pains, cramps, or colic in either stomach or bowels, and sweetens offensive breath, as soon as you take it, and by enabling the patient to take plenty of hearty food, "which is the parent of health," produces vigor, strength and energy. In every trial we have known it has speedily eradicated Dyspepsia with all its attendant sufferings, weaknesses, debility, and loss of power, giving instead, a proper activity and tone to the stomach and organs of digestion, and as we confidently believe, and as the published certificates in our circulars, almanacs, and in many of the leading Journals, from convalescent patients will *confirm*, completely, permanently, and almost miraculously "cure the worst case of Dyspepsia in existence." We warrant it in every instance. It can be obtained at all the Drug Stores in the United States and Canadas, at $1.00 per bottle, or six bottles for $5. C. G. CLARK & CO.,
1y4. Proprietors, New Haven, Ct.

REEVES' ORIGINAL
REEVES' GENUINE
REEVES' RELIABLE

AMBROSIA.

FOR THE GROWTH, BEAUTY, AND PRESERVATION OF THE HAIR.

One of the Many Testimonials.

NEW YORK, September, 1862.

I have many evidences to prove that Reeves' Ambrosia is all it is represented to be. I will state a few facts—could relate many more, give the names, residences, etc.

About two years ago I purchased some of Reeves' Ambrosia for my customers. Many, perhaps, ho't it with but little faith in its excellence. But seeing the same ones return time and time again for "another bottle," led me to inquire as to the result of their experience. I was assured by all of benefits obtained beyond expectation. Hair falling out was prevented, that turning gray was arrested, the thin and slowly growing hair was made to grow thick and rapid; in fact and were pleased and highly elated. An instance showing the remarkable effects of its use for one year, came to my knowledge as follows: A lady, (one of my customers) who informed me that this preparation had caused her hair to grow, proved the truth of her assertion by removing her bonnet and letting down her beautiful hair. Measuring its length, it showed a growth of 3 feet and 9 inches since using Reeves' Ambrosia. I hear many speak in its praise, and can confidently recommend it from my own experience.

Miss S. MOODY, 319 Grand Street

NEW YORK, Sept. 30, 1862.

Proprietor of Reeves' Ambrosia—Dear Sir:—Noticing upon one of your circulars a statement from Miss S. Moody, and believing that the person referred to is none other than myself, I desire to fully corrobrate her statement as I did on one occasion, while in her store, discussing the merits of your Ambrosia, remove my bonnet to show a proof of the excellence of your preparation. I would at any time give you a certificate in detail Shall recommend it all I can, believing it to be infallible. Yours, gratefully,

Mrs. JOS. T. LOVELL.

REEVES' AMBROSIA is for sale by all Druggists, and at 62 Fulton Street, N. Y.
☞ Price, 75 Cents per Bottle. d106m.
For sale in Palmer by WOOD & ALLEN, General Agents for Mass.

Strength to the Weak! Youth to the Aged!

BIOKRENE, or Life Rejuvenator.

This preparation is unequalled as a Rejuvenator, and Restorer of wasted or inert functions

The aged should be certain to make the Biokrene a household god, inasmuch as it will restore them youthful in feeling and in strength, and enable them to live over again the days of their pristine joy. It not only exhilarates but strengthens, and is really an invaluable blessing, especially to those who have been reduced to a condition of servility, self abuse, misfortune, or ordinary sickness. No matter what the cause of the impotency of any human organ, this superb preparation will remove the effect at once and forever.

BIOKRENE cures Impotency, General Debility, Nervous Incapacity, Dyspepsia, Depression, Loss of Appetite, Low Spirits, Weakness of the Organs of Generation, Imbecility, Mental Indolence, Emaciation, &c. It has a most Delightful, Desirable, and Novel Effect upon the Nervous System; and all who are in any way prostrated by nervous disabilities are earnestly advised to seek a cure in this most excellent and unequalled preparation.

Persons who by imprudence have lost their NATURAL VIGOR will find a speedy and permanent cure in the

BIOKRENE.

The Feeble, the Languid, the Despairing, the Old should give this valuable discovery a trial; it will be found totally different from all other articles for the same purposes.

TO FEMALES.—This preparation is invaluable in nervous weaknesses of all kinds, as it will restore the wasted strength with wonderful permanence.

It is also a grand tonic, and will give relief in Dyspepsia with the first dose. A brief persistence in its use will renovate the stomach to a degree of perfect health, and banish Dyspepsia forever

One Dollar per Bottle, or six Bottles for $5. Sold by Druggists generally.

Sent by express anywhere, by addressing
HUTCHINGS & HILLYER, Proprietors,
81 Cedar Street, New York.
Sold in Palmer by Wood & Allen; in Ware by Daniel Holden, and in Stafford Springs by H. T. Small & Co.
Aug. 13, 1864. 3n

BORN.

At Brooklyn, N. Y., a son to GEORGE TURNER of Wilbraham.

MARRIED.

In Springfield, 4th, by Rev. Dr. Ide, A. L. FLETCHER of Three Rivers, and OLIVE B. KNOWLTON of Springfield.

FOUND.

ON the 17th, in the pasture of James B. Burlingame, a BAY MARE, with a long switch tail. The owner can have the same by proving the property and paying the expenses.
JAMES B. BURLINGAME.
Palmer, May 20, 1865.

NOTICE.

I HEREBY forbid all persons harboring or trusting my wife, Julia M. Squier, as I shall pay no debts of her contracting after this date.
Monson, May 19, 1865. HENRY SQUIER.

TEAS.

The best Young Hyson, Black, and Japanese
For sale at A. H. PARKS' Store, Palmer.

PURE Ground Spices, of all kinds, also Bluing, Extracts, Pepper Sauce, &c., for sale at PARKS' STORE, Palmer.

THE Gold Medal Saleratus, for sale at A. H. PARKS' Store, Palmer.

SOAPS.—The celebrated "Gold Medal Soap," 'French Lustral,' 'Sawyer's,' and other Soaps, for sale at A. H. PARKS' Store, Palmer.

STONE WARE.—Butter Pots, Cake Jars, Jugs of all sizes, Flower Pots, plain and glazed, Bean Pots, Stone Pitchers, Spittoons, and all kinds of Stone Ware, at PARKS' Store, Palmer.

KEROSENE Lamps & Lanterns, Shades, Lantern Globes, Chimneys, &c., for sale at A. H. PARKS' Store, Palmer.

ALL Goods sold after this date will be cash down, except in exchange for produce. All persons indebted to me will please make immediate payment. A. H. PARKS.
Palmer, May 20, 1865.

TO ALL IN WESTERN MASSACHUSETTS, WHO BUY

DRY GOODS OR CARPETS!

We respectfully invite attention to our
NEW STOCK
For the Later Spring Sales, of
Choice and Fashionable
GOODS.

NEW FABRICS, NEW DESIGNS,
For Spring and Summer DRESS GOODS,
A very large and attractive variety—many entirely new things.

MOURNING DRESS GOODS,
In the BEST VARIETY and FINEST QUALITIES to be found in the City.

New Embroideries, New Laces, New Dress and Mantilla Trimmings, Parasols,
GLOVES AND HOSIERY,
in every style; the
BEST HOOP SKIRTS made in America,
BALMORAL SKIRTS,
DRESS SILKS,
All desirable colors, for street, house, or evening wear.

Black Mantilla and Dress Silks,
In the most superb qualities, all widths.
Mantilla, Cloak, and Shawl
EMPORIUM.

SPRING and SUMMER STYLES Now Ready,
We offer an unusually large and attractive variety of ready-made
SILK AND CLOTH GARMENTS,
and no effort will be spared to offer our customers
The Latest and Most Approved Styles.

CLOAK CLOTHS,
in the best makes, the latest colors and kinds; the largest and most complete stock of these goods ever on sale in this city. Every style of Outside Garment for Ladies' or Misses' wear made to order, and work in every particular warranted to give satisfaction. Our
MILLINERY DEPARTMENT
is now filled with a new and beautiful stock. The latest fashions and choice goods can always be found.

HOUSEKEEPING DRY GOODS.
COTTONS AND LINENS.
An immense Stock, always at the Lowest Prices.

CARPETINGS,
Large additions just made. No stock comparing with this this side of Boston. Prices as low as the lowest. All the better qualities of Carpets,
Solid Brussels, Velvets, Tapestries,
Three Plys, &c., in Large Assortment.
OIL CLOTHS, MATTINGS, &c.
☞ Contracts taken for Carpeting Halls, Churches, Dwellings, &c.,
CURTAINS AND CURTAIN GOODS,
In every variety.

NEW GOODS DAILY.

☞ Purchasers visiting our Store will find that they can make their selections from one of the largest stocks in Massachusetts, and can purchase at as low prices as good satisfactory goods can be sold at. Trash and cheap goods, for the sake of advertising prices that they may appear low before an examination, we do not keep.

THE LARGEST AND BEST LIGHTED Store in New England, out of Boston.

TINKHAM & CO.,
184, 186, AND 188 MAIN STREET,
a15 SPRINGFIELD. 4m

DR. LAROOKAH'S
SARSAPARILLA COMPOUND!

NOW is the time to use this most wonderful **Magic-Like Spring Compound.**

It is double the strength of any other Sarsaparilla Compound.

For the Cure of Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Scrofula, Dropsy, Neuralgia, Epilepsy, Erysipelas, Boils, Tumors, Salt Rheum, Ulcers and Sores, Rheumatism, Pain in the Stomach, Side, and Bowels, Debility, and all complaints arising from Impurities of the BLOOD.

It is a SURE CURE for LIVER COMPLAINTS.

DYSPEPSIA or Indigestion will find a ready cure in this Compound.

SCROFULA.—This loathsome disease, which afflicts and sweeps off so many from our midst, can be cured by Larookah's Sarsaparilla Compound

For PURIFYING THE BLOOD, there is nothing now before the public which can equal Larookah's Sarsaparilla Compound. It is a great promoter of health when used in the spring, to remove all Humors that infest the system at that season of the year.

DR. LAROOKAH'S SARSAPARILLA COMPOUND has been so great a blessing to our family that we class it with LAROOKAH'S SYRUP, the BEST article in use for what it purports to do, REV. N. P. SELEE.
Melrose Mass, Dec. 3, 1861.

The following letter is from DR. B F. ARNOTT, for years an eminent practitioner in the city of Boston:

DR. E. R KNIGHTS—I have been in the habit of prescribing Larookah's Sarsaparilla Compound for two years, with the most satisfactory results.

PRICE, $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

Consumptive Remedy.

DR. LAROOKAH'S
Indian Vegetable Pulmonic Syrup.

The best preparation ever made for the following complaints:

Colds, Coughs, Whooping Cough, Croup, Asthma, Catarrh, Bronchitis, Spitting Blood, Pain in the Side, Night Sweats, Humors, General Debility,

and the various Throat Affections and Hoarseness to which Public Speakers and Singers are liable, and all other complaints tending to

CONSUMPTION.

Letter from a well-known Boston Druggist of Twenty Years' Experience:

BOSTON, March 9, 1865.

Dr. E. R. Knights:—Having used "Larookah's Pulmonic Syrup," myself and in my family for the last six years, I am prepared to say that it is superior to any medicine I have ever known for the positive cure of Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat and all similar complaints.
W. R. BOWEN, 86 Hanover Street.

Rev. John C. Ingalls of Melrose, Mass, says: "As an honest man I can say, that in my judgment, Dr. Larookah's I. V. P. Syrup, for Pulmonary Diseases, stands unrivalled by any medicine yet discovered, i. having cured me of Bronchitis, of six years standing.

Prepared by S. SEVERY. Price, 50 cents and $1.00 per bottle.
DR. E. R. KNIGHTS, Proprietor,
Melrose, Mass.

Sold by Wood & Allen, Palmer; H. T. Small & Co., Stafford Springs; D. Holden, Ware; E. E. Towne, Monson, and by druggists and dealers generally. my20.

TOBACCO.

FINE CUT, CHEWING, and SMOKING, of the best quality. Also, the best
Navy and Cavendish, Tobacco,
For sale AT PARK'S STORE, Palmer.

TAPIOCA, FARINA, SAGO, CORN STARCH, CHOCOLATE, COCOA &c., &c., for sale at
A. H. PARKS' Cash Store . . . PALMER, MASS.

A NICE ARTICLE OF SUGAR HOUSE SYRUP,
For sale
Palmer, Dec. 8. AT PARKS' STORE.

WOODS & Worcester's Dry Hop Yeast, for sale at PARKS' STORE, Palmer.

WANTED!
All Kinds of Farmer's Produce in Exchange for Goods, at
A. H. PARKS' Store . . . . . Palmer, Mass.

A Superior Article of Pure Ground JAVA COFFEE,
Also, Kent's East India Coffee, French Breakfast Coffee, &c., for sale at
A. H. PARKS' Store.....Palmer House Block.

FLOUR
Of all grades, FOR SALE LOW for cash,
AT A. H. PARKS' STORE,
West end of Palmer House Block, Palmer, Mass

SUGARS, of all grades, for sale low for cash at A. H. PARKS' Store, Palmer House Block.

PUMPS! PUMPS!
BEMIS'
DOUBLE PLATFORM PUMP!
One of the Greatest Inventions of the Age!

While other pumps are invariably operated by a person's strength, these are operated by a person's whole weight in addition to his strength, which any one can see is a great acquisition of power.

These pumps are simple, easily worked, and besides they cannot freeze in winter. They are adapted to all places, and especially those where a large amount of water is required to be raised. They must be very durable for two reasons—they are a double pump, and each motion of the plungers raises about three times the amount of water that is raised by the common suction pump, which makes six times less wear in raising the same amount of water.

This pump was patented Aug. 9, 1864, by Wm. A. Bemis, of Lyndon Centre, Vt. Re-issued, Jan. 31, 1865.

Please examine this pump, which is in practical operation at
S. B. WITHERELL'S Stove & Furnace Warehouse, N. 1, Main St., (West end) WARE.
and judge of its merits by your own observation and experience.
Ware, April 15, 1865. 3m

Instruction Books and Music
—FOR THE—
Cabinet Organ, Melodeon, and Instruments of a Similar Class.

Zundel's Melodeon Instructor.—Containing the Elements of Music, Progressive Finger Exercises, and a large collection of Choice Music, $2 50

New Method for the Melodeon.—Containing in addition to Lessons and Exercises, a collection of Popular Songs, Psalm and Hymn Tunes, $1 50

Carhart's Melodeon.—Elementary and Progressive Studies, with Choice Vocal and Instrumental Music, $1 50.

American School for the Melodeon. $1 50

Model Melodeon Instructor. $1 50.

Winner's Perfect Guide for the Melodeon. Designed as a Self-Instructor, with Choice Music, 75.

Melodeon without a Master.—By E. L. White, 75.

Woodbury's Melodeon Instructor. 75.

Green and White's Melodeon Instructor, 75.

Howe's Seraphine and Melodeon Instructor, 50.

The Seraphine.—A collection of Music for the Melodeon, Seraphine and Reed Organ

Sent post-paid, on receipt of price.—*Oliver Ditson & Co.,* Publishers, 277 Washington Street, Boston.

NOTICE!

THE Annual Meeting of the Ware Savings Bank will be held at their Banking Room on Monday, June 5, at 2 o'clock P. M.
OTIS LANE, Secretary and Treasurer.
Ware, May 15, 1865. m203w

THE copartnership between the undersigned, under the name of Graves & Clark, is this day dissolved. GEO. GRAVES.
Palmer, April 22d, 1865. A. W. CLARK.

SPICES, of all varieties, Raisins, Citron, Extracts, Bluing, Pepper Sauce, Tomato Ketchup, At NEWTON & Co's, Palmer.

NOTICE.—Came into the enclosure of the subscriber, about the 24th of April, one red yearling bull, and a red yearling steer with white on end of tail. The owner is requested to prove property, pay charges, and take them away.
DANIEL FOSKIT.
Monson, May 6, 1865.*

TOBACCO OF ALL KINDS,
Cavendish, Navy, Fine Cut Chewing, Killekinic Smoking.
We would call particular attention to our Navy Tobacco, that we are selling at 75 cents ℔ lb.
NEWTON & CO.,
Nassowanno Block . . . . Palmer, Mass.

AT NEWTON & CO'S
WILL be found those choice Milk Crackers.
Also Boston and Springfield Crackers.

WANTED!
BUTTER, EGGS, and all kinds of FARMERS' PRODUCE at NEWTON & Co's.
Palmer, 1865.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

PROBATE COURT. HAMPDEN, ss.

To all persons interested in the Estate of Amasa Switzer, late of Monson, in said County, deceased. Greeting:

Whereas, Austin Fuller, administrator with the will annexed of the estate of said deceased, has presented for allowance the first and final account of his administration upon the estate of said deceased:

You are hereby cited to appear at a Probate Court to be holden at Monson, in said county of Hampden, on the second Tuesday of June next, at nine o'clock before noon, to show cause, if any you have, why the same should not be allowed. And said administrator is ordered to serve this citation by publishing the same in the Palmer Journal, a newspaper printed at Palmer, three weeks successively, the first publication to be fourteen days at least before said Court, and by sending or causing to be sent a written or printed copy hereof, properly mailed, postage prepaid, to each or the heirs of said deceased, or their legal representatives known to said administrator, within two days of said first publication.

Witness, WILLIAM S. SHURTLEFF, Esquire, Judge of said Court, this twenty-fifth day of April, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five.
SAMUEL B. SPOONER, Register.
A copy, attest, SAMUEL B. SPOONER, Register.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

HAMPDEN, ss. PROBATE COURT.

To the Heirs-at-Law, and others interested in the estate of Wareham J. Davis, late of Monson, in said county, deceased greeting:

Whereas Lathrop Clark, administrator of the estate of said deceased, has presented to said Court his petition to sell so much of the real estate of said deceased as will raise the sum of seventy-two dollars and fifteen cents, for the payment of debts and charges of administration:

You are hereby ordered to appear at a Probate Court to be holden at Springfield, in said County, on the first Tuesday of June next, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause, if any you have, against the same; and said administrator is ordered to serve this Citation by publishing the same once a week, three weeks successively, in the Palmer Journal, a newspaper printed at Palmer, the first publication to be fourteen days at least before said Court, and by sending or causing to be sent a written or printed copy hereof, porperly mailed, postage prepaid, to each or the heirs of said deceased, or their legal representatives, known to the petitioner, within two days of the date of said first publication.

Witness, WILLIAM S. SHUETLEFF, Esquire, Judge of said Court, this second day of May, in the year one thousand, eight hundred and sixty-five. SAMUEL B. SPOONER, Register.

FARMERS, ATTENTION!

DO you want to raise LARGE CROPS this season? If so buy largely of
Bone Dust, Super Phosphate of Lime, Lodi Poudrette, and Fish Guano,
and your wants will be realized. For sale by
E. E. TOWNE, Monson.

FERTILIZERS.

POUDRETTE, Coe's Super Phosphate of Lime, Ground Bone, and the New England Fertilizer, for sale by GEO. ROBINSON.
Ware, April 29, 1865.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS

WE ARE NOW RECEIVING A NEW LINE OF
Dry Goods and Groceries,
Bought since the Fall of Richmond,
which we will sell
At the Lowest Cash Prices.
We have a Large Stock of Men's and Boys'
CLOTHING, HATS, CAPS, &C.,
which we are determined to sell.
Please call before purchasing elsewhere.
KELLOGG & TINKHAM.
Palmer, April 8, 1865. tf.

ANOTHER LOT JUST RECEIVED.

PRICES FOR THE TIMES!

Good Brown Sugar,	9 lb for	$1.00
Porto Rico do..	7 " "	1.00
Granulated, Pulv., and Crushed do.,	4½ "	1.00
Porto Rico Molasses,	per gallon,	.90
Good do.,	"	.50
Best quality Oolong Tea,	per pound,	1.25
Fair do.,	"	.75

Another lot of FRESH MILK BISCUIT, with a full
Assortment of all kinds of Groceries,
Just received
—AT—
NEWTON & CO'S,
Nassowanno Block, Palmer.

DODGE & HASTINGS,
PAY the HIGHEST MARKET PRICE for GOOD VEAL CALVES.
Palmer, Feb. 25, 1865.

SMITH & CONVERSE,
Successors to M. W. FRENCH & BRO.,
Have on Hand a Choice Lot of
DRY GOODS,
GROCERIES,
Hats, Caps, Boots, Shoes,
&c., &c., &c.
YARD WIDE COTTONS,
VERY CHEAP.
New Spring Style DeLaines, Very Handsome.
Also, a large assortment of
SPRING SKIRTS,
All Styles and Prices.
GIVE US A CALL.
GEO. F. SMITH. JOHN S. CONVERSE
Palmer, Mass., 1865.

U. S. 7-30 LOAN.

The sale of the first series of $300,000,000 of the 7-30 Loan was completed on the 31st of March, 1865. The sale of the series of Three Hundred Millions payable three years from the 15th day of June, 1865, was begun on the 1st of April. In the short space of thirty days over One Hundred Millions of this series have been sold, —leaving this day less than Two Hundred Millions to be disposed of. The interest is payable semi-annually in currency on the 15th of December and 15th of June by Coupons attached to each note, which are readily cashed anywhere. It amounts to

One Cent per Day on a $50 Note.			
Two	"	" $100	"
Ten	"	" $500	"
Twenty	"	" $1000	"
$1	"	" $5000	"

MORE AND MORE DESIRABLE.

The Rebellion is suppressed, and the Government has already adopted measures to reduce expenditures as rapidly as possible to a peace footing, thus withdrawing from market as borrower and purchaser. This is

THE ONLY LOAN IN MARKET,
now offered by the Government, and constitutes
The Great Popular Loan of the People.

The Seven-Thirty Notes are convertible on their maturity, at the option of the holder, into
U. S. 5-20 Six per cent. Gold Bearing Bonds.
which are always worth a premium.

FREE FROM TAXATION.

The 7-30 Notes cannot be taxed by towns, cities, counties or states, and the interest is not taxed unless on a surplus of the owner's income exceeding $600 a year. This fact increases their value, from 1 to 2 per cent. per annum, according to the rate levied on other property.

SUBSCRIBE QUICKLY.

Less than $300,000,000 of the Loan authorized by the last Congress are now on the market. This amount, at the rate at which it is being absorbed, will all be subscribed for within four months, when the notes will undoubtedly command a premium, as uniformly been the case on closing the subscriptions to other Loans. It now seems possible that no considerable amount beyond the present series will be offered to the public.

In order that citizens of every town and section of the country may be afforded facilities for taking the loan, the National Banks, State Banks, and Private Bankers throughout the country have generally agreed to receive subscriptions at par. Subscribers will select their own agents, in whom they have confidence, and who only are to be responsible for the delivery of the notes for which they receive orders.

JAY COOKE, Subscription Agent,
PHILADELPHIA.

Subscriptions will be received by the
First National Bank of Springfield.
Second National Bank of Springfield.
Third National Bank of Springfield.
Ware National Bank of Ware.
Monson National Bank of Monson.
f25 Stafford National Bank of Stafford. 3m

THE NINTH NATIONAL BANK
OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK.
CAPITAL, $1,000,000---PAID IN,
Fiscal Agent of the United States,
And Special Agent for Jay Cooke, Subscription Agent.

Will Deliver 7-30 Notes, Free of Charge,
by express, in all parts of the country, and receive in payment Checks on New York, Philadelphia, and Boston, current bills, and all five per cent. interest notes, with interest to date of subscription. Orders sent by mail will be promptly filled.

This Bank receives the accounts of Banks and Bankers on favorable terms; also of individuals keeping New York accounts.
J. T. HILL Cashier. J. U. ORVIS, Pres't.

SOAPS, SOAPS!
BURWELLS, Babbitt's, Castile and Common, at NEWTON & CO'S, Palmer.

APRIL 1, 1865.

FALL
—IN—
GOLD!

FALL
—IN—
Merchandize!

I HAVE THIS DAY
REDUCED THE PRICE
—OF—
MY STOCK OF GOODS
TO THEIR
GOLD VALUE,
COMPRISING ALL MY
DRESS GOODS,
DOMESTIC GOODS,
Gent's Furnishing Goods,
READY-MADE
CLOTHING,
BOOTS & SHOES,
CARPETINGS,
CROCKERY, GLASS WARE,
&c., &c., &c.

ANY PART OF MY STOCK
CAN BE BOUGHT AT
LOW FIGURES,

W. W. CROSS,
PALMER, 1865.

GOLD AT 150,
—AND—
MY PRICES
For all kinds of Goods
ARE MARKED TO CORRESPOND.

Good Prints, Fast Colors,	20 cts.
All others,	22@25
Best DeLaines,	30
7-8 Brown Cottons,	20
Nice yard wide, do.	20
Best 9-8 do., do.,	37½
Larg't size best qual. Ladies' Nubias,	1 25
Heavy Long Shawls, largest size,	7 00
Best quality do.,	11 00
More Ladies' Rubber Boots,	2 50
More Ladies' Rubber Sandals,	1 00
Colored Cambries (slightly soiled),	17
A lot of shop worn shoes,	75
Good Bleached Cottons,	20, 30, @40
Good Col. and Wool Flannels,	40@60
Heavy Cotton Goods, for suits,	80
Good Balmoral Skirts,	$3@$4.50
Nice Alpaccas,	50@75
Best All Wool Delaines,	75
Heavy yard wide Cottons,	37½
Heaviest Cottons made,	45
A lot of Ladies' Cambric Collars, half price.	
Six pounds Good Brown Sugar for	$1.00
Five and ½ pounds very choice do.,	1.00
4½ pounds Crushed & Granulated do.,	1.00
Good Molasses, for	.80@.90
Best Porto Rico in the world,	1.00

All-widths OIL CLOTHS, Palm Leaf MATTRASSES, HOOP SKIRTS, every size from 6 to 40 springs.

A variety of SUGARS; several kinds of MOLASSES and SYRUPS; TEAS and COFFEES.

☞ Remember the French Breakfast and Dinner Coffee.

VARIOUS GRADES OF FLOUR,
From the cheapest to the best made. BUCKWHEAT FLOUR, RYE FLOUR, GRAHAM FLOUR, CORN AND RYE MEAL, always on hand.

Just Received, a lot of *SMITH'S PARAFINE,* for Boots, Harnesses, or any Leather work. The *only sure Water Proof Leather Preserver* known, and will be furnished by the dozen or gross, at New York prices.

Always on hand an assortment of
Clocks, Trunks, Toys and Fancy Goods,
Cooking Extracts and Perfumeries,
All the popular *PATENT MEDICINES,*
In STONE and WOODEN WARE, the usual variety.
Crockery and Glass Ware, enough of it.
HATS AND CAPS,
a good stock at all times. Also,
BOOTS AND SHOES,
for Men and Boys, and as good a variety of Ladies', Misses', and Childrens', Shoes, in Leather and Serge Work, as can be found, in stores out of the cities.

Recollect, I always have
A LARGE STOCK OF GOODS,
At *PRICES TO SUIT THE PEOPLE* and the times, all marked in plain figures, and
ONE PRICE ONLY.

☞ Every one who owes me is requested to make immediate payment, as a change in business is contemplated.
E. E. TOWNE.
Monson, Feb. 25, 1865.

"A Word to the Wise is Sufficient."

D. H. BRIGHAM & CO.,
OF SPRINGFIELD,
ADVERTISED two weeks ago to give special attention to the
Retail Clothing Trade,
And for the past ten days have had
A CONTINUOUS RUSH!
They are selling their Goods Regardless of Cost!
As the panic has reduced the price of many goods about one-half, and
THEY ARE BOUND TO SELL!
AN EARLY CALL will secure
SPLENDID BARGAINS,
and insure
An Immense Stock to Select From!

What's the use of Paying a Profit?

BUY AT PANIC PRICES AT
D. H. BRIGHAM & CO'S
Wholesale and Retail Clothing House,
a1 SPRINGFIELD, MASS. 3m

ANY BOOK WANTED!

CAN be obtained at short notice by leaving orders at our store. A select assortment of STANDARD WORKS on hand, together with TOY BOOKS and BOOKS FOR YOUTH.
Also, different styles of
Pocket Bibles and Testaments,
PHOTOGRAPH ALBUMS, &C.
Give us a Call.
WOOD & ALLEN,
Palmer, Feb. 11, 1865. tf

MEAL,
BOLTED MEAL, FLOUR,
RYE MEAL, CORN,
GRASS SEEDS, RYE,
Will be found
At NEWTON & Co's, Palmer,
At the Lowest Figures.

A TIMELY WARNING.

DISEASES of the Urinary and Sexual Organs, the result of Self-abuse. Sexual Excesses, &c. Reports on the above, supplying the means of cure, sent free on receipt of a red stamp.
Address JOHN D. WILLIAMS.
a21. P. O. box, 2853, Philadelphia, Pa.

PAINTING.

THE subscriber has taken the shop lately occupied by A. M. Titus, and will attend to all orders for
Painting, Graining, Paper Hanging, &c.,
at short notice. Special attention given to
SIGN PAINTING.
A. W. CLARK.
Palmer, April 8, 1865.

TITUS & BURWELL,
House, Sign, and Ornamental Painters,
GRAINERS, and furnishers of
PAPER HANGINGS.
☞ Whitening and Paper Hanging done at short notice. All work warranted.
Shop next Caswell's Blacksmith shop. Orders may be left at Dr. Cowan's office.
S. TITUS.....E. S. BURWELL.
Palmer, April 15, 1865.

GRASS SEEDS.

HERDS GRASS, RED TOP, CLOVER, and MILLET, at the Agricultural Store in Ware.
April 29, 1865. GEO. ROBINSON.

The New 7 3-10 Treasury Notes
ARE on hand and for sale at the MONSON NATIONAL BANK, in denominations of $50, $100, $500, and $1000.
Monson, Dec. 17. E. F. MORRIS, Cashier.

REMOVED.

I HAVE removed my shop from Commercial Block to the new building adjoining the Journal Office, where I am prepared to make
BOOTS AND SHOES.
and do REPAIRING at short notice.
CALVIN HITCHCOCK.
Palmer, April 8, 1865.

BLOWN UP.—By command of Gen. Sherman, the powder mills in the vicinty of Raleigh are being destroyed. One was blown up on the 20th. So violent was the shock of the explosion that the officer in charge of the party detailed to blow up the mill, was blown out of his saddle upon the ground, sustaining no serious injury. Gen. Sherman thinks the South will need no powder mills in the future. Another mill remains to be destroyed.

TAKING THE OATH.—Of 700 rebel officers at Fort Delaware, all except thirteen have taken the oath. Gen. Rhett of South Carolina, who was sent to the Fort about two weeks since, was among those who subscribed to the oath on Tuesday. He is about to return to his home. Rebel prisoners who persist in their refusal to take the oath of allegiance are to be sent out of the country.

NOT SO.—All reports about any party whatever being sent to Europe to negotiate loans for the Government are utterly without foundation. No such movement has been contemplated. Assistant Secretary of the Treasury Harrington will probably go abroad sometime this summer, but not on the mission represented.

CHANCE FOR "UNCLES."—It is stated that a pawn broker's shop is greatly needed in Richmond, as many of the once wealthy citizens have plenty of jewelry, plate, &c., but are starving for the want of available cash for immediate use.

REMOVAL.—The trustees of the East Windsor, Ct., Theological Seminary have voted to remove that institution to Hartford, and to make an effort to raise $200,000 further for its permanent endowment, $50,000 of which are already pledged by friends.

STATE SABBTAH SCHOOL CONVENTION.—The annual convention of the Sabbath school teachers connected with the evangelical churches of Massachusetts will be held in New Bedford on Tuesday and Wednesday, June 6 and 7.

HORSEFLESH.—The sudden disappearance of the immense consumption of horseflesh in army operations, has produced a great stagnation in the horse market, and prices have fallen off 25 per cent., within a week.

PRICES

—ARE—

DOWN! DOWN! DOWN!

—FOR—

DRY GOODS.

J. H. STORRS,

Would inform all who have so liberally patronized him that he will now give a BENEFIT by selling goods at Wholesale Priecs at Retail for a few days. We offer

Good Dark Prints for	17 cents.
Best New Styles do,	20
" " " M'DeLaines,	25
Heavy Cottons, yard wide,	25
Fine Bleached Cottons, yard wide,	25

NEW STYLES OF

DRESS GOODS,

CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS,

FEATHERS,

ALL DOWN TO GOLD VALUE.

☞ We give notice to all we have bought largely at the late Low Prices,

WHICH ENABLES US TO SELL AT

VERY LOW PRICES.

We shall make

Special Inducements to those from a Distance,

Who buy in large quantities.

NEW GOODS WILL BE RECEIVED EVERY WEEK

During the Spring Trade.

A Word to the Wise is Sufficient.

Very respectfully,

J. H. STORRS.

Ware, March 25, 1865.

TAKE NOTICE!

OPENED THIS DAY!

A NEW CASE OF GOODS, consisting of

COTTONS, PRINTS, & D'LAINES,

Bought and sold at

PANIC PRICES.

SMITH & CONVERSE.

Palmer, April, 1865.

HAMS! HAMS! DRIED BEEF! DRIED APPLES! ALL KINDS OF FISH! At NEWTON & Co's . . . . Palmer, Mass.

ENVELOPES, embellished with Business Cards, furnished at this office.

WOODS' Celebrated Dry Hop Yeast, for sale at PARKS' STORE, Palmer

---

POTASH, at NEWTON & CO'S, Palmer. Of the best quality.

PAPER HANGINGS!

WE have the LARGEST AND BEST STOCK to be found anywhere in New England, FROM THE CHEAPEST STYLES TO THE

ELEGANT GOLD AND PANEL PAPERS,

And furnish them AT RETAIL OR WHOLESALE,

At Lowest Prices.

☞ We send samples by mail or express when it is not convenient for customers ☞ to call at our store.

BRIDGMAN & WHITNEY,

SPRINGFIELD, MASS.,

April 1, 1865.

CLOTHING

Marked Down! Down!

NOW IS YOUR TIME TO BUY.

CALL ON THE

NEW YORK

CLOTHING COMPANY,

138 MAIN ST., SPRINGFIELD,

(Corner of Vernon Street)

GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS,

HATS AND CAPS,

From one of

LARGEST WHOLESALE ESTABLISHMENTS

in the City of New York,

ANY ONE WISHING

A Good Substantial Article

FOR A

LITTLE MONEY,

WOULD DO WELL TO

EXAMINE OUR STOCK.

ALL GOODS SOLD BY US ARE

WARRANTED

TO BE AS REPRESENTED.

We will allow the privilege of exchanging (within three days), any garment sold at retail, which upon examination at home does not meet the entire approval of the purchaser, either in material, style, or fit; or, if that is not sufficiently liberal,

WE WILL REFUND THE MONEY.

Our term. of sale are strictly for cash, and

WE GUARANTEE

A BETTER ARTICLE

OF CLOTHING FOR THE PRICE

than can bo obtained elsewhere. Call and satisfy yourselves, at

138 MAIN ST.,

nearly opposite Baptist Church,

SPRINGFIELD..... MASS.

n21tf

READY MADE CLOTHING,

Just received and for sale by

D. MULVIHILL,

Nassowanno Block, Palmer, Mass.

March 4, 1865.

PETROLEUM STOCKS

Are now attracting much attention, as

They Pay Larger Dividends

than any other stocks in the market, ranging from

One to Five per Cent. per Month.

Parties wishing to subscribe for stock in the "Great Bash" the "Massachusetts & Oil Creek," the "New England," "Fuller Farm," or other first-class oil companies, or in the

Montezuma Gold Mining Company,

the ore of which assays at over $3,000 per cord, can do so at the office of

Palmer, Jan. 21, 1865. JAS. G. ALLEN.

Manhood: How Lost, How Restored.

JUST PUBLISHED, a new edition of DR. CULVERWELL'S CELEBRATED ESSAY on the Radical Cure (without medicine) of Spermatorrhœa, or semiual weakness, Involuntary Seminal Losses, Impotency, Mental and physical Incapacity; Impediments to Marriage, etc.; also, Consumption, Epilepsy, and Fits, induced by self-indulgence or sexual extravagance.

☞ Price, in a sealed envelope, only six cents.

The celebrated author, in this admirable essay, clearly demoustrates, from a thirty years' successful practice, that the alarming consequences of self-abuse may be radically cured without the dangerous use of internal medicine, or the application of the knife—pointing out a mode of cure at once simple, certain, and effectual, by means of which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately, and radically.

☞ This Lecture should be in the hands of every youth and every man in the land.

Sent under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address, post-paid, on receipt of six cents or two post stamps. Address the publishers,

CHAS. J. C. KLINE & CO.,

127 Bowery, New York, Post Office Box 4,586.

IF YOU WANT

A GOOD ARTICLE

—OF—

READY-MADE CLOTHING

For a Little Money,

Call at D. MULVIHILL'S,

Palmer, March 4, 1865. Nassowanno Block.

The New 7 3-10 Treasury Notes

ARE on hand and for sale at the MONSON NATIONAL BANK, in denominations of $50, $100, $500, and $1000.

Monson, Dec. 17. E. F. MORRIS, Cashier.

ANOTHER LOT Fresh Ground of KENT'S East India and OLMITZ'

COFFEES,

The best out. At NEWTON & CO'S, Nassowanno Block, Palmer.

FIRE AND LIFE

INSURANCE AGENCY.

Ætna Insurance Company,
HARTFORD, CT.
Capital.....$1,500,000

Hartford Fire Ins. Company,
HARTFORD, CT.
Capital.....$1,000,000

Phœnix Insurance Company,
HARTFORD, CT.
Capital.....$400,000

Springfield Fire & Marine Ins. Co.,
SPRINGFIELD, MASS.
Capital and Surplus.....$567,863 17

Norwich Fire Insurance Company,
NORWICH, CT.
Capital.....$300,000

INSURANCE AGAINST FIRE,

ON FACTORIES, STORES, DWELLING Houses, Barns, &c.,

Effected on MOST REASONABLE TERMS, in the Best Companies.

Also, Life Insurance

Effected on good risks in the best Mutual Companies.

Address or apply to

E. F. MORRIS,

MONSON, MASS.

June 25, 1864—1y.

DENTISTRY.

DR. J. B. GOULD,

Surgical and Mechanical Dentist,

Palmer, Mass.

respectfully informs the Citizens of Palmer and vicinity that he has located himself in this place as a permanent Dentist, and hopes by strict attention to business to win the patronage of the public.

The Most Difficult Operations in Dentistry Performed with Care.

One of the most important and often neglected duties of the age is the preservation of the Natural Teeth, and to this end none should neglect having them frequently examined by a Dentist, that decay and other imperfections may be seasonably remedied. Children's teeth should receive frequent and careful attention, to prevent irregularities or decay.

ARTIFICIAL TEETH

inserted on the improved principle of atmospheric pressure. Teeth, from one to an entire set, inserted on Gold, Silver, or Rubber.

A SUPERIOR ARTICLE of DENTRIFICE and TOOTH BRUSHES constantly on hand.

☞ Examinations and advice gratis.

☞ All operations warranted.

TERMS REASONABLE.

TESTIMONIALS:

The undersigned, citizens of Monson, have employed Mr. J. B. Gould, in his regular practice as Dentist, with satisfaction, and would cheerfully recommend him to the citizens of this and adjoining towns, as skillful in all branches of this business. They are happy also to commend him as a man of good principles and high moral character.

Rev. T. G. Colton.	Marcus Keep.
" F. Woods.	S. Darling.
N. F. Rogers.	Dr. J. M. Towne.
E. B. Miles.	" Smith.

Dr. J. McKinstrey.

n19

Palmer Steam Mill!

THE subscribers, having leased the Steam Mill formerly occupied by Hall & Trumble, offer for sale

A FULL ASSORTMENT OF

FLOUR, GRAIN, MEAL, *FEED, SALT, LIME,* COAL, WOOD, &c,

AT THE LOWEST MARKET PRICES.

CASH PAID FOR ALL KINDS OF GRAIN.

HOVEY & SUTCLIFFE.

Palmer, Mass., Dec. 20, 1862.

NEW GROCERY STORE!

The undersigned, having purchased the stock of

GROCERIES & PROVISIONS

lately owned by J. P. SHAW, and removed them to their Flour and Grain Store, and having made large additions thereto, are prepared to furnish

FAMILY GROCERIES as CHEAP as at any other establishment in the county.

As we deal largely in

FLOUR AND GRAIN,

we are enabled to make purchases at

LOW FIGURES,

and sell in the same manner.

All kinds of FARMERS' PRODUCE taken in exchange for goods.

☞ Remember the place—

At the Palmer Steam Mill.

HOVEY & SUTCLIFFE.

Palmer, Aug. 29, 1863.

GOVERNMENT

PENSION AGENCY!

GOVERNMENT BOUNTY OF $100

Collected for soldiers who have been discharged from service by reason of wounds or disability, without regard to length of time. Invalid soldiers discharged from service, and the widows and orphans of soldiers who died in the U. States service, or of wounds or disease contracted in line of duty, are entitled to pensions. All pension claims against the government, and claims for arrears of pay and bounty, will be promptly attended to and collected at the lowest rates. No charge made to the soldier unless the claim is successful.

This Agency is duly licensed, and the undersigned does his business direct with the authorities at Washington, and not through third parties.

JAS. G. ALLEN, Counsellor & Attorney.

Palmer, March 21, 1863.

New London Northern Railroad.

On and after MONDAY, JANUARY 2, 1865,

Trains Leave Palmer as follows:

7.50 A. M., and 2.15 P. M., for New London and Way Stations.

2.15 P. M., and 6.00 P. M., for Belchertown and Amherst.

Trains for New London connect at Willimantic with trains for Hartford.

Trains for Amherst connect with trains from New London, and Western Railroad trains.

R. N. DOWD, Supt.

New London, Jan. 2, 1865.

M. P. KNOWLTON,

Attorney and Counsellor at Law.

Post Office Building, south side of Court Square,

SPRINGFIELD, MASS.

Soldiers' Pensions, Bounty, Back Pay, &c., procured promptly and at reasonable rates.

TO LET.

THE ROOMS IN STRONG BLOCK heretofore used as a Tin-shop. Enquire of

Palmer, March 4, 1865. JAS. G. ALLEN.

HEALTH

HELMBOLD'S

FLUID EXTRACT

BUCHU.

For Non-Retention or Incontinence of Urine, Inflammation or Ulceration of the Bladder or Kidneys, Diseases of the Prostrate Gland, Gravel, Brick Dust Deposits, Dropsical Swellings, Organic Weakness, Debility, Female Complaints, &c.

Helmbold's Fluid Extract Buchu and

IMPROVED ROSE WASH

Will radically exterminate from the system Diseases arising from habits of Dissipation, at little expense, little or no change of diet, no inconvenience or exposure, completely superseding those unpleasant and dangerous remedies, Copabia and Mercury, in curing these diseases.

USE HELMBOLD'S

FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU

In all Diseases of the Urinary Organs, whether existing in MALE OR FEMALE, *from whatever cause originating*, and no matter of how long standing. It is pleasant in its taste and odor, IMMEDIATE in action, and more strengthening than any of the preparations of Bark or Iron.

Those suffering from Broken Down or Delicate Constitutions, *procure the Remedy at once.*

The reader must be aware that however slight may be the attack of the above diseases, it is certain to affect his *Bodily Health, Mental Powers and Happiness.* If no treatment is submitted to, Consumption or Insanity may ensue.

All the above diseases require the aid of a diuretic.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU

IS THE GREAT DIURETIC.

HELMBOLD'S

HIGHLY CONCENTRATED COMPOUND

FLUID

EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA,

For purifying the blood, removing all diseases arising from excess and imprudence in life, chronic constitutional diseases arising from an impure state of the blood, and the only reliable and effectual know remedy for the cure of Scrofula, Scald Head, Salt Rheum, Pains and Swellings of the Bones, Ulcerations of the Throat and Legs, Blotches, Pimples on the Face, Tetter, Erysipelas, and all scaly eruptions of the skin, and beautifying the complexion.

AND

HAPPINESS

NOT A FEW

Of the worst disorders that afflict mankind arise from the corruption that accumulates in the Blood. Of all the discoveries that have been made to purge it out, none can equal in effect Helmbold's Compound Extract of Sarsaparilla. It cleanses and renovates the Blood, instills the vigor of health into the system and purges out the humors which make disease. It stimulates the healthy functions of the body, and expels the disorders that grow and rankle in the blood. Such a remedy, that could be relied on, has long been sought for, and now, for the first time, the public have one on which they can depend. Our space here does not admit of certificates to show its effects, but the trial of a single bottle will show to the sick that it has virtues surpassing anything they have ever taken.

Two tablespoonsful of the Extract of Sarsaparilla, added to a pint of water, is equal to the Lisbon Diet Drink, and one bottle is equal to a gallon of the Syrup of Sarsaparilla, or the decoction as usually made.

The above Extracts are prepared on purely scientific principles—in Vacuo—and embody the full strength of the ingredients entering into their composition. A ready and conclusive test will be a comparison of their properties with those set forth in the U. S. Dispensatory.

HOW TO USE THE REMEDIES.

In diseases of the Blood, Humors on the Face, or any and every part of the body, use Extract Sarsaparilla, applying to Pimples and all external Humors or Eruptions the Improved Rose Wash.

Use the Extract Buchu for all diseases requiring the aid of a Diuretic, except those of the Urinary Organs, such as Gonorrhœa and Gleet; in these use the Extrae Buchu and inject with the Improved Rose Wash

☞ THESE EXTRACTS HAVE BEEN ADMITTED TO USE IN THE UNITED STATES ARMY, and also are in very general use in all the STATE HOSPITALS and Public Institutions throughout the land, as well as in private practice, and are considered as invaluable remedies.

Medicine delivered to Any Address.

Direct letters to—

HELMBOLD'S DRUG & CHEMICAL WAREHOUSE,

594 Broadway, New York,

Next Metropolitan Hotel, or to

HELMBOLD'S MEDICAL DEPOT,

104 South Tenth St., Philadelphia,

Assembly Buildings.

Describe Symptoms in all Communication.

☞ Sold by all Druggists everywhere.

☞ Beware of Counterfeits.

☞ Ask for Helmbold's. Take no Other.

Feb. 25. 1y.

SECURED.

DR. VELPAU'S FRENCH PILLS.

LADIES, TAKE PARTICULAR NOTICE.

THE REAL VELPAU FEMALE PILL.

[Warranted French.]

These Pills, so celebrated many years ago in Paris, for the relief of female irregularities, and afterward so notorious for their criminal employment in the practice of abortion, are now offered for sale for the first time in America. They have been kept in comparative security from the fact that the originator, Dr. Velpau, is a physician in Paris, of great wealth and strictly conscientious principles, and has withheld them from general use lest they should be employed for unlawful purposes. In overcoming Female Obstructions, Falling of the Womb, Whites, Green Sickness, Suppression, Retention, or Immoderate flow of the monthly discharges, they seem to be truly omnipotent, bursting open the flood gates from whatever cause may have stopped them; but they are offered to the public only for legitimate uses and all agents are forbidden to sell them when it is understood that the object is unlawful. Married ladies should never take them when there is any reason to believe themselves pregnant, for they will be sure to produce a miscarriage.

These Pills are entirely safe under all circumstances, being composed entirely of substances from the vegetable kingdom.

Each box has the coat of arms for the city of Paris stamped on the box, with the words "Trade Mark" in French, to counterfeit which is a misdemeanor, and all persons will be dealt with according to law.

☞ Full directions accompany every box.

Ladies can obtain a box sealed from the eyes of the curious, by enclosing one dollar and six postoffice stamps to any respectable druggists, or to O. C. STAPLES, General Agent for the United States, Watertown, N. Y.

For sale in Palmer by Wood & Allen, and Dr. Wm. Holbrook. nöly.

DR. WISTAR'S

BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY,

THE GREAT REMEDY FOR

CONSUMPTION,

And acknowledged by many prominent physicians to be by far the most Reliable Preparation ever introduced for the Relief and cure of all

LUNG COMPLAINTS.

This well-known remedy is offered to the public, sanctioned by the experience of over forty years, and when resorted to in season, seldom fails to effect a speedy cure of

Coughs, Colds, Croup, Bronchitis, Influenza, Whooping Cough, Hoarseness, Pains or Soreness in the Chest and Side, Bleeding at the Lungs, Liver Complaints, &c., &c.

Its complete success in many cases of confirmed consumption has reversed the opinion so long entertained, that this much dreaded disease is incurable.

To those who have already made use of this Remedy, no appeal is necessary. To those who have not, we have only to refer them to the written testimonials of many of our most distinguished citizens, who have been restored to health when the expectation of being cured was indeed a "forlorn hope." We have space only for the following

Unsolicited Testimony.

From REV. FRANCIS LOBDELL, Pastor of the South ong. hurch, Bridgeport, t.

BRIDGEPORT, Jan. 1, 1864.

MESSRS. SETH W. FOWLE & CO.—Gentlemen: I consider it a duty which I owe to suffering humanity, to bear testimony to the virtues of Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry: I have used it—when I have had occasion for any remedy for Coughs, Colds, or Sore Throat—for many years, and never, in a single instance, has it failed to relieve and cure me. I have frequently been very hoarse on Saturday, and looked forward to the delivery of two sermons on the following day with sad misgivings, but by a liberal use of the Balsam my hoarseness has invariably been removed, and I have preached without difficulty. I commend it to my brethren in the ministry, and to public speakers generally, as a certain remedy for the bronchial troubles to which we are peculiarly exposed.

Entirely unsolicited I send you this testimonial, which you are at liberty to use in any way you choose. Perhaps the Balsam does not affect all persons alike, but it always removes my hoarseness, and fits me for the minister's hard-working day—the Sabbath.

Very truly yours, FRANCIS LOBDELL.

Clergymen, Lawyers, Singers,

and all those whose occupation requires an unusual exercise of the vocal organs, will find this the Only Remedy which will effectually and instantaneously relieve their difficulties. This Remedy, unlike most others, is not only not nauseous, but is extremely

PLEASANT TO TASTE.

A small quantity allowed to pass over the irritated part at once removes the difficulty.

WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY

IS PREPARED BY

SETH W. FOWLE & CO.,

18 TREMONT STREET, BOSTON,

1ys10. and is sold by all druggists. eow.

REDDING'S RUSSIA SALVE

HEALS OLD SORES.

REDDING'S RUSSIA SALVE cures Burns, Scalds, Cuts.

REDDING'S RUSSIA SALVE cures Wounds, Bruises, Sprains.

REDDINGS' RUSSIA SALVE cures Boils, Ulcers, Cancers.

REDDING'S RUSSIA SALVE cures Salt Rheum, Piles, Erysipelas.

REDDING'S RUSSIA SALVE cures Ringworms, Corns, &c.

☞ No family should be without it. Only 25 cents a box. For sale by

SETH W. FOWLE & CO., Boston, Mass and by all druggists and country storekeepers.

HALL'S VEGETABLE

SICILIAN HAIR RENEWER,

THE best preparation for the Hair. It will immediately free the head from all daudruff, restore the hair to its natural color, and produce a new growth where it has fallen off. It will stop the falling out of the hair in a few days, if faithfully applied, and it will turn gray hair to its original color. Price, one dollar. A large lot just received, and for sale by the bottle or dozen.

WOOD & ALLEN,

Palmer, Mass., Feb. 11, 1865. 1y

REVENUE STAMPS.

ALL DENOMINATIONS of U. S. Revenue Stamps for sale at the Journal Office.

Palmer, Aug. 20, 1864

TAPIOCA, FARINA, SAGO, CORN STARCH, CHOCOLATE, COCOA &c., &c., for sale at

A. H. PARKS' Cash Store . . . PALMER, MASS.

A Lot of First-Rate

BUTTER,

FOR SALE in any quantity, from one to 100 pounds, at

A. H. PARKS' STORE, Palmer, Mass.

GEO. S. BOSWORTH,

CARPENTER AND JOINER,

—AND DEALER IN—

Doors, Sash, Blinds, Framing Timber, &c., &c.

Doors, Sash, and Blinds constantly on hand. All kinds of jobbing done to order. Palmer, Jan. 30

A Superior Article of Pure Ground JAVA COFFEE,

For sale at A. H. PARKS' Store,

Palmer House Block

FLOUR

Of all grades, FOR SALE LOW for cash,

AT A. H. PARKS' STORE,

West end of Palmer House Block, Palmer, Mass

AMERICAN AND FOREIGN PATENTS.

R. H. EDDY,

SOLICITOR OF PATENTS,

Late Agent of U. S. Patent Office, Washington, (under the Act of 1837.)

76 STATE ST.....opp. Kilby st.....BOSTON

After an extensive practice of upwards of twenty years, continues to secure Patents in the United States, also in Great Britain, France, and other foreign countries. Caveats, Specifications, Bonds, Assignments, and all Papers or Drawings for Patents executed on liberal terms, and with dispatch. Researches made into American or Foreign works to determine the validity or utility of Patents or inventions—and legal or other advice rendered in all matters touching the same. Copies of the claims of any patent furnished by remitting one dollar. Assignments recorded at Washington.

The Agency is not only the largest in New England, but through it inventors have advantages for securing Patents, of ascertaining the patentability of inventions, unsurpassed by, if not immeasurably superior to any which can be offered them elsewhere. The Testimonials below given prove that none is MORE SUCCESSFUL AT THE PATENT OFFICE than the subscriber, and as SUCCESS IS THE BEST PROOF OF ADVANTAGES AND ABILITY, he would add that he has abundant reason to believe, and can prove, that at no other office of the kind are the charges for professional services so moderate. The immense practice of the subscriber during the twelve years past has enabled him to accumulate a vast collection of specifications and official decisions relative to patents.

These, besides his extensive library of legal and mechanical works, and full accounts of patents granted in the United States and Europe, render him able, beyond question, to offer superior facilities for obtaining Patents.

All necessity of a journey to Washington to procure a Patent, and the usual great delay there, are here saved inventors.

TESTIMONIALS.

"I regard Mr. Eddy as one of the MOST CAPABLE and SUCCESSFUL practitioners with whom I have had official intercourse." CHAS. MASON.

Commissioner of Patents.

"I have no hesitation in assuring inventors that they cannot employ a person more competent and trustworthy, and more capable of putting their applications in a form to secure for them an early and favorable consideration at the Patent Office."

EDMUND BURKE,

Late Commissioner of Patents.

"Mr. R. H. Eddy has made for me THIRTEEN applications, on all but one of which patents have been granted, and that is now pending. Such unmistakable proof of great talent and ability on his part leads me to recommend ALL inventors to apply to him to procure their patents, as they may be sure of having the most faithful attention bestowed on their cases, and at very reasonable charges." JOHN TAGGART.

During eight months, the subscriber, in course of his large practice, made on TWICE rejected applications, SIXTEEN APPEALS, EVERY ONE of which was decided in his favor by the Commissioner of Patents. R. H. EDDY.

January 1, 1865. 1y

E. & H. T. ANTHONY & CO.,

Manufacturers of Photographic Materials,

Wholesale and Retail,

501 BROADWAY . . . . NEW YORK.

In addition to our main business of PHOTOGRAPHIC MATERIALS, we are headquarters for the following, viz.:

Stereoscopes and Stereoscopic Views.

Of these we have an immense assortment, including War Scenes, American and Foreign Cities and Landscapes, Groups, Statuary, &c., &c. Also, Revolving Stereoscopes, for public or private exhibition. Our Catalogue will be sent to any address on receipt of stamp.

PHOTOGRAPHIC ALBUMS.

We were the first to introduce these into the United States, and we manufacture immense quantities in great variety, ranging in price from 50 cts. to $50 each. Our Albums have the reputation of being superior in beauty and durability to any others. They will be sent by mail, FREE, on receipt of price.

FINE ALBUMS MADE TO ORDER.

CARD PHOTOGRAPHS.

Our Catalogue now embraces over FIVE THOUSAND different subjects, to which additions are continually being made, of Portraits of Eminent Americans, &c., viz.: about

100 Major Generals,	550 Statesmen,
200 Brig.-Generals,	139 Divines,
275 Colonels,	125 Authors,
200 Lieut.-Colonels,	40 Artists,
450 Other Officers,	125 Stage,
75 Navy Officers,	50 Prominent Women,
	150 Prominent Foreign Portraits,
	3,000 Copies of Works of Art.

including reproductions of the most celebrated Engravings, Paintings, Statutes, &c. Catalogues sent on receipt of stamp. An order for One Dozen Pictures from our Catalogue will be filled on the receipt of $1.80, and sent by mail, FREE.

Photographers and others, ordering goods C.O.D. will please remit 25 per cent. of the amount with their order. E. & H. T. ANTHONY & CO.,

Manufacturers of Photographic Materials.

501 Broadway, New York.

☞ The prices and quality of our goods cannot fail to satisfy. n19ly

---

Caution to Females in Delicate Health.

DR. DOW,

Physician and Surgeon, 7 Endicott st., Boston,

IS consulted daily for all diseases incident to the female system. Prolapsus Uteri, or Falling of the Womb, Fluor Albus, Suppression, and other Menstrual derangements, are all treated on new pathological principles, and speedy relief guaranteed in a very few days. So invariably certain is the new mode of treatment, that most obstinate complaints yield under it, and the most afflicted person soon rejoices in perfect health.

Dr. Dow has no doubt had greater experience in the cure of diseases of women than any other physician in Boston.

Boarding accommodations for patients who may wish to stay in Boston a few days under his treatment.

Dr. Dow, since 1845, having confined his whole attention to an office practice for the cure of Private Diseases and Female Complaints, acknowledges no superior in the United States.

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The Palmer Journal.

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—BY—
GORDON M. FISK & Co.

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Our Martyr President.

With throbbing heart the nation stands
Beside the open tomb
Of him, who at a traitor's hands,
Received a martyr's doom.
All patriot hearts lament the fall,
Of Freedom's noblest son,
The only one we dare to call
A peer of Washington.

Thank God for him who gave us life,
Among the powers of earth;
Who, through the dark ordeal of strife,
Secured the nation's birth;
And no less gratefully we praise
The Giver of all good,
For him, who in these later days,
Rebellion's arm withstood.

Opposing factions vainly thought,
To turn his feet aside,
Duty was all the path he sought,
And God his only guide.
His voice proclaimed the bondmen free,
In face of Treason's flood;
He signed their deed of liberty,
And sealed it with his blood.

O, favored city of the West,
Henceforth thy soil will be
A hallowed shrine of the oppressed,
The Mecca of the free.
The dark-browed sons of Afric's race,
Will bow with streaming eyes,
Above the consecrated place,
Where their deliverer lies.

O, Treason thrice accursed now!
This last dark deed of thine,
Has sealed the doom of all who bow
Before thy bloody shrine.
Mercy and Justice, hand in hand,
Proclaim the firm decree,
No room for traitors in the land
Our Lincoln has made free.

Greenville, May 4. C.

IN THE TWILIGHT.

A tall blue-eyed girl, with loose brown curls floating away from her face like an aureole of amber brightness, and a slender throat, white and pure as mother-of-pearl—that was Valentin Bruce, as she sat by the open French window, dreamily watching the sunset flame melt into opal billows of light.

And Col. Mordaunt despairingly smoked his cigar in the fragrant shadows of the shrubbery, and marvelled what fortunate mortal might be fated to buy Valentin's wedding ring, and pay her millinery bills, and be her humble slave and servitor through life.

Colonel Mordaunt tossed his cigar in among the rose acacias that skirted the lawn, and began to select a cluster of exquisite moss-roses, heedless of the thorns which pierced his unaccustomed fingers.

"She likes flowers," he soliloquized, "and moss roses are certainly the prettiest flowers that grow. I will win a smile from those velvet lips of hers."

He twisted a blade of pliant grass round the mossy stems, in place of a ribbon, and sauntered carelessly up the gravelled walk.

All of a sudden he stopped.

"Frank Aldrich's voice!" he exclaimed, biting his lip with vexation, as a merry peal of laughter floated through the purpling twilight from the open windows beyond. "What brings that puppy here now, of all times and seasons in the world?"

"Hallo, Jack!" said Aldrich. "Been sentimentalizing out in the dew? The ladies were just fretting over the chance of your taking cold."

Mordaunt's face brightened up—then Valentin did think of him sometimes.

"That is," pursued the relentless Aldrich, "your thoughtful sister Katy said she was afraid you would have a cold, and Miss Bruce said nothing."

Colonel Mordaunt's countenance elongated again. But he stepped forward and laid the knot of moss roses on the folds of Valentin's white muslin dress, with a few murmured words which nobody could understand.

"Flowers, eh?" said Frank, superciliously. "Upon my word, Jack is getting prodigal!"

Valentin looked carelessly down at the cluster of pink buds, then deliberately picked them up, and tossed them out upon the lawn.

"Explain, if you please," said Frank, composedly, while Mordaunt grew scarlet, and bit his lips until the blood started.

"There was a worm—a horrid green worm—on one of the buds," haughtily said Valentin, shaking off one or two crimson petals which still adhered to her muslin dress. "I have a perfect horror of all such noxious insects."

"Do you hear that, Jack?" appealed Mr. Aldrich, lazily turning round in his chair.—"It's a pity you were so unfortunate in the selection of your floral offering."

But Colonel Mordaunt had left the room; Kate following him the next minute.

"Dearest Jack, are you vexed with Frank and Valentin? They don't mean to annoy you, I am sure, and—"

"Not vexed, dear," said Mordaunt, speaking slowly and sadly—"only grieved. I am sorry Miss Bruce finds me so disagreeable."

He went up stairs, while Kate hesitated a moment below.

"He is better by himself," she said, mentally. "Poor fellow! he's desperately in love, and I do wish Valentin wouldn't tease him so."

And she went down into the terraced garden, to gather honeysuckles for the parlor vases, and muse on her brother's manifold grievances.

"It's too bad, so it is!" she murmured, winking back the bright drops that would suffuse her hazel-brown orbs. "I shall talk seriously to Valentin about it this very evening."

Meanwhile, Colonel Mordaunt stalked sulkily up stairs, into his sister's pretty little sitting-room, where the muslin curtains were fluttering to and fro in the delicious night wind, and the sofa was drawn into a little recess beside a table all littered with books, and magazines, and needle-cases, and thimbles, and the indescribable *debris* which two girls invariably collect around themselves in the course of a long June afternoon.

He threw himself recklessly down on the sofa, and drew the soft folds of Kate's cashmere shawl over him, as if jealous lest the soft eyes of the watching stars, that were just beginning to gem the heavens, should witness the struggle which convulsed his strong, manly heart.

Not that his grief wrought itself into any external signs. No; there was neither groan nor motion. One might almost have fancied him asleep as he lay there, white and silent, with the curtains sweeping down around his motionless head.

"Katy!"

Like the tremulous coo of the wood-pigeon, Valentin's voice murmured the two soft syllables with the coaxing accent of a penitent child; and in the same instant she knelt down beside the sofa, her white dress sweeping over the crimson carpet like tides of translucent pearl, and one round arm thrown caressingly over the folds of the deceitful cashmere shawl!

Colonel Mordaunt's first impulse was to spring up and declare his individuality—his second to lie still and let Fate manage the matter to suit her capricious self. So he lay still accordingly, experiencing a very singular and not at all disagreeable sensation from the contact of the caressing arm. No doubt he was a treacherous, hypocritical wretch; but, fair lady or chivalrous man, don't judge the poor fellow too harshly until you've been in precisely the same circumstances yourself. It is just possible—only possible, you know—that you might do the same thing.

"Now you are angry with me, Kate!" pleaded the soft voice, "because I threw those flowers away! And you won't speak to me! and I know I deserve it, darling!"

There was a moment's silence, as if Miss Valentin expected some sort of response to her pretty penitence; but she didn't get any, and so, after a brief pause, she went on:

"Indeed, Katy, I don't mean to grieve you, and I won't do it again. I am *so* sorry for my ridiculous freak. Do you suppose he was *very* angry, Katy? Do you think I ought to ask his pardon? But then, you know, he didn't see me steal round the lawn, when that odious Aldrich was gone, and pick up the roses again."

There were strong symptoms of coming tears—a sort of quivering sob in the voice.

"You won't forgive me, Katy? Not if I tell you that I do really love your tall, stern brother? Only, Katy, I was silly enough to want to tease him a little, and test my power over his noble heart. I love him, Katy—I may tell *you* of it, dear, without being bold or unwomanly, because you know we have so often talked about his liking me a little, and—and—oh, Katy, answer me! don't be so cold and cruel! Surely, you can't be asleep!"

Valentin leaned over and drew back the folds of the shawl, her soft hand pressing lightly over the forehead below.

"Where are your lips, *chere amie?*" she coaxed, playfully. "*I* shall soon break the magic spell of silence that binds them. You know you never *could* keep vexed with me more than five minutes at a time. Why—where's your hair? Where—"

She sprang suddenly to her feet with a piercing scream—her wandering hand had touched the dark, heavy moustache, on which Colonel Mordaunt prided himself so especially.

He strove to catch the hand—to detain the frightened beauty long enough to plead his cause in earnest, impassioned words; but in vain. Fear seemed literally to lend her wings.

Away, like a frightened white dove, she flew, uttering wild, hysteric screams, and fairly falling into the arms of the astonished Katy Mordaunt, who was just coming in from the starlighted garden with both hands full of dewy branches of honeysuckle.

"Valentin!" she exclaimed, dropping the spicy blossoms. "Why, what is the matter? What can have startled you so dreadfully?"

"Oh, Katy! Katy!" sobbed Valentin, clinging to her friend's shoulder with passionate vehemence, "there is a man in your room—a robber, hiding under your cashmere shawl on the sofa! Oh, I am nearly frightened to death!"

Katy's serene brown eyes dilated a little—then brightened into smiling archness.

"A robber?" she repeated, with provoking calmness. "Nonsense, Valentin, you are mistaken. It was only Jack! I saw him go in there not half an hour ago. The idea of taking our Jack for a robber!"

Katy's laughter rippled merrily out at the mere fancy.

Only Jack! In the midst of her terror, this possibility had never once occurred to Valentin Bruce's mind. Only Jack! The Forty Thieves themselves would have faded into nothingness before the mere idea of Col. Mordaunt having heard all those soft pleadings and unconscious admissions. One minute, Valentin felt as if every vein throughout her whole frame were filled with molten fire; then she grew white and cold as a marble statue. Life and strength seemed ebbing away from her, and, for the first time in her life, Valentin Bruce fainted away.

Katy Mordaunt quietly sprinkled scented waters on the pallid forehead, and began to unlace the white muslin dress. As she did so, a faded bunch of flowers fell from Valentin's bosom, and Katy smiled to herself as she recognized the moss-buds which had been so haughtily thrown out on the lawn that very evening.

"I'll keep them for Jack," she said, in her inmost mind. "Ah! Valentin, you'll be my sister-in-law yet."

How shyly the blue-eyed damsel stole into the breakfast room the next morning! She would cheerfully have fasted all day long sooner than enter the presence of the tall colonel; but what was the use?

The dreaded first interview must be got over sooner or later; so here she was, with downcast eyes, and cheeks dyed as deep a pink as the rose-colored wrapper she had on. No more haughty airs and graces—no more cool composure. She was at Colonel Mordaunt's mercy, and she knew it! Would he take cruel advantage of her helplessness?—Or would he——

But there her cogitations always stopped.

He was standing at the window, looking out upon the level morning sunshine which bathed the short, velvety grass before the piazza. But he turned quickly as she entered, with a bright welcoming smile.

"Valentin!" he said, gently, "was I dreaming last night, or did I hear you say that you loved me? Oh! my darling, tell me that it was no baseless dream!"

She came shyly to his arms, and nestled there like a fluttering fawn, voiceless yet happy. Still he was not contented.

"I want to hear it from your own lips yet again, Valentin. Nay, dearest, don't shrink away so pleadingly, but answer me."

"What shall I say?" she murmured, timidly raising her soft eyes to his face.

"Tell me that you love me!"

Sweeter than the fall of musical cascades through groves of tropic bloom—softer than the trill of nightingales in Persian valleys, the three charmed words touched on his ear, and he knew that she was his—his forever.

The courtship is drawing to a termination now—the white satin dress is finished, and the wedding cake iced to perfection, and the white roses are in bud that shall soon be woven into bridal bouquets; but Valentin is still extremely sensitive on the subject of cashmere shawls and twilight confidences.—And Katy Mordaunt—saucy little elf that she is—declares that Miss Valentin Bruce took advantage of its being Leap Year to confide her true sentiments to the dark-haired lover whom she delighted to torment.

CROCODILES AND MONKEYS.

From Henri Morshot's travels in Indo-China we select the following paragraph:

"Crocodiles are more numerous in the river at Pakman-Ven than in that of Chantabon. I continully saw them throw themselves from the banks into the water; and it has frequently happened that careless fishermen, or persons who have imprudently fallen asleep on the shore, have become their prey or have afterwards died of wounds inflicted by them. This latter has happened twice during my stay here. It is amusing, however—for one interested in observing the habits of animals all over the world—to see the manner in which these creatures catch the apes which sometimes take fancy to play with them. Close to the bank lies the crocodile, his body in the water, and his capacious mouth above the surface to seize anything that may come within his reach.

A troop of apes catch sight of him, and seem to consult together, approaching little by little and commencing their frolics, by turns, actors and spectators. One of the most active or most imprudent jumps from branch to branch till within a respectable distance of the crocodile, when hanging by one claw, and with the dexterity peculiar to these animals he advances and retires, now giving his enemy a blow with his paw, and at another time only pretending to do so. The other apes, enjoying the fun, evidently wishing to take part in it; but the other branches being too high they form a sort of chain by laying hold of each other's paws, and thus swing backwards and forwards, while any one of them who comes within reach of the crocodile, torments him to the best of his ability.

Sometimes the terrible jaws suddenly close but not upon the audacious ape, who just escapes; then there are cries of exultation from the tormentors, who gambol joyfully. Occasionally, however, the claw is entrapped, and the victim dragged with the rapidity of lightning beneath the water, when the whole troop disperse groaning and shrieking. This misadventure does not however, prevent their recommencing their game a few days afterward.

CANNOT PLEASE EVERYBODY.

"If you please," said the Weathercock to the Wind, "turn me to the South; There is such a cry out against the cold, that I am afraid they'll pull me down if I stop much longer in this North quarter."

So the Wind flew from the South; and the sun was master of the day, and rain fell abundantly.

"Oh, please to turn me from the South," said the Weathercock to the Wind again.

"The potatoes will all be spoilt, and the corn wants dry weather, and while I am here, *rain it will*; and, what with the heat and the wet, the farmers are just mad against me.

So the wind shifted into the West, and there came soft, drying breezes day after day.

"Oh, dear, dear!" said the Weathercock. "here's a pretty *to do!* such evil look as I get from eyes all around me the first thing every morning! the grass is getting parched up, and there is no water for the stock; and what is to be done? As to the *gardeners*, they say there won't be a pea to be seen, and the vegetables will wither away. Do turn me somewhere else."

"What do they say to you now?" he asked.

"What!", cried the Weathercock; "why, everybody has caught cold, and everything is blighted—that's what they say; and there isn't a misfortune that happens but somehow or other they lay it to the East wind."

"Well!" cried the Wind, "let them find fault; I see it's impossible for you and me to please everybody; so in future I shall *blow* where I like, and you shall *go* where I like, without asking any questions. I don't know but that we shall satisfy more than we can do now, with all our consideration."

THE EMIGRATION TO MEXICO.—The New York papers report the emigration fever as still spreading, and all the recruiting offices in that city are daily thronged by discharged soldiers anxious to take part in the movement.—Seven new offices were started in New York Thursday, two in Brooklyn and others in surrounding towns. A large public meeting to aid the movement is talked of. The Times says the movement amounts to nothing more than this, viz.: "That in New York city alone a regiment a day can be found who are ready to join a filibustering expedition to Mexico. So distinctly is already appearing the unsettling of men's minds by the war. It does not appear where any funds are to be raised for these schemes; it does not appear that any parties of high character, ability and influence are concerned in it; it does not appear whether the scheme will not be summarily suppressed by government.

☞A Chicago school ma'am is making quite a local sensation by giving large doses of red pepper to whispering scholars. It may not give the boys much "book learning," but it makes them smart.

☞What a world of gossip would be prevented if it was only remembered that a person who tells you of the faults of others, intends to tell others of your faults.

☞What will paralyze small minds may incite larger ones, as the breath which extinguishes the candle will kindle and stengthen the fire on the hearthstone.

☞What serpent is the most observing? The Sea-Serpent.

Our Martyred President.

"The President is dead!" How wild the thrill
Of anguish rang, a nation's heart to fill
With sad, unlanguaged pain. The nation felt,
And all the world did feel, the blow that dealt
Such sudden death to one who was the head
Of freedom's hosts, and long its van had led.
In every household ceased the sound of joy,
That only late did every heart employ;
And there was grief our mighty nation o'er—
Such grief as ne'er for man was felt before.
And signs of woe in black festoons were hung,
And dirges sad in all the churches rung;
And strong men bowed their heads in grief, and wept,
As on the solemn moving pageant swept.
His death was pangless—martyr to the cause
Of God, of freedom, and of equal laws.
He never knew the deep ingratitude
Of foes he would forgive, nor their dark feud;
But silently he carried to the grave
The chains of millions he had sought to save;
And long their blessings, dewed with joyous tears,
Will keep his mem'ry fresh through coming years.
His deeds are Freedom's, and his deathless name
Will live for aye upon the scroll of fame.
And though no monumental pile should rise,
With towering form, to pierce the skies,
Yet, deeply graven on the world's great heart,
His name would never from its thoughts depart;
But through the ages would a watchword be,
In every land that struggled to be free.

PALMER, May 19, 1865. O. P. ALLEN.

HEARING BOTH SIDES.

The wealthiest church in Boston, probably, is the "Old South," which worships in an edifice built before the revolutionary war, has two ministers, and supports a chapel for the poor. The two pastors, (both alike Orthodox) who are said to be on the best of terms socially, are diametrically opposed to each other on the most important practical questions. Dr. Blagden, the senior, (whose wife is a sister of Wendell Phillips, is a Virginian by birth, and an inveterate old fogy, who flouts at all the modern ideas of progress and reform, and for thirty years has been a steady apologist for slavery. Mr. Manning, the junior, on the other hand, is a radical abolitionist of the John Brown type, and of course an active worker in reforms. Each of these preachers occupy the pulpit at stated times. When Dr. Blagden preaches the old fogies flock to the "sanctuary," for their spiritual food; and when Mr. Manning is expected to hold forth the young people eagerly crowd the house to hear one of the most eloquent as well as progressive ministers in the city. The salaries of the two are paid from a common fund, and if popular rumor does not speak false, this novel arrangement works without any uncomfortable friction.

A remarkable illustration of the advantages arising from a double pastorate is mention by a recent Boston paper. A few Sabbaths ago, Dr. Blagden, the senior pastor of the "Old Suuth," preached a sermon in favor of the moderate use of stimulants, thoroughly believing in temperance, but not in *total abstinence* save for those who have not the moral force to be temperate. On a Sabbath evening, shortly afterward Mr. Manning delivered a powerful discourse, taking the most emphatic ground in favor of total abstinence as the only safe course and showing the evils resulting from any other teaching. The congregation, with such opportunities of hearing the great practical questions of the day discussed on both sides, ought to be able, certainly, to form an intelligent judgment in such matters.—*Anti-Slavery Standard.*

THE TRUTH IN A FEW WORDS.—After the rebellion broke out, the burden of Davis' message was the "oppression of the Federal Government." Previously to that nobody had ever heard of these oppressions, and even Davis had to draw upon his imagination to make out a case against the Government. At a recent meeting of Southern men in Memphis, Colonel Grace, who voted to take Arkansas out of the Union, addressed the assembly on the duty of returning to it, now that the trial of arms had failed, and secession had been whipped. He said:—

"Before this war I never saw a Federal officer, hardly. I never felt the slightest oppression of the Federal Government; in fact, I never thought we had one, until I went out to fight; then I found we did have a Government."

A RELIC OF SOUTHERN BARBARISM.—Among the Richmond trophies in possession of the Fifth Corps of the Army of the Potomac is the famous Russian bloodhound, Hero, formerly owned by one of the keepers of Castle Thunder, at Richmond, and kept there as one of the preventives against prisoners escaping. He belongs, emphatically, to the tribe of "heavy dogs," being seven feet long from the tip of his nose to the end of his tail; is three feet eight inches tall, measuring from the fore-shoulders down, and weighs one hundred and seventy-eight pounds. On two occasions, before he was three years old, he whipped two bears on Belle Island. A royal Bengal could hardly give a fiercer growl.

A MASCULINE HOUSEMAID.—A strange sort of person, named Sophia Gibbouse, died a few days ago at Cambridge, out in Guernsey county, Ohio. It was always supposed that the person in question was a woman, and for twenty-five years the public remained in ignorance that the would-be woman was in reality a man. Not until after death was the deception discovered. During all that time the man has dressed as a woman, associated with women, and had been employed as one in doing all sorts of rough house-work from place to place.

CAPTURED REBEL PROPERTY.—Long trains, heavily laden with valuable property, captured by our armies in North Carolina and Virginia, are now daily arriving at City Point, Va., from Danville, via Burkesville Junction.—Among the articles are goods in the original packages in which they ran the blockade of the national fleets in Southern ports, and the machinery for the manufacture of fire-arms, stolen by the rebels from Harper's Ferry.

DESERTED.—The crews of the rebel rams and other steamers which escaped up the Tombigbee river have all deserted. News from Demopolis says that Maury's rebel cavalry are perpetrating horrible cruelties among the people there, hanging and shooting them for expressing the slightest sympathy with Union sentiments.

POSTAL MATTERS.—The extra charge on advertised letters will hereafter be two cents each. Postage on drop letters, at places where there is no free delivery away from the post office, is reduced to one cent.

☞Light infantry movement. Rocking the cradle.

THE LAST OF THE VIRGINIANS.

All that is left of the Old Dominion is John Minor Botts. Five and twenty years ago, when Wise affected to be the legitimate and rightful representative of the Virginia chivalry, and turned up his classic nose and tossed his long ringlets at his hurly and not over elegant colleague, he little thought that the day would come when the Mother of Presidents would cast him from her bosom, and throw herself, in her old age and wretchedness, upon the big, stout arm of John Minor Botts. He little dreamed in those days of "high Whig" principles and "hard cider," when "Tippecanoe and Tyler too" ruled the roost, and the defiant spirit of Baylie Peyton and Sargeant Prentise, stood by his side with pen and pistol, ready to contest every inch of ground with the Locofocos, that he would first follow his friend John Tyler into the ranks of the Democrats, then accept office from the man whose nose he had pulled but ten years before, then return from foreign lands, galvanized as a champion of State rights and secession, then run a bully and rather doubtful race for Governor, and, finally, settle down into a second-rate Brigadier General in the C. S. A. All this while he espied his old colleague. Botts was rather low. Botts was breaking down. Botts was a plebeian and unworthy to be called an associate of the first families. What if he had slept in the same bed with John Tyler, or sat in the same hall with John Randolph? What of that? So Wise threw him over as an unworthy interloper.

Mark the sequel! When the real test came, the real mettle of the men appeard. Nothing could be more heroic than the conduct of Mr. Botts. He swore, in his blunt, off hand way, that secession was a damnable heresy, and he would have nothing to do with it. "Rebellion," said he, "is a cheat and swindle, a spawn of hell, and I'll see you all roasting in the eternal fires before you get me to follow you and your crew of paltroons and liars." He said this to a Virginia audience, and added: "Neither shall you drive me hence. I have a right to live at home, and there I mean to live and die. I won't leave." They arrested him once, twice, thrice. They imprisoned him. They ordered him South. They ordered him back. They persecuted him in every conceivable way. But still he stood undaunted, and resisted every overture, threat and calumny. At last he is free—free as his own Old Dominion. He is her last, as he is her first citizen. Among all the eminent men who used to represent her opinions and interest, he stands to day the sole survivor. The storm has passed over him, and he is still unshaken. We may see his rough form, his weather bronzed face, his rough, yet genial features, alive with honesty and health. He deserves all that man can pay to upright valor and spotless integrity. He is all that remains of the genuine old Virginian.—*Cincinnati Times.*

INTELLIGENCE OF THE HORSE AND DOG.—A horse came home without a driver, but instead of going directly to the stable, stopped at the house, neighed, and exhibited other indications of great disquietude. This, at first excited no attentions; but, as these manifestations continued and his master did not appear, apprehension was excited, and a person dispatched in search of him. He was found two miles off, lying insensible in consequence of a severe blow upon the head which he had received by falling from his cart. By no animal has this sentiment been so remarkably evinced as by the dog. A poor boy was fatally injured and carried to a hospital. His little dog followed him thither, and being prevented from entering it lay down at the gate watching with wistful eyes every one that went in, as if imploring admittance. Though constantly repulsed by the attendants he never left the spot by night or day, and died at his post even before his master.

ALL ABOUT DIMPLES.—Dimples are the perpetual smiles of nature—the very cunningest device and the lurking-place of love. When earth is dimpled by dells and valleys it always seems to laugh; when the ocean is dimpled by the breeze, it sparkles with joy beneath the sunshine of heaven. We cannot look for frowns on a dimple face; frowns and dimples will not associate together. How soft, how roguish, how beautiful are the dimples, in the elbow and shoulders, the pretty hands and feet of the rosy babe! Mothers dote in those darling dimples, and delight to kiss them. But perfectly enchanting dimples, at least in the eye of an enthusiastic young man, are those which come peeping out of the cheeks around the mouth of "sweet seventeen," when sweet seventeen essays some arch provoking sally, peeping out, and flying away the moment after, coming and going with the most bewitching coquetry.

ABSENCE OF MIND.—A reverend gentleman, in one of our country villages, in reading to his congregation the passages of Scripture—"I am that I am;"—after reading the "I am," in a fit of absence of mind, turned over two pages and went on—"an ass and the foal of ass"—when, discovering his error, he hastily turned back, and exclaimed—"that I am."

☞Two months ago Mrs. Thornton of De Kalb county, Mo., gave birth to three children, all girls, and about two weeks ago a sister of the same lady, in the same county, gave birth to four girls, weighing two and a half pound each.

☞An editor, in describing the doings of a mad dog says: "He bit a cow in the tail, which has since died." This was very unfortunate for the tail; but we naturaly feel some interest to know what became of the cow.

GOING TO MEXICO.—The Manchester Mirror learns that several of the returned soldiers belonging to that city are making arrangements to leave for Mexico, for the purpose of entering the republican army of that country.

☞Savings banks of this State pay all taxes on their deposits, so that depositors, as such, are not taxed by cities, towns or the government.

☞When is corn not corn? When it is ground, or when it is turned into a crib.

☞Editors ought to live cheaply, for the reason that they get *bored* for nothing.

Palmer Journal.

SATURDAY, MAY 27, 1865.

The Grand Review.

Tuesday and Wednesday were proud days for the armies of the Potomac and the Southwest. The war-worn veterans from a hundred battle-fields, scarred and browned with years of campaign life, were marched to the capitol of the country they had saved, and were reviewed for the last time by their officers. It was a splendid ovation to the soldiers. They were dressed in new clothes, and their arms and equipments were put in the best shape. On Monday night the army of the Potomac was marched over the river to the capitol grounds, and got in readiness for the following day.—The long storm cleared away Tuesday morning, and the day was bright and beautiful. Washington was full of people, so that passenger cars were brought into requisition to afford them lodgings on Monday night. Every point was filled with spectators and as high as $10 an hour was charged for a window or standing place.

Indeed, the mass of civilians pressing their eager homage upon these soldiers coming home from the war, was a sight long to be remembered and attaining to the grandly sublime, as an independent pageant, but when the fiery cavalry steeds, prancing to their well known bugle notes; the long lines of infantry with burnished arms flashing in the sunlight; the thundering rattle of artillery wheels in an unceasing surging mass, swept along through the day, the sight was imposing beyond description. The troops began to move from the capital grounds at 9 o'clock, Gen. Meade and the gallant Gen. Custar, with his cavalry at their head. They were at first greeted by 5000 school children, who sung "When Johnny comes marching home," and other patriotic songs. Wreaths and boquets were showered upon officers and soldiers as they passed along and the way was adorned with banners and mottos, one of which was "The only national debt we can never never pay is the debt we owe to the victorious Union soldiers."

The immense column moved through Pennsylvania Avenue, presenting a grand appearance, all arms of the service being represented in full force. The occasional insertion of a body of Zouaves served to relieve the sameness. The dark and light blue uniforms gave a fine effect to the spectacle. Looking up the broad avenue, there was a continuous moving line as far as the eye could reach of National, State, division, brigade, regiments and other flags. Some of them were new, the stars of gold leaf glittering in the sun, and these contrasted strongly with flags borne in the procession tattered in battle or mere shreds. Other flags were thickly covered with names and dates of battle fields where victories were won by these proud veterans. The flagstaffs were decorated with flowers, and very many boquets hung from the muzzles of muskets. These troops did not, as to dress, present a war-worn appearance; they were all well and cleanly clad, and their fine marching elicited praise from every tongue. On the south side of the avenue, fronting the Executive Mansion, a stand was built, handsomely and heavily festooned with national flags. This stand was in part occupied by President Johnson, members of the Cabinet, Gens. Grant and Sherman, and other distinguished army officers. On the left were members of the diplomatic corps and their families, 200 tickets having been issued to this class of spectators. On the stands provided for the purpose were George Bancroft and the Governors of States.

As the corps and divisions passed in review of the President and Lieut.-Gen. Grant, their commanders severally left the column and took seats on the platform. The crowd in that part of the city was extremely dense, it being the main point of attraction, and the reviewing place where was assembled the highest dignitaries.

Gen. Custer rode a powerful horse; at times he became restive and ungovernable; when near the Treasury Department the animal madly dashed forward to the head of the line. The General vainly attempted to check his courser, at the same time endeavoring to retain the weight of flowers which had previously been placed upon him. In the flight the General lost his hat. He finally conquered his horse and rejoined his column—passing the President's stand he made a low bow and was applauded by the multitude.

The troops occupied six hours in the review, from 9 o'clock in the morning until 3 o'clock in the afternoon. In military phrase, the "cadence step" was taken from the Capitol to Seventeenth-st., from which point the various organizations proceeded on the march to their separate quarters.

SHERMAN'S ARMY.

The army of Gen. Sherman was reviewed on Wednesday, going through the programme arranged for the Potomac army the day before. The greeting which these brave soldiers received was more enthusiatic than that given to the army of the Potomac. General Sherman must have felt that the people had not forgotten his services in their hasty condemnation of his error in North Carolina. When he reached the stand of the President, at least 40,000 persons, including all the distinguished persons on the stand, arose and gave him cheer after cheer, which drowned the music of the bands. This army presented a splendid appearance, though the uniforms of officers and men were soiled by their long campaign. It was nearly sundown before the last of Sherman's army passed frem the city to their quarters.

No military pageant on this continent ever equalled this review. The number of soldiers was nearly two hundred thousand, comprising nearly all the men who had fought the battles of the Union.

Jeff Davis, Alexander H. Stephens, his vice president, Clement C. Clay, Col. W. Reagan, Gen. Wheeler and others, including the family of Davis, arrived at Fortress Monroe, on Friday last week, and all but Davis were committed to the casemate prisons, prepared for them. Mrs. Davis and her children were returned south. The grand jury of the U. S. circuit court of the District of Columbia have brought in a bill of indictment against Davis for treason, and he will be tried as soon as the conspiracy trials are over.

The rebel ram Stonewall has surrendered to the authorities at Havana.

Gold went up, on Thursday, to 138½.

Jefferson D.

Old Sardanapalus, the Assyrian monarch, in the decline of his empire put off his manly garments, dressed himself in petticoats and gave himself up to the society of women. So Jeff Davis, the rebel president, in the fall of his Confederacy betook himself to the company of his female friends and was caught in petticoats. What a fall was that for the boasting and arrogant leader of rebellion, who but a short time before had issued his proclamations full of sound and fury, from his mansion in Richmond. It was a step from an exalted position to which the nations looked with some degree of respect, to one of abject humiliation, to be laughed at and sneered at by the lowest vagabond. But it was a fitting end to the head of the rebellion—an end which men and children will despise and ridicule through coming generations. The manner of Davis' capture has been stated in several ways, but he was not caught running for the woods according to the account first published. His party, fearing that he would be captured, sent him and his family off on a by-road into the woods. Col. Pritchard learned on the 9th where Davis was encamped, and just before day light on the 10th surrounded the camp. It was supposed that Davis had a considerable force as guard and a severe fight was expected. By an unfortunate and so far unaccountable accident one part of the force fired upon another and before the mistake was discovered two men were killed and six others slightly wounded. Capt. Hudson had placed a strong guard around the tent where Davis was supposed to be, and when the firing commenced, thinking his duty called him to the fight, he left the tent in charge of a corporal, with orders to let no one pass out. The corporal went to the door where he was met by a lady, who proved to be Mrs. Davis, and who said that the tent was occupied by ladies and she hoped they would be permitted to dress before being disturbed.

Very soon, she again and voluntarily appeared at the door with another person in petticoats, morning dress and a woolen cloak, with a hood closely drawn over the head and a pail on her arm.

Corporal ordered halt! which was of course obeyed, but Mrs. D. feelingly appealed to the Corporal to allow her *mother* to go to the spring to get some water—it was hard, even if they were prisoners not to be allowed to get a little water for their morning ablutions. Mr. Corporal just then observed that the morning dress was not quite long enough to conceal a pair of boots looking rather too heavy for *mother*," to wear, and, with his Spencer carbine presented to the aged lady's head, and ordered her to remove that cloak. The argument was persuasive, even to the chivalry.—The disguise was removed and Jeff. Davis appeared in full view.

Davis said he should have defended himself if he had been armed—even if he had had a revolver he would have fought with it as long as he could. The Colonel replied to him that he didn't appear to be in a very good fighting condition just at that time. After a hurried breakfast the party was put in marching order. The prisoners, in ambulances, preceded the band of the 4th Michigan cavalry playing first "Yankee Doodle," which had evidently a depressing influence on the feelings of Mr. Davis; but when in a few minutes, the band struck into the somewhat familiar air of "John Brown's body's marching on," it was too much for endurance, and he actually fell prostrate in the ambulance, and was concealed from view by his friends for a considerable time.

Gen. Sherman.—This valiant general feels that he has been deeply wronged by General Halleck and Sec. Stanton, and lets pass no occasion to show his indignation. He says they have placed him in a wrong light before the people in regard to his first treaty with Gen. Johnston, and refuses to speak to them. So the path of glory is not free from thorns. Before the surrender of Lee, Sherman was rated the most brilliant general in the world, and Grant was glad to concede him that honor, and the fall of Richmond was brought about by his daring march through the bowels of the Confederacy. The people will not be willing that his reputation should suffer by one error, which was soon rectified, and it cannot but be regretted that the war department so hastily censured him. Sherman has written a report of his late campaign, in which he vigorously defends himself.

Rebel Archives.—Five tuns of the archives of the late Confederacy, captured recently by our men at Charlotte, N. C, reached Fortress Monroe on Friday evening. They were immediately sent to Washington.

Robber Killed.—A robber was killed in Hamilton, O., on the night of the 5th inst., while engaged in robbing the house of D. Shatter. The latter heard an unusual noise in the house, and while investigating the cause a flash of lightning revealed the villain. Shatter fired at him with a pistol, and the robber rushed upon him. The citizen fired again, bringing the robber to the floor. A light was procured, and the rascal was found to be mortally wounded. One ball struck him in the left arm, the other in the back, penetrating his lungs. Before dying he said his name was Thompson. On his person was found $300, which he had stolen from the house adjoining that in which he met his fate.

President Johnson has issued an important proclamation, which opens all the ports of the United States to foreign trade, except those of Texas. The same proclamation also denies the right claimed by the rebels as belligerents, and declares that all persons engaged in preying upon our commerce will hereafter be treated as pirates.

The joyful intelligence of the capture, of Jeff. Davis was received with the wildest enthusiasm by the soldiers encamped around Washington. Only one opinion prevailed among them as to what should be done with the petticoat-traitor, and that was that he should be hung.

The rebel chiefs in Texas are still belligerent, and talk of calling out every man and boy to defend the State, besides arming the women at home. Kirby Smith will not surrender; so we may have a few skirmishes with the Texans before the war is finished.

The conspiracy court resumed its sitting at Washington on Thursday. The testimony was of a general character. The Government has put in all of its evidence, and the defence have about three hundred witnesses to introduce.

Gov. Letcher, of Virginia, has been arrested, and is in prison at Washington.

Letter from Richmond.

Provost Marshal's Office, 4th District, Richmond, Va., May 15, 1865.

The closing scenes of the great rebellion are being witnessed; the Star-Spangled Banner floats in triumph; the soldiers are marching home. If there was a person in Richmond who still had an idea of the final establisment of a Southern Confederacy it must have been effectually put at rest during the last week. As the gallant armies of the Potomac, of Georgia and Tennessee with their torn and blood-stained banners, marched through this city on their homeward journey, it impressed the people that there was a north as well as south; that it is easier to leave the country *forever* than to tear it to pieces; that in fact Uncle Samuel is a power in the earth not to be despised. The people here, are generally acquiesing in what cannot well be helped, and are becoming good and loyal citizens. Occasionally a man so far forgets himself as to get into trouble which is his own fault. A citizen came in a day or two ago, from Powhattan county, who did not seem to realize the situation and also did not realize the *summary execution of martial law*. He spoke his mind probably when he said to a person on the street:—"The d—d old s—n of a b—h, Lincoln did not live long enough to enjoy the capture of Richmund." *This man had taken the oath of allegiance.* After being arrested he said he would in future keep it if he could only be released *this* time *so bless him God*, but this poor fellow lies in a bed of roses at Castle Thunder. The way of the transgressor is indeed hard.

The great question "what is to be done with the darkey," is occupying a large share of the attention of the military authorities. Some of them have got strange ideas of freedom but their minds will soon become disabused of some of them we think. Some of them seem to think they are indeed *Uncle Sam's pets now* and there is nothing else to do for *them*. The government has fitted up an immense building for those who have left their former masters or have no place to live and are hiring them out to people who want servants at low prices. A person wished to hire a hand to wash and iron and asked one of them if she could do the work. "*Oh, no,*" she said she did not know anything about *such* work. A guard was immediately ordered with her to the kitchen to *learn* her to wash, when she came to her senses and thought she *could* do a little in that line, at least try. The sooner these people learn that they will be obliged to work for a living the better it will be for government. Jeff Davis is making a movement on Washington with Wilson's cavalry and we expect to follow soun.

More anon. W.

Jeff Davis Responsible for Starving Union Prisoners.—Now that the rebel president is likely to receive his just deserts, we would not heap any charges upon him of which there is not proof; but everybody knows that one word from the rebel chief would have mitigated the condition of Union prisoners and saved thousands of lives; and now it appears that the starvation of prisoners was deliberately resolved upon in Jeff's cabinet. Senator Foote was a member of the committee of the rebel Senate to examine into the treatment of the prisoners and the reports of their harsh usage and starvation. Mr. Foote states that the investigations showed conclusive evidence that it was decided in cabinet meeting to reduce the rations served out to the prisoners, that it should so weaken their constitutions, in connection with the confinement, that it would destruy them as soldiers, and make them, when exchanged, worthless. Senator Foote determined to report these facts to the Senate, but the balance of the committee overruled him and suppressed the facts. It was on this point that the quarrel between Davis and Foote broke out afresh, which resulted in the latter leaving Richmond and seeking some sequestered spot where such horrid deeds were not committed.

Here, then, is evidence conclusive of Jeff Davis and associates' guilt in the diaholical act of starving our prisoners—a deed which makes the most stoical person shudder to contemplate. Men who will coolly and deliberately plan a scheme like that will conspire to assassinate a President or any other person.—It is a fitting sequel that authors of such deeds should end their careers in a cowardly manner, dressed in petticoats. No wonder Jeff Davis' cloven foot revealed who he was.

A Widower Rewived.—A two months' widower living near Hartford, Ct., went to that city the other day in search of a housekeeper, to take care of his six motherless children. He was recommended to a nice young woman, and stating his case to her, was told that she had no objection to going provided she went as his wife! He hadn't thought of that, but accepted the conditions, and she rode home with him the same day.

France.—The Emperor of France has issued two proclamations to the people of Algeria, the one to the European settlers, and the other to the Arabs. To the former he says they must be the masters because they are the more civilized, and to the latter that 2,000,000 Arabs cannot resist 40,000,000 Frenchmen, and that the Koran teaches them to obey those to whom God has given power.

Young Man Pardoned.—President Johnson has pardoned Albert N. Stratton, who was sentenced last June to three years in Lenox jail for embezzlement of money in the post-office in Pittsfield where he was employed as clerk. He has been quite sick during his imprisonment, and his physician gave it as his opinion that he would die there if his incarceration is prolonged.

Extensive Damage.—A reservoir dam broke away on Saturday night last at East Killingly, Conn., and the freshet caused thereby did damage to mill and other property below, amounting to $30,000.

Loafers Arrested.—Thirty-three young men and boys were arrested on Sunday, at Alleghany City, Penn., for loafing around church doors, to the annoyance of worshippers.—Each was fined two dollars and costs.

To be Paid.—The average pay due each soldier is $250, and the Government is ready to pay off and discharge every man of the two armies now in Washington.

Captured.—The Rebel Gov. Harris of Tennessee has been captured with $600,000 belonging to that State. The State archives and bonds have also been secured.

☞A young baby in Great Barrington has seven grandmothers and three grandfathers living. The oldest of the former is a great-great-great-grandmother, aged 101.

Frost.—In some section of Ohio last week's frost killed all kinds of fruit. In Western New-York the fruit prospects are good, no damage having been done by frost.

A VARIETY OF THINGS.

With Jeff Davis in the lock-up, and his associate leaders either running for their lives or surrendering to the mercy of our Government, the Southern Confederacy presents a very ridiculous figure; and yet there are a few belligerents who have escaped to Texas and threaten to continue the war. Without any Government, without a head, without means for subsisting armies, they will soon give up the contest and leave for Mexico. Texas is a great State, nearly as large as all New England, but it was unable to protect itself against Mexico, and cried to come under the wing of Uncle Sam, and the latter is now big enough to govern his own chicks.

—Large rains, sweet sunshine, and forward vegetation, have been the productions of the past week or two.

—Rebels, returning to Virginia, are very arrogant, and need a little wholesome training. Some of them don't seem to know that slavery has gone to the dogs.

—The early return of the silver age is confidently predict d, a number of persons having seen a few dimes and half-dimes, and dreamed of more.

—Government is likely to continue all negro troops in the service until their term of enlistment expires.

—An Irish servant girl in Venango county, N. Y., who can neither read nor write, has fallen heir to three hundred thousand dollars. Such is oil.

—Jacob Thompson has written a letter denying that he had any connection with the murderers of President Lincoln.

—Gen. Sherman says harsh things of Secretary Stanton and Gen. Halleck, even calling them assassins. Such language among military men is apt to lead to duels.

—Mrs. Mary E. Follett, of Norwalk, Conn., killed herself last week Friday by taking strychnine. Her age was 28. No cause is assigned for her rash act.

—Connecticut is a richer State than Massachusetts. There are $980 to each inhabitant there; only $530 in Massachusetts.

—Already more than 1800 claims for damages by the war have been filed at Washington by citizens of Virginia. The claims amount to over $50,000,000, and there are more to come.

—The large rewards for the capture of Booth and Harold are to be distributed at the discretion of the Secretary of War, upon the completion of the trials.

—It is proposed that the authorities adopt the Confederate uniform as the garb to be worn by the convicts in the different penitentiaries.

—The Empress of Austria is about to reside in the Isle of Wight, for the benefit of her health.—She has already tried Maderia and the Ionian Islands.

—It is supposed that Surratt, implicated in the assassination conspiracy, sailed for England by the Peruvian, which left Quebec on the 13th inst.

—An officer of Johnston's army says that Jeff Davis gave up nearly all his specie as payment for services of officers and men of his own escort.

—The catch of menhaden in New England last season was valued at $2,000,000. It is said that 65,000 barrels were used as bait in the cod and mackerel fisheries.

Mexico.—The latest news from Mexico leaves no doubt that the Republican forces have of late made considerable progress. It is reported that several of the Governors and other officers appointed by Maximilian have, like Cortinas, pronounced against him. There must be some truth in these reports, for the Estafette, a semi-official paper, gives as its profound conviction, that Mexico must be ruled for many years yet without calling Mexican statesmen to power. Maximilian, on receiving the news of the surrender of Lee, sent the Chief of his Cabinet as a special envoy to the United States.

The Remains of Booth.—Frank Leslie gives a picture of the sinking of Booth's body in the Potomac by two officers in the night-time, and publishes what purports to be the statement of one the officers concerning the matter. We doubt the correctness of the statement, and believe the body was buried somewhere in the earth.

Counterfeit Currency.—On Sunday night the United States authorities in New York entered a house on the corner of Sixteenth St. and Sixth ave., and succeeded in securing $18,000 worth of counterfeit postal currency, with the dies, plates, &c. Two men, found on the premises, were taken into custody.

Inhuman.—A party of bushwhackers in Missouri lately murdered or wounded nearly every man in a little village of half a dozen buildings called Kingsville, and then set fire to the village and destroyed it. Eight persons were killed outright. Murders by guerillas are frequent in that vicinity.

Dick Turner.—Among other inhuman acts which this infernal scoundrel inflicted upon Union soldiers in Libby prison, was to put an amputated arm into a kettle of soup right before their eyes and than compel them to eat it. This brute has escaped from prison, and it is feared that he will not be captured.

Studying the Mexican Language.—The gallant cavalry leader, Gen. Custer, was serenaded at the National Hotel, Washington, on Monday evening, and, in response to the compliment, said he was so busy studying the Mexican language that he had no time to make a speech in English.

Jeff's Gold.—Only $8,000 in specie have yet been discovered among Jeff Davis' effects; but several boxes have not yet been examined. On the person of Reagan, his postmaster general, however, there were seized papers showing a large amount of specie shipped for London.

Good Law.—The Legislature of New York passed a law during its late session, which went into effect the 1st of May, providing that every manufacturer of firkins, tubs, and other wooden packages for the packing of butter, shall legally brand upon each of the same his name, and its actual and true weight.

Burned to Death.—Mrs. Matthew McKnight, wife of the postmaster at East New Portland, Me., was burned to death in a shocking manner last week. She was a helpless invalid, and, being alone in the house at the time, her clothes took fire from the stove and burned her to a crisp.

PALMER AND VICINITY.

Beef and other meats are rapidly falling in price in our large cities, but the news has not reached the butchers in Palmer.

A Boxing school is a new institution just started in this village. It is taught by a colored man.

The highway surveyors have done little or nothing to the roads this spring; consequently, travelling in some parts of the town is not of the pleasantest character.

Postponed.—The auction sale of the Nassowanno House and Strong Block was postponed last Wednesday for one week, and will take place next Wednesday.

Monson.—The Monson people hung Jeff Davis in two effigies—one from the belfry of the Cong. church, and the other to a tree in front of the bank. In both cases Mr. Jeff was appropriately dressed in crinoline.

Fast Day.—Religious services will be held at the Congregational church in this village on the national fast-day, June 1. A discourse appropriate to the occasion will be delivered at 2½ o'clock P. M.

Presentation.—The track repairers on the New London Railroad, section 8, presented their foreman, A. H. Wright, of New London, a few evenings since, with a massive gold chain costing $50. Section 8 is that part of the road between Palmer and Belchertown.

Belchertown.—Alanson Curtis' house at Belchertown took fire from a defective flue on Friday of last week, but the flames were extinguished before they had made much progress.—One or two new cases of small pox are reported in Belchertown.

Enfield.—A man named Rhodes, from Pelham, was *rode* on a rail at Enfield a few days ago, for insulting a contraband who had joined the ranks of the military company under command of Capt. Pomeroy. He finally got down on his knees and asked the negro's forgiveness for abusing him.

A Few More Left.—We have on hand a few more of the 2d series of 7-30 loan, which we can furnish to money lenders. Government has sold all of this loan, and the 3d series, now being subscribed for, is not considered quite so desirable, as Government reserves the right to pay 6 per cent. interest in coin, and also to take up the bonds when due, instead of exchanging 5-20's for them.

Arrested.—Two of the robbers of Wetherbee's store, at Warren, were arrested at Springfield on Friday night last week, and most of the goods recovered. They took the night train at Palmer, and Mr. Nelson, the night watchman, informed conductor Gray of his suspicions. The latter looked into their trunks and discovered the goods, and had them arrested on reaching Springfield. Their names are Charles Startz and William Bush.

Police.—John Senna, of Shutesbury, came to Palmer the first of the week, to enjoy a "time" as he called it; and, after imbibing freely of barreled lightning, gave the people of the village a dose of rum and Senna. It did not operate very well for the Shutesbury man, for Constable Nelson laid hands upon him and brought him before Justice Allen, who fined him $5 and costs, $12 20 in all, which he paid and left town a sadder man.

Wilbraham.—Town meetings in Wilbraham are uncertain things, two having already been held to consider the finances of the town. A meeting was held on Monday last to change the action of a previous meeting, which had voted to cancel the town debt of $23,000 this year; but, after the meeting had assembled, it was found that the warrant called the meeting on "the 22d day of May next," and was dated May 11, 1865. The people concluded not to wait till next year's May, and have petitioned the selectmen to call another meeting.

Hard Case.—In the towns now voting to refund individual subscriptions for recruiting purposes, those men who were drafted and paid $300 to be let off, think it hard that they should be taxed to pay these small subscriptions without themselves being reimbursed for their $300 sacrifice. They are right in thinking so; but, since the legislature has made no provision for their case, they must endure the hardship, and accept the sympathy which is generally felt for them.

Town Meeting.—A town meeting was called last Tuesday, to see if the people would vote to refund to those who had paid money for raising volunteers the amounts subscribed. The call had got slightly mixed. One of the selectmen informed the Journal that the meeting would be held on the 25th, but the warrant said the 23d; and, as everybody reads the Journal and few read the written warrants, it required a little drumming of recruits by the friends of the "refunding party" to correct the error and secure a turnout. The meeting, however, proved to be a respectable one in numbers, and it promptly voted to refund the amount contributed by individuals for recruiting purposes; but an obstacle then arose as to the amount to be appropriated. As no one was prepared to name the sum, an adjournment took place till Thursday, when the sum of $8,041.40 was voted to be raised the present year, to pay said subscriptions.

Sympathy from Abroad.—The European papers contain many further tributes to the memory of Abraham Lincoln. The city of Palermo has called one of the streets after him. The Empress of France has written a letter of condolence to Mrs. Lincoln. The Bavarian Chamber of Deputies have unanimously passed resolutions of sympathy with the American people. Prince Gortschacoff, in the absence of the Emperor from St. Petersburg, has sent to M. de Stoeckel, the Russian Minister at Washington, an eloquent expression of horror at the assassination of President Lincoln, and warm sympathy for the Government and people of the United States in this their hour of calamity.

☞A catholic priest at Detroit lately ran away with the wife of a doctor. They were found at New York.

Jeff on Hanging.—Just before the war broke out Jeff Davis made a speech in a southern town, in which he said:—

"What! coerce a sovereign state! attempt to deprive us of our most inestimable rights!—Let Mr. Lincoln try it, or Mr. Douglas either, and we will hang them higher than Haman, and the only difference I should make would be that (humorously) as Mr. Lincoln is considerably taller than Mr. Douglas, we should have to build his gibbet (standing on his toes and reaching up his hand) a leetle higher than that for Douglas."

Both Lincoln and Douglas are now dead, and Jeff who would have hung them if he could must now himself hang.

The Dead of the Wilderness.—It will be recollected that the Union troops who were killed in the battle of the Wilderness, Va., one year since, were necessarily hastily buried in consequence of the rapid advance of Grant's army. It having been reported that many were left unburied, I. N. Parker, Esq., of Lewiston, Me., who had a son killed in that fight, recently wrote to Gen. Grant in relation to the matter, and received a reply that an entire regiment had lately gone over the ground and buried decently any remains they could find.

☞James C. Johnson, one of the wealthiest men South, aged eighty years, died near Edenton on the 12th inst. He disinherited all his relatives because they deserted him (a Union man) and espoused the rebel cause. At the outbreak of the rebellion he told his slaves, numbering near one thousand, that the war would free them, and they could go or remain. It was he who discharged Henry Clay's indebtedness of $30,000, unknown to the latter.

Important Arrests.—Two "shovers" of counterfeit $50 greenbacks and $100 compound interest notes were arrested in Hartford on Thursday, from whom it was learned that the "banker" of the concern was in Springfield. Accordingly the police of that city watched for him, and on Friday morning nabbed him in the street. He gave his name as Cooke, and said he belonged in Boston. He had $2000 in his pockets, most of which was counterfeit.

Works Well.—The rapidity with which President Johnston dispatches public business is remarkable by all who visit the executive office. He takes hold of every routine matter in the order in which it comes up and finishes it at the moment with the aid of but two clerks.

Beef Plenty.—It is reported by a gentleman recently returned from the West, that the Western country is completely surfeited with live stock. Cattle and sheep are more plenty than he has ever known them before, and, in his opinion, prices must come down.

Cheap.—At an auction sale in Richmond, a few days ago, rebel uniform jackets were sold for ten cents each by the box full. This may be regarded as an evidence of the respect which the people there have for the colors in which traitors delighted to shoot down patriots.

The President Firm.—The North Carolina delegation are having satisfactory interviews with the President, who is understood to adhere strictly to the requirement of a total abolition of Slavery as a condition precedent to the restoration of the civil power in the State.

A Large Saving.—It is reported that by the stoppage of the draft and the reduction of the army and navy expenses, a saving of over $600,000,000 has been made in the estimates of the current year.

The Magazines and Monthlies.

Godeys' Lady's Book for June has a pretty steel engraving called "Chicks"; a fine wood engraving "Wandering Minstrels," a severe test of one's gravity; the usual splendid double fashion plate, with smaller plates of patterns contributed by Stewart, Brodie, and others, giving a perfect mirror of the fashions of the day. The literary contents are up to the high standard this queen of the ladies' magazines has ever maintained.

Harper's Magazine for June may be found at the news dealers. The graphic serio-comic description of a journey to Washoe, is continued, well illustrated, as well as the serials of Dickens and Wilkie Collins: also, recollections of Grant, chiefly anecdotal, with portrait. Other interesting papers, many of them illustrated, fill out the number. Get it and examine it, and the publishers will be sure of your subscription.

The Atlantic for June contains an excellent variety of articles, among them the memorial of Richard Cobden, late scenes in Richmond, the great lakes, &c. The Atlantic never stood higher than it does now.

Our Young Folks has continuations of "afloat in the forest," "winning his way," "our dogs," "visit to Camp Douglas," all illustrated, besides completed articles, rebuses, puzzles, &c. It is far ahead of anything yet got up for boys and girls, and is getting an immense circulation. $2 per annum; Ticknor & Fields, publishers, Boston.

Not Dead.—Gen. Forrest, hitherto reported dead, is now said to be alive and to have issued an address to his troops on the 9th inst., announcing the surrender of Dick Taylor, and advising them to submit to Federal authority.

Notice.—Feeling unable to express our gratitude for the favors shown us by our friends and neighbors during the sickness of our beloved child, we thank them sincerely for their loving kindness, and feeling sympathy in our bereavement and pray they may all be ever blessed.

A. W. & H. C. CLARK.

Whiskers!—Those wishing a fine set of whiskers, a nice moustache, or a beautiful bead of glossy hair, will please read the card of Thos. F. Chapman in another part of this paper.

The Voice of the People.—Liberty is one of the dearest blessings which our forefathers have handed down to us. It was purchased by the blood of many a valiant revolutionary hero; has been guarded by a Washington, a Jefferson, a Clay and a Webster. But dearer still is that world-renowned remedy, known as Coe's Cough Balsam. It cures like magic the most violent attacks of croup, and is indispensible in every family of children. Colds, sudden coughs, sore throat, hoarseness, and inflamed lungs, are instantly and surely cured by its timely use. No cough mixture has ever been known that equals it; which accounts for its great popularity with all classes. The young and old—the rich and poor—physicians, druggists—and all who have ever tested it speak in the highest terms of its merits. We say to our readers—buy it and try it. It costs but 40 cents the bottle, contains twice as much medicine as you can obtain in any other way at the same cost, and all our drug stores keep it.

Old Eyes Made New.

A Pamphlet directing how to speedily restore sight and give up spectacles, without the aid of doctor or medicine. Sent by mail, free, on receipt of 10 cents. Address E. B. FOOTE, M. D.,
6mja28. 1130 Broadway, New York.

☞It is now asserted that Gen. Banks has been ordered North in consequence of startling developements made by James T. Brady who has been investigating affairs at New Orleans.

U. C. R.——T. A.——E. P.——& C. R.

THE GREAT REMEDIES OF THE AGE.

Hunnewell's Universal Cough Remedy.
For all Throat and Lung Complaints. Small bottles, 25 cents; Large do., 50 cents.

Hunnewell's Tolu Anodyne.
The great remedy for Asthma, Neuralgia, Pains in Menstruation, all Nervous Complaints, and Sciatica. 50 cts. per Bottle.

Hunnewell's Eclectic Pills.
Cure all derangements of the Stomach or Bowels *without the slightest griping*, a point the great importance of which cannot be overestimated. The dose, a single pill, never more than two, and so very small, make them most valuable in every family. 25 cents per bottle.

Hunnewell's Consumptive Remedy.
A radical cure for this heretofore called incurable complaint. Price, $1 per Bottle.

The testimonials in my possession, to be seen by all, will remove every doubt of the perfect character of the above named preparations, and to publish which would only cause them to be classed with the thousands published in newspapers, and not a fraction of them of the least character. I beg inspection of such at my office, confidence to test the preparation, and correspondence from all.

JOHN L. HUNNEWELL, SOLE PROPRIETOR,
Practical Chemist and Pharmaceutist.
9 Commercial Wharf, Boston, Mass.

☞Sold by all wholesale and Retail Dealers in Medicine.

☞The preparations securely packed to be sent in any quantity by express, or as directed.

☞More full and particular description of each article given in notices, to follow this from month to month. m20.

MR. EDITOR—Dear Sir:—With your permission I wish to say to the readers of your paper that I will send, by return mail to all who wish it, (free) a recipe with full directions for making and using a simple Vegetable Balm that will effectually remove, in ten days, Pimples, Blotches, Tan, Freckles, and all Impurities of the Skin, leaving the same soft, clear, smooth, and beautiful.

I will also mail free to those having Bald Heads and Bare Faces, simple directions and information that will enable them to start a full growth of luxuriant Hair, Whiskers, or a Moustache, in less than thirty days.

All applications answered by return mail without charge. Respectfully yours,
THOS. F. CHAPMAN, Chemist,
m4 3m 831 Broadway, New York.

Whiskers! Whiskers!

Do you want Whiskers or Mustaches? Our Grecian Compound will force them to grow on the smoothest face or chin, or hair on bald heads, in six weeks. Price, $1. Sent by mail anywhere, closely sealed, on receipt of price. Address
1sd24 WARNER & CO., Brooklyn, New York.

If You Want to Know

A little of everything relating to the human system, male and female: the causes and treatment of diseases; the marriage customs of the world; how to marry well, and a thousand things never published before, read the revised and enlarged edition of "MEDICAL COMMON SENSE," a curious book for curious people, and a good book for every one. 400 pages, 100 illustrations. Price, $1 50. Content tables sent free to any address. Books may be had at the bookstores, or will be sent by mail, post-paid, on receipt of the price. Address
E. B. FOOTE, M. D.,
ja28 6m 1130 Broadway, New York.

A CARD.—MR. EDITOR:—In reply to many letters and inquiries from people in this section of the country, the undersigned take great pleasure in saying through the columns of your paper that our renowned preparation known as COE'S DYSPEPSIA CURE, is a certain cure for Dyspepsia, in its worst stages. Many cures of long standing, within our own acquaintance, have been completely, and we believe permanently cured. It will stop distress after eating almost instantaneously, and enables the dyspeptic who has lived for years upon Graham bread and the plainest diet, to eat as heartily as he pleases, and anything he chooses, without danger of distress, or souring, or rising on the stomach. It is an infallible corrector of indigestion and constipation, creates a healthy appetite, stops sick-headache, heart-burn, sickness at the stomach, pains, cramps, or colic in either stomach or bowels, and sweetens offensive breath, as soon as you take it; and by enabling the patient to take plenty of hearty food, "which is the parent of health," produces vigor, strength and energy. In every trial we have known it has speedily eradicated Dyspepsia with all its attendant sufferings, weaknesses, debility, and loss of power, giving instead, a proper activity and tone to the stomach and organs of digestion, and as we confidently believe, and as the published certificates in our circulars, almanacs, and in many of the leading Journals, from convalescent patients will *confirm*, completely, permanently, and almost miraculously "cure the worst case of Dyspepsia in existence." We warrant it in every instance. It can be obtained at all the Drug Stores in the United States and Canadas, at $1.00 per bottle, or six bottles for $5. C. G. CLARK & CO.,
1y14. Proprietors, New Haven, Ct.

Lyon's Periodical Drops!

The Great Female Remedy for Irregularities.

These drops are a scientifically compounded fluid preparation, and better than any Pills, Powder, or Nostrums. Being liquid, their action is direct and positive, rendering them a reliable, speedy and certain specific for the cure of all obstructions and suppressions of nature. Their popularity is indicated by the fact that over 100,000 bottles are annually sold and consumed by the ladies of the United States, every one of whome speaks in the strongest terms of praise of their great merits. They are rapidly taking the place of every other Female Remedy, and are considered by all who know aught of them, as the surest, safest, and most infallible preparation in the world, for the cure of all female complaints, the removal of all obstructions of nature and the promotion of health, regularity and strength. Explicit directions stating when they may be used, and explaining when and why they should not, nor could not be used without producing effects contrary to nature's chosen laws, will be found, carefully folded around each bottle, with the written signature of JOHN L LYON, without which none are genuine.

Prepared by Dr. JOHN L. LYON, 196 Chapel Street, New Haven, Conn., who can be consulted either personally, or by mail, (enclosing stamp,) concerning all private diseases and female weaknesses.

Sold by Druggists everywhere.
C. G. CLARK & CO.,
Gen'l Agents for U. S. and Canadas.

Important to Females.

DR. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS.—The combination of ingredients in these Pills is the result of a long and extensive practice. They are mild in their operation, and certain in correcting all irregularities, painful menstruations removing all obstruction, whether from cold or otherwise. headache, pain in the side, palpitation of the heart, whites, all nervous affections, hysterics, fatigue, pain in the back and limbs, &c, disturbed sleep, which arise from interruption of nature.

DR. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS was the commencement of a new era in the treatment of these irregularities and obstructions which have consigned so many to a premature grave. No female can enjoy good health unless she is regular, and whenever an obstruction takes place the general health begins to decline.

DR. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS are the most effectual remedy ever known for all complaints peculiar to females To all classes they are invaluable, inducing, with certainty periodical regularity. They are known to thousand who have used them at different periods, throughout the country, having the sanction of some of the most eminent Physicians in America.

☞Explicit directions, stating when they should not be used, with each box—the Price One Dollar per Box, containing from 50 to 60 Pills.

Pills sent by mail, promptly, by remitting to the Proprietors. Sold by Druggists generally.

HUTCHINGS & HILLYER, Proprietors, 81 Cedar st., New York. Agents,—Palmer, Wood & Allen; Ware, D. Holden; Stafford Springs, H. T. Small & Co. ag29

Matrimonial.

Ladies and Gentlemen.—If you wish to marry you can do so by addressing me. I will send you, without money and without price, valuable information, that will enable you to marry happily and speedily, irrespective of age, wealth, or beauty. This information will cost you nothing and if you wish to marry, I will cheerfully assist you. All letters strictly confidential. The desired information sent by return mail, and no reward asked. Please enclose postage or stamped envelope, addressed to yourself. Address SARAH B. LAMBERT, Greenpoint, Kings Co., New York. m203m.

BORN.

In Stafford Springs, 22d, a daughter to S. N. PAGE, Esq.

MARRIED.

In Stafford, 22d, by Rev. A. W. Ide, EDWARD N. TWISS of Marblehead, Mass., and SUSAN JONES of Stafford.

In Brimfield, 16th, GEORGE L. KINNY and FOSTINA WOODARD.

DIED.

In Monson, April 30th, SUSAN N. SQUIRE, 62 years, 3 months; May 7th, ELVIRA MOORES, 29.

In Palmer, 11th, SOPHIA GREEN, 73; 12th, MARGRETT CAVIN, 48.

In Palmer, 21st, of meningitis, ALLEN R., 2, son of A. W. and H. C. Clark.

A FOND ONE DEPARTED!

Yes, "Allie" is gone, his spirit has fled,
The earth is his covering, the grave is his bed,
The shroud is his clothing, the coffin his cell,
The Angel of Time has sounded his knell.

The spring's mildest zephyr, and summer's soft breeze,
Alike are unheeded, no longer can please,
The flowrets and blossoms that grow near his tomb,
Are also unnoticed, tho' sweet their perfume.

How peaceful his slumbers, how calm his repose.
The grave has no terror, no fear to disclose,
Though gloomy and mournful the tho't may appear,
The place is more pleasant, and delightful and dear.

Once active in life, his morning serene,
His sun rose resplendent, no cloud to be seen,
Once blooming in health, like the flowrets in May,
So tranquil and pleasant, his time passed away.

But soon a dark tempest gather'd around.
The rose has been smitten, and fell to the ground.
It faded and withered and soon did decay,
Its odor and fragrance passed quickly away.

Disease became seated, his visage grew pale.
His strength and his lustre were destined to fail,
Disease and distress, which no mortal could stay,
Became his companion 'till life passed away.

Then why should we murmur, or grieve at the tho't
That "Allie" has left us, for this was his lot?
And soon shall we follow, for this is our doom,
Time's path that we travel leads down to the tomb.

Adieu, thou departed! it seems thou art near,
We shall not forget thee, thy memory is dear,
We hope yet to meet thee beyond the dark vale,
Where life is immortal and joys never fail.

DR. COMINS.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS

WE ARE NOW RECEIVING A NEW LINE OF

Dry Goods and Groceries.

Bought since the Fall of Richmond,
which we will sell
At the Lowest Cash Prices.
We have a Large Stock of Men's and Boys'
CLOTHING, HATS, CAPS, &C.,
which we are determined to sell.
Please call before purchasing elsewhere.
KELLOGG & TINKHAM.
Palmer, April 8, 1865. tf.

FOR SALE.

A One and one-half Story House with L,
CONTAINING EIGHT ROOMS, with Barn and good Garden, situated on Pleasant Street, a few rods from the depot.
Inquire of the subscriber, at L. Dimock's Shoe Store. T. K. WEBBER.
Palmer, May 27, 1865.

A GENTLEMAN cured of Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, and the effects of youthful indiscretion, will be happy to furnish others with the means of cure, (FREE of CHARGE). This remedy is simple, safe, and certain.
For full particulars, by return mail, please address JOHN B. OGDEN,
m272m 60 Nassau Street, New York.

MEAL.

BOLTED MEAL, FLOUR,
RYE MEAL, CORN,
GRASS SEEDS, RYE,
Will be found
At NEWTON & Co's, Palmer,
At the Lowest Figures.

FOUND.

ON the 17th, in the pasture of James B. Burlingame, a BAY MARE, with a long switch tail. The owner can have the same by proving the property and paying the expenses.
JAMES B. BURLINGAME.
Palmer, May 20, 1865.

TOBACCO OF ALL KINDS,
Cavendish, Navy, Fine Cut Chewing, Killekinic Smoking.
We would call particular attention to our Navy Tobacco, that we are selling at 75 cents ℔ lb.
NEWTON & CO.,
Nassowanno Block . . . . Palmer, Mass.

NOTICE.

I HEREBY forbid all persons harboring or trusting my wife, Julia M. Squier, as I shall pay no debts of her contracting after this date.
Monson, May 19, 1865. HENRY SQUIER.

TOBACCO.

FINE CUT, CHEWING, and SMOKING, of the best quality. Also, the best
Navy and Cavendish, Tobacco,
For sale AT PARK'S STORE, Palmer.

TAPIOCA, FARINA, SAGO,
CORN STARCH, CHOCOLATE, COCOA
&c., &c., for sale at
A. H. PARKS' Cash Store . . . PALMER, MASS.

FLOUR

Of all grades, FOR SALE LOW for cash,
AT A. H. PARKS' STORE,
West end of Palmer House Block, Palmer, Mass

STONE WARE.—Butter Pots, Cake Jars Jugs of all sizes. Flower Pots, plain and glazed, Bean Pots, Stone Pitchers, Spittoons, and all kinds of Stone Ware, at PARKS' Store, Palmer,

WANTED!

BUTTER, EGGS, and all kinds of FARMERS' PRODUCE at NEWTON & Co's.
Palmer, 1865.

A NICE ARTICLE OF
SUGAR HOUSE SYRUP,
For sale
Palmer, Dec. 8. AT PARKS' STORE.

WANTED!

All Kinds of Farmer's Produce in Exchange for Goods, at
A. H. PARKS' Store . . . . . Palmer, Mass.

AT NEWTON & CO'S

WILL be found those choice Milk Crackers. Also Boston and Springfield Crackers.

PURE **Ground Spices,** of all kinds, also Bluing, Extracts, Pepper Sauce, &c., for sale at PARKS' STORE, Palmer.

A NICE PACK of Wedding or Visiting Cards can be printed at this office at short notice. Wedding Envelopes always on hand.

THE **Gold Medal Saleratus,** for sale at A. H. PARKS' Store, Palmer.

WOODS & Worcester's **Dry Hop Yeast,** for sale at PARKS' STORE, Palmer.

SUGARS, of all grades, for sale low for cash at A. H. PARKS' Store, Palmer House Block.

TO ALL IN
WESTERN MASSACHUSETTS,
WHO BUY

DRY GOODS OR CARPETS!

We respectfully invite attention to our
NEW STOCK
For the Later Spring Sales, of
Choice and Fashionable GOODS.

NEW FABRICS, NEW DESIGNS,
For Spring and Summer DRESS GOODS,
A very large and attractive variety—many entirely new things.

MOURNING DRESS GOODS,
In the BEST VARIETY and FINEST QUALITIES to be found in the City.

New Embroideries, New Laces, New Dress and Mantilla Trimmings, Parasols,
GLOVES AND HOSIERY,
in every style; the
BEST HOOP SKIRTS made in America,
BALMORAL SKIRTS,

DRESS SILKS,
All desirable colors, for street, house, or evening wear.

Black Mantilla and Dress Silks,
In the most superb qualities, all widths.
Mantilla, Cloak, and Shawl
EMPORIUM.

SPRING and SUMMER STYLES Now Ready,
We offer an unusually large and attractive variety of ready-made
SILK AND CLOTH GARMENTS,
and no effort will be spared to offer our customers
The Latest and Most Approved Styles.

CLOAK CLOTHS,
in the best makes, the latest colors and kinds; the largest and most complete stock of these goods ever on sale in this city. Every style of Outside Garment for Ladies' or Misses' wear made to order, and work in every particular warranted to give satisfaction. Our

MILLINERY DEPARTMENT
is now filled with a new and beautiful stock. The latest fashions and choice goods can always be found.

HOUSEKEEPING DRY GOODS.
COTTONS AND LINENS.
An immense Stock, always at the Lowest Prices.

CARPETINGS,
Large additions just made. No stock comparing with this this side of Boston. Prices as low as the lowest. All the better qualities of Carpets,
Solid Brussels, Velvets, Tapestries,
Three Plys, &c., in Large Assortment.
OIL CLOTHS, MATTINGS, &c.
☞Contracts taken for Carpeting Halls, Churches, Dwellings, &c.,
CURTAINS AND CURTAIN GOODS,
In every variety.

NEW GOODS DAILY.

☞Purchasers visiting our Store will find that they can make their selections from one of the largest stocks in Massachusetts, and can purchase at as low prices as good satisfactory goods can be sold at. Trash and cheap goods, for the sake of advertising prices that they may appear low before an examination, we do not keep.
THE LARGEST AND BEST LIGHTED Store in New England, out of Boston.

TINKHAM & CO.,
184, 186, AND 188 MAIN STREET,
al5 SPRINGFIELD. 4m

DR. LAROOKAH'S
SARSAPARILLA COMPOUND!

NOW is the time to use this most wonderful **Magic-Like Spring Compound.**
It is double the strength of any other Sarsaparilla Compound.
For the Cure of Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Scrofula, Dropsy, Neuralgia, Epilepsy, Erysipelas, Boils, Tumors, Salt Rheum, Ulcers and Sores, Rheumatism, Pain in the Stomach, Side, and Bowels, Debility, and all complaints arising from Impurities of the BLOOD.

It is a SURE CURE for LIVER COMPLAINTS.
DYSPEPSIA or Indigestion will find a ready cure in this Compound.
SCROFULA.—This loathsome disease, which afflicts and sweeps off so many from our midst, can be cured by Larookah's Sarsaparilla Compound.
For PURIFYING THE BLOOD, there is nothing now before the public which can equal Larookah's Sarsaparilla Compound. It is a great promoter of health when used in the spring, to remove all Humors that infest the system at that season of the year.
DR. LAROOKAH'S SARSAPARILLA COMPOUND has been so great a blessing to our family that we class it with LAROOKAH'S SYRUP, the BEST article in use for what it purports to do, REV. N. P. SELEE.
Melrose Mass, Dec. 3, 1861.

The following letter is from DR. B. F. ANNOTT, for years an eminent practitioner in the city of Boston:
RB. E. R KNIGHTS—I have been in the habit of prescribing Larookah's Sarsaparilla Compound for two years, with the most satisfactory results.

PRICE, $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

Consumptive Remedy.

DR. LAROOKAH'S
Indian Vegetable Pulmonic Syrup.
The best preparation ever made for the following complaints:
Colds, Coughs, Whooping Cough, Croup, Asthma, Catarrh, Bronchitis, Spitting Blood, Pain in the Side, Night Sweats, Humors, Gener'l Debility,
and the various Throat Affections and Hoarseness to which Public Speakers and Singers are liable, and all other complaints tending to
CONSUMPTION.

Letter from a well-known Boston Druggist of Twenty Years' Experience:
BOSTON, March 9, 1865.
Dr. E. R. Knights:—Having used "Larookah's Pulmonic Syrup," myself and in my family for the last six years, I am prepared to say that it is superior to any medicine I have ever known for the positive cure of Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat and all similar complaints.
W. R. BOWEN, 86 Hanover Street.

Rev. John C. Ingalls of Melrose, Mass, says: "As an honest man I can say, that in my judgment, Dr. Larookah's I. V. P. Syrup, for Pulmonary Diseases, stands unrivalled by any medicine yet discovered, it having cured me of Bronchitis, of six years standing.

Prepared by S. SEVERY. Price, 50 cents and $1.00 per bottle.
DR. E. R. KNIGHTS, Proprietor,
Melrose, Mass.

Sold by Wood & Allen, Palmer; H. T. Small & Co., Stafford Springs; D. Holden, Ware; E. E. Towne, Monson, and by druggists and dealers generally. my20.

KEROSENE **Lamps & Lanterns, Shades,** Lantern Globes, Chimneys, &c., for sale at A. H. PARKS' Store, Palmer.

ALL Goods sold after this date will be cash down, except in exchange for produce. All persons indebted to me will please make immediate payment. A. H. PARKS.
Palmer, May 20, 1865.

FARMERS, ATTENTION!

DO you want to raise LARGE CROPS this season? If so buy largely of
Bone Dust, Super Phosphate of Lime, Lodi Pondrette, and Fish Guano,
and your wants will be realized. For sale by
E. E. TOWNE, Monson.

TEAS.

The best Young Hyson, Black, and Japanese For sale at A. H. PARKS' Store, Palmer.

SOAPS, SOAPS!

BURWELLS, Babbitt's, Castile and Common, at NEWTON & CO'S, Palmer.

ANOTHER LOT JUST RECEIVED.

PRICES FOR THE TIMES!

Good Brown Sugar,	9 lb for	$1.00
Porto Rico do.,	7 " "	1.00
Granulated, Pulv., and Crushed do.,	4½ "	1.00
Porto Rico Molasses,	per gallon,	.90
Good do.,	"	.50
Best quality Oolong Tea,	per pound,	1.25
Fair do.,	"	.75

Another lot of FRESH MILK BISCUIT, with a full
Assortment of all kinds of Groceries,
Just received
—AT—
NEWTON & CO'S,
Nassowanno Block, Palmer.

SMITH & CONVERSE,

Successors to M. W. FRENCH & BRO.,
Have on Hand a Choice Lot of
DRY GOODS, GROCERIES,
Hats, Caps, Boots, Shoes,
&c., &c., &c.

YARD WIDE COTTONS,
VERY CHEAP.

New Spring Style DeLaines, Very Handsome.
Also, a large assortment of
SPRING SKIRTS,
All Styles and Prices.

GIVE US A CALL.

GEO. F. SMITH. JOHN S. CONVERSE.
Palmer, Mass., 1865.

U. S. 7-30 LOAN.

THIRD SERIES.

$230,000,000.

By authority of the Secretary of the Treasury, the undersigned, the General Subscription Agent for the sale of United States Securities, offers to the public the third series of Treasury Notes, bearing seven and three tenths per cent. interest per annum, known as the

7-30 LOAN.

These notes are issued under date of July 15, 1865, and are payable three years from that date in currency, or are convertible at the option of the holder into

U. S. 5-20 Six Per Cent. GOLD BEARING BONDS.

These Bonds are now worth a handsome premium, and are exempt, as are all the Government Bonds, from State, County, and Municipal taxation, which adds from one to three per cent., per annum to their value, according to the rate levied upon other propepty. The interest is payable semi annually by coupons attached to each note, which may be cut off and sold to any bank or banker.

The interest at 7 30 per cent amounts to

One Cent per Day on a $50 Note.			
Two "	"	$100	"
Ten "	"	$500	"
Twenty	"	$1000	"
$1	"	$5000	"

Notes of all the denominations named will be promptly furnished upon receipt of subscriptions.

The Notes of this Third Series are precisely similar in form and privileges to the Seven Thirties already sold, except that the Government reserves to itself the option of paying Interest in gold coin at 6 per cent., instead of 7 3-10ths in currency. Subscribers will deduct the interest in currency up to July 15th, at the time when they subscribe.

The delivery of the notes of this third series of the 7 30s will commence on the 1st of June, and will be made promptly and continuously after that date.

The slight change made in the conditions of this Third Series affects only the matter of interest. The payment in gold, if made, will be equivalent to the currency interest of the higher rate.

The return to specie payments, in the event of which only will the option to pay interest in Gold be availed of, would so reduce and equalize prices that purchases made with six per cent. in gold would be fully equal to those made with seven and three-tenths per cent, in currency. This is

THE ONLY LOAN IN MARKET,

now offered by the Government, and its superior advantages make it

The Great Popular Loan of the People.

Less than $230,000,000 of the Loan authorized by the last Congress are now on the market. This amount, at the rate at which it is being absorbed, will all be subscribed for within sixty days, when the notes will undoubtedly command a premium, as uniformly been the case on closing the subscriptions to other Loans.

In order that citizens of every town and section of the country may be afforded facilities for taking the loan, the National Banks, State Banks, and Private Bankers throughout the country have generally agreed to receive subscriptions at par. Subscribers will select their own agents, in whom they have confidence, and who only are to be responsible for the delivery of the notes for which they receive orders.

JAY COOKE, Subscription Agent,
PHILADELPHIA.

Subscriptions will be received by the
Ware National Bank of Ware.
Monson National Bank of Monson.
Stafford National Bank of Stafford.
First National Bank of Springfield.
Second National Bank of Springfield.
f25 Third National Bank of Springfield. 3m

THE NINTH NATIONAL BANK

OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK.
CAPITAL, $1,000,000---PAID IN,
Fiscal Agent of the United States,
And Special Agent for Jay Cooke, Subscription Agent.

Will Deliver 7-30 Notes, Free of Charge,
by express, in all parts of the country, and receive in payment Checks on New York, Philadelphia, and Boston, current bills, and all five per cent. interest notes, with interest to date of subscription. Orders sent by mail will be promptly filled.
This Bank receives the accounts of Banks and Bankers on favorable terms; also of individuals keeping New York accounts.
J. T. HILL Cashier. J. U. ORVIS, Pres't.

NOTICE!

THE Annual Meeting of the Ware Savings Bank will be held at their Banking Room on Monday, June 5, at 2 o'clock P. M.
OTIS LANE, Secretary and Treasurer.
Ware, May 15, 1865. m203w

SPICES, of all varieties, Raisins, Citron, Extracts, Bluing, Pepper Sauce, Tomato Ketchup, At NEWTON & Co's, Pamler.

A Superior Article of Pure Ground JAVA COFFEE,
Also, Kent's East India Coffee, French Breakfast Coffee, &c., for sale at
A. H. PARKS' Store.....Palmer House Block

APRIL 1, 1865.

FALL

—IN—

GOLD!

FALL

—IN—

Merchandize!

I HAVE THIS DAY

REDUCED THE PRICE

—OF—

MY STOCK OF GOODS

TO THEIR

GOLD VALUE,

COMPRISING ALL MY

DRESS GOODS,

DOMESTIC GOODS,

Gent's Furnishing Goods,

READY-MADE

CLOTHING,

BOOTS & SHOES,

CARPETINGS,

CROCKERY, GLASS WARE,

&c., &c., &c.

ANY PART OF MY STOCK

CAN BE BOUGHT AT

LOW FIGURES,

W. W. CROSS,

PALMER, 1865.

GOLD AT 150,

—AND—

MY PRICES

For all kinds of Goods
ARE MARKED TO CORRESPOND.

Good Prints, Fast Colors,	20 cts.
All others,	22@25
Best DeLaines,	30
7-8 Brown Cottons,	20
Nice yard wide, do.	20
Best 9-8 do., do.,	37½
Larg't size best qual. Ladies' Nubias,	1 25
Heavy Long Shawls, largest size,	7 00
Best quality do.,	11 00
More Ladies' Rubber Boots,	2 50
More Ladies' Rubber Sandals,	1 00
Colored Cambrics (slightly soiled),	17
A lot of shop worn shoes,	75
Good Bleached Cottons,	20, 30, @40
Good Cot. and Wool Flannels,	40@60
Heavy Cotton Goods, for suits,	80
Good Balmoral Skirts,	$3@$4.50
Nice Alpaccas,	50@75
Best All Wool Delaines,	75
Heavy yard wide Cottons,	37½
Heaviest Cottons made,	45
A lot of Ladies' Cambric Collars,	half price.
Six pounds Good Brown Sugar for	$1.00
Five and 5½ pounds very choice do.,	1.00
4½ pounds Crushed & Granulated do.,	1.00
Good Molasses, for	.80@.90
Best Porto Rico in the world,	1.00

All-widths OIL CLOTHS, Palm Leaf MATTRASSES, HOOP SKIRTS, every size from 6 to 40 springs.

A variety of SUGARS; several kinds of MOLASSES and SYRUPS; TEAS and COFFEES.

☞Remember the French Breakfast and Dinner Coffee.

VARIOUS GRADES OF FLOUR,
From the cheapest to the best made. BUCKWHEAT FLOUR, RYE FLOUR, GRAHAM FLOUR, CORN AND RYE MEAL, always on hand.

Just Received, a lot of *SMITH'S PARAFINE*, for Boots, Harnesses, or any Leather work. The *only sure Water Proof Leather Preserver* known, and will be furnished by the dozen or gross, at New York prices.

Always on hand an assortment of
Clocks, Trunks, Toys and Fancy Goods,
Cooking Extracts and Perfumeries,
All the popular *PATENT MEDICINES,*
In STONE and WOODEN WARE, the usual variety.
Crockery and Glass Ware, enough of it.

HATS AND CAPS,
a good stock at all times. Also,

BOOTS AND SHOES,
for Men and Boys, and as good a variety of Ladies', Misses', and Childrens', Shoes, in Leather and Serge Work, as can be found, in stores out of the cities.

Recollect, I always have

A LARGE STOCK OF GOODS,
At *PRICES TO SUIT THE PEOPLE* and the times, all marked in plain figures, and
ONE PRICE ONLY.

☞Every one who owes me is requested to make immediate payment, as a change in business is contemplated.
E. E. TOWNE.
Monson, Feb. 25, 1865.

"A Word to the Wise is Sufficient."

D. H. BRIGHAM & CO.,
OF SPRINGFIELD,

ADVERTISED two weeks ago to give special attention to the
Retail Clothing Trade,
And for the past ten days have had
A CONTINUOUS RUSH!
They are selling their Goods Regardless of COST!
As the panic has reduced the price of many goods about one-half, and
THEY ARE BOUND TO SELL!
AN EARLY CALL will secure
SPLENDID BARGAINS,
and insure
An Immense Stock to Select From!

What's the use of Paying a Profit?
BUY AT PANIC PRICES AT
D. H. BRIGHAM & CO'S
Wholesale and Retail Clothing House,
al SPRINGFIELD, MASS. 3m

TITUS & BURWELL,
House, Sign, and Ornamental Painters,
GRAINERS, and furnishers of
PAPER HANGINGS.
☞Whitening and Paper Hanging done at short notice. All work warranted.
Shop next Caswell's Blacksmith shop. Orders may be left at Dr. Cowan's office.
S. TITUS.....E. S. BURWELL.
Palmer, April 15. 1865.

Instruction Books and Music
—FOR THE—
Cabinet Organ, Melodeon, and Instruments of a Similar Class.

Zundel's Melodeon Instructor.—Containing the Elements of Music, Progressive Finger Exercises, and a large collection of Choice Music, $2 50
New Method for the Melodeon.—Containing in addition to Lessons and Exercises, a collection of Popular Songs, Psalm and Hymn Tunes, $1 50
Carhart's Melodeon.—Elementary and Progressive Studies, with Choice Vocal and Instrumental Music, $1 50.
American School for the Melodeon, $1 50
Model Melodeon Instructor, $1 50.
Winner's Perfect Guide for the Melodeon. Designed as a Self-Instructor, with Choice Music, 75.
Melodeon without a Master.—By E. L. White, 75.
Woodbury's Melodeon Instructor, 75.
Green and White's Melodeon Instructor, 75.
Howe's Seraphine and Melodeon Instructor, 50.
The Seraphine.—A collection of Music for the Melodeon, Seraphine and Reed Organ.
Sent post-paid, on receipt of price.—*Oliver Ditson & Co.*, Publishers, 277 Washington Street, Boston.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.
HUMPDEN, ss. PROBATE COURT.
To the Heirs-at-Law, and others interested in the estate of Wareham J. Davis, late of Monson, in said county, deceased greeting:
Whereas Lathrop Clark, administrator of the estate of said deceased, has presented to said Court his petition to sell so much of the real estate of said deceased as will raise the sum of seventy-two dollars and fifteen cents, for the payment of debts and charges of administration:
You are hereby ordered to appear at a Probate Court to be holden at Springfield, in said County, on the first Tuesday of June next, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause, if any you have, against the same; and said administrator is ordered to serve this Citation by publishing the same once a week, three weeks successively, in the Palmer Journal, a newspaper printed at Palmer, the first publication to be fourteen days at least before said Court, and by sending or causing to be sent, a written or printed copy hereof, porperly mailed, postage prepaid, to each or the heirs of said deceased, or their legal representatives, known to the petitioner, within two days of the date of said first publication.
Witness, WILLIAM S. SHURTLEFF, Esquire, Judge of said Court, this second day of May, in the year one thousand, eight hundred and sixty-five. SAMUEL B. SPOONER, Register.

SOAPS.—The celebrated "Gold Medal Soap." 'French Lustral,' 'Sawyer's,' and other Soaps, for sale at A. H. PARKS' Store, Palmer.

CANANDA THISTLES.—The Canadian Parliament has passed a law to prevent the spread of the Canada thistle. It makes it the duty of every landholder to cut down the thistles on his land prior to the time of ripening, the penalty for non-performing this duty being a fine of from two to ten dollars for every offence.

"SHIRT TAIL RANGERS."—The Rutland Herald says that fifty-five deserters under one of the last proclamations of President Lincoln, have within ten days past returned to the federal service. They are a lean, haggard set, with several in "slippered pantaloons." who enjoy along the frontier the rough appellation of "Shirt Tail Bangers."

"KITCHEN HEAVEN."—The negroes of Richmond say that Bishop Moore, in addressing them on one occasion, said: "Now, ye servants, keep your kitchen clean, make good light bread, season and cook your meats to the taste of your masters, and perhaps by and by you may be admitted to the kitchen of heaven."

MILITARY RULE.—A Raleigh (N. C.) despatch says it is ascertained from Chief Justice Chase that the administration will continue military rule in the rebellious states until they are thoroughly reconciled to immediate emancipation and the policy of the government, which gives great satisfaction there.

OIL BUSINESS.—Oil News and Mining Journal says of the petroleum business: "There is much activity at the wells, but the production is probably not more than one-half the yield of 1863, in proportion to the number of wells worked. We no longer hear of 'big strikes.'"

A MIGHTY MEAN MAN.—A merchant at San Francisco having the misfortune to lose his wife, invited the clerks to attend her funeral. He afterwards charged each of them for the day as lost time, and made them pay for the carriages.

RESCINDED.—The order prohibiting the transmission of letters addressed to civilians in Richmond has been rescinded, and hereafter the mails will be regularly transmitted.

SHAVING PAPER.—A barber in Savannah says he has used up more than $100,000 of rebel money for shaving paper.

PRICES

—ARE—

DOWN! DOWN! DOWN!

—FOR—

DRY GOODS.

J. H. STORRS,

Would inform all who have so liberally patronized him that he will now give a BENEFIT by selling goods at Wholesale Prices at Retail for a few days. We offer

Good Dark Prints for	17 cents.
Best New Styles do,	20
" " " M'DeLaines,	25
Heavy Cottons, yard wide,	25
Fine Bleached Cottons, yard wide,	25

NEW STYLES OF

DRESS GOODS,

CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS,

FEATHERS,

ALL DOWN TO GOLD VALUE.

☞We give notice to all we have bought largely at the late Low Prices,

WHICH ENABLES US TO SELL AT

VERY LOW PRICES.

We shall make

Special Inducements to those from a Distance,

Who buy in large quantities.

NEW GOODS WILL BE RECEIVED EVERY WEEK

During the Spring Trade.

A Word to the Wise is Sufficient.

Very respectfully,

J. H. STORRS.

Ware; March 25, 1865.

TAKE NOTICE!

OPENED THIS DAY!

A NEW CASE OF GOODS, consisting of

COTTONS, PRINTS, & D'LAINES,

Bought and sold at

PANIC PRICES.

SMITH & CONVERSE.

Palmer, April, 1865.

HAMS! DRIED BEEF!
HAMS! DRIED APPLES!
ALL KINDS OF FISH!
At NEWTON & Co's . . . Palmer, Mass.

ENVELOPES, embellished with Business Cards, furnished at this office.

POTASH, at NEWTON & CO'S, Palmer. Of the best quality

PAPER HANGINGS!

WE have the LARGEST AND BEST STOCK to be found anywhere in New England, FROM THE CHEAPEST STYLES To THE ELEGANT GOLD AND PANEL PAPERS,

And furnish them AT RETAIL OR WHOLESALE,

At Lowest Prices.

☞ We send samples by mail or express when it is not convenient for customers to call at our store.

BRIDGMAN & WHITNEY,

SPRINGFIELD, MASS.,
April 1, 1865.

CLOTHING

Marked Down! Down!

NOW IS YOUR TIME TO BUY.

CALL ON THE

NEW YORK

CLOTHING COMPANY,

138 MAIN ST., SPRINGFIELD,

(Corner of Vernon Street)

GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS,

HATS AND CAPS,

From one of

THE LARGEST WHOLESALE ESTABLISHMENTS

in the City of New York,

ANY ONE WISHING

A Good Substantial Article

FOR A

LITTLE MONEY,

WOULD DO WELL TO

EXAMINE OUR STOCK.

ALL GOODS SOLD BY US ARE

WARRANTED

TO BE AS REPRESENTED.

We will allow the privilege of exchanging (within three days), any garment sold at retail, which upon examination at home does not meet the entire approval of the purchaser, either in material, style, or fit; or, if that is not sufficiently liberal,

WE WILL REFUND THE MONEY.

Our term. of sale are strictly for cash, and

WE GUARANTEE

A BETTER ARTICLE

OF CLOTHING FOR THE PRICE

than can be obtained elsewhere. Call and satisfy yourselves, at

138 MAIN ST.,

nearly opposite Baptist Church,

SPRINGFIELD.....MA.

n21tf

READY MADE CLOTHING,

Just received and for sale by

D. MULVIHILL,

Nassowanno Block, Palmer, Mass.

March 4, 1865.

PETROLEUM STOCKS

Are now attracting much attention, as

They Pay Larger Dividends

than any other stocks in the market, ranging from

One to Five per Cent. per Month.

Parties wishing to subscribe for stock in the "Great Basin" the "Massachusetts & Oil Creek," the "New England," "Fuller Farm," or other first-class oil companies, or in the

Montezuma Gold Mining Company,

the ore of which assays at over $8,000 per cord, can do so at the office of

Palmer, Jan. 21, 1865. JAS. G. ALLEN.

Manhood: How Lost, How Restored.

JUST PUBLISHED, a new edition of DR. CULVERWELL'S CELEBRATED ESSAY on the Radical Cure (without medicine) of Spermatorrhœa, or seminal weakness, Involuntary Seminal Losses, Impoteney, Mental and physical Incapacity; Impediments to Marriage, etc.; also, Consumption, Epilepsy, and Fits, induced by self-indulgence or sexual extravagance.

☞Price, in a sealed envelope, only six cents.

The celebrated author, in this admirable essay, clearly demonstrates, from a thirty years' successful practice, that the alarming consequences of self-abuse may be radically cured without the dangerous use of internal medicine, or the application of the knife—pointing out a mode of cure at once simple, certain, and effectual, by means of which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately, and radically.

☞This Lecture should be in the hands of every youth and every man in the land.

Sent under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address, post-paid, on receipt of six cents or two post stamps. Address the publishers,

CHAS. J. C. KLINE & CO.,
127 Bowery, New York, Post Office Box 4,586.

IF YOU WANT
A GOOD ARTICLE
—OF—

READY-MADE CLOTHING

For a Little Money,
Call at D. MULVIHILL'S,
Palmer, March 4, 1865. Nassowanno Block.

ANOTHER LOT Fresh Ground of KENT'S East India and OLMITZ

COFFEES,

The best ont. At NEWTON & CO'S, Nassowanno Block, Palmer

GRASS SEEDS.

HERDS GRASS, RED TOP, CLOVER, and MILLET, at the Agricultural Store in Ware.
April 29, 1865. GEO. ROBINSON.

FIRE AND LIFE

INSURANCE AGENCY.

Ætna Insurance Company,
HARTFORD, CT.
Capital.....$1,500,000

Hartford Fire Ins. Company,
HARTFORD, CT.
Capital.....$1,000,000

Phœnix Insurance Company,
HARTFORD, CT.
Capital.....$400,000

Springfield Fire & Marine Ins. Co.,
SPRINGFIELD, MASS.
Capital and Surplus.....$567,863 17

Norwich Fire Insurance Company,
NORWICH, CT.
Capital.....$300,000

INSURANCE AGAINST FIRE,
ON FACTORIES, STORES, DWELLING Houses, Barns, &c.,

Effected on MOST REASONABLE TERMS, in the Best Companies.

Also, Life Insurance

Effected on good risks in the best Mutual Companies.

Address or apply to

E. F. MORRIS,

MONSON, MASS.

June 25, 1864—1y.

DENTISTRY.

DR. J. B. GOULD,

Surgical and Mechanical Dentist,

Palmer, Mass.

respectfully informs the Citizens of Palmer and vicinity that he has located himself in this place as a permanent Dentist, and hopes by strict attention to business to win the patronage of the public.

The Most Difficult Operations in Dentistry Performed with Care.

One of the most important and often neglected duties of the age is the preservation of the Natural Teeth, and to this end none should neglect having them frequently examined by a Dentist, that decay and other imperfections may be seasonably remedied. Children's teeth should receive frequent and careful attention, to prevent irregularities or decay.

ARTIFICIAL TEETH

inserted on the improved principle of atmospheric pressure. Teeth, from one to an entire set, inserted on Gold, Silver, or Rubber.

A SUPERIOR ARTICLE of DENTRIFICE and TOOTH BRUSHES constantly on hand.

☞Examinations and advice gratis.

☞All operations warranted.

TERMS REASONABLE.

TESTIMONIALS:

The undersigned, citizens of Monson, have employed Mr. J. B. Gould, in his regular practice as Dentist, with satisfaction, and would cheerfully recommend him to the citizens of this and adjuining towns, as skillful in all branches of this business. They are happy also to commend him as a man of good prineiples and high moral character.

Rev. T. G. Colton. Marcus Keep.
" F. Woods. S. Darling.
N. F. Rogers. Dr. J. M. Towne.
E. B. Miles. " Smith.
Dr. J. McKinstrey.

n19

Palmer Steam Mill!

THE subscribers, having leased the Steam Mill formerly occupied by Hall & Trumble, offer for sale

A FULL ASSORTMENT OF

FLOUR, GRAIN, MEAL,
FEED, SALT, LIME,
COAL, WOOD, &c,
AT THE LOWEST MARKET PRICES.

CASH PAID FOR ALL KINDS OF GRAIN.

HOVEY & SUTCLIFFE.

Palmer, Mass., Dec. 20, 1862.

NEW GROCERY STORE!

The undersigned, having purchased the stock of

GROCERIES & PROVISIONS

lately owned by J. P. SHAW, and removed them to their Flour and Grain Store, and having made large additions thereto, are prepared to furnish FAMILY GROCERIES as CHEAP as at any other establishment in the county.

As we deal largely in

FLOUR AND GRAIN,

we are enabled to make purchases at

LOW FIGURES,

and sell in the same manner.

All kinds of FARMERS' PRODUCE taken in exchange for goods.

☞Remember the place—

At the Palmer Steam Mill.
HOVEY & SUTCLIFFE.

Palmer, Aug. 29, 1863.

GOVERNMENT

PENSION AGENCY!

GOVERNMENT BOUNTY OF $100

Collected for soldiers who have been discharged from service by reason of wounds or disability, without regard to length of time. Invalid soldiers discharged from service, and the widows and orphans of soldiers who died in the U. States service, or of wounds or disease contracted in line of duty, are entitled to pensions. All pension claims against the government, and claims for arrears of pay and bounty, will be promptly attended to and collected at the lowest rates. No charge made to the soldier unless the claim is successful.

This Agency is duly licensed, and the undersigned does his business direct with the authorities at Washington, and not through third parties.

JAS. G. ALLEN, Counsellor & Attorney.
Palmer, March 21, 1863.

New London Northern Railroad.

On and after MONDAY, JANUARY 2, 1865,

Trains Leave Palmer as follows:

7.50 A. M., and 2.15 P. M., for New London and Way Stations.

2.15 P. M., and 6.00 P. M, for Belchertown and Amherst.

Trains for New London connect at Willimantic with trains for Hartford.

Trains for Amherst connect with trains from New London, and Western Railroad trains.

R. N. DOWD, Supt.

New London, Jan. 2, 1865.

M. P. KNOWLTON,

Attorney and Counsellor at Law.

Post Office Building, south side of Court Square,

SPRINGFIELD, MASS.

Soldiers' Pensions, Bounty, Back Pay, &c., procured promptly and at reasonable rates.

TO LET.

THE ROOMS IN STRONG BLOCK heretofore used as a Tin-shop. Enquire of
Palmer, March 4, 1865. JAS. G. ALLEN.

HEALTH

HELMBOLD'S

FLUID EXTRACT

BUCHU.

For Non-Retention or Incontinence of Urine, Inflammation or Ulceration of the Bladder or Kidneys, Diseases of the Prostrate Gland, Gravel, Brick Dust Deposits, Dropsical Swellings, Organic Weakness, Debility, Female Complaints, &c.

Helmbold's Fluid Extract Buchu and

IMPROVED ROSE WASH

Will radically exterminate from the system Diseases arising from habits of Dissipation, at little expense, little or no change of diet, no inconvenience or exposure, completely superseding those unpleasant and dangerous remedies, Copabia and Mercury, in curing these diseases.

USE HELMBOLD'S

FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU

In all Diseases of the Urinary Organs, whether existing in MALE OR FEMALE, *from whatever cause originating*, and no matter of how long standing. It is pleasant in its taste and odor, IMMEDIATE in action, and more strengthening than any of the preparations of Bark or Iron.

Those suffering from Broken Down or Delicate Constitutions, *procure the Remedy at once.*

The reader must be aware that however slight may be the attack of the above diseases, it is certain to affect his *Bodily Health, Mental Powers and Happiness.* If no treatment is submitted to, Consumption or Insanity may ensue.

All the above diseases require the aid of a diuretic.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU
IS THE GREAT DIURETIC.

HELMBOLD'S

HIGHLY CONCENTRATED COMPOUND

FLUID

EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA,

For purifying the blood, removing all diseases arising from excess and imprudence in life, chronic constitutional diseases arising from an impure state of the blood, and the only reliable and effectual know remedy for the cure of Scrofula, Scald Head, Salt Rheum, Pains and Swellings of the Bones, Ulcerations of the Throat and Legs, Blotches, Pimples on the Face, Tetter, Erpsipelas, and all scaly eruptions of the skin, and beautifying the complexion.

AND

HAPPINESS

NOT A FEW

Of the worst disorders that afflict mankind arise from the corruption that accumulates in the Blood. Of all the discoveries that have been made to purge it out, none can equal in effect Helmbold's Compound Extract of Sarsaparilla. It cleanses and renovates the Blood, instills the vigor of health into the system and purges out the humors which make disease. It stimulates the healthy functions of the body, and expels the disorders that grow and rankle in the blood. Such a remedy, that could be relied on, has long been sought for, and now, for the first time, the public have one on which they can depend. Our space here does not admit of certificates to show its effects, but the trial of a single bottle will show to the sick that it has virtues surpassing anything they have ever taken.

Two tablespoonsful of the Extract of Sarsaparilla, added to a pint of water, is equal to the Lisbon Diet Drink, and one bottle is equal to a gallon of the Syrup of Sarsaparilla, or the decoction as usually made.

The above Extracts are prepared on purely scientific principles—in Vacuo—and embody the full strength of the ingredients entering into their composition. A ready and conclusive test will be a comparison of their properties with those set forth in the U. S. Dispensatory.

HOW TO USE THE REMEDIES.

In diseases of the Blood, Humors on the Face, or any and every part of the body, use Extract Sarsaparilla, applying to Pimples and all external Humors or Eruptions the Improved Rose Wash.

Use the Extract Buchu for all diseases requiring the aid of a Diuretic, except those of the Urinary Organs, such as Gonorrhœa and Gleet; in these use the Extrae Buchu and inject with the Improved Rose Wash.

☞THESE EXTRACTS HAVE BEEN ADMITTED TO USE IN THE UNITED STATES ARMY, and also are in very general use in all the STATE HOSPITALS and Public Institutions throughout the land, as well as well as in private practice, and are considered as invaluable remedies.

Medicine delivered to Any Address.

Direct letters to—

HELMBOLD'S DRUG & CHEMICAL WAREHOUSE,
594 Broadway, New York,
Next Metropolitan Hotel, or to
HELMBOLD'S MEDICAL DEPOT,
104 South Tenth St., Philadelphia,
Assembly Buildings.

Describe Symptoms in all Communication.

☞Sold by all Druggists everywhere.
☞Beware of Counterfeits.
☞Ask for Helmbold's. Take no Other.
Feb. 25. 1y.

SECURED.

DR. VELPAU'S FRENCH PILLS.

LADIES, TAKE PARTICULAR NOTICE.

THE REAL VELPAU FEMALE PILL.

[Warranted French.]

These Pills, so celebrated many years ago in Paris, for the relief of female irregularities, and afterward so notorious for their criminal employment in the practice of abortion, are now offered for sale for the first time in America. They have been kept in comparative security from the fact that the originator, Dr. Velpau, is a physician in Paris, of great wealth and strictly conscientious principles, and has withheld them from general use lest they should be employed for unlawful purposes. In overcoming Female Obstructions, Falling of the Womb, Whites, Green Sickness, Suppression, Retention, or Immoderate flow of the monthly discharges, they seem to be truly omnipotent, bursting open the flood gates from whatever cause may have stopped them; but they are offered to the public only for legitimate uses and all agents are forbidden to sell them when it is understood that the object is unlawful. Married ladies should never take them when there is any reason to believe themselves pregnant, for they will be sure to produce a miscarriage.

These Pills are entirely safe under all circumstances, being composed entirely of substances from the vegetable kingdom.

Each box has the coat of arms for the city of Paris stamped on the box, with the words "Trade Mark" in French, to counterfeit which is a misdemeanor, and all persons will be dealt with according to law.

☞Full directions accompany every box.

Ladies can obtain a box sealed from the eyes of the curious, by enclosing one dollar and six post-office stamps to any respectable druggists, or to O. C. STAPLES, General Agent for the United States, Watertown, N. Y.

For sale in Palmer by Wood & Allen, and Dr. Wm. Holbrook. n51y.

Important to All Invalids!

IRON IN THE BLOOD

IT is well known to the medical profession that IRON is the Vital Principle or Life Element of the blood. This is derived chiefly from the food we eat; but if the food is not properly digested, or if from any cause whatever, the necessary quantity of irun is not taken into the circulation, or becomes reduced, the whole system suffers. The bad blood will irritate the heart, will clog up the lungs, will stupefy the brain, will obstruct the liver, and will send its disease producing elements to all parts of the system, and every one will suffer in whatever organ may be predispused to disease.

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OR PROTECTED solution of the PROTOXIDE OF IRON. A NEW Discovery in Medicine that strikes at the Root of Disease by supplying the Blood with its Vital Principle or Life Element—blood.

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Cures Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Dropsy, Fever and Ague, Loss of Energy, Low Spirits.

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infuses strength, vigor, and new life into the system, and builds up an "Iron Constitution."

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cures Nervous Affections, Female Complaints, and all Diseases of the Kidneys and Bladder.

THE PERUVIAN SYRUP

is a SPECIFIC for all diseases originating in a BAD STATE OF THE BLOOD, or accompanied by Debility or a Low State of the System.

Pamphlets containing certificates of cures, and recommendations from some of the most eminent Pyhsicians, Clergymen, and others, will be sent FREE to any address.

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Has fully established the superiority of Redding's Russia Salve over all other healing preparations.

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Sores, Cuts, Scalds, Burns, Boils, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Sties, Piles, Corns, Sore Lips, Sore Eyes, &c., &c., Removing the Pain at once, and Reducing the most Angry Looking Swellings and Inflammation as if by Magic.

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THE best preparation for the Hair. It will immediately free the head from all dandruff, restore the hair to its natural color, and produce a new growth where it has fallen off. It will stop the falling out of the hair in a few days, if faithfully applied, and it will turn gray hair to its original color. Price, one dollar. A large lot just received, and for sale by the bottle or dozen.

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Palmer, Mass., Feb. 11, 1865. 1y

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After an extensive practice of upwards of twenty years, continues to secure Patents in the United States, also in Great Britain, France, and other foreign countries. Caveats, Specifications, Bonds, Assignments, and all Papers or Drawings for Patents executed on liberal terms, and with dispatch. Researches made into American or Foreign works to determine the validity or utility of Patents or inventions—and legal or other advice rendered in all matters touching the same. Copies of the claims of any patent furnished by remitting one dollar. Assignments recorded at Washington.

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January 1, 1865. 1y

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Dr. Dow has no doubt had greater experience in the cure of diseases of women than any other physician in Boston.

Boarding accommodations for patients who may wish to stay in Boston a few days under his treatment.

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M. FOX. Feb. 20, 1864. C. HOLBROOK.

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DISEASES of the Urinary and Sexual Organs, the result of Self-abuse, Sexual Excesses, &c. Reports on the above, supplying the means of cure, sent free on receipt of a red stamp.

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The Palmer Journal.

VOLUME XVI. PALMER, MASS., SATURDAY, JUNE 3, 1865. NUMBER 12.

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY.
—BY—
GORDON M. FISK & Co.

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Relieved Guard.

There, at his post, by oozing marsh that binds
The borders of the bay,
Where moaned, through rustling sedge, the winter winds,
The soldier silent lay.

Through the cold blue of heaven the evening star
Set the first watch of night;
While athwart the west, one lingering crimson bar
Crowned the dead day with light.

Slyly the grey fox, peering, swiftly ran
Across the dusky shore;
Stopping, perchance, with pricked-up ears, to scan
The wild fowl winging o'er.

The pulsing whir of wings that beat the air
With a deep, trembling hum,
Unheeded pass the soldier there;
Unseen the wild-fowl come.

Now, o'er the line of marsh, the new-born day
Lifts up its rosy wings.
And through the frosty air, far down the bay,
The "honk" of wild geese rings.

Unharmed, the wild duck preens its plumage bright,
Swimming the soldier near;
Gazing the while, with eyes of liquid light,
It sees no signs of fear.

Calmly at peace he lay, while the bright sun
Tinged his pale cheek with red.
Shot through the heart—his duty done—
There lay the soldier, dead.

Whether 'neath sheltering roof or open sky
We render the last breath,
God give us strength to calmly die,
With hope for after death.

WONDERS OF THE OIL REGIONS.

Corry O Lanus writes to the editor of the Brookline Eagle as follows:—

I have reached the land of oil, having taken a safer route than the Erie.

Pennsylvania is a good-sized state and it takes a good while to get here.

When you do get here you wish you hadn't come.

There is plenty of oil—and that is all except lots of people.

I made for Snaky Run the most likely place for oil.

They call these places "Runs," because every body who is after oil runs here.

Every man you meet is the President, Director or Engineer of a petroleum company.

The natives who are white people, and resemble country folks, live by selling land and greenbacks.

They have a system in both transactions. They double the price of land every morning. If you know any body who has got a few vacant lots that he wants to sell, tell him to bring them out here.

The folks are so busy looking for oil they haven't time to hoist houses, and every one is afraid to put up a house for fear that he might cover up an oil well.

Consequently the hotels are a little crowded.

Muggins' hotel, where I put up is much so.

Muggins, the proprietor, is the most accommodating man you ever saw. A city railroad conductor isn't a circumstance to him.

He has only got six beds in the house, but he is always ready to take in everybody.

He took me in.

Also two hundred more petroleum pilgrims.

The sleeping accommodations are various. We go to bed in platoons.

When the first platoon get asleep they are carefully taken out of bed and hung over a clothes line. The second platoon go through the same process until everybody is provided for.

Preferring to sleep alone, I slept on the mantle-piece, with the coal scuttle for a pillow.

As I observed land is precious out here.

I bought a lot, ten inches by four, for three hundred thousand dollars, and commenced operations.

The next thing is to commence boring.

You want a sharp bore. A public lecturer won't do. Neither will a skating gimlet.

I took a brace and bit, and went in. Got down about seven hundred thousand feet into the bowels of the land when I came to an impediment.

Found that I had struck the pre-adamite rock, of the ossified strata of the Silurian formation.

This is geology, and you perhaps won't understand it but I will explain it all in the paper to the Historical Society I am about writing.

Got a candle and went down to see about it.

I found a big Megathereum about six hundred feet long and nine hundred wide, in a capital state of preservation.

I got him out and shall send him along by express.

Went on boring through forty thousand feet of sandstone. Here encountered a strange smell of sulphur, which alarmed the native who sold me the land, and to ease his conscience he gave me half the money back, and wanted me to stop boring.

Told him I was bound to keep on till I struck ile, or came out on the other side of creation.

Bored on. Went through about sixty thousand feet more, when suddenly the brace and bit went off, and there was a grand report like that made by Butler's powder-boat which didn't blow up Fort Fisher.

Things were slightly confused for a short time. A section of Pennsylvania went up, and I went up with it. I guess I must have come down again, as the next idea I had, was finding myself comfortably hung over the clothes-line at the Muggins hotel.

An investigation into the matter showed I had struck through into a gas factory in China, which had exploded at both ends of the bore, killing half a million Chinese.

The casualities on our side were confined to one native and a small dog.

The Megathereum had also disappeared, probably scared off by the explosion.

I haven't given up yet. The folks here are very encouraging; they will stick to a man as long as he has a cent left, and I never knew Muggins to turn a man out of his hotel who had the means to pay his bill.

A kind-hearted chap offered me another piece of land, the size of a stove-plate, within a mile and a half of a seven hundred barrel well, for the reasonable figure of half a million and two thirds of the oil.

I had concluded that boring for oil is not so profitable as bleeding the public. I shall start an oil company on more liberal terms than any yet offered.

I shall be prepared to guarrantee anything. The capital will be a million dollars, divided into two million shares at fifty cents each.

Dividends of two hundred per cent., will be paid weekly, in addition to which each subscriber will be entitled to a season ticket for Lanigan's hall, a new hat a farm in Minnesota, and a ton of coal at market prices.

The "Scaly Run," Petroleum Company will be the biggest thing in the oil market.

I am coming on to arrange the business as soon as my friends remit me funds enough to pay my way back.

FEARFUL CRIME.

Criminal records can furnish but few parallels to the dreadful details recently elicited at the trial of a butcher's widow, at Augsburg for the murder of her husband, under circumstances, the perusal of which excites more than unusual horror. The woman's name is Josepha Ried, and her age is forty-eight. Partly from her own confession, and partly from the evidence brought forward, it would seem that her husband, an habitual sot, lived on unfriendly terms with her, and that he often threatened to take her life.—She, however, one night a few months since, beat him about the head with a cudgel till he was insensible, and then strangled him with a rope. From the woman's confession it seems that fearing the discovery of the deed and the punishment that awaited her, she dismembered the body by first hacking at the neck with a hatchet, and then severing the head with a knife.

Farther to prevent discovery, and also to prevent decomposition, she actually boiled some parts of the body in her cooking pots, and these portions she concealed for ten days when, having employed a man to cut cabbage for her for the purpose of preparing sauerkraut, unobserved by him she cast the trunk of her husbands body into the tub among the cabbage, having already laid the head in a cask partly filled with meal and bran. The cabbage cutter stated that as she heaped the shreads of cabbage over the body in the tub, she appeared to be unusually jolly and in particular good humor. The head of the deceased, although it had undergone the process of boiling, showed traces of thirteen wounds. The anxiety of the public to hear the evidence at the trial was so great that the judge was obliged to send for a party of soldiers to maintain order.—*Foreign Exchange.*

THE PREDICTION OF NOSTRADAMUS.—Most of our readers will recollect that at the commencement of the civil war the following prediction of Nostradamus, which, it is said can be found in the second volume of his "Centuries," was generally published in the papers:—

"About that time (1861) a great quarrel and controversy will rise in a country beyond the seas (America) and many poor devils will be hung and many poor wretches will be killed by a punishment other than a cord. Upon my faith you may believe me, the war will not cease for four years, at which none should be astonished, for there will be no want of hatred and obstinacy in it. At the end of that time prostrate and almost ruined the people will embrace each other in great joy and love."

Nostradamus was a French physician, philosopher and prophet, born in 1533, who after meeting with great success in the first named capacity, turned his attention to astrology, and in 1555 published his "Centuries," a work of predictions. In 1558 he foretold the remarkable death of Henry I., which took place at a tournament in the spring of 1559, and is said also to have predicted the death of Charles I., of England, Louis XVI., and the elevation of Napoleon to the empire of France.

AN AUTHENTIC ANECDOTE.—Talleyrand was once in the company of Madam de Stael and another eminent French lady whose name we do not now remember. "You say charming things to both of us," said Madam de Stael to him; "which of us do you like best?" The wily statesman artfully replied that he was delighted with both. "Ah, but you prefer one of us," continued Madam de Stael; "suppose we were both drowning in the Seine to-night, which of us would you help first?" "I would extend my right hand to Madam de Stael, and my left to Madam ——der." "Yes, but suppose only one of us could be saved—which would you attempt to rescue?" Talleyrand's diplomacy was pushed to its severest test, but not one whit discomposed, he turned to Madam de Stael and replied, "Madam, you who know so many things, doubtless know how to swim."

OLD VELVET TOES.—Josh Billings often mars his productions by his bad spelling. His humor is charming and needs none of this trickery of paint to commend it. We copy from the Troy News, his official organ, the close of an article tributary to old Velvet Toes, deceased:—"Old Velvet Toes has shaved his last note. No more will the widow's tear glisten on his threshold, no more will the orphan shudder to meet him, and no more will the tax gatherer, like a wet ghost, sit down before him. Come, all ye who only love life for the gold that is in it, come and look down into the earth hole where Velvet Toes lies, cofined and still. Does there come to you in the eddies of the soft wind, a single God bless you?"

☞ Alluding to the prevailing fashion in Paris, as regards ladies' head dresses—ornamented with magpies' tails, peacocks' feathers, and ravens' wings—a cynical writer says the peacock represent a woman's pride, the magpie her volubility, and the raven her discontent.

☞ George D. Prentice of the Louisville Journal, is lying very sick at the St. Cloud Hotel, Nashville. Clarence D. Prentice, his son, lately a Rebel officer, has taken the oath of allegiance to the Federal Government.

GOLD IN VERMONT. A New York capitalist has recently commenced working the gold mines in Plymouth, Vt. He has just taken to the mines $12,000 worth of quartz crushing machinery and the enterprise promises great success.

Musings.

BY MARGARET ELLIOT.

Silent sat I, and alone—
God had taken all my own.

All grief's curtains, dark, I spread,
And in sackcloth veiled my head.

Lest some light, with woeful smart,
Should reveal my empty heart.

In the silence and the gloom,
Lo! a voice within my room.

And it said, "O soul, arise,
And look upward to the skies!"

But I plead, with bitter cry,
"In this darkness let me lie!

"All my life is wrapped in gloom—
Let me shroud it in this tomb."

Still it said, "O soul, arise,
And look upward to the skies!"

Then I rose up, sad and slow,
Lifting up my face of woe.

Lo! a ray of light divine
Shone through this dark heart of mine.

Then I saw the matchless love
That would draw my heart above.

And I heard sweet songs, afar,
Echoing through the radiant air.

EXECUTIONS AMONG THE JEWS.

The Hebrews had no executioner. When a man was guilty of homicide the execution devolved upon the next of kin, by the right of blood revenge; in other cases criminals were stoned by the people, the women setting the example; and when the king or chief ordered a person to be put to death, the office was performed by the person to whom the command was given, and this was generally a person whose consideration in life bore some proportion to that of the person to be slain. Thus Solomon gave the commission to kill Joab, the commander-in-chief, to Benaiah, a person of so much distinction as to be himself immediately promoted to the command which the death of Joab left vacant.—In fact, the office even of a regular executioner is not considered by any means dishonorable in the East. The post of chief executioner in most Oriental courts is one of honor and distinction. Thus, when there was no regular executioner, it came to be considered a post of honor to put a distinguished person to death; and, on the other hand, the death itself was honorable in proportion to the rank of the person by whom the blow was inflicted. It was the greatest dishonor to perish by the hands of a woman or a slave. We see this feeling distinctly in the narrative where the two young princes much prefer to die by Gideon's own hand than by that of a youth who had gained no personal distinction. As to the hero commissioning his son to perform this office, it was, perhaps, partly to honor him with the distinction of having slain two chief enemies of Israel, as well as because the rules of blood revenge made it necessary that the execution of those who had slain his own brethren should either be performed by himself or by a member of his family. It seems very probable, from all that transpired, that Oreb and Zeeb had slain the brethren of Gideon after they had taken them alive, in the same way that they were themselves slain.

THE FREE-LOVE COMMUNISTS.

We have a pamphlet recently published by the Oneida Community. It is a conversational exposition of the principles and practice of these men and women, who have, for some years past, been living in a distinct community. They were formerly called Perfectionists. A man by the name of Noyes was the leader and prophet of the new sect, and is still at its head, standing in the same relation to it that Joe Smith did to the Mormons.

It is certainly remarkable that this community, established in 1848, and numbering now only 200 members, yet has a flourishing existence in the midst of an enlightened and religious part of the country. Its cash receipts and disbursements last year were $433,880.82, and the taxes they paid amount to more than $8000.

The social principles of this community are revolting to all ordinary ideas of decency, as they are opposed to the laws of God and man. They do not believe in or regard marriage. They live in one house, and each one follows his own inclination in regard to social and domestic arrangements. The children are cared for in a common department, with no recognized relationship to parents.

This is as clear an intimation as it is proper, perhaps, to make of the "free-love" development in this establishment, which claims special holiness in its members, and an organization designed to introduce its members into intimate fellowship with the spiritual world. And it is, therefore, only another of the many schemes which men and women who cannot bear the restraints of God's law invent to gratify their own wills under the guise of superior holiness.—*N. Y. Observer.*

PRESIDENT LINCOLN'S RELATIVES.—The St. Louis Republican says the statement which is obtaining currency through many papers, to the effect that the late President had no blood relatives save his two sons, is incorrect. Josiah Lincoln, his brother, left Harding county, Kentucky, at an early date, and settled in Harrison county, Indiana. He died many years ago, leaving two sons, Thomas and Jacob, and several daughters. Thomas is also dead, but left a large family. Jacob is still living on the old place in Harrison county, and has several children living, although two of his sons have been killed during the war. Josiah Lincoln, sons and grandsons, were all farmers, in plain if not poor circumstances, but hardy, honest, and industrious.

☞ One of the surest evidences of friendship that one individual can display to another, is telling him gently of his faults. If any other can excel it, it is listening to such a disclosure with gratitude, and amending the error.

☞ The hidden cisterns of the soul may be filling fast with tears, while the windows through which it looks are undimmed by a drop or a film of moisture.

☞ The streets in Venice are 5 feet wide. The broadest, the "Merceria," is fourteen feet wide.

BLUE BEARD

Many of our young readers have read the fairy tale of Blue Beard, and sympathized with the young wife who was to lose her head for her curiosity, while the death of the old fellow himself has always given intense delight. Few, however, are aware that there was a personage who bore this title, and the anniversary of whose death occurs Dec. 22, but so it is. His name was Giles de Laval, Seigneor De Retz, better known as Marshal Retz, and he was born in the year 1396. He was a soldier, and fought in several battles, particularly under Joan of Arc in 1420, having served as one of her captains. In 1433 he led an expedition against the English. In 1432 he was the richest subject in France, and this immense fortune was the cause of his ruin. He plunged into dissipation, which soon diminished his wealth, and he sold one estate after another to keep up his expenditure. He had a guard of honor of two hundred and fifty horsemen, and his suite consisted of numerous chaplains, choristers &c., most of whom were accomplices in his arts of libertinism. His chapel was hung with cloth of gold, and his chaplains bore the title of dean, chapter, archdeacon and bishop. He even sent a deputy to the Pope to get permission for a cross to be borne before him. Craving for more wealth, he turned his attention to alchemy, but failed in turning the baser metal to gold. He then became absorbed in magic, and made a compact with Satan to give everything except his life and soul for boundless wealth. He now began to immolate children, who having been made victims of his iniquity, in various ways, were finally put to death, and their blood and hearts used as charms in diabolical rights. Agents of his were used to persuade poor peasants who had beautiful children to entrust them to the care of the marshal for their advancement in life, but they were never seen afterwards, and inquires were endeavored to be stifled by threats or bribery. At length the matter came under the notice of the authorities, and Retz was arrested in 1440. At first he denied all knowledge of the affair, but being threatened with torture, he disclosed all about it, and his judges were horror stricken at the obscene and atrocious recital. The young victims ranged from 8 to 18 years old, but what they endured before death cannot be printed. The bodies used to be burned, but remains were found at two places, which indicated 126 victims. He was tried and condemned to be strangled, which was carried into effect December 22d, 1440. He became remembered as *Barbe-bleu*, or Blueheard, from his beard having been so colored. It became a name of terror even in England, for after the committal of the Duke of Suffolk to the tower in the year of Henry VI, we read that the act so displeased the people that they assembled together in great companies and chose a captain by that name, but their leaders were soon apprehended, and no harm occurred. The blueheard so familiar to children was written by Parrautt in the times of Louis XIV.

A PRESIDENT IN PETTICOATS.

The Syracuse Journal thus discourses:

The Confederacy expires in a blaze of—calico. It goes down to the grave in the glory of—hoops. The only stays which support the masts of the rebel ship of state prove to have been the stays of a lady's bodice. Its proper emblem of sovereignty was not the "Southern Cross" or the "Stars and Bars," or any other such poetic symbol, but a male virago rampant. Its coat of arms was a petticoat—its cap of liberty a bonnet. It flounced about a good deal during the brief period of its existence, but its flounces were only cotton ones. Throughout its whole career, it was the cause of a marvellous waste of treasure, but the waist which it exhibited in its last hours was the most wonderful of all.—It exchanged the corselet of the warrior for the corset of the female—the turmoil of conflict for the bustle of the boudoir. J. Davis evidently intended to "fight it out on this line," but his line was crinoline. But how can we blame him? How could he cry "Once more unto the breach, dear friends!" when they wore no breeches? How could he address his compatriots in such a dress? Under the circumstances which surrounded him, of what avail was a veil? How could he wrap his mantle around him and lie down to die, like some old Roman hero, when his mantle was nothing but a mantilla? It may be forcibly said that he had changed his habits. He dared do all that might become a man, but fighting does not become a woman, and therefore he allowed himself to be taken on the "spur" of the moment. It is a little singular that his capture occurred on the outskirts of the Confederacy. A few days more, and his friends in the South might have sung with glee, and with heartfelt gratitude over his escape, "The Blue Bonnets Over the Border."

A GOD OR A DEMON?—We read in the Friend of India: "A *lusus naturæ* in the shape of a giant has made his appearance at Nagpore. The man is seven feet four inches high; his head is not particularly large, but his aspect is described as hideously repulsive. At first the people thought he was a demon, and stoned him accordingly, but five peculiar marks having been found upon his head, he was immediately declared to be a god, and had divine honors paid to him. He is on his way to a shrine at Indore, and makes the most of his natural advantages by exhibiting himself at a nice a head. The difference between deity and demonism is very slight in India."

HOW TO KEEP SEVEN-THIRTIES.—The question is going the rounds of the papers, "How can seven-thirty bonds be kept safely without deposit with the bank?" By filling up the blank left for the name of the person to whom the bond is to be paid, no one else can make use of Uncle Sam's promise to pay. A seven-thirty thus becomes as safe as an ordinary note. Should it be lost, a duplicate will be issued on proper proof. For this purpose, a memorandum of the number, &c., of the bond should be kept distinct from the bond itself. Farmers and others will do well to bear this fact in mind.

☞ Mrs. Extra Billy Smith is accused of appropriating to her private use the spoons and other silver belonging in the gubernatorial mansion at Richmond, and the property of the State of Virginia.

A SOUTH CAROLINA HERO.

There was a man in Charleston, Nelson Mitchell by name, who died about eight months ago, leaving, I believe, a wife and two children, poor and uncared for. From the beginning he had reasoned with the people, and that openly, about the rebellion.—Twice he was sentenced to be hung by a secret military commission, but the authorities never could find a man to do the work. A lawyer by profession, and an anti-slavery man by education, he undertook a task which ought ever to make his memory honored by the negroes and those interested in their condition. After the unsuccessful attack upon Fort Wagner, in July, 1863, a military court was convened to try the black prisoners captured from the 54th Mass. regiment. It was decided, after some delay, that the military courts had no jurisdiction in the case, and that the matter should be handed over to the State. Mitchell volunteered as counsel for the men, and, after five months' trial, he gained his point, and convinced a South Carolina Jury that these men were free. To do this you can imagine how fearlessly this brave soul must have worked. An intelligent quadroon told me that he was present during the last ten or twelve sessions, and that Mitchell's eloquence was perfectly startling; at any rate, it had the effect of awakening the jury so much to the importance of the decision that I suppose they were really frightened into a favorable verdict.

He has never been publicly mentioned at Charleston since then, except in very doubtful terms. They did not dare to touch him, because he seemed to be so thoroughly in earnest, and he died from the effects of poverty and want. Every night, before going to bed, Nelson Mitchell took his wife and children to his room, and, after having locked the door and shut the blinds, hung an American flag over the mantel and sat by it in conversation with his family. The evening on which he died, his house was struck by one of our shells from Cummings' Point, and his family were thus left more destitute than ever. They are being very well looked after now, and I don't think will be allowed to suffer much hereafter. For all this service he had the displeasure of the authorities and the coldness of the people; but the way in which the negroes talk about him is very tender. Nothing can be added to this simple narrative. Among all South Carolinians we have ever heard of, Nelson Mitchell alone seems truly chivalric. Through all the intolerable gasconade and inhuman sophistry of this absurd State, his plea for the black prisoners is the sole ennobling sound.—*Harper's Weekly.*

GEN. JACKSON'S MOTTO.—"Think before you act, but when the time for action comes, stop thinking." This is the true doctrine. Many men fail in life and go down to the grave with hopes blasted and prospects of happiness unrealized, because they did not adopt and act upon this motto. Nothing so unfits a man for action in the course of action. Better by far adopt some course and pursue it energetically, even though it may not be the best, than to keep continually thinking without action. "Go ahead" ought to be printed in every young man's hat and read until it becomes a part of his nature, until he can act upon his own judgment, and not be turned from his course by every wind of interested advise. In conclusion we would say, "Think before you act, but when the time for action comes, stop thinking."

READING AT NIGHT.—Reading should be avoided when it interferes with necessary repose, as it does when pursued at a late hour of night. It has then a pernicious influence upon the health first, then upon the spirits, then upon the mind itself. The knowledge gained in this way is, for the most part, of but little value, for it is gained at the expense of mental vigor, and sometimes even of life itself. The celebrated William Pinckney, the great Maryland orator, fell a sacrifice to late reading. To read when you ought to be in bed, and especially to read when in bed, is to inflict a great evil on yourself without an equivalent. It is to injure your eyes, your brain, your nervous system, and your intellect.—*American Monthly.*

A WHITE BLACK MAN *vs.* A BLACK WHITE MAN.—One of the committee of citizens of Charleston, charged with distribution of the rice, asked that an order should be issued requiring the colored people to meet at specified places on one day, and the whites on the day succeeding.—Col. Woolford replied: "Sir, when a man approaches me with the shield of loyalty before him, he seems so bright that I cannot see that he is black; and when he comes with the shield of disloyalty, he looks so black that I cannot see that he is white!" He went on to say that he did not intend to use the words white or black in any official order.

LIFE.—How small a portion of our life it is that we really enjoy! In youth we are looking forward to things that are to come; in old age we are looking backwards to things that are gone past; in manhood, although we appear indeed to be more occupied in things that are present, yet even that is absorbed in vague determinations to be vastly happy on some future day, when we have time.

☞ "Is that your husband, ma'am?" "He be." "Is that your wife, sir?" "She be."—"Ah! that's pleasant; a he bee and a she bee can hardly fail to taste the sweets of life in perfection. Have you any offspring?" "Quite a swarm, sir." "Ah! sir, that makes a difference—but no doubt you love the little humbugs."

☞ Frogs do not croak in running water, and active minds are seldom troubled with gloomy forebodings. They come up only from the stagnant depths of a spirit unstirred by generous impulses or the blessed necessities of honest toil.

☞ "Well, my boy, do you know what syntax means?" said a schoolmaster to the child of a teetotaler.

"Yes; sir; the duty upon spirits."

☞ The selfish tallow-chandler hates the shunshine; he thinks it a formidable rival in business.

Palmer Journal.

SATURDAY, JUNE 3, 1865.

The End!

The great Slaveholders' Rebellion of the South is at an end. Kirby Smith, who had command of all the rebel forces west of the Mississippi, has surrendered to Gen. Canby, by which all armed resistance to the Union forces throughout the South ceases, and there will be no work for Gen. Sheridan to do in Texas. The surrender of Smith includes all the naval forces in the bays and rivers of Texas and Louisiana, and all arms and property of the late rebel government not surrendered by Gens. Lee and Johnston.

With this surrender, peace comes to the distracted and impoverished people of the South. Gladly will they hail the day, though their fond scheme of independence has failed. It will require many years to restore the prosperity which they enjoyed before the rebellion, while their loss of kindred and friends can never be regained. The political condition of affairs at the South will require some time in settling; but, now that armed resistance is at an end, the people will readily submit to any wholesome regulations for reorganizing the several State Governments which may be instituted by the General Government. The New York Tribune well remarks:—

And so ends the mightiest, grandest, bloodiest, most destructive, most momentous struggle in modern history, with the slave-pens of Richmond and Charleston, the gin-houses of Alabama, the cane-mills of Louisiana and Texas, glowing in the light of the newly-risen sun of Universal Freedom. Ours has been by far the most desolating struggle since the fall of Napoleon, but the results are nobly worth their cost. Our country is again at peace—we trust for a century. We shall begin at once to repair and re-construct, to re-open dismantled railroads, to rebuild burned cities, and to replace the fences which have been swept from many thousands of square miles by the passage of contending armies. From this time forth, each day will witness an increase of our national wealth, and the census of 1870 will show a decided gain, both in population and property, over that of 1860, though half a million lives and four thousand million dollars' worth of property have been devoured by our Civil War.

Reconstruction.

We get the plan of reconstruction for the States in rebellion from a proclamation just issued by President Johnson in regard to North Carolina. The proclamation appoints Wm. W. Holden provisional governor of North Carolina, and orders a convention to be held composed of delegates elected by the loyal people of the State, under regulations prescribed by the provisional governor. No person will be allowed to become a member of that convention who has not taken the amnesty oath. The people will be allowed to adopt the old constitutions of their respective States, where they do not conflict with the national laws; also, to prescribe the qualifications of voters. This will, assuredly, deprive the late slave of the right of suffrage, and he must work his way to that privilege if he would enjoy it. The loyal citizens of the South will not be likely to grant a favor which several of the free States have denied to the colored race for many years. The radical republicans will not like this feature of the proclamation, but the President could not do otherwise than allow each State to regulate its own internal affairs, so long as they do not conflict with the acts of Congress. The programme provided for North Carolina will, no doubt, be offered to other seceded States, and they have no alternative but to adopt it. What better can they do?

The Springfield Republican has taken time by the forelock and made out a ticket for the next gubernatorial election in Massachusetts. Here it is:. Governor, Alexander H. Bullock, of Worcester; Lieut. Governor, Moses Kimball, of Boston, or Jonathan E. Field, of Stockbridge; Secretary of State, Wm. S. Robinson, present Clerk of the House, of Malden; Treasurer, Wm. Hyde, of Ware; and Chester I. Reed, of Taunton, for Attorney General.—Couldn't the Republican find somebody for Auditor? There is no doubt of Mr. Bullock's election for Governor, that place having been conceded to him for some time. Concerning other State officers, it is too early to speculate.

Gen. Sherman has bidden farewell to his army, and gone to Cincinnati. The testimony of Gen. Sherman before the war committee, and his official report to Gen. Grant, are published, and they are quite racy. Sherman defends himself as well with the pen as with the sword, and no one can read his report without feeling that he has cause for complaint against Sec. Stanton and Gen. Halleck.

Vallandigham, who went into retirement after returning from his banishment to the rebel lines, has become repentant, and writes to his friends that he was in an error in regard to the rebellion, and is glad that slavery is destroyed and the Union saved. The victory over the rebellion will bring many copperheads to the same conclusion, because they are forced to it, and not because they wish to have it so.

The assassination trials still hold on at Washington, and much of the evidence seems to be of an uncertain character. Nothing has yet been testified which directly implicates Jeff Davis in the assassination plot. The trial will not be concluded for a week or two.

It is rumored that Secretary Stanton is about to retire from the Cabinet as soon as the military trials and other business consequent on the closing of the war are concluded. It is also reported that he will be sent to Berlin, Prussia.

The election in Virginia recently held was carried by the disunionists; and yet every voter was required to take the amnesty oath prescribed by the late President Lincoln.

Gov. Pierpont at Richmond.—Gov. Pierpont arrived in Richmond on Friday. He was received by a procession of citizens and an address of welcome, to which he responded but said nothing of much significance.

The New Amnesty Proclamation!

President Johnson has issued a new amnesty proclamation to the rebels. It covers a broader field than that issued by President Lincoln, excepting, as it does, fourteen classes, who are subjects of the halter, imprisonment, or banishment, unless pardoned by the Executive. All rebels, to avail themselves of the proclamation, must swear to faithfully support and defend the Constitution of the United States, and all proclamations which have been made during the existing rebellion with reference to the emancipation of slaves. The following classes of persons are excepted from the benefits of this proclamation:

First—All who are, or who shall have been, pretended civil or diplomatic officers or otherwise, or foreign agents of the Confederate Government.

Second—All who left judicial stations under the United States to aid the rebellion.

Third—All who shall have been military or naval officers of said pretended Confederate Government, above the rank of colonel in the army or lieutenant in the navy.

Fourth—All who left seats in the Congress of the United States to aid the rebellion.

Fifth—All who resigned or tendered resignations of their commissions in the army or navy of the United States to evade duty in resisting the rebellion.

Sixth—All who have engaged in any way in treating otherwise than lawfully, as prisoners of war, persons found in the service of the United States, as officers, soldiers, or seamen, or in other capacities.

Seventh—All persons who have been or are, absentees from the United States for the purpose of aiding the rebellion.

Eighth—All military and naval officers in the rebel service who were educated by the government in the Military Academy at West Point, or the United States Naval Academy.

Ninth.—All persons who held the pretended office of Governors of States in insurrection against the United States.

Tenth—All persons who left their homes within the jurisdiction and protection of the United States, and passed beyond the Federal military lines into the so-called Confederate States, for the purpose of aiding the rebellion.

Eleventh—All persons who have been engaged in the destruction of the commerce of the United States upon the high seas, and all persons who have made raids into the United States from Canada, or been engaged in destroying the commerce of the United States upon the lakes and rivers that separate the British provinces from the United States.

Twelfth—All persons who, at the time when they seek to obtain the benefits hereof by taking the oath herein prescribed, are in military, naval, or civil confinement or custody, or under bonds of the civil, military, or naval authorities or agents of the United States as prisoners of war, or persons detained for offenses of any kind, either before or after conviction.

Thirteenth—All persons who have voluntarily participated in said rebellion, and the estimated value of whose taxable property is over twenty thousand dollars.

Fourteenth—All persons who have taken the oath of amnesty as prescribed in the President's proclamation of Dec. 8, A. D. 1863, or an oath of allegiance to the Government of the United States since the date of said proclamation, and have not thenceforward kept and maintained the same inviolate.

Provided—That special application may be made to the President for pardon by any person belonging to the excepted classes; and such clemency will be liberally extended as may be consistent with the facts in the case and the peace and dignity of the United States.

Fearful Explosion at Mobile.—The ordnance depot and magazine at Mobile exploded at 2 o'clock P. M., on Thursday last week, destroying eight squares of buildings and burying five hundred persons in the ruins. Origin of the explosion not known. Loss estimated at $8,000,000. This account may be somewhat exaggerated; but it is probably the greatest calamity that has befallen any southern city during the war. The magazine was filled with the ammunition recently surrendered by Dick Taylor, which was being removed at the time of explosion.

Savings Bank Robbed.—The Townsend Savings Bank, New Haven, was robbed by one of the employees of the institution on Monday night of $15,000 in 7 30 and 10 40 bonds, and $7,000 in gold and bills. The young man's name is Jeremiah Townsend, and he was assisted by a soldier named John W. Booth. The latter has been arrested and $6,000 of the stolen property discovered at his house.

Nearly Settled.—There remains but one million and a half dollars of unsettled accounts between the United States and Massachusetts, and the clerks at Washington hope to get everything finished by the fifteenth of July. They say at the department that the accounts of Massachusetts are in better order than those of any other State.

Bold Conspiracy.—A conspiracy to extort $130,000 from A. T. Stewart, the merchant prince of New York, has just been discovered. The plan was to seize him as he went to a club room in the evening, carry him to a room, and confine him till he signed a draft for the above amount. The principal conspirator is under arrest.

The London Times.—A letter from London says the complete and disgraceful failure of the Times to understand the American question during the last four years, or to foresee the issues of the war, will permanently impair its influence with men of worth and ability in England.

Another Review.—General Grant has it in contemplation to order another military review in Washington, which will include the 1st army corps, under General Hancock, the noble 6th army corps, and General Augur's forces, the whole numbering nearly fifty thousand men.

Heavy Robbery.—A clerk in the Baltimore post office, with several accomplices, lately abstracted $160,000 worth of U. S. bonds and $5000 in postage stamps from the mails.—Spencer, the clerk, and others, have been arrested.

Know the Ropes.—Three coils of rope have be sent to Washington, with requests that they be used in hanging Jeff Davis and Breckinridge.

Starting Up.—The Lowell News says the manufacturing companies there are generally making preparations to start up a large portion of their works.

In Irons.

Jeff Davis who has caused thousands of deaths by placing Union prisoners in rebel pens of the south and starving them, can now taste the sweets of confinement, and plain fare in his solitary prison at Fortress Monroe. He evidently expected to be treated like a gentleman, but Government considers him a criminal, as he really is, and one of the deepest dye, and shuts him up, feeding him on the same rations that are given to our soldiers. Davis resented this plain fare at first, and threw his soup, bread, and meat from him, declaring that he was not accustomed to such living and would not put up with it.

At one time he endeavored to deprive one of the guards of his gun. Failing in this he tore open his vest and shirt, bared his breast, and asked to be shot.

When the officers of the fort were apprised of his violent conduct, irons were ordered to be placed upon his ankles. When he saw what was to be done he became more violent than ever, and resisted with all his strength, but four men laid him upon his bed, while a blacksmith riveted the fetters upon his limbs.—While this was going on he berated the officers soundly, but was allowed to scold on uninterruptedly. Two guards are constantly locked in the cell with him, but are not allowed to hold any conversation. In an ante-room, two officers are constantly in attendance, and every precaution thought necessary is taken to prevent him from committing suicide or making his escape. Up to the time that irons were placed upon him he conducted himself in a haughty and supercilous manner, and became outrageously violent. He is allowed only a silver spoon to eat with, and is not permitted to read the papers. While on the Clyde he managed to get possession of an Enquirer, containing the proclamation of President Johnson setting a price upon his head, after reading which he remarked that the United States Government would never dare to hang him. He may have changed his mind somewhat since his incarceration. His friends in Europe will probably cry out against the treatment which is meted out to him, as they are already declaiming against hanging him, but the government will pursue the even tenor of its way towards traitors regardless of what may be said abroad.

"Keep Away From Fast Women."—Such is the advice of Calvin S. Morse, a young man who was paymaster's clerk on board the United States receiving ship North Carolina, at the Brooklyn navy yard, and committed suicide Sunday morning by shooting himself with a pistol. He was a native of Maine, 22 years of age. The contents of a letter of his are as follows, from which the cause of the rash act may be inferred:

U.S.Receiving Ship North Carolina,
May 27, 1864.

To All My Young Countrymen.—Take my advice and keep away from fast women. I must die for nothing that I have done. I know my life has been a fast one. This night I don't want to leave you but I must. To my country I have been true to it, but can't say a word. Let it all drop. Don't harm (or blame) any one else. My brother and sister are both loyal. I wish you all a long life, my dear friends. I must leave you good and prepare for heaven. I am not—I did not know until I saw to-night's paper that I had got to leave you. I trust I am.

CALVIN S. MORSE.

☞ As before announced, an attempt, similar to that made upon the life of Secretary Seward, was made at Paris, on the 24th ult., at the Russian embassy. A stranger, said to be a former sub-lieutenant in the Russian army, called to see the Secretary of Legation, Mr. Balch, and, almost immediately after his entrance, a noise was heard, and the secretary was found covered with blood, having received five stabs from a dagger. The murderer fled, but was stopped, when he wounded two other persons before he was arrested. The secretary was still living at last accounts, and will, probably, recover.

Sherman and Stanton.—In political and military circles, the Stanton and Sherman imbroglio creates a good deal of bitter feeling.—The friends of Gen. Sherman are awaiting the publication of his official report on the negotiations which he had with Johnston, and they predict that it will be a complete vindication of his course in the matter, in every particular. On the other hand, certain influences are being brought to bear to solicit Gen. Sherman to resign. They will not, of course, succeed.

Diabolical.—Dr. J. A. Davis, whose character for reliability the Chicago Tribune endorses, writes to that paper that a rebel surgeon, who had, for four years, occupied the post of assistant medical director of the Army of Northern Virginia, told him that Union prisoners in rebel hospitals had been vaccinated with venereal matter, and that this accounted for the frightful sores on the bodies of so many of them.

Murder.—A man supposed to be an Italian was found murdered in a wood in South Brookline, N. Y., Saturday evening, having been shot in the back, after which his head was nearly severed from his body. It was supposed that he was an important witness against counterfeiters.

Coal.—The best Locust Mountain coal is selling at New York at $7,50, and large "nut" at $7 per ton. The coal companies state that but for the enormous wages demanded by the miners, the price would soon be where it was before the rebellion.

Difficulty Settled.—It is stated that the difficulty between Gens. Sheridan and Warren, growing out of the removal from his command by the former at the battle of Five Forks has been satisfactorily explained, and the two Generals are now the best of friends.

Profits of Blockade Running.—It is stated that the blockade runner Denbigh, built by the Messrs. Laird, has, in eleven voyages, realized $1,200,000 for her owners. Their share of the rebel cotton bonds will largely offset this profit.

Reward of Secession.—Before the war the income of Gov. Aiken of South Carolina was $100,000 a year. Now he is without the means of support.

Suppression of Concert Saloons.—The common council of New York has called upon the police to break up the concert saloons in that city.

A VARIETY OF THINGS.

June came in summery—with temperature in the vicinity of 90—with roses budding, foliage thickening, mosquitoes humming, shirt collars wilting, beer foaming, and sherry cobblers appearing. People already complain of uncomfortable weather, and long for a view of the sea shore or mountain elevations; but vegetation rejoices, and so should we.

—Kirby Smith, the last of the rebel generals to surrender, is said to be the richest man in the United States, and he has made his money by selling rebel cotton to the Yankees. He has neither been loyal to the Confederacy or the U. S. Government.

—The last story about Booth's body is that it was cut up by the doctors, and that the vertebræ where the ball entered may soon be seen at the medical museum at Washington.

—Nobody can doubt that President Johnson will hold a taut rein over the rebels. Let those who doubt read his proclamations.

—The London Times pleads for lenity in our treatment of rebels. It would not have us do with secessionists what Englishmen did with Sepoys.

—The unpopular rector of St. Peter's Church (Episcopal) in Salem is sustained by the bishop and don't resign. The parish have, therefore, voted him a salary of *twelve dollars* for the coming year.

—James A. Seddon, ex-rebel secretary of war, was engaged in cultivating his farm at the moment of his arrest. He was astonished at both the time and method of his capture.

—It is stated that Jeff Davis' only article of luxury or companionship in his confinement is his Bible.

—The New School Presbyterian Assembly, on Saturday of last week, unanimously voted in favor of negro suffrage at the South.

—Senator Wilson urges Secretary Stanton to permit every honorably discharged soldier to bear to his home the musket which he carried through the war, as an heirloom in his family.

—Empress Eugenie has written a letter of condolence and sympathy to Mrs. Lincoln, but the French Minister is so huffy that he won't deliver it.

—The managers of the extensive iron works at Troy, N. Y., have stopped work, and say they cannot resume it again, except with a reduction of 50 per cent. on the wages of their employees.

—Gen. Grant has been invited to visit Albany on the 4th of July. Isn't somebody going to Richmond on that day?

—Gen. Scott says he hopes Jeff Davis will be hung. So say most people.

—Some one in Mariposa has trained a pig to draw a wheeled carriage. Piggy himself will one day be drawn and quartered.

—The contributions towards paying the national debt now amount to $1,825,000, divided into 182½ shares.

—Jeff Davis evidently understood how to preserve peace and maintain economy in the family. He was his own mother-in-law.

—President Johnson refuses to accept presents—a very proper decision.

—Booth, Orsini, Charlotte Corday, and Ravillac all committed their crimes on the 14th of April.

—Strawberries and cherries are a drug in the Richmond market.

The Sultana Slaughter.—The Indianapolis Journal publishes the testimony of Maj. Tombs and Sergt. Jolly of that place, relative to the loss of the Sultana and the lives of 1700 soldiers on board her. They state that they heard the transportation quartermaster at Vicksburg boast that he was going to make a "big thing," out of the Sultana's load—he getting $5 each for the soldiers shipped on her and allowing the boat but $3.15 each, making a net profit to himself of near $3700. The captain of the Sultana protested against crowding his boat so outrageously and unnecessarily, but was arrogantly threatened by the quarter-master with the siezure and impressment of his boat if he persisted in his expostulations.

Man Murdered by Women.—Mary Jane White and Mary Ann Thornton, matron and assistant at the Chicago pest-house, have been arrested, charged with the murder of a patient, William H. Brownwell, suffering from a mild type of small-pox, who was taken to the pest-house and died there. He had $2,500 with him, which after his death, was missing, as well as some jewelry he had on his person. It is alleged the women murdered him to get the money.

Murdered in Bed.—In the town of Portage, Livingston county, N. Y., one night last week, a burglar entered the house of Mr. Derone, and as he rose up in bed, shot him through the head, killing him instantly. The assassin then threatened the wife of the murdered man, unless she delivered up what money there was in the house—after obtaining which the scoundrel escaped.

The Soldiers Being Paid.—Forty-seven millions of dollars have been provided and set apart by the government for the payment, as fast as possible, of the soldiers of the Union, especially of those about to be mustered out of the service. The payment commenced last Saturday, and will be urged forward rapidly until completed.

Shocking.—A dreadful accident recently took place on the Washington and Philadelphia Railroad. A soldier had stretched himself upon a seat, and finding himself cramped for room, put his feet out of the window, when a passing train took off both legs about four inches below the knees.

Negro Suffrage in Connecticut.—The proposed amendment to the Constitution, of Connecticut, allowing negroes to vote, passed the house on Thursday by a strict party vote—155 to 77, or two more than the necessary two-thirds. The question now goes to the people, and a majority vote decides it.

Steamers Cheap.—An attempt was made at New York, Friday, to sell two government steamers at auction. The best bid for a steamer that cost the government over $200,000 was $15,000, and they were withdrawn. Steamers will be plenty and cheap, now that the government is getting through with so many.

Sentences Remitted.—The war department has just issued an order directing that in all cases of sentences by military tribunals of imprisonment during the war the same be remitted and be discharged. The Adjutant-General is ordered to carry this order into immediate effect.

PALMER AND VICINITY.

Rev. A. D. Bullock will preach at the Baptist church to-morrow.

Elder Ralph Williams, of Bristol, Conn., will preach at Duckville Hall on Sunday, June 4th, and at Three Rivers at 5 P. M., same day.

The National Fast day was pretty generally observed in this village. Dr. Vaill held services at the congregational church and the stores were mostly closed during the day.

Police.—John N. Works, and his mother, Triphena, of Brimfield, were before Justice Collins on Saturday for an assault and battery upon Sarah J., the wife of said John; and, the assault being proved, they were fined $5 each and costs—$21 in all—which was paid. Works has since posted his wife in this paper.

Sale of Property.—The Nassowano block and Strong block, were sold at auction on Wednesday, the former for $9,200, and the latter for $6,600, Judge Wells of Chicopee being the purchaser. The Nassowanno block originally cost about $20,000, and the Strong block about $5000.

Accident.—Harvey Gould of Ware, while loading a revolver last Saturday morning, accidentally discharged it, the contents passing through his right hand, badly lacerating it. He was a member of Co. I., 57th Mass. Reg., and received his discharge but one week ago, on account of wounds received in action.

Factory Burned.—The woolen mill owned by T. G. Horton and operated by D. W. Ellis, of Wilbraham, east of Collins Depot, was destroyed by fire on Friday evening, last week. A grist-mill connected with the same was also burned. The fire took from a flue in the attic, and was discovered about 10 o'clock. The building and machinery, belonging to Mr. Horton, were valued at $6,500, and were insured for $5,500, mostly in the Thames insurance Company at Norwich. The machinery belonging to Mr. Ellis was valued at $3000; insured for $1,000 in the Phœnix of Norwich. The loss of stock was about $6,000, which is covered by insurance.

U. S. Taxes.—Some of the U. S. taxes in this vicinity for the month of April are: Boston Duck Co., $2 361,06; W. R Parks, Palmer, $286.62; Hampden Man. Co., Monson, $1,299.06; Merrick, Fay & Co., Monson, $3,152 40; Monson & Brimfield, Man. Co., $468.42; Monson Woolen Man. Co., $988.02 J. C. Reynolds, Monson, $537 78; N. F. Rogers, Monson, $210. 84; Shaw Man. Co., Wales, $80.04; Dell Man. Co., Wales, $97 80; Wales Man Co., $279.42; Chas. Fuller, Monson, $159.00; Calvin B. Brown, Brimfield, for distilled spirits, $105. The total amount of taxes in this division for April is $10,401.35.

South Wilbraham.—Mr. Editor:—The final and last town meeting, *probably*, of the season, was held in this parish this afternoon. The town voted, almost unanimously, to rescind the former vote, which was to raise $23,000 to pay the debt of the town. After which the town voted to raise $15,000 to pay said debt. So the "regulators" did not succeed. The reason of the town's voting to rescind the former vote was the fact that the town was not indebted so much—$15 000 being nearer the amount of indebtedness. This is not now considered a "copperhead" movement, as not a few of the most prominent republicans were foremost in raising the money. Those who were the most ready to contract the debt were among those who did not wish to pay it. A large majority of the town seem to be determined that the town shall be clear from debt. —Stephen Ladd, of Great Barrington, while here on a visit with his daughter, died suddenly this morning, aged 80 years. His remains are to be carried to Tolland, Ct., for burial.—The farmers here look smilingly, with the fine prospect for grass and English grain; though some are down in the mouth with the blues on account of the ground being too wet to plant corn.—To morrow is Fast, and Rev. Mr. Foster, from the North Parish, is to preach here in the Congregational church, where all the three churches unite on the occasion.—The Cong. society here have purchased a parsonage for Rev. Mr. Whitehill, at a cost of some $2,000, with repairs, &c.; to the amount of some $500 more. I understand it is to be completed in a few days.—Luther E. Sage, who has been sick for two weeks, is again in the streets, making all glad with his smiling countenance.

May 31, 1865. S. W.

Jeff. Davis' Disguise.—There are constant applications at the War Department for permission to inspect Jeff Davis' historical female toggery, which are necessarily declined, as otherwise the rush would interfere too much with public business. It is suggested that they be placed in a case in the Patent Office, to accommodate all who may desire to see the last ditch of the Southern Confederacy.

A Town Collector Missing.—L. J. Filley Esq., constable and collector for the town of Becket, Mass., for several years past, did not settle with the treasurer, as usual, on the first of March. Three weeks ago he went out West to attend to some business, and has not finished it yet. So the selectmen say his bondsmen must produce the $2,000 that he failed to pay over.

High and Low Prices.—At Richmond where prices were marvellously high before the close of the war, beef can be bought for 10 cents per pound, and butter is but 25 cents per pound. These articles are just as plenty here, but holders stick to high prices just as if there was not going to be a fall. This delusion will be exploded one of these days.

Surrendering.—Gen. Russey is negotiating with the rebel officers of Western Arkansas for the surrender of their commands. Quite a number having already come in, others will doutless do so. Guerillas have ceased molesting boats and telegraph wires.

Crop Prospects.—Reports from nearly all parts of the Northwest are favorable for the growing crops. The crop of spring wheat will, probably, be large. The corn planting will soon be over.

Rumored Defalcation.—The Portland Argus learns that the treasurer of the town of Gorham, Me., is deficient in his accounts ten thousand dollars, more or less. A committee of the town's people are investigating the affair.

Counterfeit Greenbacks.—Counterfeit $5 Treasury Notes, a *fac simile* of the genuine, but much coarser, are in circulation. There are also counterfeit $20's 50's and $100's in circulation.

Beyond Exchange.—It is a suggestive fact that out of thirty-five thousand returned Union prisoners of war paid off during the last three months, not one thousand were of the number taken prisoners in 1863, and at least five hundred of these were paid in hospitals. Starvation and other diabolical outrages had placed them beyond the reach of exchange.

Negro Troops for Texas.—The negro corps at Richmond, under General Weitzel has received marching orders, and the men are beginning to put on the war paint, with the impression that they are going to Texas. It is said they look forward to the period of their embarkation with satisfaction.

Caught With a Woman.—Ex-Governor Harris, of Tennessee, says the Louisville Journal, was captured at Marietta, Georgia, a few days ago, in *flagrante delicitu*, a lady well known in Louisville being with him at the time. Harris was found where Governor Brownlow predicted he would be.

Not Definitely Settled.—The gold pen made expressly for presentation to Gen. Grant and exhibited at the N. Y. Sanitary Fair, was presented to that General on Thursday. In responding, he remarked that the question as to whether "the pen is mightier than the sword" has not yet been definitely settled.

Emigration.—The emigration from Canada into the United States since the collapse of the Southern Confederacy is of a wholesale character. Three hundred "Canucks" went south on the afternoon train on the Rutland railroad on Friday last.

"Fishing More Dangerous than War.—Gloucester has lost 127 men in the service during the war; 36 were killed or died from wounds, and 91 died of disease. During the four years of the war, the same place lost 286 men engaged in the fishing business.

Heavy Cotton.—The Southbridge Journal says a bale of cotton was opened at the Sturbridge cotton mills the other day, and four large logs of wood, weighing over one hundred pounds, were found snugly hid away in the center of it. It is supposed to have been the work of some Southern block head.

Disposed of.—The Richmond correspondent of the Philadelphia Press, in alluding to the reported escape of the rebel Dick Turner, intimates that he has been summarily disposed of by the authorities for his many acts of cruelty to Union prisoners while he was one of the heartless and brutal keepers of Libby Prison.

The Disguise.—The female disguise in which Davis was captured consisted of a lady's large tweed cloak, with sleeves, ties to fasten it round the waist, and a fine black shawl with a scroll border, which was pulled over the head and face of the fugitive, concealing his whiskers.

Strange Belief.—There are those in Richmond who believe that Jeff Davis has been personated by a man named Northrop, of Richmond, who is said to resemble him very much and that by this false personation Davis has been enabled to escape.

The Mexican Emigration Scheme.—A New York paper says that several thousand emigrants for Mexico will leave that city on or before the fifteenth of June, previous to which a public meeting will be held.

Heavy Losses.—Drovers have sustained heavy losses within the past few weeks. The Albany Times has heard of one drover, who lost $75,000 in two weeks, and another who has parted with $45,000.

☞ Ladies use Dr. Velpeau's French Pills. Sold at all drug stores.

The Voice of the People.—Liberty is one of the dearest blessings which our forefathers have handed down to us. It was purchased by the blood of many a valiant revolutionary hero; has been guarded by a Washington, a Jefferson, a Clay and a Webster. But dearer still is that world-renowned remedy, known as Coe's Cough Balsam. It cures like magic the most violent attacks of croup, and is indispensible in every family of children. Colds, sudden coughs, sore throat, hoarseness, and inflamed lungs, are instantly and surely cured by its timely use. No cough mixture has ever been known that equals it; which accounts for its great popularity with all classes. The young and old—the rich and poor—physicians, druggists—and all who have ever tested it speak in the highest terms of its merits. We say to our readers—buy it and try it. It costs but 40 cents the bottle, contains twice as much medicine as you can obtain in any other way at the same cost, and all our drug stores keep it.

Mr. Editor—Dear Sir:—With your permission I wish to say to the readers of your paper that I will send, by return mail to all who wish it, (free) a receipe with full directions for making and using a simple Vegetable Balm that will effectually remove, in ten days, Pimples, Blotches, Tan, Freckles, and all Impurities of the Skin, leaving the same soft, clear, smooth and beautiful.

I will also mail free to those having Bald Heads and Bare Faces, simple directions and information that will enable them to start a full growth of luxuriant Hair, Whiskers, or a Moustache, in less than thirty days.

All applications answered by return mail without charge. Respectfully yours,
Thos. F. Chapman, Chemist,
m4 3m 831 Broadway, New York.

Whiskers! Whiskers!

Do you want Whiskers or Mustaches? Our Grecian Compound will force them to grow on the smoothest face or chin, or hair on bald heads, in six weeks. Price, $1. Sent by mail anywhere, closely sealed, on receipt of price. Address
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Old Eyes Made New.

A Pamphlet directing how to speedily restore sight and give up spectacles, without the aid of doctor or medicine. Sent by mail, free, on receipt of 10 cents. Address E. B. FOOTE, M. D.,
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Matrimonial.

Ladies and Gentlemen:—If you wish to marry you can do so by addressing me. I will send you, without money and without price, valuable information, that will enable you to marry happily and speedily, irrespective of age, wealth, or beauty. This information will cost you nothing and if you wish to marry, I will cheerfully assist you. All letters strictly confidential. The desired information sent by return mail, and no reward asked. Please enclose postage or stamped envelope, addressed to yourself. Address Sarah B. Lambert, Greenpoint, Kings Co., New York. m203m.

U. C. R.——T. A.——E. P.——& C. R.

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Hunnewell's Universal Cough Remedy.
For all Throat and Lung Complaints. Small bottles, 25 cents; Large do., 50 cents.

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The great remedy for Asthma, Neuralgia, Pains in Menstruation, all Nervous Complaints, and Sciatica. 50 cts. per Bottle.

Hunnewell's Eclectic Pills.
Cure all derangements of the Stomach or Bowels *without the slightest griping*, a point the great importance of which cannot be overestimated. The dose, a single pill, never more than two, and so very small, make them most valuable in every family. 25 cents per bottle.

Hunnewell's Consumptive Remedy.
A radical cure for this heretofore called incurable complaint. Price, $1 per Bottle.

The testimonials in my possession, to be seen by all, will remove every doubt of the perfect character of the above named preparations, and to publish which would only cause them to be classed with the thousands published in newspapers, and not a fraction of them of the least character. I beg inspection of such at my office, confidence to test the preparation, and correspondence from all.

JOHN L. HUNNEWELL, SOLE PROPRIETOR,
Practical Chemist and Pharmaceutist,
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☞Sold by all wholesale and Retail Dealers in Medicine.

☞The preparations securely packed to be sent in any quantity by express, or as directed.

☞More full and particular description of each article given in notices, to follow this from month to month. m20.

If You Want to Know

A little of everything relating to the human system, male and female; the causes and treatment of diseases; the marriage customs of the world; how to marry well, and a thousand things never published before, read the revised and enlarged edition of "MEDICAL COMMON SENSE," a curious book for curious people, and a good book for every one. 400 pages, 100 illustrations. Price, $1 50. Content tables sent free to any address. Books may be had at the bookstores, or will be sent by mail, post-paid, on receipt of the price. Address
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ja28 6m 1130 Broadway, New York.

A CARD.—MR. EDITOR:—In reply to many letters and inquiries from people in this section of the country, the undersigned take great pleasure in saying through the columns of your paper, that our renowned preparation known as COE'S DYSPEPSIA CURE, is a certain cure for Dyspepsia, in its worst stages. Many cases of long standing, within our own acquaintance, have been completely and we believe permanently cured. It will stop distress after eating almost instantaneously, and enables the dyspeptic who has lived for years upon Graham bread and the plainest diet, to eat as heartily as he pleases, and anything he chooses, without danger of distress, or souring, or rising on the stomach. It is an infallible corrector of indigestion and constipation, creates a healthy appetite, stops sick-headache, heart-burn, sickness at the stomach, pains, cramps, or colic in either stomach or bowels, and sweetens offensive breath, as soon as you take it, and by enabling the patient to take plenty of hearty food, "which is the parent of health," produces vigor, strength and energy. In every trial we have known it has speedily eradicated Dyspepsia with all its attendant sufferings, weaknesses, debility, and loss of power, giving instead, a proper activity and tone to the stomach and organs of digestion, and as we confidently believe, and as the published certificates in our circulars, almanacs, and in many of the leading Journals, from convalescent patients will *confirm*, completely, permanently, and almost miraculously "cure the worst case of Dyspepsia in existence." We warrant it in every instance. It can be obtained at all the Drug Stores in the United States and Canadas, at $1.00 per bottle, or six bottles for $5. C. G. CLARK & CO.,
1y4. Proprietors, New Haven, Ct

Important to Females.

DR. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS.—The combination of ingredients in these Pills is the result of a long and extensive practice. They are mild in their operation, and certain in correcting all irregularities, painful menstruations, removing all obstruction, whether from cold or otherwise, headache, pain in the side, palpitation of the heart, whites, all nervous affections, hysterics, fatigue, pain in the back and limbs, &c, disturbed sleep, which arise from interruption of nature.

DR. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS was the commencement of a new era in the treatment of these irregularities and obstructions which have consigned so many to a premature grave. No female can enjoy good health unless she is regular, and whenever an obstruction takes place the general health begins to decline

DR. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS are the most effectual remedy ever known for all complaints peculiar to females. To all classes they are invaluable, inducing, with certainty periodical regularity. They are known to thousand who have used them at different periods, throughout the country, having the sanction of some of the most eminent Physicians in America

☞Explicit directions, stating when they should not be used, with each box—the Price One Dollar per Box, containing from 50 to 60 Pills.

Pills sent by mail, promptly, by remitting to the Proprietors. Sold by Druggists generally.

HUTCHINGS & HILLYER, Proprietors, 81 Cedar st., New York. Agents,—Palmer, Wood & Allen; Ware, Holden; Stafford Springs, H. T. Small & Co. ap29

BORN.

In Willington, "Village Hill," May 30, a son to EDWIN HOLT.

In Stafford Springs, May 25, a son to WM. A. SEGAR.

MARRIED.

At Palmer, June 1st, by Rev. Dr. Vaill, EDWARD BRIDGMAN and D. LOUISA BEMENT, both of Belchertown.

DIED.

In Palmer, May 31st, ANDREW GRAVES, 23.
In Palmer, May 29, MICHAEL DAWSON, 1; MICHAEL DARBY, 8.
In Brimfield, June 1st, OSCAR B. PARKER, 20.
In Monson, June 1st, GEO. E. BLISS, 2 years 9 months.
In Palmer, June 1, GERTRUDE D., 3, daughter of Daniel B. and Elizabeth J. Matterson.
In Palmer, May 27th, after a lingering illness, of that fatal disease, consumption, Mrs. ANNA E., 28, wife of F. J. Wasson.

Life was bright before her, and she had thought to live long on earth; but, having given her heart to her Saviour when only twelve years of age, and believing that God was able to keep what she had committed to Him until that day, though hopeful to the last, when the summons came, she went calmly down to the valley of the shadow of death, and, in its deepest shade, could say, "All is well!" "Nothing to die!" "Happy!" "We meet in heaven!" She was truly amiable, and tenderly beloved by a large circle of friends, who mourn her loss; and, while we sympathize with her faithful and loving companion, in his deep distress, yet we sorrow not as those without hope.

"Her spirit hath flown to its rest,
Afar from our sorrowing clod—
To the bright, happy land of the blest,
And the smiles of its glorious God.
She lingered a season below,
But to wash from her spirit the stain;
Then soared from our valley of woe,
To the far heights of glory again.

"Her spirit hath flown to its rest—
Its sufferings and sorrows are o'er;
It hath gained the far clime of the blest—
It will visit our cold earth no more.
Then weep not—'twere sinful to mourn
That the Saviour our fond hope hath riven—
Though she's gone, and no more can return,
She bathes in the glory of heaven." D.

At Monson, May 27, THADDEUS W. PERKINS, 24, step son of Horatio Lyon; 28, WARREN W. BEEBE, 27, formerly of the 27th regiment.
In Brimfield, May 15th, WM. P. PARKER, 41.
In Northboro, May 21st, JAMES B. FITTZ, 40 years 8 months.
In Ware, May 25, JOHN GLYNN, 21, member of Co. D., 31st Mass. Reg.
In Danville, Va., Sergt. WM. F. HOWARD, Co. I., 57th Mass., 20 years 7 mos.
In Stafford Springs, May 31st, MRS. LAURA J., 27, wife of John Gray.

IF YOU WANT

ANYTHING

IN THE WAY OF

DRY GOODS,

READY-MADE CLOTHING,

—OR—

GROCERIES,

BY ALL MEANS

CALL ON

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THEY HAVE A

VERY LARGE STOCK

OF

GOODS,

AND ARE SELLING AT

VERY LOW PRICES.

j3 4w

NOTICE.

ON and after Monday, June 5, trains leave Palmer for Amherst at 2.20 and 6.15 P. M. Returning, leave Amherst at 6 30 A. M. and 4.00 P. M.
Leave Palmer for New London at 7.50 A. M. and 2.20 P. M. Returning, leave New London at 8.00 A. M. and 1 40 P. M. R. N. DOWD, Supt.
June 3d, 1865.

TRUSSES! TRUSSES!

Branch Depot of the
Metropolitan Truss and Bandage Institute,
OF BOSTON.

Having made arrangements with the proprietors of this institution for the sale of their goods, we have opened rooms over our store for their sale, and would respectfully invite the attention of the citizens of this vicinity to our large assortment of

THE VARIOUS STYLES OF

Trusses, Elastic Stockings,
Abdominal Supporters, Knee Caps,
Suspensory Bandages,
Gentlemen's Chest Expanding Suspenders,
Ladies' " " Skirt Supporters,
&c., &c., &c., &c.

Our facilities for the sale and fitting of the above articles are now complete, and we shall give them our special attention.

☞Orders by mail or express will be promptly answered.

E. BIGELOW & CO.,
Opposite Court Square,
jc3 Springfield, Mass. 6m

NOTICE.

I HEREBY forbid all persons harboring or trusting my wife, Sarah J. Works, on my account, as I shall pay no debts of her contracting after this date. JOHN N. WORKS.
Brimfield, May 30, 1 65. j3 3w

STONE WARE.—Butter Pots, Cake Jars, Jugs of all sizes, Flower Pots, plain and glazed, Bean Pots, Stone Pitchers, Spittoons, and all kinds of Stone Ware, at PARKS' Store, Palmer,

WANTED!

BUTTER, EGGS, and all kinds of FARMERS' PRODUCE at NEWTON & Co's.
Palmer, 1865.

FOR SALE.

A One and one-half Story House with L,

CONTAINING EIGHT ROOMS, with Barn and good Garden, situated on Pleasant Street, a few rods from the depot.
Inquire of the subscriber, at L. Dimock's Shoe Store. T. K. WEBBER.
Palmer, May 27, 1865.

A GENTLEMAN cured of Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, and the effects of youthful indiscretion, will be happy to furnish others with the means of cure, (FREE of CHARGE). This remedy is simple, safe, and certain.
For full particulars, by return mail, please address JOHN B. OGDEN,
m272m 60 Nassau Street, New York.

A NICE ARTICLE OF
SUGAR HOUSE SYRUP,
For sale
Palmer, Dec. 8. AT PARKS' STORE.

WANTED!

All Kinds of Farmer's Produce in Exchange for Goods, at
A. H. PARKS' Store ..... Palmer, Mass.

THE **Gold Medal Saleratus,** for sale at A. H. PARKS' Store, Palmer.

WOODS & Worcester's **Dry Hop Yeast,** for sale at PARKS' STORE, Palmer.

SUGARS, of all grades, for sale low for cash at A. H. PARKS' Store, Palmer House Block.

AT NEWTON & CO'S

WILL be found those choice Milk Crackers. Also Boston and Springfield Crackers.

TO ALL IN WESTERN MASSACHUSETTS,
WHO BUY

DRY GOODS OR CARPETS!

We respectfully invite attention to our
NEW STOCK
For the Later Spring Sales, of
Choice and Fashionable
GOODS.

NEW FABRICS, NEW DESIGNS,
For Spring and Summer DRESS GOODS,
A very large and attractive variety—many entirely new things.

MOURNING DRESS GOODS,
In the BEST VARIETY and FINEST QUALITIES to be found in the City.

New Embroideries, New Laces, New Dress and Mantilla Trimmings, Parasols,
GLOVES AND HOSIERY,
in every style; the
BEST HOOP SKIRTS made in America,
BALMORAL SKIRTS,
DRESS SILKS,
All desirable colors, for street, house, or evening wear.

Black Mantilla and Dress Silks,
In the most superb qualities, all widths.
Mantilla, Cloak, and Shawl
EMPORIUM.

SPRING and SUMMER STYLES Now Ready,
We offer an unusually large and attractive variety of ready-made
SILK AND CLOTH GARMENTS,
and no effort will be spared to offer our customers *The Latest and Most Approved Styles.*
CLOAK CLOTHS,
in the best makes, the latest colors and kinds; the largest and most complete stock of these goods ever on sale in this city. Every style of Outside Garment for Ladies' or Misses' wear made to order, and work in every particular warranted to give satisfaction. Our
MILLINERY DEPARTMENT
is now filled with a new and beautiful stock. The latest fashions and choice goods can always be found.

HOUSEKEEPING DRY GOODS.
COTTONS AND LINENS.
An immense Stock, always at the Lowest Prices.
CARPETINGS,
Large additions just made. No stock comparing with this this side of Boston. Prices as low as the lowest. All the better qualities of Carpets,
Solid Brussels, Velvets, Tapestries, Three Plys, &c., in Large Assortment.
OIL CLOTHS, MATTINGS, &c.
☞Contracts taken for Carpeting Halls, Churches, Dwellings, &c.,
CURTAINS AND CURTAIN GOODS,
In every variety.

NEW GOODS DAILY.

☞Purchasers visiting our Store will find that they can make their selections from one of the largest stocks in Massachusetts, and can purchase at as low prices as good satisfactory goods can be sold at. Trash and cheap goods, for the sake of advertising prices that they may appear low before an examination, we do not keep.

THE LARGEST AND BEST LIGHTED Store in New England, out of Boston.

TINKHAM & CO.,
184, 186, AND 188 MAIN STREET,
a15 SPRINGFIELD. 4m

DR. LAROOKAH'S SARSAPARILLA COMPOUND!

NOW is the time to use this most wonderful **Magic-Like Spring Compound.**

It is double the strength of any other Sarsaparilla Compound.

For the Cure of Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Scrofula, Dropsy, Neuralgia, Epilepsy, Erysipelas, Boils, Tumors, Salt Rheum, Ulcers and Sores, Rheumatism, Pain in the Stomach, Side, and Bowels, Debility, and all complaints arising from Impurities of the BLOOD.

It is a SURE CURE for LIVER COMPLAINTS. DYSPEPSIA or Indigestion will find a ready cure in this Compound.

SCROFULA.—This loathsome disease, which afflicts and sweeps off so many from our midst, can be cured by Larookah's Sarsaparilla Compound.

For PURIFYING THE BLOOD, there is nothing now before the public which can equal Larookah's Sarsaparilla Compound. It is a great promoter of health when used in the spring, to remove all Humors that infest the system at that season of the year.

DR. LAROOKAH'S SARSAPARILLA COMPOUND has been so great a blessing to our family that we class it with LAROOKAH'S SYRUP, the BEST article in use for what it purports to do. REV. N. P. SELEE.
Melrose Mass, Dec. 3, 1864.

The following letter is from DR. B. F. ABBOTT, for years an eminent practitioner in the city of Boston:
DR. E. R. KNIGHT:—I have been in the habit of prescribing Larookah's Sarsaparilla Compound for two years, with the most satisfactory results.

PRICE, $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

Consumptive Remedy.

DR. LAROOKAH'S
Indian Vegetable Pulmonic Syrup.
The best preparation ever made for the following complaints:
Colds, Coughs, Whooping Cough, Croup, Asthma, Catarrh, Bronchitis, Spitting Blood, Pain in the Side, Night Sweats, Humors, Gener'l Debility, and the various Throat Affections and Hoarseness to which Public Speakers and Singers are liable, and all other complaints tending to

CONSUMPTION.

Letter from a well-known Boston Druggist of Twenty Years' Experience:

BOSTON, March 9, 1865.
Dr. E. R. Knights:—Having used "Larookah's Pulmonic Syrup," myself and in my family for the last six years, I am prepared to say that it is superior to any medicine I have ever known for the positive cure of Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat and all similar complaints.
W. R. BOWEN, 86 Hanover Street.

Rev. John C. Ingalls of Melrose, Mass, says: "As an honest man I can say, that in my judgment, Dr. Larookah's I. V. P. Syrup, for Pulmonary Diseases, stands unrivaled by any medicine yet discovered, it having cured me of Bronchitis, of six years standing.

Prepared by S. SEVERY. Price, 50 cents and $1.00 per bottle.
DR. E. R. KNIGHTS, Proprietor,
Melrose, Mass.

Sold by Wood & Allen, Palmer; H. T. Small & Co., Stafford Springs; D. Hulden, Ware; E. E. Towne, Monson, and by druggists and dealers generally. my20.

KEROSENE **Lamps & Lanterns, Shades,** Lantern Globes, Chimneys, &c., for sale at A. H. PARKS' Store, Palmer.

ALL Goods sold after this date will be cash down, except in exchange for produce. All persons indebted to me will please make immediate payment. A. H. PARKS.
Palmer, May 20, 1865.

FARMERS, ATTENTION!

DO you want to raise LARGE CROPS this season? If so buy largely of
Bone Dust, Super Phosphate of Lime, Lodi Poudrette, and Fish Guano,
and your wants will be realized. For sale by
E. E. TOWNE, Monson.

TEAS.
The best Young Hyson, Black, and Japanese For sale at A. H. PARKS' Store, Palmer.

SOAPS, SOAPS!
BURWELL'S, Babbitt's, Castile and Common, at NEWTON & CO'S, Palmer.

ANOTHER LOT JUST RECEIVED.

PRICES FOR THE TIMES!

Good Brown Sugar,	9 lb for	$1.00
Porto Rico do.,	7 " "	1.00
Granulated, Pulv., and Crushed do.,	4½ "	1.00
Porto Rico Molasses,	per gallon,	.90
Good do.,	"	.50
Best quality Oolong Tea,	per pound,	1.25
Fair do.,	"	.75

Another lot of FRESH MILK BISCUIT, with a full
Assortment of all kinds of Groceries,
Just received
—AT—
NEWTON & CO'S,
Nassowanuo Block, Palmer.

SMITH & CONVERSE,

Successors to M. W. FRENCH & BRO.,
Have on Hand a Choice Lot of
DRY GOODS,
GROCERIES,
Hats, Caps, Boots, Shoes,
&c., &c., &c.
YARD WIDE COTTONS,
VERY CHEAP.
New Spring Style DeLaines, Very Handsome.
Also, a large assortment of
SPRING SKIRTS,
All Styles and Prices.
GIVE US A CALL.
GEO. F. SMITH. JOHN S. CONVERSE.
Palmer, Mass., 1865.

U. S. 7-30 LOAN.

THIRD SERIES.

$200,000,000.

By authority of the Secretary of the Treasury, the undersigned, the General Subscription Agent for the sale of United States Securities, offers to the public the third series of Treasury Notes, bearing seven and three tenths per cent. interest per annum, known as the

7-30 LOAN.

These notes are issued under date of July 15, 1865, and are payable three years from that date in currency, or are convertible at the option of the holder into

U. S. 5-20 Six Per Cent.
GOLD BEARING BONDS.

These Bonds are now worth a handsome premium, and are exempt, as are all the Government Bonds, from State, County, and Municipal taxation, which adds from one to three per cent., per annum to their value, according to the rate levied upon other propepty. The interest is payable semi annually by coupons attached to each note, which may be cut off and sold to any bank or banker.

The interest at 7 30 per cent amounts to

One Cent per Day on a $50 Note.		
Two "	"	$100 "
Ten "	"	$500 "
Twenty	"	$1000 "
$1	"	$5000 "

Notes of all the denominations named will be promptly furnished upon receipt of subscriptions.

The Notes of this Third Series are precisely similar in form and privileges to the Seven Thirties already sold, except that the Government reserves to itself the option of paying interest in gold coin at 6 per cent., instead of 7 3-10ths in currency. Subscribers will deduct the interest in currency up to July 15th, at the time when they subscribe.

The delivery of the notes of this third series of the 7 30s will commence on the 1st of June, and will be made promptly and continuously after that date.

The slight change made in the conditions of this Third Series affects only the matter of interest. The payment in gold, if made, will be equivalent to the currency interest of the higher rate.

The return to specie payments, in the event of which only will the option to pay interest in Gold be availed of, would so reduce and equalize prices that purchases made with six per cent. in gold would be fully equal to those made with seven and three-tenths per cent, in currency. This is

THE ONLY LOAN IN MARKET,

now offered by the Government, and its superior advantages make it

The Great Popular Loan of the People.

Less than $230,000,000 of the Loan authorized by the last Congress are now on the market. This amount, at the rate at which it is being absorbed, will all be subscribed for within sixty days, when the notes will undoubtedly command a premium, as uniformly been the case on closing the subscriptions to other Loans.

In order that citizens of every town and section of the country may be afforded facilities for taking the loan, the National Banks, State Banks, and Private Bankers throughout the country have generally agreed to receive subscriptions at par. Subscribers will select their own agents, in whom they have confidence, and who only are to be responsible for the delivery of the notes for which they receive orders.

JAY COOKE, Subscription Agent,
PHILADELPHIA.

Subscriptions will be received by the
Ware National Bank of Ware.
Monson National Bank of Monson.
Stafford National Bank of Stafford.
First National Bank of Springfield.
Second National Bank of Springfield.
f25 Third National Bank of Springfield. 3m

THE NINTH NATIONAL BANK

OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK.
CAPITAL, $1,000,000---PAID IN,
Fiscal Agent of the United States,
And Special Agent for Jay Cooke, Subscription Agent.

Will Deliver 7-30 Notes, Free of Charge,

by express, in all parts of the country, and receive in payment Checks on New York, Philadelphia, and Boston, current bills, and all five per cent. interest notes, with interest to date of subscription. Orders sent by mail will be promptly filled.

This Bank receives the accounts of Banks and Bankers on favorable terms; also of individuals keeping New York accounts.
J. T. HILL Cashier. J. U. ORVIS, Pres't.

SPICES, of all varieties, Raisins, Citron, Extracts, Bluing, Pepper Sauce, Tomato Ketchup, At NEWTON & Co's, Pamler.

A Superior Article of Pure Ground JAVA COFFEE,
Also, Kent's East India Coffee, French Breakfast Coffee, &c., for sale at
A. H. PARKS' Store..... Palmer House Block

PURE **Ground Spices,** of all kinds, also Bluing, Extracts, Pepper Sauce, &c., for sale at PARKS' STORE, Palmer.

A NICE PACK of Wedding or Visiting Cards can be printed at this office at short notice. Wedding Envelopes always on hand.

APRIL 1, 1865.

FALL

—IN—

GOLD!

Merchandize!

I HAVE THIS DAY

REDUCED THE PRICE

—OF—

MY STOCK OF GOODS

TO THEIR

GOLD VALUE,

COMPRISING ALL MY

DRESS GOODS,

DOMESTIC GOODS,

Gent's Furnishing Goods,

READY-MADE

CLOTHING,

Boots & Shoes,

CARPETINGS,

CROCKERY, GLASS WARE,

&c., &c., &c.

ANY PART OF MY STOCK

CAN BE BOUGHT AT

LOW FIGURES,

W. W. CROSS,

PALMER, 1865.

GOLD AT 150,

—AND—

MY PRICES

For all kinds of Goods
ARE MARKED TO CORRESPOND.

Good Prints, Fast Colors,	20 cts.
All others,	22@25
Best DeLaines,	30
7-8 Brown Cottons,	20
Nice yard wide, do.	20
Best 9-8 do., do.,	37½
Larg't size best qual. Ladies' Nubias,	1 25
Heavy Long Shawls, largest size,	7 00
Best quality do.,	11 00
More Ladies' Rubber Boots,	2 50
More Ladies' Rubber Sandals,	1 00
Colored Cambrics (slightly soiled),	17
A lot of shop worn shoes,	75
Good Bleached Cottons,	20, 30.@40
Good Cot. and Wool Flannels,	40@60
Heavy Cotton Goods, for suits,	80
Good Balmoral Skirts,	$3@$4.50
Nice Alpaccas,	50@75
Best All Wool Delaines,	75
Heavy yard wide Cottons,	37½
Heaviest Cottons made,	45
A lot of Ladies' Cambric Collars, half price.	
Six pounds Good Brown Sugar for	$1.00
Five and 5½ pounds very choice do.,	1.00
4½ pounds Crushed & Granulated do.,	1.00
Good Molasses, for	.80@.90
Best Porto Rico in the world,	1.00

All-widths OIL CLOTHS, Palm Leaf MATTRASSES, HOOP SKIRTS, every size from 6 to 40 springs.

A variety of SUGARS; several kinds of MOLASSES and SYRUPS; TEAS and COFFEES.

☞Remember the French Breakfast and Dinner Coffee.

VARIOUS GRADES OF FLOUR,
From the cheapest to the best made. BUCKWHEAT FLOUR, RYE FLOUR, GRAHAM FLOUR, CORN AND RYE MEAL, always on hand.

Just Received, a lot of *SMITH'S PARAFINE*, for Boots, Harnesses, or any Leather work. The *only sure Water Proof Leather Preserver* known, and will be furnished by the dozen or gross, at New York prices.

Always on hand an assortment of
Clocks, Trunks, Toys and Fancy Goods;
Cooking Extracts and Perfumeries,
All the popular *PATENT MEDICINES,*
In STONE and WOODEN WARE, the usual variety.

Crockery and Glass Ware, enough of it.

HATS AND CAPS,
a good stock at all times. Also,
BOOTS AND SHOES,
for Men and Boys, and as good a variety of Ladies', Misses', and Childrens', Shoes, in Leather and Serge Work, as can be found, in stores out of the cities.

Recollect, I always have
A LARGE STOCK OF GOODS,
At *PRICES TO SUIT THE PEOPLE* and the times, all marked in plain figures, and
ONE PRICE ONLY.

☞Every one who owes me is requested to make immediate payment, as a change in business is contemplated. E. E. TOWNE.
Monson, Feb. 25, 1865.

"A Word to the Wise is Sufficient."

D. H. BRIGHAM & CO.,
OF SPRINGFIELD,

ADVERTISED two weeks ago to give special attention to the
Retail Clothing Trade,
And for the past ten days have had
A CONTINUOUS RUSH!
They are selling their Goods Regardless of Cost!

As the panic has reduced the price of many goods about one-half, and
THEY ARE BOUND TO SELL!
AN EARLY CALL will secure
SPLENDID BARGAINS,
and insure
An Immense Stock to Select From!

What's the use of Paying a Profit?
BUY AT PANIC PRICES AT
D. H. BRIGHAM & CO'S
Wholesale and Retail Clothing House,
a1 SPRINGFIELD, MASS. 3m

Instruction Books and Music
—FOR THE—
Cabinet Organ, Melodeon, and Instruments of a Similar Class.

Zundel's Melodeon Instructor.—Containing the Elements of Music, Progressive Finger Exercises, and a large collection of Choice Music, $ 2 50

New Method for the Melodeon.—Containing in addition to Lessons and Exercises, a collection of Popular Songs, Psalm and Hymn Tunes, $1 50

Carhart's Melodeon.—Elementary and Progressive Studies, with Choice Vocal and Instrumental Music. $1 50.

American School for the Melodeon. $1 50

Model Melodeon Instructor, $1 50.

Winner's Perfect Guide for the Melodeon. Designed as a Self-Instructor, with Choice Music, 75.

Melodeon without a Master.—By E. L. White, 75.

Woodbury's Melodeon Instructor. 75.

Green and White's Melodeon Instructor, 75.

Howe's Seraphine and Melodeon Instructor, 50.

The Seraphine.—A collection of Music for the Melodeon, Seraphine and Reed Organ
Sent post-paid, on receipt of price.—*Oliver Ditson & Co.*, Publishers, 277 Washington Street, Boston.

MEAL,
BOLTED MEAL, FLOUR,
RYE MEAL, CORN,
GRASS SEEDS, RYE,
Will be found
At NEWTON & Co's, Palmer,
At the Lowest Figures.

FOUND.

ON the 17th, in the pasture of James B. Burlingame, a BAY MARE, with a long switch tail. The owner can have the same by proving the property and paying the expenses.
JAMES B. BURLINGAME.
Palmer, May 29, 1865.

TOBACCO OF ALL KINDS,
Cavendish, Navy, Fine Cut Chewing, Killekinic Smoking.
We would call particular attention to our Navy Tobacco, that we are selling at 75 cents ℔ lb.
NEWTON & CO.,
Nassowanuo Block . . . . Palmer, Mass.

NOTICE.

I HEREBY forbid all persons harboring or trusting my wife, Julia M. Squier, as I shall pay no debts of her contracting after this date.
Monson, May 19, 1865. HENRY SQUIER.

TOBACCO.
FINE CUT, CHEWING, and SMOKING, of the best quality. Also, the best
Navy and Cavendish, Tobacco,
For sale AT PARK'S STORE, Palmer.

TAPIOCA, FARINA, SAGO,
CORN STARCH, CHOCOLATE, COCOA
&c., &c., for sale at
A. H. PARKS' Cash Store . . . . PALMER, MASS.

FLOUR
Of all grades, FOR SALE LOW for cash,
AT A. H. PARKS' STORE,
West end of Palmer House Block, Palmer, Mass

SOAPS.—The celebrated "Gold Medal Soap." French Lustral, "Sawyer's," and other Soaps, for sale at A. H. PARKS' Store, Palmer.

COUNTERFEITER SHOT.—A young man who was detected in passing counterfeit fractional currency at Niagara Falls on Monday, drew a revolver on the officers who attempted to arrest him, and kept them at bay for some time. He then attempted to escape by running, but was pursued and overtaken. He fired several shots at his pursuers, who finally brought him down with a shot gun, inflicting a mortal wound.

RISE IN THE MISSISSIPPI.—The rise in the Mississippi River has forced the levees and the water now covers the immense area from the Red River to Donaldsonville and the Gulf Stream, from 30 to 50 miles in width. The suffering occasioned by this overflow is terrible, and the destruction of property is said to be beyond description.

AMNESTY PROCLAMATION.—There has been some misrepresentation as to the forthcoming amnesty proclamation. It is now learned that it does not except any rebel military official above the rank of Major General, while it includes the entire list of the rebel civil officials above the head of a bureau. It will soon be out.

VALUABLE PRESENT.—Lieut.-Gen. Grant has presented to Col. A. H. Markland, the agent of the Post-Office Department, who has been during the whole war with the armies, the Grimsley saddle, ridden by Gen. Grant in all the battles in which he has been engaged, from Fort Henry, in 1862, to the surrender of Gen. Lee.

THE RASCAL BAILED.—Dr. Blackburn, the person who it is alleged, concocted the plan of importing the yellow fever into New York from Bermuda, was on Saturday admitted to bail at Toronto in $4,000, and the case was postponed to enable the prosecution to obtain more evidence against the accused.

POOR AND PENNILESS.—A private letter from Richmond says: "The people, as a general thing are poor and even penniless, and there is no business doing except in the bare necessities of life. Vegetables are very scarce, and I have not seen an egg or a fowl on the table since my arrival."

BY THE CARD.—The Army and Navy Journal says:—"Surely, if Davis had recalled his old experience at cards, he would have remembered that a Knave is known from a King by his boots."

PRICES

—ARE—

DOWN! DOWN! DOWN!

—FOR—

DRY GOODS.

J. H. STORRS,

Would inform all who have so liberally patronized him that he will now give a BENEFIT by selling goods at Wholesale Prices at Retail for a few days. We offer

Good Dark Prints for	17 cents.
Best New Styles do,	20
" " " M'DeLaines,	25
Heavy Cottons, yard wide,	25
Fine Bleached Cottons, yard wide,	25

NEW STYLES OF

DRESS GOODS,

CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS,

FEATHERS,

ALL DOWN TO GOLD VALUE.

☞ We give notice to all we have bought largely at the late Low Prices,

WHICH ENABLES US TO SELL AT

VERY LOW PRICES.

We shall make

Special Inducements to those from a Distance,

Who buy in large quantities.

NEW GOODS WILL BE RECEIVED EVERY WEEK

During the Spring Trade.

A Word to the Wise is Sufficient.

Very respectfully,

J. H. STORRS.

Ware, March 25, 1865.

TAKE NOTICE!

OPENED THIS DY!

A NEW CASE OF GOODS, consisting of

COTTONS, PRINTS, & D'LAINES,

Bought and sold at

PANIC PRICES.

SMITH & CONVERSE.

Palmer, April, 1865.

HAMS! DRIED BEEF!
HAMS! DRIED APPLES!
ALL KINDS OF FISH!
At NEWTON & CO'S . . . Palmer, Mass.

ENVELOPES, embellished with Business Cards, furnished at this office.

POTASH, at NEWTON & CO'S, Palmer.
Of the best quality

PAPER HANGINGS!

WE have the LARGEST AND BEST STOCK to be found anywhere in New England, FROM THE CHEAPEST STYLES TO THE ELEGANT GOLD AND PANEL PAPERS,

And furnish them AT RETAIL OR WHOLESALE,

At Lowest Prices.

☞ We send samples by mail or express
☞ when it is not convenient for customers
☞ to call at our store.

BRIDGMAN & WHITNEY,
SPRINGFIELD, MASS.,
April 1, 1865.

CLOTHING

Marked Down! Down!

NOW IS YOUR TIME TO BUY.

CALL ON THE

NEW YORK

CLOTHING COMPANY,

138 MAIN ST., SPRINGFIELD,

(Corner of Vernon Street)

GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS.

HATS AND CAPS,

From one of

THE LARGEST WHOLESALE ESTABLISHMENTS

in the City of New York,

ANY ONE WISHING

A Good Substantial Article

FOR A

LITTLE MONEY,

WOULD DO WELL TO

EXAMINE OUR STOCK.

ALL GOODS SOLD BY US ARE

WARRANTED

TO BE AS REPRESENTED.

We will allow the privilege of exchanging (within three days), any garment sold at retail, which upon examination at home does not meet the entire approval of the purchaser, either in material, style, or fit; or, if that is not sufficiently liberal,

WE WILL REFUND THE MONEY.

Our terms of sale are strictly for cash, and

WE GUARANTEE

A BETTER ARTICLE

OF CLOTHING FOR THE PRICE

than can be obtained elsewhere. Call and satisfy yourselves, at

138 MAIN ST.,

nearly opposite Baptist Church,

SPRINGFIELD.....MASS.

n21tf

READY MADE CLOTHING,

Just received and for sale by

D. MULVIHILL,

Nassowanno Block, Palmer, Mass.

March 4, 1865.

PETROLEUM STOCKS

Are now attracting much attention, as

They Pay Larger Dividends

than any other stocks in the market, ranging from

One to Five per Cent. per Month.

Parties wishing to subscribe for stock in the "Great Basin" the "Massachusetts & Oil Creek," the "New England," "Fuller Farm," or other first-class oil companies, or in the

Montezuma Gold Mining Company,

the ore of which assays at over $8,000 per cord, can do so at the office of

Palmer, Jan. 21, 1865. JAS. G. ALLEN.

Manhood: How Lost, How Restored.

JUST PUBLISHED, a new edition of DR. CULVERWELL'S CELEBRATED ESSAY on the Radical Cure (without medicine) of Spermatorrhœa, or seminal weakness, Involuntary Seminal Losses, Impotency, Mental and physical Incapacity; Impediments to Marriage, etc.; also, Consumption, Epilepsy, and Fits, induced by self-indulgence or sexual extravagance.

☞ Price, in a sealed envelope, only six cents.

The celebrated author, in this admirable essay, clearly demonstrates, from a thirty years' successful practice, that the alarming consequences of self-abuse may be radically cured without the dangerous use of internal medicine, or the application of the knife—pointing out a mode of cure at once simple, certain, and effectual, by means of which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately, and radically.

☞ This Lecture should be in the hands of every youth and every man in the land.

Sent under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address, post-paid, on receipt of six cents or two post stamps. Address the publishers,

CHAS. J. C. KLINE & CO.,
127 Bowery, New York, Post Office Box 4,586.

IF YOU WANT
A GOOD ARTICLE
—OF—

READY-MADE CLOTHING

For a Little Money,

Call at D. MULVIHILL'S,

Palmer, March 4, 1865. Nassowanno Block.

ANOTHER LOT Fresh Ground of KENT'S East India and OLMITZ' COFFEES,

The best out. At NEWTON & CO'S, Nassowanno Block, Palmer.

GRASS SEEDS.

HERDS GRASS, RED TOP, CLOVER, and MILLET, at the Agricultural Store in Ware.

April 29, 1865. GEO. ROBINSON.

FIRE AND LIFE

INSURANCE AGENCY.

Ætna Insurance Company,
HARTFORD, CT.
Capital.....$1,500,000

Hartford Fire Ins. Company,
HARTFORD, CT.
Capital.....$1,000,000

Phœnix Insurance Company,
HARTFORD, CT.
Capital.....$400,000

Springfield Fire & Marine Ins. Co.,
SPRINGFIELD, MASS.
Capital and Surplus.....$567,863 17

Norwich Fire Insurance Company,
NORWICH, CT.
Capital.....$300,000

INSURANCE AGAINST FIRE,
ON FACTORIES, STORES, DWELLING Houses, Barns, &c.,
Effected on MOST REASONABLE TERMS, in the Best Companies.

Also, Life Insurance

Effected on good risks in the best Mutual Companies.

Address or apply to

E. F. MORRIS,

MONSON, MASS.

June 25, 1864—1y.

DENTISTRY.

DR. J. B. GOULD,

Surgical and Mechanical Dentist,

Palmer, Mass.

respectfully informs the Citizens of Palmer and vicinity that he has located himself in this place as a permanent Dentist, and hopes by strict attention to business to win the patronage of the public.

The Most Difficult Operations in Dentistry Performed with Care.

One of the most important and often neglected duties of the age is the preservation of the Natural Teeth, and to this end none should neglect having them frequently examined by a Dentist, that decay and other imperfections may be seasonably remedied. Children's teeth should receive frequent and careful attention, to prevent irregularities or decay.

ARTIFICIAL TEETH

inserted on the improved principle of atmospheric pressure. Teeth, from one to an entire set, inserted on Gold, Silver, or Rubber.

A SUPERIOR ARTICLE of DENTRIFICE and TOOTH BRUSHES constantly on hand.

☞ Examinations and advice gratis.

☞ All operations warranted.

TERMS REASONABLE.

TESTIMONIALS:

The undersigned, citizens of Monson, have employed Mr. J. B. Gould, in his regular practice as Dentist, with satisfaction, and would cheerfully recommend him to the citizens of this and adjoining towns, as skillful in all branches of this business. They are happy also to commend him as a man of good principles and high moral character.

Rev. T. G. Colton.	Marcus Keep.
" F. Woods.	S. Darling.
N. F. Rogers.	Dr. J. M. Towne.
E. B. Miles.	" Smith.

n19 Dr. J. McKinstrey.

Palmer Steam Mill!

THE subscribers, having leased the Steam Mill formerly occupied by Hall & Trumble, offer for sale

A FULL ASSORTMENT OF

FLOUR, GRAIN, MEAL,
FEED, SALT, LIME,
COAL, WOOD, &c.

AT THE LOWEST MARKET PRICES.

CASH PAID FOR ALL KINDS OF GRAIN.

HOVEY & SUTCLIFFE.

Palmer, Mass., Dec. 20, 1862.

NEW GROCERY STORE!

The undersigned, having purchased the stock of

GROCERIES & PROVISIONS

lately owned by J. P. SHAW, and removed them to their Flour and Grain Store, and having made large additions thereto, are prepared to furnish

FAMILY GROCERIES as CHEAP as at any other establishment in the county.

As we deal largely in

FLOUR AND GRAIN,

we are enabled to make purchases at

LOW FIGURES,

and sell in the same manner.

All kinds of FARMERS' PRODUCE taken in exchange for goods.

☞ Remember the place—

At the Palmer Steam Mill.

HOVEY & SUTCLIFFE.

Palmer, Aug. 29, 1863.

GOVERNMENT

PENSION AGENCY!

GOVERNMENT BOUNTY OF $100

Collected for soldiers who have been discharged from service by reason of wounds or disability, without regard to length of time. Invalid soldiers discharged from service, and the widows and orphans of soldiers who died in the U. States service, or of wounds or disease contracted in line of duty, are entitled to pensions. All pension claims against the government, and claims for arrears of pay and bounty, will be promptly attended to and collected at the lowest rates. No charge made to the soldier unless the claim is successful.

This Agency is duly licensed, and the undersigned does his business direct with the authorities at Washington, and not through third parties.

JAS. G. ALLEN, Counsellor & Attorney.

Palmer, March 21, 1863.

New London Northern Railroad.

On and after MONDAY, JANUARY 2, 1865,

Trains Leave Palmer as follows:

7.50 A. M., and 2.15 P. M., for New London and Way Stations.

2.15 P. M., and 6.00 P. M, for Belchertown and Amherst.

Trains for New London connect at Willimantic with trains for Hartford.

Trains for Amherst connect with trains from New London, and Western Railroad trains.

R. N. DOWD, Supt.

New London, Jan. 2, 1865.

M. P. KNOWLTON,

Attorney and Counsellor at Law.

Post Office Building, south side of Court Square,

SPRINGFIELD, MASS,

Soldiers' Pensions, Bounty, Back Pay, &c., procured promptly and at reasonable rates.

TO LET.

THE ROOMS IN STRONG BLOCK heretofore used as a Tin-shop. Enquire of

Palmer, March 4, 1865. JAS. G. ALLEN.

HEALTH

HELMBOLD'S

FLUID EXTRACT

BUCHU.

For Non-Retention or Incontinence of Urine, Inflammation or Ulceration of the Bladder or Kidneys, Diseases of the Prostrate Gland, Gravel, Brick Dust Deposits, Dropsical Swellings, Organic Weakness, Debility, Female Complaints, &c.

Helmbold's Fluid Extract Buchu and

IMPROVED ROSE WASH

Will radically exterminate from the system Diseases arising from habits of Dissipation, at little expense, little or no change of diet, no inconvenience or exposure, completely superseding those unpleasant and dangerous remedies, Copabia and Mercury, in curing these diseases.

USE HELMBOLD'S

FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU

In all Diseases of the Urinary Organs, whether existing in MALE OR FEMALE, *from whatever cause originating*, and no matter of how long standing. It is pleasant in its taste and odor, IMMEDIATE in action, and more strengthening than any of the preparations of Bark or Iron.

Those suffering from Broken Down or Delicate Constitutions, *procure the Remedy at once.*

The reader must be aware that however slight may be the attack of the above diseases, it is certain to affect his *Bodily Health, Mental Powers and Happiness.* If no treatment is submitted to, Consumption or Insanity may ensue.

All the above diseases require the aid of a diuretic.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU
IS THE GREAT DIURETIC.

HELMBOLD'S

HIGHLY CONCENTRATED COMPOUND

FLUID

EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA,

For purifying the blood, removing all diseases arising from excess and imprudence in life, chronic constitutional diseases arising from an impure state of the blood, and the only reliable and effectual know remedy for the cure of Scrofula, Scald Head, Salt Rheum, Pains and Swellings of the Bones, Ulcerations of the Throat and Legs, Blotches, Pimples on the Face, Tetter, Erpsipelas, and all scaly eruptions of the skin, and beautifying the complexion.

AND

HAPPINESS

NOT A FEW

Of the worst disorders that afflict mankind arise from the corruption that accumulates in the blood. Of all the discoveries that have been made to purge it out, none can equal in effect Helmbold's Compound Extract of Sarsaparilla. It cleanses and renovates the blood, instills the vigor of health into the system and purges out the humors which make disease. It stimulates the healthy functions of the body, and expels the disorders that grow and rankle in the blood. Such a remedy, that could be relied on, has long been sought for, and now, for the first time, the public have one on which they can depend. Our space here does not admit of certificates to show its effects, but the trial of a single bottle will show to the sick that it has virtues surpassing anything they have ever taken.

Two tablespoonsful of the Extract of Sarsaparilla, added to a pint of water, is equal to the Lisbon Diet Drink, and one bottle is equal to a gallon of the Syrup of Sarsaparilla or the decoction as usually made.

The above Extracts are prepared on purely scientific principles—in Vacuo—and embody the full strength of the ingredients entering into their composition. A ready and conclusive test will be a comparison of their properties with those set forth in the U. S. Dispensatory.

HOW TO USE THE REMEDIES.

In diseases of the Blood, Humors on the Face, or any and every part of the body, use Extract Sarsaparilla, applying to Pimples and all external Humors or Eruptions the Improved Rose Wash.

Use the Extract Buchu for all diseases requiring the aid of a Diuretic, except those of the Urinary Organs such as Gonorrhœa and Gleet; in these use the Extract Buchu and inject with the Improved Rose Wash

☞ THESE EXTRACTS HAVE BEEN ADMITTED TO USE IN THE UNITED STATES ARMY, and also are in very general use in all the STATE HOSPITALS and Public Institutions throughout the land, as well as in private practice, and are considered as invaluable remedies.

Medicine delivered to Any Address.

Direct letters to—

HELMBOLD'S DRUG & CHEMICAL WAREHOUSE,

594 Broadway, New York,

Next Metropolitan Hotel, or to

HELMBOLD'S MEDICAL DEPOT,

104 South Tenth St., Philadelphia,

Assembly Buildings.

Describe Symptoms in all Communication.

☞ Sold by all Druggists everywhere.
☞ Beware of Counterfeits.
☞ Ask for Helmbold's. Take no Other.

Feb. 25. 1y.

SECURED.

DR. VELPAU'S FRENCH PILLS.

LADIES, TAKE PARTICULAR NOTICE.

THE REAL VELPAU FEMALE PILL.

[Warranted French.]

These Pills, so celebrated many years ago in Paris, for the relief of female irregularities, and afterward so notorious for their criminal employment in the practice of abortion, are now offered for sale for the first time in America. They have been kept in comparative security from the fact that the originator, Dr. Velpau, is a physician in Paris, of great wealth and strictly conscientious principles, and has withheld them from general use lest they should be employed for unlawful purposes. In overcoming Female Obstructions, Falling of the Womb, Whites, Green Sickness, Suppression, Retention, or Immoderate flow of the monthly discharges, they seem to be truly omnipotent, bursting open the flood gates from whatever cause may have stopped them; but they are offered to the public only for legitimate uses and all agents are forbidden to sell them when it is understood that the object is unlawful. Married ladies should never take them when there is any reason to believe themselves pregnant, for they will be sure to produce a miscarriage.

These Pills are entirely safe under all circumstances, being composed entirely of substances from the vegetable kingdom.

Each box has the coat of arms for the city of Paris stamped on the box, with the words "Trade Mark" in French, to counterfeit which is a misdemeanor, and all persons will be dealt with according to law.

☞ Full directions accompany every box.

Ladies can obtain a box sealed from the eyes of the curious, by enclosing one dollar and six post-office stamps to any respectable druggists, or to O. C. STAPLES, General Agent for the United States, Watertown, N. Y.

For sale in Palmer by Wood & Allen, and Dr. Wm. Holbrook. n5ly.

Important to All Invalids!

IRON IN THE BLOOD

IT is well known to the medical profession that IRON is the Vital Principle or Life Element of the blood. This is derived chiefly from the food we eat; but if the food is not properly digested, or if from any cause whatever, the necessary quantity of iron is not taken into the circulation, or becomes reduced, the whole system suffers. The bad blood will irritate the heart, will clog up the lungs, will stupefy the brain, will obstruct the liver, and will send its disease producing elements to all parts of the system, and every one will suffer in whatever organ may be predisposed to disease.

The great value of

IRON AS A MEDICINE

is well known and acknowledged by all medical men. The difficulty has been to obtain such a preparation of it as will enter the circulation and assimilate at once with the blood. This point, says Dr. Hayes, Massachusetts State Chemist, has been attained in the Peruvian Syrup, by combination in a way before unknown.

THE PERUVIAN SYRUP

OR PROTECTED solution of the PROTOXIDE OF IRON. A NEW Discovery in Medicine that strikes at the Root of Disease by supplying the Blood with its Vital Principle or Life Element—blood.

THE PERUVIAN SYRUP

Cures Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Dropsy, Fever and Ague, Loss of Energy, Low Spirits.

THE PERUVIAN SYRUP

infuses strength, vigor, and new life into the system, and builds up an "Iron Constitution"

THE PERUVIAN SYRUP

cures Nervous Affections, Female Complaints, and all Diseases of the Kidneys and Bladder.

THE PERUVIAN SYRUP

is a SPECIFIC for all diseases originating in a BAD STATE OF THE BLOOD, or accompanied by Debility or a Low State of the System.

Pamphlets containing certificates of cures, and recommendations from some of the most eminent Physicians, Clergymen, and others, will be sent FREE to any address.

We select a few of the names to show the character of the testimonials.

Rev. John Pierpont.	Lewis Johnson, M. D.
Rev. Warren Burton.	Roswell Kinney, M. D.
Rev. Arthur B. Fuller.	S. H. Kendall, M. D.
Rev. Aug. R. Pope.	W. R. Chisholm, M. D.
Rev. Gurdon Robbins.	Francis Dana, M. D.
Rev. Sylvanus Cobb.	Jeremiah Stone, M. D.
Rev. T. Starr King.	Jose Anto. Sanchez M. D.
Rev. Osborn Myrick.	Marcelino Aranda, M. D.
Rev. Ephraim Nute, Jr.	Abraham Wendell, M. D.
Rev. Thomas H. Pans.	A. A. Hayes, M. D.
Rev. Richard Metcalf.	J. R. Chilton, M. D.
Rev. M. P. Webster.	H. E. Kinney, M. D.
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Rev. A. R. R. Crawley.	Hon. Peter Harvey.
Rev. Henry Upham.	James C. Dunn, Esq.
Rev. H. S. Riddel.	Samuel May, Esq.
Rev. P. C. Headley.	Prof. E. Vitalis Scherb,
Rev. John W. Olmstead.	Ferdinand Andrews, Esq

—FOR SALE BY—

SETH W. FOWLE & Co., 18 Tremont st., Boston.
J. P. DINSMORE, 491 Broadway, New York.
And by all Druggists.

REDDING'S RUSSIA SALVE!

FORTY YEAR'S EXPERIENCE

Has fully established the superiority of Redding's Russia Salve over all other healing preparations.

It cures all kinds of

Sores, Cuts, Scalds, Burns, Boils, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Sties, Piles, Corns, Sore Lips, Sore Eyes, &c., &c., Removing the Pain at once, and Reducing the most Angry Looking Swellings and Inflammation as if by Magic.

Only 25 Cents a Box.

For sale by SETH W. FOWLE & Co. 18 Tremont st., Boston, and by all Druggists and Grocers, and at all country stores.

HALL'S VEGETABLE

SICILIAN HAIR RENEWER,

THE best preparation for the Hair. It will immediately free the head from all dandruff, restore the hair to its natural color, and produce a new growth where it has fallen off. It will stop the falling out of the hair in a few days, if faithfully applied, and it will turn gray hair to its original color. Price, one dollar. A large lot just received, and for sale by the bottle or dozen.

WOOD & ALLEN,
Palmer, Mass., Feb. 11, 1865. 1y

ANY BOOK WANTED!

CAN be obtained at short notice by leaving orders at our store. A select assortment of STANDARD WORKS on hand, together with TOY BOOKS and BOOKS FOR YOUTH.

Also, different styles of

Pocket Bibles and Testaments,
PHOTOGRAPH ALBUMS, &C.

Give us a Call.

WOOD & ALLEN,
Palmer, Feb. 11, 1865. tf

REMOVED.

I HAVE removed my shop from Commercial Block to the new building adjoining the Journal Office, where I am prepared to make

BOOTS AND SHOES.

and do REPAIRING at short notice.

CALVIN HITCHCOCK.

Palmer, April 8, 1865.

GEO. S. BOSWORTH,
CARPENTER AND JOINER,
—AND DEALER IN—
Doors, Sash, Blinds, Framing Timber, &c., &c.

Doors, Sash, and Blinds constantly on hand. All kinds of jobbing done to order. Palmer, Jan. 30

AMERICAN AND FOREIGN PATENTS.

R. H. EDDY,

SOLICITOR OF PATENTS,

Late Agent of U. S. Patent Office, Washington, (under the Act of 1837.)

76 STATE ST.....opp. Kilby st.....BOSTON

After an extensive practice of upwards of twenty years, continues to secure Patents in the United States, also in Great Britain, France, and other foreign countries. Caveats, Specifications, Bonds, Assignments, and all Papers or Drawings for Patents executed on liberal terms, and with dispatch. Researches made into American or Foreign works to determine the validity or utility of Patents or inventions—and legal or other advice rendered in all matters touching the same. Copies of the claims of any patent furnished by remitting one dollar. Assignments recorded at Washington.

The Agency is not only the largest in New England, but through it inventors have advantages for securing Patents, of ascertaining the patenability of inventions, unsurpassed by, if not immeasurably superior to any which can be offered them elsewhere. The Testimonials below given prove that none is MORE SUCCESSFUL AT THE PATENT OFFICE than the subscriber, and as SUCCESS IS THE BEST PROOF OF ADVANTAGES AND ABILITY, he would add that he has abundant reason to believe, and can prove, that at no other office of the kind are the charges for professional services so moderate. The immense practice of the subscriber during the twelve years past has enabled him to accumulate a vast collection of specifications and official decisions relative to patents.

These, besides his extensive library of legal and mechanical works, and full accounts of patents granted in the United States and Europe, render him able, beyond question, to offer superior facilities for obtaining Patents.

All necessity of a journey to Washington to procure a Patent, and the usual great delay there, are here saved inventors.

TESTIMONIALS.

"I regard Mr. Eddy as one of the MOST CAPABLE and SUCCESSFUL practitioners with whom I have had official intercourse." CHAS. MASON.
Commissioner of Patents.

"I have no hesitation in assuring inventors that they cannot employ a person more competent and trustworthy, and more capable of putting their applications in a form to secure for them an early and favorable consideration at the Patent Office." EDMUND BURKE,
Late Commissioner of Patents.

"Mr. R. H. Eddy has made for me THIRTEEN applications, on all but one of which patents have been granted, and that is now pending. Such unmistakeable proof of great talent and ability on his part leads me to recommend ALL inventors to apply to him to procure their patents, as they may be sure of having the most faithful attention bestowed on their cases, and at very reasonable charges." JOHN TAGGART.

During eight months, the subscriber, in course of his large practice, made on TWICE rejected applications, SIXTEEN APPEALS, EVERY ONE OF which was decided in his favor by the Commissioner of Patents. R. H. EDDY.

January 1, 1865. 1y

E. & H. T. ANTHONY & CO.,

Manufacturers of Photographic Materials,

Wholesale and Retail.

501 BROADWAY . . . . NEW YORK.

In addition to our main business of PHOTOGRAPHIC MATERIALS, we are headquarters for the following, viz.:

Stereoscopes and Stereoscopic Views.

Of these we have an immense assortment, including War Scenes, American and Foreign Cities and Landscapes, Groups, Statuary, &c., &c. Also, Revolving Stereoscopes, for public or private exhibition. Our Catalogue will be sent to any address on receipt of stamp.

PHOTOGRAPHIC ALBUMS.

We were the first to introduce these into the United States, and we manufacture immense quantities in great variety, ranging in price from 50 cts. to $40 each. Our Albums have the reputation of being superior in beauty and durability to any others. They will be sent by mail, FREE, on receipt of price.

FINE ALBUMS MADE TO ORDER.

CARD PHOTOGRAPHS.

Our Catalogue now embraces over FIVE THOUSAND different subjects, to which additions are continually being made, of Portraits of Eminent Americans, &c., viz.: about

300 Major Generals,	550 Statesmen,
200 Brig.-Generals,	130 Divines,
275 Colonels,	125 Authors,
200 Lieut.-Colonels,	40 Artists,
150 Other Officers,	125 Stage,
75 Navy Officers,	50 Prominent Women,

150 Prominent Foreign Portraits,
3,000 Copies of Works of Art,

including reproductions of the most celebrated Engravings, Paintings, Statuary, &c. Catalogues sent on receipt of stamp. An order for One Dozen Pictures from our Catalogue will be filled on the receipt of $1 00, and sent by mail, FREE.

Photographers and others, ordering goods C.O.D. will please remit 25 per cent. of the amount with their order. E. & H. T. ANTHONY & CO.,
Manufacturers of Photographic Materials.
501 Broadway, New York.

☞ The prices and quality of our goods cannot fail to satisfy. n19ly

Caution to Females in Delicate Health.

DR. DOW,

Physician and Surgeon, 7 Endicott st., Boston,

IS consulted daily for all diseases incident to the female system: Prolapsus Uteri, or Falling of the Womb, Fluor Albus, Suppression, and other Menstrual derangements, are all treated on new pathological principles, and speedy relief guaranteed in a very few days. So invariably certain is the new mode of treatment, that most obstinate complaints yield under it, and the most afflicted person soon rejoices in perfect health.

Dr. Dow has no doubt had greater experience in the cure of diseases of women than any other physician in Boston.

Boarding accommodations for patients who may wish to stay in Boston a few days under his treatment.

Dr. Dow, since 1845, having confined his whole attention to an office practice for the cure of Private Diseases and Female Complaints, acknowledges no superior in the United States.

N. B.—All letters must contain one dollar, or they will not be answered.

Office hours from 8 A. M. to 9 P. M.

Boston, July 30, 1864. 1y.

PAINTING.

THE subscriber has taken the shop lately occupied by A. M. Titus, and will attend to all orders for

Painting, Graining, Paper Hanging, &c.,

at short notice. Special attention given to

SIGN PAINTING.

A. W. CLARK.

Palmer, April 8, 1865.

FOX & HOLBROOK,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

FRESH FISH, OYSTERS,

Fruit, Confectionery, Pies and Cakes, Vegetables

Spruce and Hop Beer, Soda,

And SOLE AGENTS in Eastern Hampden for Millard & Waterbury's Hudson Pale Ale.

Nassowanno Block.....Palmer, Mass.

M. FOX. Feb. 20, 1864. C. HOLBROOK.

A TIMELY WARNING.

DISEASES of the Urinary and Sexual Organs, the result of Self-abuse, Sexual Excesses, &c. Reports on the above, supplying the means of cure, sent free on receipt of a red stamp.

Address JOHN D. WILLIAMS,
n21. P. O. box, 2353, Philadelphia, Pa.

The New 7 3-10 Treasury Notes

ARE on hand and for sale at the MONSON NATIONAL BANK, in denominations of $50, $100, $500, and $1000.

Monson, Dec. 17. E. F. MORRIS, Cashier.

A. B. COWAN,
DENTIST.
Office and residence in
LAWRENCE BLOCK, PALMER, MASS.

The Palmer Journal.

VOLUME XVI. PALMER, MASS., SATURDAY, JUNE 10, 1865. NUMBER 13.

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY.
—BY—
GORDON M. FISK & Co.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.—Two Dollars a year; a discount of twenty-five cents made to those who pay in advance. Six months, $1; three months, 50 cents.—Single copies, five cents.

ADVERTISEMENTS inserted at the following rates:—One square, one week, $1; 25 cents per square, per week, for each week after the first. One square, one year, without change, $12. One-half square, one year, $7. Legal advertising, $1.75 per square for three insertions. Notices in editorial columns, 20 cents per line; no charge less than $1. Obituary notices, 6 cents per line; no charge less than 25 cents. Notices of funerals, under the head of deaths, 25 cts. each. Special notices, before marriages and deaths, 33⅓ per cent. advance of regular rates. The space occupied by ten lines solid minion type constitutes a square. To merchants advertising their business at above rates discounts will be made of ten per cent. on yearly bills of $50, fifteen per cent. on bills of $75, and twenty-five per cent on bills of $100 and over.

JOB PRINTING, of all kinds, executed in the best style and at short notice.

G. M. FISK. JAS. M'LAUGHLIN.

LOCAL BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

PALMER.

ALBERT BURLEIGH, Carpenter and Joiner, and Dealer in Lumber, Doors, Windows, &c.

A. H. PARKS, Dealer in Family Groceries, Flour, Farmer's Produce, &c.

A. MASON, Refreshment Saloon. Weddings and parties supplied with Cake and Ice Creams.

ANTIQUE HOUSE, by E. B. Shaw, east of railroad bridge.

A. R. MURDOCK, Licensed Auctioneer, Thorndike.

A. W. CLARK, Portrait and Landscape Painter; Studio at his residence.

B. H. JOHNSON, Carpenter and Joiner, and Mover of Buildings.

BILLIARD ROOMS, BY JOHN THAYER, Basement of Commercial Block.

BLANCHARD & Co., Dealers in Hardware, Iron, Nails, Carriage Trimmings, Paints, Oils, Glass, &c.

CALVIN HITCHCOCK, Boot and Shoe Maker and Repairer, Commercial Block.

CYRUS KNOX, JR., News Room and Stationery, at the Post Office.

D. MULVIHILL, Merchant Tailor, and dealer in Gent's Furnishing Goods.

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E. BROWN, Dealer in Hardware, Iron, Steel, Paints, Oils, and Glass.

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E. S. BURWELL, House, Sign, and Carriage Painter, first door south of Caswell's blacksmith shop

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F. J. WASSUM, Merchant Tailor and dealer in Gents' Furnishing Goods.

G. M. FISK & COMPANY, Job Printers and agency for Book binding, Lithographing, Engraving, &c.

HENRY JONES, Barber and Hair Dresser, opposite the depot.

H. G. CROSS, Ambrotype and Photograph Rooms, Stroug Block.

H. MCMASTER, Livery Feeding, and Boarding Stable.

HOVEY & SUTCLIFFE, wholesale and retail dealer in Flour, Meal, Grain and Feed.

H. W. MUNGER, Merchant Tailor, and manufacturer of Custom Clothing.

IRON FOUNDRY, by John A. Squier, Furnace street.

J. G. ALLEN, Counsellor and Attorney at Law, Notary Public, and General Insurance Agent.

J. H. BLAIR, Attorney and Counsellor at Law, office in Waite's Block, opposite Antique House.

JOHN FEENEY, Eating Saloon, opposite the depot.

JOHN SHAW, Brick, Mason and Plasterer. Residence at the Antique House.

J. S. LOOMIS, Dealer in all kinds of House Furniture, Coffins, and Burial Caskets.

J. W. THOMPSON, Dealer in Groceries, Crockery, Provisions, Flour.

LOOMIS & ELSBREE, Carriage Makers and Repairers, at the old stand of N. Smith & Co.

L. DIMOCK, Dealer in Boots and Shoes, Center Store Palmer House Block.

MRS. A. C. COLLINS, Dealer in Millinery and Fancy Goods.

NASSOWANNO HOUSE, by J. W. Weeks, opposite the depot.

NEWTON & Co., Dealers in Groceries, Flour, Feed, Crockery, Glassware, &c., Nassowanno Block.

N. PIPER, Manufacturer of Monuments, Tombstones, and other Marble Works.

P. P. KELLOGG, Dealer in Dry Goods, Groceries, Ready Made Clothing, Boots, Shoes, &c.

S. G. NEWTON, Deputy Sheriff, for Hampden County.

SHAW & NICHOLS, Dealers in Flour, Grain, Meal, Feed, Lime, Salt, Lime, &c., McGilvray Block.

SMITH & CONVERSE, Dealers in Dry Goods, and Groceries, opposite the depot.

S. R. LAWRENCE & Co. will pay the Highest Market Price for Hides and Skins deliv'd at their Market

WM. BARNES & Co., Dealers in Stoves, Tin Ware, Pipe, &c.

WM. MERRIAM, Currier and Retail Dealer in all kinds of Leather.

WOOD & ALLEN, Druggists, and dealers in Medicines and Fancy Articles.

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WARE.

BYRNS & Co., Staple and Fancy Bakers, opposite the Hotel, Main street.

E. F. HITCHCOCK, Dealer in Stoves, and manufacturer of Tin Ware, &c.

F. D. RICHARDS, Attorney and Counsellor at Law.

F. L. CHAPIN, Life Insurance Agent, office at the Savings Bank.

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GEO. ROBINSON, Dealer in Hardware, Agricultural and Mechanic Tools, Paints, Oils, and Glass, Furniture and Woodeu Ware. Especial attention given to Framing Pictures.

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S. B. WITHERELL, Dealer in Furnaces and Stoves, and Tin, Iron and Copper Work.

WM. MCKINSTREY, Merchant Tailor and Manufacturer of Custom Clothing, opposite the Bank.

WM. O. GOULD, Dealer in Millinery of all kinds, Demond's Block, Main street, up stairs.

The Return.

"Three years! I wonder if she'll know me!
I limp a little, and I left one arm
At Petersburg, and I am grown as brown
As the plump chestnuts on my little farm;
And I am as shaggy as the chestnut burrs,
But ripe and sweet within, and wholly hers.

The darling! how I long to see her!
My heart outruns the feeble soldier pace;
For I remember, after I had left her,
A little Charlie came to take my place;
Ah! how the laughing, three-year-old brown eyes
(His mother's eyes) will stare with glad surprise!

Sure, they'll be at the corner watching!
I sent them word that I should come to night—
The birds all knew it, for they crowd around,
Twittering their welcome with a wild delight;
And that old robin with a halting wing,
I saved her life three years ago last spring.

Three years—perhaps I am but dreaming;
For, like the pilgrim of the long ago,
I've lugged a weary burden at my back
Through summer's heat and winter's blinding snow,
Till now, I reach my home, my darling's breast,
There I can roll my burden off—and rest."

* * * * * * * * * *

When morning came, the early rising sun
Laid his light finger on a soldier, sleeping
Where a soft covering of bright green grass
Over two lowly mounds was lightly creeping,
But waked him not; his was the rest eternal,
Where the brown eyes reflected love supernal.

HOOK'S JOKES.

A story is told of Hook, in which he improved on a well known device related of Sheridan. Getting into a hackney coach one day, and being unable to pay the fare, he bethought himself of the plan adopted by the celebrated wit just mentioned on a similar occasion, and hailed a friend whom he observed passing along the street. He made him get into the carriage beside him; but, on comparing notes, he found his companion equally devoid of cash as himself, and it was necessary to think of some other expedient. Presently they approached the house of a celebrated surgeon. Hook alighted, rushed to the door, and hurriedly exclaimed to the servant who opened it: "Is Mr. —— at home? I must see him immediately. For God's sake do not lose an instant!" Ushered into the consulting room, he exclaimed wildly to the surgeon: "Thank Heaven! Pardon my incoherence, sir; make allowance for the feelings of a husband, *perhaps a father*—your attendance, sir, is required instantly by Mrs. ——. For mercy's sake, sir, be off!"

"I'll be on my way immediately," replied the medical man. "I have only to get my instruments and step into my carriage."

"Don't wait for your carriage," cried the pseudo-distressed parent; "get into mine, which is waiting at the door."

Esculapius readily complied, was hurried into the coach, and conveyed in a trice to the residence of an aged spinster, whose indignation and horror at the purport of his visit was beyond all bounds. The poor man was glad to beat a hasty retreat; but the fury of the old maiden lady was not all he was destined to undergo, as the hackney-coachman kept hold of him, and muicted him in the full amount of the fare which Hook ought to have paid.

All these and similar escapades, however, were fairly eclipsed by the famous Berners street hoax, which created such a sensation in London in 1807. By dispatching several thousands of letters to innumerable addresses, he completely blocked up the entrances to the street by an assemblage of the most heterogeneous kind. The parties written to had been requested to call, on a certain day, at the house of a lady residing at No. 54 Berners street, against whom Hook and one or two of his friends had conceived a grudge. So successful was the trick that nearly all obeyed the summons. Coal wagons heavily laden, carts of upholstery, vans with pianos, and other articles, wedding and funeral coaches, all rumbled through and filled up the adjoining streets and lanes. Sweeps assembled with the implements of their trade; tailors with clothes which had been ordered; pastry cooks with wedding cakes; undertakers with coffins; fish-mongers with cod-fishes, and butchers with legs of mutton. There were surgeons with their instruments; lawyers with their papers and parchments; and clergymen with their books of devotion. Such a babel was never before heard in London; and to complete the business, who should drive up but the lord mayor in his state carriage, the governor of the Bank of England, the chairman of the East India Company, and even a scion of royalty itself in the person of the Duke of Gloucester. Hook and his confederates were, meantime, enjoying the fun from a window in the neighborhood; but the consternation occasioned the poor lady who had been made the victim of the jest was nearly becoming too serious a matter.—He never avowed himself as the originator of this trick, but there is no doubt of his being the prime actor in it. It was made the subject of a solemn investigation by many of the parties who had been duped; but so carefully had the precautions been taken to avoid detection that the inquiry proved entirely fruitless.

A SECRET.—Now let me tell you a secret—a secret worth knowing. This loking forward to enjoyment don't pay. From what I know of it, I would as soon chase butterflies for a living, or hottle up moonshine for cloudy nights. The only true way to be happy is take the drops of happiness as God gives them to us every day of our lives. The boy must learn to be happy while he is plodding over his lessons; the apprentice while he is learning his trade; the merchant while he is making his fortune. If he fail to learn this art, he will be sure to miss his enjoyment when he goins what he has sighed for.

☞Interesting events are occasions when a nurse takes the absolute possession of the house, and the husband sleeps on the sofa. Babies are the tyrants of the world. The Emperor must tread softly—baby sleeps.—Mozart must hush his nascent requiem—baby sleeps. Phidias must drop his hammer and chisel—baby sleeps. Demosthenes be dumb—baby sleeps.

☞Ink is called the black slave who waits upon thought.

☞What fish is like Plenty? asked Waifer. A good cel! was the reply.

A LITTLE SPECULATION.

The following incident actually took place in Baltimore, a few days since. As an evidence of the truth of the event, it is said that the companions of the young woman were not long in discovering that one of their number, all of a sudden left their ranks!

"How do you sell these flowers?" said a good-looking stranger to a pretty damsel in the market, who had hitherto been compelled to sell pinks, posies and similar notions honestly to maintain herself and family.

"Twenty-five cents, sir," said the maiden, holding up to the gaze of the stranger a sweet-scented bunch.

"Cheap said the gentleman.

"Indeed they are," said the maiden.

"So much so that I cannot possibly conceive huw you can make a living at the business."

"Ah, sir," said the pretty little damsel, "the times are so hard that we are compelled to do the best we enn. By economy, sir, we do manage to get along. Did those who live in glittering palaces but know how severe is the lot of the poor and dejected, we might perhaps get a trifle more for our labor. But alas! sorry I am to be compelled to say it, justice is blind, and dim, indeed, is the vision of opulence."

"Here the stranger, touched by the powerful remarks of the pretty flower-girl was seen to drop his head and let fall a tear of sorrow:

"Here, my pretty one, why not turn your attention to something more profitable.

"I know not what, sir," said the girl.

"Why not turn yuur attention to speculation?"

"But I know not what kind, sir," said the girl, "and if I did I am not possessed of the capital."

"O," said the gentleman, "there are some kinds of speculation in which to meet success a capital is not required.

"Name it, sir."

"Marriage."

"Sir," said the little maiden, "my chances in that kind of speculation are poor—poor indeed."

"Perhaps not so poor."

"I now have on my hands a dear father and mother, to support by my little earnings and to marry a youth as poor as myself would only be heaping misfortune on our already over-burdened shoulders."

"But perhaps, in the search you might fall in with some one, who has more of this world's treasures than yourself."

"But to get him," modestly articulated the girl.

"'Twere an easy task if he loves you."

"But where shall I find him? Which way shall i look?"

"Here, my pretty one," said the gentleman, at the same time throwing his eyes upon the young girl in such a manner as to leave no doubt on her mind that she was adored by the stranger.

* * * The couple became more intimate with each other. The stranger bought the flowers of the maiden, and, as a compensation, he gave her a fortune of one hundred thousand dollars, with a written contract that himself should be thrown into the bargain.

They are now man and wife; the aged parents were comforted in their declining years the maiden is no longer obliged to vend her nosegays, and the stranger, doubtless, blessed the hour he visited the City of Monuments, and went to buy the blue-eyed maiden's charming flowers.

THE EXPECTANTS.—Who shall tell the hopes and fears that are stitched into little frocks for the form not yet seen! All the world over, the quiet, thoughtful brow of expectant womanhood bends over them silently. Sometimes a glad smile lingers on the lips; sometimes the busy hands lie idly folded over the soft cambric folds, as memory carries them back to their own childhood; just so their mother sat, with just such thoughts busy at heart and brain, before they nestled in a mother's welcoming arms. Ah! never till now did they ever fully realize what a mother's love may be. Never till now did they retrace the steps of childhood, girlhood, and maturity, so carefully, to note all the Christ-like patience and tenderness to which those long years bear witness. Then solemnly comes the thought, "Just as I looked up to my mother, this little one will look up to me. Me!" Warm tears fall on the little frock that lies on the lap. "Me! Ah! how do I know that I shall teach it aright?" and with the happy love-thrill is mingled a responsibility so overwhelming that it cannot be borne alone. Nor, thank God, need it be, nor is it. Ah! whatsoever fathers may think, mothers must needs look upward. The girl-mother, from that sweet, sacred moment, will rise, if ever, disenthralled from her past frivolity, and with the earnest seal of a new baptism on her brow.—*Fanny Fern.*

ALONE.—Solitude, though silent as light, is, like the light, the mightiest of agencies; for solitude is essential to man. All men come into this world alone, and all leave it alone. Even a little child has a dread, whispering consciousness that, if he should he summoned into God's presence, no gentle nurse will be allowed to lead him by the hand, nor mother to carry him in her arms, nor little sister to share his trepidations.—King and priest, warrior and maiden, philosopher and child, all must walk those mighty galleries alone. The solitude, therefore, which, in this world, appalls or fascinates a child's heart, is but the echo of a far deeper solitude through which he has already passed, and of another solitude, deeper still, through which he has yet to pass—reflex of one solitude, prefiguration of another.

BE CAREFUL OF YOUR HEALTH.—"A man had better break a bone, or even lose a limb, than shake his nervous system. Lord Coke required only eight hours' application per day for a student of the law, and Sir Matthew Hale thought six as much as he could bear; eight, he said, was too much.

☞In Albany, recently, Abraham Mynders was married to Miss Maggie Blessing.—A blessing to Abraham's bosom.

☞A Mormon preacher says the world is apt to charge the devil with more sin than he is properly answerable for.

AGES OF MODERN STATESMEN.

It used sometimes to he made a reproach to us, Americans, that no man could hope to reach our highest political places until the virile age was long past. An "old publie functionary," as Mr. Buchanan once called himself, is likely to be a despicable object; and, if it were true that an American citizen could look to be President only when he had ceased to he fit for that or any other post of responsibility, we should be in a poor case.

But, cumpared with our English cousins, we are ruled by a set of young men; and it is, perhaps, just as well that our Presidents and other high officials have usually attained to years of moderation and prudence before being entrusted with power. "Old men for council, young men for fight," was an old Indian proverb. John C. Breckenridge was the youngest man on the roll of Vice Presidents—and his hot blood led him into the most flagrant treason.

Emile Girardin recently reproached the blindness of death, "which has removed Richard Cobden, aged sixty-one, and left Lord Palmerston, aged eighty-one." Cobden's death was mourned as untimely; and, truly, among the present race of British statesmen, he counted but as a young man. Palmerston is Prime Minister, and eighty-one; President Johnson is but fifty-seven, and Mr. Lincoln was but fifty-six. Earl Russell is Secretary for Foreign Affairs, and seventy-three; while Mr. Seward, our Foreign Secretary, is the oldest man in the administration, and but sixty-four. Mr. Cámeron, the former Secretary of War, is two years his senior. The Lord High Chancellor of England is sixty-five, while Chief Justice Chase is but fifty-seven. Mr. Gladstone is fifty-six, and is reproached as a very young man. He is the future Premier of England; but Earl Russell stands between him and the succession in case of Lord Palmerston's death.

Lord Derby, the chief of the English opposition, is sixty-two; Mr. Disraeli is sixty, and must some time ago have laid aside the flowing locks with which Punch still decorates his head. Among the lesser lights, men who are slowly working their way upward, and of whom the British public expect something in the course of time, are Mr. Milner Gibson, who is fifty-eight, Lord Clarence Paget, the laborious Secretary of the Admiralty, fifty-four, Mr. Whiteside, the eminent Irish barrister, fifty-nine, Sir Fitzroy Kelly, sixty-seven, and other not less mature "rising young men."

Let us look for a moment at the ages of our own prominent public men. Mr. Buchanan became President at the age of sixty-five; Mr. Pierce at forty-eight; Mr. Lincoln at fifty-two; Mr. Johnson at fifty-seven.—Breckenridge was but thirty-four when he was chosen Vice President; Mr. Douglas was but forty-eight when he died; Mr. Seward became sixty-five but a few days ago, and, after a long life of opposition, reached the second place in the administration at the early age of sixty-one. Senator Sumner is but fifty-four; brave old Ben. Wade is sixty-five; Senator Wilson is but fifty-three; Gen. Banks became Speaker of the House when thirty-nine, and is now forty-nine; Secretary Fessenden is fifty-nine; Spenker Colfax is but forty-two; Winter Davis is forty-eight; and Senator Sprague, of Rhode Island, a favorite of fortune, has been Governor, General, and Senator, and is yet but thirty-five.

Thaddeus Stevens is seventy-two, and Reverdy Johnson is sixty-nine. Mr. Harlan, just made Secretary of the Interior, is but forty-five; Mr. Adams, our Minister to England, is fifty-eight; and, among the opposition, Vallandigham is forty-four, and Fernando Wood fifty-three. Senator Morgan is fifty-four, and Mr. Foster, the presiding officer of the Senate, is fifty-nine.

Jeff Davis was born in the same year with President Johnson, and the year before Mr. Lincoln. Slidell is as old as Thaddeus Stevens—seventy-two; Mason, his companion in the San Jacinto affair, is sixty-seven; Henry A. Wise is prematurely old at fifty-nine; Toombs is fifty-five; Orr but forty-three; Alexander Stephens fifty-three, and Letcher fifty-four; Herschel V. Johnson was forty-eight when he was placed as Vice President on the Douglas ticket; Yancey died at fifty; and Porcher Miles, of South Carolina, is forty-three; John A. Gilmer, of North Carolina, who is reported to be on his way to Washton, to confer with the President on the affairs of that State, is just sixty; and Wm. A. Graham, who accompanies him, is sixty-five.

The Emperor Napoleon is of the same age as President Johnson and Jeff Davis. The late Duke de Morny, the Emperor's half-brother, died at fifty-three. The Emperor of Russia is forty-seven, and Victor Emanuel is forty-five.

GOOD NIGHT.—How common-place is this expression, and yet what volumes it may speak for all future time! We never listen to its passing when this thought does not force itself upon us, be the tone in which it is uttered never so gay. The lapse of a few fatal hours, or minutes even, may so surround and hedge it with horrors that, of all the millions of words which a life-time has recorded, these two little words alone shall seem to be remembered. Good night! the little child has lisped, as it passed, smiling, to a brighter morn than ours; the lover, with his gay dream of nuptial morrow; the wife and mother, all the tangled threads of household cares still in her fingers; the father, with appealing eye of childhood all unanswered. Good night! that seal upon days past and days to come—what hand so rash as to rend aside the veil that covers its to-morrow!

A CATASTROPHE.—A young man at Niagara, having been crossed in love, walked on the precipice and deliberately took off his clothes, gave one lingering look at the gulf beneath him, drew back, rushed——*home* and plunged *into bed*. His body was found the next morning snoozing.

☞A poetic young man, in describing the movements of a lot of gold fish, say: "They flashed and darted about like bright hopes in a lover's brain." That young man should be looked to.

☞An idle man may groan beneath an hour, as Atlas groaned beneath the world.

☞Why is a hungry boy like a wild horse? Because he wants a bit in his mouth.

New Bonnets.

"Now a bonnet of genuine beauty and grace,
Worn on the head in its proper place,
Shadowing faintly the wearer's face,
Is the thing for a song or a sonnet."

But

"A sort of cup to catch the hair,
Leaving the head to 'go it bare,'
A striking example of 'nothing to wear,'
Is this bonnet abomination."

Again

"It makes a woman look brazen and bold,
Assists her in catching nothing but a cold,
It is bad on the young, absurd on the old,
And deforms what it ought to deck.

PRESSURE OF THE ATMOSPHERE.

It can readily he proved that the pressure of the atmosphere is about fifteen pounds on every square inch of the earth's surface; and if, starting from this well-known fact, you calculate the amount of pressure on any extended surface, you will be astonished at the result. For example, the pressure exerted by the atmosphere on the area on which a building stands is vastly greater than the whole weight of the building itself. The pressure on the whole surface of a man of ordinary stature is about sixteen tons; that on one square mile of surface is equal to over twenty-six millions of tons. How great, then, must be the pressure on the whole surface of the globe! or, what is the same thing, how great is the intensity of that ever-acting power which holds the atmosphere in its appointed place! Yet this force, immense as it is, is so delicately balanced by the sweet influences of the sunbeam that it does not so much as shake the aspen leaf or break the gossamer. If we believe no more than this, that the world was once created by God, what must he the power and wisdom of a being who could appoint these mighty forces and adjust them with such perfect precision? But if we also believe that these forces are direct emanations of divine power—that it is God himself who, with his own right hand, so to speak, holds the atmosphere in its place and appoints its bounds—then all nature assumes a more glorious aspect, and we feel that we are, indeed, surrounded by the divine presence.

THE KONNUBIAL KISS.—I knu he was a huzhaun jist got back from a hizziness tower of his hust. He passt me at the korner below, and awl unexpected encountered his wife, and az natural az the he to the flower, thu flu together. There want ennything sentimental about that kiss, there want ennything kriminal nbout it. It rang out on the air az clear as the challange of a police officer—it filled a whole block. There want much preliminary ahout it neither, for it smashed up a 50 dollar honnet, and mixed up a barracade ov edging and frizzled tucker.

It want the fust one, it was few well did for that. It want the sipping ov 2 tremhling lovers, afraid of the eeho; it want studeyed out nor stolen, but it was full ov honest ripeness chastened struggle, which made me hanker for—for one oph from the same peace. Jist 1 more remark and I am thru. There is one kind of kissing that haz alwuz been extra hazardous, [on account ov fir] and that is kissing yure nahers wife. Gitting the wifes consent dont seem tew make the matter enny the less risky.

MORAL.—Dont eat onion during the kissing season unless yu chew them well.

BLOWING OUT KEROSENE LAMPS.—The danger of blowing out kerosene or earhorn oil lamps from the top is greater than people generally suppose. There are several instances on record, it is said, where lives have been lost by the explosion of lamps from this practice. The following explanation of the causes that produce the explusion are worth considering and heeding:

First—The oil in the lamp is generally low, leaving more room for gas.

Second—The gas is very inflammable, and will always explode when ignited.

Third—In blowing the blaze down it ignites the gas.

The inference is, a lamp should never be blown out from the top. The wick may not perfectly fill the tube, and the flame may go down when the gas comes up.

Fourth—The less oil in the lamp, the greater the danger.

A DOUBTFUL COMPLIMENT.—The late Chancellor Walworth was an inordinate lover of cold water. Silas Wright, on the contrary, was anything else but a teetotaller. At a dinner, at which a great many members of the bar were present, a slightly inebriated individual arose, and offered the following toast. "Here's to the two greatest men of the State—Reuben Walworth and Silas Wright, who between them drink more brandy and water than any one else in the United States."—This compliment, the Chancellor thought a rather doubtful one.

"TO THE P'INT."—Mr. President, I wish the friends in the fore part of the meeting would speak up, so that the friends in the back part of the meeting can hear what is going on in the front part of the meeting. Friends in the back part of the meeting feel as much interested as friends in the fore part of the meeting; it is highly necessary that friends in the fore part of meeting should speak up, so that friends in the back part of the meeting can hear what is going on in the fore part of the meeting.

GENEROUS.—The Hartford Post says that a gentleman of that city has five nephews in the army, who have served out three years' enlistment, and promised them $5,000 each if they would re-enlist, which all of them did.—Three of them are in Sherman's army and will be home within a few days, and he is prepared to pay down $15,000 to them and $10,000, to the other two whose terms of service will expire next fall.

CONTENTMENT.—It is no small commendation to manage a little, well. He is a good wagoner who can turn in a little room. To live well in abundance is the praise of the estate, not of the person. I will study more to give a good account of my little, than how to make more.—*Bishop Hall.*

☞The bonds of the negroes are, undoubtedly, broken, but those of the United States will be kept inviolate.—*Prentice.*

A STIRRING SCENE.

The following is a thrilling account of a "supernatural" experiment which created a great sensation in its day. The "miracle" was probaly performed something after the manner in which we raise a ghost now at the theatres, by means of a reflector:

The Duc d, Orleans, regent of France during the minority of Louis XV., was a fervent believer in the marvellous, and was very cleverly taken in by Count Felix de Belmont, a celebrated sorcerer, who pretended to raise the dead. The scene took place on the night of April 23, 1720, in the deserted quarries of Vaugirard, whither a fashionable party proceeded with the regent. The sorcerer was at his post, and introduced, as his indispensable assistant, a tall man, whose features were completely concealed by a huge beard. After a few words had been exchanged between Belmont and the regent, the latter remained in the foreground with Cardinal Dubois, the rest being scattered about the galleries, whence they could see, but not hear the speeches. The first person evoked was Sully, of whom the regent inquired what he thought of Law's system. The financier of Henri IV. replied that the director of the Banque Generale would lead France to ruin. The next spectre the regent desired to see was Louis XIV., who duly appeared to the spot where Sully had disappeared. The regent advanced resolutely towards his great uncle. "Sure" he said, as he knelt on one knee, "if it be true that there is nothing hidden from the dead, you will be aware of the purity of my intentions in revoking your will; and I trust will pardon me. The old king opened his arms, the regent rushed eagerly towards the ex-ruler of Europe, but found no resistance. While Phillip was trying to recover from his violent emotion, Dubois inquired whether the shadow of the great Cardinal Richelieu could be called from the grave. Count Felix replied in the affirmative; and the cardinal ere long appeared in his red gown. Dubois bowed like a Spanish grandee, and then began a pompous panegyric of his system of Government. Richelieu listened attentively, and when Dubois ceased speaking, made him a sign to advance. The regent's minister believed in some important communication from the other world, and overcoming his terror, advanced two paces; but he suddenly received two of the most stinging buffets ever delt to human face. At the same instant the lights were extinguished, and a stentorious voice announced that the evocations were at an end. The regent laughed heartily, as did the ladies, while Dubois cursed in a way that would have scandalized a pagan. But when Dubois sought for Count Felix the next day, he was nowhere to be found.

We find in a correspondance written in 1724, or two years after the death of Cardinal Dubois, the following explanation of this mysterious adventure:—It was well known at the court that the regent's great desire was to exculpate himself from the infamous accusations brought against him. The Duke de X—formed the bold plan of freeing the regent from the ideas that oppressed him. Having known Count Felix at Venice, he renewed the acquaintance when that adventurer came to Paris, and they arranged together the scene we have just described. Two glasses, a reflector, and a few accomplices, sufficed to carry out the force. The man who personated Richelieu was no other than the Duke de X—. Unfortunately, the raiser of the dead was ignorant of the Duke's hatred of Dubois: the two hoxes on the ear spoiled the farce, and fearing the minister's vengeance, he mysteriously disapeared from Paris. In 1725, Count Felix de Belmont was found frozen to death in a sledge while journeying from Moscow to Odessa.

A WONDERFUL FLASH OF LIGHTNING.—The people of Jacksonville and vicinity have experienced one of the most wonderful flashes of lightning ever known in Vermont, and one which will long he remembered. On Thursday evening of last week, during a heavy shower, the denizens of that locality were startled by a flash of lightning, followed by a peal of thunder which shook the earth for miles like an earthquake. Glass was broken from windows at a distance of three miles; houses trembled like an aspen leaf; glass jingled; crockery rattled; women screamed; in fact, every one seemed to think, for the moment, that the very roofs over their heads, if not themselves, were to be made its victims. About one-half mile from Jacksonville can he seen its effects, which are acknowledged to he marvellous. A trench or gulf is opened in the earth, upward of one hundred feet in length. Seventy feet of this trench is, from five to seven feet wide at the surface, and from three to four feet deep. This was dry, solid earth, compact with stone and gravel, and interwoven with roots. Earth and stone were thrown to an enormous height, covering the ground far and near for many rods. Large rocks were taken from their bed and thrown a considerable distance. Large trees were nearly uprooted, and smaller ones completely removed; and turf was lodged in the tallest trees. Several large stones were found bedded deep in the earth, ten rods or more from their former station; one in particular, weighing twenty pounds, being thrown to such a height that its returning force bedded it to the depth of three or four feet.

☞A youth, after vainly trying to explain some scientific theory to his fair inamorata, said:

'The question is difficult, and I don't see what I can do to make it clearer.'

'Suppose you pop it,' whispered the blushing damsel.

☞The Montreal Witness says that emigration to the United States and other causes have combined to greatly depreciate in value the property in Canada, and in many localities farms are now unsaleable at any price. Real estate throughout Canada is heavily mortgaged.

☞It is stated, as a singular fact, that the smaller ladies' bonnets grow the more they cost.

☞To most men experience is like the stern lights of a ship, which illumine only the track it has passed.

☞Why is a colt like an egg? It must be broken before used.

Palmer Journal.

SATURDAY, JUNE 10, 1865.

A Sweet Revenge.

Wendell Phillips, who is one of the most eloquent and interesting orators in America, too often turns his learning and eloquence to bad purposes. Born to wealth, and standing independent of official position or favor, he delights to hurl his pointed shafts at parties, politicians and public measures, and then stand back in silent dignity, to witness their effect. His sentences are so well said, and his darts so accurately thrown, that while the listner feels their keen points he is charmed by beauty.—But Wendell Phillips is not a safe guide in public matters. He is never satisfied with what other men do, no matter how well they do it. He detects a flaw in every act, a blemish in every feature. Instead of taking hold of the work which he lays out, he stands safely back in the shade, and complains that it is not properly done. When President Lincoln was nominated at Chicago, Mr. Phillips called him the "slave hound of Illinois"; but when he was laid in his coffin he had the justice to call him the redeemer of the colored race. He called the slaveholdera "devils" till they were subdued by the administration, and then he was for allowing every rascal and villain in the South to go unhanged and unpunished.

He has a new victim for vengeance in the person of Andrew Johnson, the successor of Mr. Lincoln. Having ordered an election of delegates to a convention of the people of North Carolina, under their old constitution which does not allow negroes to vote, Mr. Phillips boils over, and in revenge for cutting off their suffrage, threatens to organize a party to repudiate the pnblic debt. Mr. Phillips would find strange bedfellows in such a party, all the late rebels of the South, men whom he has abused for thirty years, would join him, and he would find a few kindred spirits at the North. Then, what could they do? They would be largely in the minority and without decent respectability. The country is stronger for its millions of debt. Its bonds or notes are in nearly every family, and as people generally have a self interest in such matters, they will not be likely to bite off their own nosea and repudiate. Every United States bond is a mortgage, to the holder, on all the property in the country, and it would be as impossible for Congress to repudiate the debt, as for that body to remove the capital to the West Indies. If Mr. Phillips gets up a repudiation party he would succeed better in Mississippi than Massachusetts. When Jeff Davis was in his prime they did such things down there.

We can only allude to this new freak of the Boston orator, to show his erratic course in all public matters, for not the least importance can be attached to his threatenings or predictions. As we have said before he is an unsafe guide and is thus considered even by his friends. It is a pleasure to listen to his fine oratory, but it is dangerous to follow his teachings.

The Wages of Negroes at the South.—The farmers of several counties in Virginia met last week Thursday, at Louisa Court House, and fixed on $5 per month as the price they would pay for negro labor this season—the negro to clothe himself and pay his own doctor's bills. The masters have hitherto hired their slaves out at from $10 to $25 per month. The price adopted in Virginia will, probably, be the recognized rate of wages through the South. It is quite inadequate to the support of such as have families dependent on them; but it will be better for the emancipated slaves to begin with the wages offered than to refuse to work. The value of their labor will soon work a healthy state of prices, and the late masters will soon learn that fair pay produces more work than inadequate wages.

The Army on Observation upon the Rio Grande, thirty thousand strong, consisting mostly of colored troops, will, it is thought have a very material effect in forcing the immediate abolition of slavery in Texas. Considering that the purpose of the annexation of the "Lone Star" to the Union was to strengthen the "peculiar institution" in the United States Senate, and to open a vast virgin tract to the desolations of the slave system, here is certainly one of the most remarkable "revenges of time" the war has exhibited. Texas, dedicated to free labor, would almost cause the bones of Calhoun to rattle with impotent rage.

The Statue of Horace Mann is to be set in its place, in front of the State House, on the Fourth of July. Before that time, the Biography of Mr, Mann by his wife, will be issued by Messrs. Walker, Fuller & Co. This volume, which has been long and eagerly looked for, will not disappoint the public expectation. It cannot fail to create a sensation by its outspoken discussions of men and affairs, in the private Diary and Correspondence, now for the first time published.

Generals Grant, Sherman, and Sheridan make very short and very few speeches. In noticing this fact the Providence Journal says: "It is refreshing in this country at this time, when we are flooded with cheap oratory, to see these men, who have given others so much to talk about, somewhat chary of their words."

Mr. Chase, now Judge of the U. S. Supreme Court, has not given up his aspirations for the Presidency, and, it is said, will appear in the field as a candidate in 1868. The *Chase* for the Presidency, then, will be participated in by half a dozen candidates.

Gen. Sherman has been lionized at New York, the past week. He stopped there on his way to Cincinnatti, and wherever he went, or whenever he appeared in public he was greeted with crowds of people who were anxious to see him, or take him by the hand.

The annual examination at West Point took place this week. Gen. Scott and Grant were present.

Shall They?

The first serious question to arise after the close of the rebellion, and one which is likely to embarrass the administration, and in which politicians will take issue, is that of negro suffrage in the Southern States. Men of the Sumner stamp would at once elevate the emancipated race to the dignity of voters, and place them on a level, politically, with their late masters. On the other hand, it is contended, and with much force, that it disgraces the right of elective franchise to promote the ignorant slave to a position where he cannot comprehend his responsibility. There is much to be said on both sides of this question; but we must deal with facts and circumstances as they are, not as we would have them. The Constitution of the United States guarantees to the several States the right to regulate their own internal affairs, and, under this guarantee, they ever have made their own regulations with regard to suffrage. Till the Constitution is altered, or till Congress enacts a law in regard to this matter, would it not be an arbitrary act for the President to decree such a right to the freedmen? The laws of Massachusetts, requiring a man to be able to read and write before he can vote, provide a safeguard to the ballot box which not only ennobles the voter, but makes him intelligent. Were Congress to enact a similar law to govern every American voter, white or black, the polls would be freer from corruption than now, and the colored people of the South would very soon educate themselves to the standard of voters. Indeed, many of the poor whites of the late Confederacy would be cut off from the ballot box, while their sable brothers would find it open to them. If the Southern States have lost their rights as States by virtue of secession, then Congress may enact any law to govern the elective franchise in them that it pleases; but if these States are decided to be still in the Union, subject to their respective constitutions, then the colored men cannot be made voters with their late masters. The abuse and violent attacks made upon President Johnson for his action towards North Carolina are unjust and premature. He may make mistakes, but we have confidence to believe that he takes no action on such important matters without the advice and consent of his cabinet. Let us be patient, and await further developments in the reorganization of the Southern States, before we condemn President Johnson.

A Singular Suit.—The Wheeling Register says a novel suit will come before the Brooke county Circuit Court at its next session. A Mrs. O'Brien, whose husband was killed in one of the West Virginia regiments, sues Mr. James Palmer for five thousand dollars damage for the injury she has sustained by the death of her husband. She claims that Palmer was a sympathizer with the South, and contends that he should, therefore, be held accountable, to the extent of five thousand dollars, for the death of her husband.

Our Debt.—Secretary McCulloch reports that the entire debt of the United States, at the close of May, was $2.635,205,753.50.—We presume that the expenditures will, for a very few weeks longer, somewhat outrun the receipts from taxation, and that the amount of unadjusted claims of all kinds may possibly carry the entire debt up to three thousand millions of dollars, and the annual interest up to one hundred and fifty millions per annum.

Effect of Mr. Lincoln's Death in Europe.—The effect of the murder of Mr. Lincoln, in Europe, seems to be decidedly favorable to the cause of popular liberty. It has struck a chord, the vibrations of which are felt throughout the civilized world.

War Vessels.—The number of the United States war vessels on the Atlantic sea-board has been ordered to be reduced from 600 to about 90. The West Gulf Squadron is to be reduced to 20, and the Mississippi Squadron to 15 vessels.

One Blessing.—The New York Leader remarks that "One of the greatest blessings brought by the close of the Rebellion is, that we shall no longer hear the song, 'When this Cruel War is Over.'"

Mrs. Davis.—Jeff Davis' wife has been landed at Port Royal. She wants to go to Europe, and says she has, probably, seen her husband for the last time. Georgia will be her place of residence for the present.

Equipage Sold.—The horses, carriage, &c., bought for presentation to President Johnson, have been sold at auction. The carriage brought $1,400, the harness $435, and the horses $1,900.

Fatal Accident.—Nathan Ambler, of Sturbridge (Snellville), was instantly killed last Monday, while working before a circular saw. A board, thrown by the saw, struck him in the stomach. His age was 43.

Large Fire.—The works of the Hingham (Mass.) Cordage Company were almost entirely destroyed by fire on Sunday night. Loss $75,000, mostly covered by insurance.

To Be Hung.—John Lewis, the negro convicted by court martial of the murder of a soldier named Thomas C. Magrath, at Shelbyville, Ky., has been sentenced to be hung on the 13th inst.

To Be Sent Home.—Gen. Grant has issued an order that all released prisoners shall be forwarded to their homes by Government transportation, instead of being sent across the lines as hitherto.

Insane Boy.—There is a boy in an insane asylum at Hartford, hopelessly insane from a knowledge of the sufferings and consequent death of his father in the rebel prison at Andersonville.

☞ A public meeting to express sympathy with Juarez and the Mexican Liberals was called in San Francisco for the 1st inst.—Considerable feeling exists there on the subject.

Travel to Richmond.—Citizens no longer need a pass to go to Richmond. The fare from Baltimore is $8.

☞ The citizens of Worcester are actively engaged in making preparations for a grand celebration of the 4th of July.

A Variety of Things.

Crops are everywhere promising.

—All the volunteer artillery is to be mustered out of service.

—Hancock's Veteran Corps will be immediately increased to 40,000 men.

—General Grant has presented his war-horse "Jack" to the Northwestern Fair at Chicago.

—Sherman's troops are being transferred West at the rate of about 5000 per day.

—Much swearing is done in the South in these days, taking the oath of allegiance, and so forth.

—Good news for patriots—Southern custom-houses are opening fast.

—Horace Mann's statue has arrived in Boston, and is to be placed in front of the State House.

—President Johnson is in receipt of about a dozen letters a day urging him to have Jeff. Davis hung high, ect.

—Senator Wilson is engaged on a History of the Anti-Slavery Legislation of Congress. It will be a valuable book.

—There was a mock funeral of Mr. Lincoln by the secessionists in Matamoras when the news of his death was received.

—The shock of an earthquake, lasting nearly a minute, was felt in St. Louis on the morning of the 29th ult.

—Coal mines are disposed to be riotous in Pennsylvania, because it is proposed to cut their wages down from $7 a day to $6.

—Another extensive land-slide has occurred at Algiers, near New-Orleans, and a crevasse is impending which threatens immense destruction.

—Many colored troops are going to Texas. After they shall have settled the rebels there, they should settle there themselves.

—The Provost-Marshal's will be retained in all the States, save Rhode Island, and the system extending throughout the South.

—Eight printing presses are engaged on discharged papers for soldiers, printing them as fast as steam can fly.

—The former wealthy citizens of that town, on returning to Newbern, are hospitably received by those who were once their servants.

—In Mexico the Imperialists call our victories "shocking events." There is something electrical about them, sure enough.

—The Birmingham (Eng.) Post claims that Mrs. Lincoln, the wife of our lamented President, is a native of Monmouthshire, England, and says her maiden name was Jenkins.

—All liquor-selling places in Washington are now closed from 7 P. M. to 7 A. M. It only remains to close them from 7. A. M. to 7 P. M. to make the work of reform complete.

—The slaves who flocked to Newbern when Gen. Sherman's army passed through the State, are after much suffering and privation, returning to their homes.

—A Richmond letter says: A member of the English Parliament has offered General Lee a splendid residence in London, and a sum of money, the interest of which would support himself and family for life.

—It is stated that General Banks is ordered to report at Waltham, Mass. His affairs are undergoing an investigation at the War Department.

—Nine clerks in the Department of the Interior, who have by their speeches favored the Southern cause during the rebellion, have been notified that their resignations will be accepted. Two of these held positions worth $2,000.

The First in Richmond.—Massachusetts and Illinois have both claimed the honor of their troops having raised the first flag over Richmond. An investigation of the matter has been had, and Governor Andrew of Massachusetts, in a letter to Governor Oglesby, acknowledges that the silk flag of the 13th Illinois regiment, was the first flag displayed in Richmond, on the day of its capture.

Disfranchisement of Rebels.—It is the opinion of a leading rebel that, in order to complete the work of subjugation in the South, and establish free labor, all who have taken part in the rebellion should be disfranchised for a term of years. The disgraceful attitude of affairs in Virginia leads to this conclusion, and we are not sure that it is not the true one.

Confiscation.—The estates of some of the leading Tories of Massachusetts were confiscated by the Legislature during the Revolution. The elegant mansion-house at Cambridge now occupied by Henry W. Longfellow, was erected by a noted Tory, and was among the estates forfeited and sold by order of the General Court.

Mount Vernon.—Mount Vernon is once more accessible to visitors, a portion, of the 79th New York having been sent there as guard. Mr. Herbert, who has had charge there for six years, says the place has never been visited by the confederate soldiery. It is in as good order as before the war.

Tinkling Fashion.—A new "fashion" is reported from Paris. It is a novel kind of trimming composed of rows of sequins, sewed all along the seams, which makes an incessant tinkling. It appears to have been devised by the artists of the *demi-monde*.

Neutrality.—The Government has informed our Minister to France and through him the Emperor, that the neutrality laws will be rigidly enforced. No armed forces will be allowed to leave the United States for the purpose of going to Mexico.

Strange Rumors.—All kinds of rumors continue to be circulated in France in respect to Mexico. It is now stated that Mr. Fould the Minister of Finance, insists on the withdrawal of the French troops from Mexico.

The old fashion of a "feast at a funeral" is not obsolete in Lebanon county, Pa. Over five hundred persons recently partook of dinner at a house in that vicinity from which that morning a corpse had been buried.

Sold.—The yacht Whisper, belonging to the State, has been sold to Capt. Wm. H. Smith, of Charlestown, for $925. We have some pleasant memories concerning that vessel which we shall not *whisper* aloud at this time.

Renounced Her Breeches.—Mrs. Bloomer has abandoned the "reformed" costume which bears her name. Her followers will show wisdom by following her example now.

Severe Tempest.—A violent thunder storm, accompanied by a tempest of wind, occurred at Gorham, Me., last Sunday. More than a dozen houses and barns were demolished, but no lives lost.

Woman Drowned.—A respectable woman, named Christiana Noble, committed suicide by drowning herself at Chicopee, Mass., last week. Insanity was the cause.

Companion Poets for the People.—Ticknor & Fields of Boston have commenced a series of small volumes under the above title, in which may be found the choicest selections from our celebrated poets. The volume before us contains household poems by Henry Longfellow, and is very prettily illustrated. The next volume, to be issued this month, will be made up of selections of Tennyson, and be entitled "Songs for all Seasons." Other volumes will follow, making a small library of the very best poetry in the English language. The volume before us is printed on tinted paper, and its typography is beautiful. The low price of 50 cents a volume ought to secure the library to every family.

The Suppressed Testimony.—The publication of a portion of the suppressed testimony taken before the Commission engaged in the assassination trial shows conclusively to every fair and candid person that President Johnson, in issuing his proclamation declaring Jeff. Davis and his fellow conspiratora in Canada guilty of the assassination of Mr. Lincoln, was in possession of sufficient evidence to convict any one of the parties named in any of our civil courts. There are some very nice aristocratic-smelling people here and in England who think Jeff. Davis to much of a "gentleman" to consort with such low persons as were employed in the assassination. To such we would recall to their memories the infamous language used by Davis on learning of the assassination of Mr. Lincoln. "If the same were done to Andy Johnson, the Beast, and Secretary Stanton, the job would then be complete."

Fraudulent Distillers.—The Washington correspondent of the New York Tribune says that in the case of a Boston distiller who removed liquor from his distillery without paying excise, Government has found the amount of fraud to be $17,000, and has imposed an additional penalty of $33,000, making $50,000 in all. In a Dubuque case, the amount of fraud has been fixed at half a million, and a penalty of another half million has been imposed, calling for a payment of a million of dollars. In a Peoria case, the frauds will be some hundreds of thousands, and an equal penalty affixed.

Texas.—By an arrival of a blockade-runner from Galveston at Havana, we learn that at that place and at Houston anarchy and disorder prevailed. Gen. Magruder's soldiers had rebelled against him, and the Mayor and principal citizens of Galveston had left the city in order to meet the Union officers and hasten the surrender. Gov. Murrah and Ashbel Smith had gone to New-Orleans to surrender the State to the United States forces,

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Arrested.—The rebel Governor Magrath of South Carolina was arrested at Columbia, and arrived at Charleston, under guard, on the 27th ult. There he was conveyed to Hilton Head, on board a steamer, and it was expected that he would soon be sent North for trial. He surrendered himself quietly, without any attempt at resistance.

Homesteads Taken.—In the month of April, 1865 there were taken up 6,345 acres, under the homestead law, at Nebraska City, Nebraska, while the cash sales of the same office, that month, amounted to $900. At Stockton, Cal., the cash land sales in March, 1865 amounted to $2,996, and at Carson, Nevada, for February 1863 to $2,715.

The Atlantic Telegraph.—The Atlantic telegraph cable will probably be laid next month. A private letter from Mr. Cyrus W. Field says: "We have now over twenty two hundred nautical miles completed, and everything is going on well. We expect to sail the last of June or early in July."

☞ The recent expedition from Baton Rogue captured Col. Hatch, Collector of Customs at New Orleans, under the Rebel Government: also, all the records of the Custom-House during his administration. Col. Hatch says that the books and records of the Custom-House prior to secession are secreted in New Orleans.

Parson Brownlow has recently delivered himself of the opinion that he would "rather trust the poorest black now in Tennessee with a vote, than a miserable, canting hypocrite of a rebel, who has sneaked back into the Union without taking time to wash the stains of loyal blood off his hands."

Plans of Battle-Fields.—A party of topographical engineers, under Major Howell, have been detailed to examine and survey all the great battle-fields in Virginia, and carefully elaborate the plans already made with a view to their completeness.

Arrival of Mormons.—Six hundred and thirty Mormons arrived at New York on Thursday. They proceeded immediately on their way to Salt Lake City. Five hundred and fifty-eight Mormons from Hamburg, chiefly Germans, are now on their way to this country.

Jeff. and the South.—Governor Brown of Georgia says that the ridiculous figure cut by the rebel chieftain in petticoats will do more to shame the Southerners out of sympathy for their late "President" than all the victories of the Federal army.

His Real Name.—It was admitted during the assassination trial on Saturday by the prisoner's counsel, that the real name of the prisoner known as Payne, is Powell, and that he comes from Florida.

Forbidden.—Gen. Grant, at the solicitation of Governor Andrew, has forbidden the sale of liquor along the line upon which returning Northern and New England soldiers march homeward, during their movement.

☞ The New York Tribune announces that the President will soon issue a proclamation restoring the privilege of the habeas corpus, and ordering a general clearance of military prisoners.

Boy Suicide.—Frank Douglass, a boy sixteen years old, blew his brains out with a rifle in Cincinnati, a few days ago. He had the ague and difficulties with his shcool studies.

President Johnson and other officials having received threatning letters, the writer was traced out and found to be an insane man.—He has been sent to an insane hospital.

Palmer and Vicinity.

Tall Rye.—Somebody has left at our office a stalk of rye 6 feet 10 inches in length.

Rev. Dr. Vaill repeated his Fast Day sermon on Sunday evening.

The scarlet fever is prevalent in this village, among children.

Farmers are getting ready to "hay it." The grass is tall and stout this year, and there will be full barns when haying is over.

The morning train from Amherst now reaches Palmer in season to connect with the morning trains east and west on the Western Railroad.

An extra train took the directors of the New London Railroad to Amherst last Monday, on a trip of observation concerning the extension of the road to Montague.

The Executive Council visit the Monson State Almshouse to-day. They were at the insane hospital at Northampton yesterday.—The Governor is not with them.

Sold Out.—E. B. Elsbree, of the firm of Loomis & Elsbree, carriage makers, has sold out to P. A. Paige, who was an employee of that establishment for several years.

Next Monday a night express train will commence running from Springfield to Albany, to make connections with the night trains between Boston, Springfield, and New York.

Forty-nine dogs have received license to run, bite, and wag their tails in Palmer during the present year, and yet this is not half the number of dogs in town.

We acknowledge the benefit of a brief visit from the Palmer Glee Club Thursday night. The club has made an accession of one or two new members lately, and is preparing to give a concert here and another in Ware in a few weeks.

Strawberries have come to Palmer, and the first to make their appearance were from the garden of Postmaster Knox, whose success in their culture is unequaled by any one in this vicinity. The specimens which graced our table were each large enough for an ordinary sized mouthful, and oh, *how* luscious!

Rowdyism.—Last Sunday evening, a couple of drunken fellows, on the way from this village to Three Rivers or Duckville, broke down small shade trees in front of Dr. Holbrook's premises, placed telegraph poles across the road, and pulled down fences in several places. They deserve punishment for such lawless work, and will get it if they can be caught.

Police.—John Savage, a juvenile boot-black, was up before Justice Allen on Wednesday, for playing a shrewd game on Mr. Jones, the barber. John went to Jones' house and called for a pair of shoes, saying that Mr. Jones had sent him for them. Obtaining them, he departed from the village as fast as possible, but was overhauled by deputy Newton; and the result was a sentence to the house of correction for one month.

Belchertown.—Hannah Lincham was brought before Justice Dickinson June 3d, on a charge of larceny from Mr. George Chandler. Sent to the House of Correction for 60 days.—Charles Comstock, who made his escape from jail at Northampton on the 18th of April, was arrested in Hartford on the 7th inst., by Deputy Sheriff S. W. Longley, of Belchertown, and carried back to his old quarters.—The citizens of Belchertown met on Monday evening and voted to celebrate the 4th of July.—At a town meeting recently held, the selectmen were instructed, by a vote of the town, to stop the sale of intoxicating liquors.

The Field, the Dungeon and the Escape, is the title of a new work now in process of publication, by Albert D. Richardson, a correspondent of the New York Tribune who suffered many months of imprisonment among the rebels. It is a thrilling narrative of prison life at the South—one of the most interesting ever written, and which every one should read. Mr. A. F. Blackmer is agent for this town and is now canvassing for subscriptions. We commended him and the work to our citizens.

Wilbraham.—Mr. and Mrs. Francis E. Clark of Wilbraham, recently celebrated their tin wedding with about sixty of their friends. After nearly all had arrived and examined the many presents, among which was a tin horn eight feet long, everybody was supprised by being invited into another room where the real and first wedding of Henry A. Clark and Miss Jennie Pease was solomnized by Rev. A. D. Stowell. The latter was entirely unexpected.

Frauds.—Revenue frauds are becoming prevalent in Chicago. The last case is the seizure of fifty thousand barrels of lager beer, together with an extensive brewery, belonging to ex-Alderman John F. Huck. The penalties in this instance, upon conviction, amount to eighteen thousand dollars and the forfeiture of the property involved.

A Worthless Cobb.—Among the rebels recently captured is Howell Cobb. What the plagne does government want of such a booby as Cobb? He isn't worth the grub it will cost to keep him, and wouldn't be if that grub were to be as little in quantity and as base in quality as that which a federal prisoner used to get at Andersonville or Sallsbury.

Our Cotton Prospects.—The New York Times is of the opinion, founded upon recent information, that the amount of cotton stored and scattered at this time, throughout the Southern States, including Texas, will amount to nearly three millions of bales, of which a greater part can be brought to market during the next six months.

Guerilla Killed.—A guerilla named McCleary, disguised as a colored Union soldier, a few days ago undertook to plunder the house of Stanley Young, near Bardstown, Kentucky. Mr. Young, though an old man, resisted, and in the struggle, ripped up McCleary with a knife.

Mrs. Davis and Others.—The Savannah Republican of May 31, announces the arrival there of Mrs. Jeff. Davis and four children, with Mrs. C. C. Clay, and Miss Howell. The party had taken rooms at the Pulaski House, when this was refused by England, having threatened compulsion. The United States bonds continued, however, to rise, and the last quotation of the 5-20's was 67½.

Surrender Demanded.—It is understood that our Consul at Havana has demanded of the Cuban authorities, the surrender of the Stonewall to the United States, and that the Captain General awaits instructions from Spain before replying to the demand.

Gone Home.—Gen. Pillow passed through Athens, Alabama, on his way back to Tennessee, and has probably reached his home by this time. He was accompanied by many of his former servants and quite a train of wagons and mules with considerable stuff.

Strange Hallucination.—The suicide of Calvin S. Morse, paymaster's clerk on board the North Carolina, is now said to have been occasioned by a hallucination that he was one of the assassination conspirators, and that he would soon be placed under arrest.

The Yellow Fever Infection.—The New York Herald says that from facts recently developed the authorities are satisfied that the late attempt to spread the yellow fever infection in that city has not been entirely given up by rebel emissaries.

Broken Up.—The Washington police have taken possession of the implements and stock in trade of an alleged gambling concern known as the New York Manufacturing Jewelers' Association operating in that city. The parties were held to bail.

Colored Voters.—Colored men recently voted at a recent municipal election in Ferdinanda, in Florida, and not the slightest harm was done. Breckinridge democrats left the meeting, and if they were to leave the country it would be all the better for their absence.

Sentence Remitted.—Congressman Harris has been found guilty and sentenced to three years imprisonment and the forfeiture of all political rights. The President approved the finding but remits the penalty, and Harris has been released.

Veal Up.—A Captain Veal, in Texas, is peculiarly savage in his declarations against allowing the "sunny South" to be polluted by the breath of "Yankee miscreants." Veal will never become beef if he shall not change his bleat.

Tomb of Lincoln Guarded.—The receiving vault of the Martyr-President is guarded night and day by a guard of honor, which will be maintained until the body is committed to its final resting place in a location in the cemetery selected by Robert Lincoln.

Proposition Favorably Received.—The proposition to pay off the national debt by voluntary subscription is said to be received with much favor at Newbern, and many of the citizens are willing to contribute.

Egg Currency.—In some cities in Georgia from the lack of a more convenient currency, the newsboys are selling their papers at three eggs apiece.

Not True.—There is no truth in the report of Cabinet changes or in the prospect of an extra session of Congress.

☞ Preparations for the trial of Jeff. Davis on the 19th instant, are going forward among the civil authorities.

☞ General Hood and staff surrendered to Gen. Davidson on May 31st.

Chinese Mourning.—Every Chinese house in San Francisco was draped in mourning for the death of President Lincoln.

Counsel for Jeff. Davis.—The N. Y. Tribune says Mr. A. Gillette, a lawyer of Saratoga, has been engaged as counsel for Jeff. Davis.

☞ Mrs. John C. Breckenridge is, by permission of President Johnson, in Kentucky visiting her relatives and friends.

☞ Ladies use Dr. Velpau's French Pills. Sold at all drug stores.

The Voice of the People.—Liberty is one of the dearest blessings which our forefathers have handed down to us. It was purchased by the blood of many a valiant revolutionary hero; has been guarded by a Washington, a Jefferson, a Clay and a Webster. But dearer still is that world-renowned remedy, known as Coe's Cough Balsam. It cures like magic the most violent attacks of croup, and is indispensible in every family of children. Colds, sndden coughs, sore throat, hoarseness, and inflamed lungs, are instantly and surely cured by its timely use. No cough mixture has ever been known that equals it; which accounts for its great popularity with all classes. The young and old—the rich and poor—physicians, druggists—and all who have ever tested it speak in the highest terms of its merits. We say to our readers—buy it and try it. It costs but 40 cents the bottle, contains twice as much medicine as you can obtain in any other way at the same cost, and all our drug stores keep it.

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Palmer Journal.

SATURDAY, JUNE 10, 1865.

A Sweet Revenge.

Wendell Phillips, who is one of the most eloquent and interesting orators in America, too often turns his learning and eloquence to bad purposes. Born to wealth, and standing independent of official position or favor, he delights to hurl his pointed shafts at parties, politicians and public measures, and then stand back in silent dignity, to witness their effect. His sentences are so well said, and his darts so accurately thrown, that while the listner feels their keen points he is charmed by beauty.—But Wendell Phillips is not a safe guide in public matters. He is never satisfied with what other men do, no matter how well they do it. He detects a flaw in every act, a blemish in every feature. Instead of taking hold of the work which he lays out, he stands safely back in the shade, and complains that it is not properly done. When President Lincoln was nominated at Chicago, Mr. Phillips called him the "slave hound of Illinois"; but when he was laid in his coffin he had the justice to call him the redeemer of the colored race. He called the slaveholders "devils" till they were subdued by the administration, and then he was for allowing every rascal and villain in the South to go unhanged and unpunished.

He has a new victim for vengeance in the person of Andrew Johnson, the successor of Mr. Lincoln. Having ordered an election of delegates to a convention of the people of North Carolina, under their old constitution which does not allow negroes to vote, Mr. Phillips boils over, and in revenge for cutting off their suffrage, threatens to organize a party to repudiate the public debt. Mr. Phillips would find strange bedfellows in such a party, all the late rebels of the South, men whom he has abused for thirty years, would join him, and he would find a few kindred spirits at the North. Then, what could they do? They would be largely in the minority and without decent respectability. The country is stronger for its millions of debt. Its bonds or notes are in nearly every family, and as people generally have a self interest in such matters, they will not be likely to bite off their own noses and repudiate. Every United States bond is a mortgage, to the holder, on all the property in the country, and it would be as impossible for Congress to repudiate the debt, as for that body to remove the capital to the West Indies. If Mr. Phillips gets up a repudiation party he would succeed better in Mississippi than Massachusetts. When Jeff Davis was in his prime they did such things down there.

We can only allude to this new freak of the Boston orator, to show his erratic course in all public matters, for not the least importance can be attached to his threatenings or predictions. As we have said before he is an unsafe guide and is thus considered even by his friends. It is a pleasure to listen to his fine oratory, but it is dangerous to follow his teachings.

THE WAGES OF NEGROES AT THE SOUTH.—The farmers of several counties in Virginia met last week Thursday, at Louisa Court House, and fixed on $5 per month as the price they would pay for negro labor this season—the negro to clothe himself and pay his own doctor's bills. The masters have hitherto hired their slaves out at from $10 to $25 per month. The price adopted in Virginia will, probably, be the recognized rate of wages through the South. It is quite inadequate to the support of such as have families dependent on them; but it will be better for the emancipated slaves to begin with the wages offered than to refuse to work. The value of their labor will soon work a healthy state of prices, and the late masters will soon learn that fair pay produces more work than inadequate wages.

THE ARMY ON OBSERVATION UPON THE RIO GRANDE, thirty thousand strong, consisting mostly of colored troops, will, it is thought have a very material effect in forcing the immediate abolition of slavery in Texas. Considering that the purpose of the annexation of the "Lone Star" to the Union was to strengthen the "peculiar institution" in the United States Senate, and to open a vast virgin tract to the desolations of the slave system, here is certainly one of the most remarkable "revenges of time" the war has exhibited. Texas, dedicated to free labor, would almost cause the bones of Calhoun to rattle with impotent rage.

THE STATUE OF HORACE MANN is to be set in its place, in front of the State House, on the Fourth of July. Before that time, the Biography of Mr. Mann by his wife, will be issued by Messrs. Walker, Fuller & Co. This volume, which has been long and eagerly looked for, will not disappoint the public expectation. It cannot fail to create a sensation by its outspoken discussions of men and affairs, in the private Diary and Correspondence, now for the first time published.

GENERALS GRANT, SHERMAN, AND SHERIDAN make very short and very few speeches. In noticing this fact the Providence Journal says: "It is refreshing in this country at this time, when we are flooded with cheap oratory, to see these men, who have given others so much to talk about, somewhat chary of their words."

MR. CHASE, now Judge of the U. S. Supreme Court, has not given up his aspirations for the Presidency, and, it is said, will appear in the field as a candidate in 1868. The *Chase* for the Presidency, then, will be participated in by half a dozen candidates.

GEN. SHERMAN has been lionized at New York, the past week. He stopped there on his way to Cincinnatti, and wherever he went, or whenever he appeared in public he was greeted with crowds of people who were anxious to see him, or take him by the hand.

THE annual examination at West Point took place this week. Gen. Scott and Grant were present.

Shall They?

The first serious question to arise after the close of the rebellion, and one which is likely to embarrass the administration, and in which politicians will take issue, is that of negro suffrage in the Southern States. Men of the Sumner stamp would at once elevate the emancipated race to the dignity of voters, and place them on a level, politically, with their late masters. On the other hand, it is contended, and with much force, that it disgraces the right of elective franchise to promote the ignorant slave to a position where he cannot comprehend his responsibility. There is much to be said on both sides of this question; but we must deal with facts and circumstances as they are, not as we would have them. The Constitution of the United States guarantees to the several States the right to regulate their own internal affairs, and, under this guarantee, they ever have made their own regulations with regard to suffrage. Till the Constitution is altered, or till Congress enacts a law in regard to this matter, would it not be an arbitrary act for the President to decree such a right to the freedmen? The laws of Massachusetts, requiring a man to be able to read and write before he can vote, provide a safeguard to the ballot box which not only ennobles the voter, but makes him intelligent. Were Congress to enact a similar law to govern every American voter, white or black, the polls would be freer from corruption than now, and the colored people of the South would very soon educate themselves to the standard of voters. Indeed, many of the poor whites of the late Confederacy would be cut off from the ballot box, while their sable brothers would find it open to them. If the Southern States have lost their rights as States by virtue of secession, then Congress may enact any law to govern the elective franchise in them that it pleases; but if these States are decided to be still in the Union, subject to their respective constitutions, then the colored men cannot be made voters with their late masters. The abuse and violent attacks made upon President Johnson for his action towards North Carolina are unjust and premature. He may make mistakes, but we have confidence to believe that he takes no action on such important matters without the advice and consent of his cabinet. Let us be patient, and await further developments in the reorganization of the Southern States, before we condemn President Johnson.

A SINGULAR SUIT.—The Wheeling Register says a novel suit will come before the Brooke county Circuit Court at its next session. A Mrs. O'Brien, whose husband was killed in one of the West Virginia regiments, sues Mr. James Palmer for five thousand dollars damage for the injury she has sustained by the death of her husband. She claims that Palmer was a sympathizer with the South, and contends that he should, therefore, be held accountable, to the extent of five thousand dollars, for the death of her husband.

OUR DEBT.—Secretary McCulloch reports that the entire debt of the United States, at the close of May, was $2,635,205,753.50.—We presume that the expenditures will, for a very few weeks longer, somewhat outrun the receipts from taxation, and that the amount of unadjusted claims of all kinds may possibly carry the entire debt up to three thousand millions of dollars, and the annual interest up to one hundred and fifty millions per annum.

EFFECT OF MR. LINCOLN'S DEATH IN EUROPE.—The effect of the murder of Mr. Lincoln, in Europe, seems to be decidedly favorable to the cause of popular liberty. It has struck a chord, the vibrations of which are felt throughout the civilized world.

WAR VESSELS.—The number of the United States war vessels on the Atlantic sea-board has been ordered to be reduced from 600 to about 90. The West Gulf Squadron is to be reduced to 20, and the Mississippi Squadron to 15 vessels.

ONE BLESSING.—The New York Leader remarks that "One of the greatest blessings brought by the close of the Rebellion is, that we shall no longer hear the song, 'When this Cruel War is Over.'"

MRS. DAVIS.—Jeff Davis' wife has been landed at Port Royal. She wants to go to Europe, and says she has, probably, seen her husband for the last time. Georgia will be her place of residence for the present.

EQUIPAGE SOLD.—The horses, carriage, &c., bought for presentation to President Johnson, have been sold at auction. The carriage brought $1,400, the harness $435, and the horses $1,900.

FATAL ACCIDENT.—Nathan Ambler, of Sturbridge (Snellville), was instantly killed last Monday, while working before a circular saw. A board, thrown by the saw, struck him in the stomach. His age was 43.

LARGE FIRE.—The works of the Hingham (Mass.) Cordage Company were almost entirely destroyed by fire on Sunday night. Loss $75,000, mostly covered by insurance.

TO BE HUNG.—John Lewis, the negro convicted by court martial of the murder of a soldier named Thomas C. Magrath, at Shelbyville, Ky., has been sentenced to be hung on the 13th inst.

TO BE SENT HOME.—Gen. Grant has issued an order that all released prisoners shall be forwarded to their homes by Government transportation, instead of being sent across the lines as hitherto.

INSANE BOY.—There is a boy in an insane asylum at Hartford, hopelessly insane from a knowledge of the sufferings and consequent death of his father in the rebel prison at Andersonville.

☞ A public meeting to express sympathy with Juarez and the Mexican Liberals was called in San Francisco for the 1st inst.—Considerable feeling exists there on the subject.

TRAVEL TO RICHMOND.—Citizens no longer need a pass to go to Richmond. The fare from Baltimore is $8.

☞ The citizens of Worcester are actively engaged in making preparations for a grand celebration of the 4th of July.

A VARIETY OF THINGS.

CROPS are everywhere promising.

—All the volunteer artillery is to be mustered out of service.

—Hancock's Veteran Corps will be immediately increased to 40,000 men.

—General Grant has presented his war-horse "Jack" to the Northwestern Fair at Chicago.

—Sherman's troops are being transferred West at the rate of about 5000 per day.

—Much swearing is done in the South in these days, taking the oath of allegiance, and so forth.

—Good news for patriots—Southern custom-houses are opening fast.

—Horace Mann's statue has arrived in Boston, and is to be placed in front of the State House.

—President Johnson is in receipt of about a dozen letters a day urging him to have Jeff. Davis hung high, ect.

—Senator Wilson is engaged on a History of the Anti-Slavery Legislation of Congress. It will be a valuable book.

—There was a mock funeral of Mr. Lincoln by the secessionists in Matamoras when the news of his death was received.

—The shock of an earthquake, lasting nearly a minute, was felt in St. Louis on the morning of the 29th ult.

—Coal miners are disposed to be riotous in Pennsylvania, because it is proposed to cut their wages down from $7 a day to $6.

—Another extensive land-slide has occurred at Algiers, near New-Orleans, and a crevasse is impending which threatens immense destruction.

—Many colored troops are going to Texas. After they shall have settled the rebels there, they should settle there themselves.

—The Provost-Marshal's will be retained in all the States, save Rhode Island, and the system extending throughout the South.

—Eight printing presses are engaged on discharged papers for soldiers, printing them as fast as steam can fly.

—The former wealthy citizens of that town, on returning to Newbern, are hospitably received by those who were once their servants.

—In Mexico the Imperialists call our victories "shocking events." There is something electrical about them, sure enough.

—The Birmingham (Eng.) Post claims that Mrs. Lincoln, the wife of our lamented President, is a native of Monmouthshire, England, and says her maiden name was Jenkins.

—All liquor-selling places in Washington are now closed from 7 P. M. to 7 A. M. It only remains to close them from 7. A. M. to 7 P. M. to make the work of reform complete.

—The slaves who flocked to Newbern when Gen. Sherman's army passed through the State, are after much suffering and privation, returning to their homes.

—A Richmond letter says: A member of the English Parliament has offered General Lee a splended residence in London, and a sum of money, the interest of which would support himself and family for life.

—It is stated that General Banks is ordered to report at Waltham, Mass. His affairs are undergoing an investigation at the War Department.

—Nine clerks in the Department of the Interior, who have by their speeches favored the Southern cause during the rebellion, have been notified that their resignations will be accepted. Two of these held positions worth $2,000.

THE FIRST IN RICHMOND.—Massachusetts and Illinois have both claimed the honor of their troops having raised the first flag over Richmond. An investigation of the matter has been had, and Governor Andrew of Massachusetts, in a letter to Governor Oglesby, acknowledges that the silk flag of the 13th Illinois regiment, was the first flag displayed in Richmond, on the day of its capture.

DISFRANCHISEMENT OF REBELS.—It is the opinion of a leading rebel that, in order to complete the work of subjugation in the South, and establish free labor, all who have taken part in the rebellion should be disfranchised for a term of years. The disgraceful attitude of affairs in Virginia leads to this conclusion, and we are not sure that it is not the true one.

CONFISCATION.—The estates of some of the leading Tories of Massachusetts were confiscated by the Legislature during the Revolution. The elegant mansion-house at Cambridge now occupied by Henry W. Longfellow, was erected by a noted Tory, and was among the estates forfeited and sold by order of the General Court.

MOUNT VERNON.—Mount Vernon is once more accessible to visitors, a portion, of the 79th New York having been sent there as guard. Mr. Herbert, who has had charge there for six years, says the place has never been visited by the confederate soldiery. It is in as good order as before the war.

TINKLING FASHION.—A new "fashion" is reported from Paris. It is a novel kind of trimming composed of rows of sequins, sewed all along the seams, which makes an incessant tinkling. It appears to have been devised by the artists of the *demi-monde*.

NEUTRALITY.—The Government has informed our Minister to France and through him the Emperor, that the neutrality laws will be rigidly enforced. No armed forces will be allowed to leave the United States for the purpose of going to Mexico.

STRANGE RUMORS.—All kinds of rumors continue to be circulated in France in respect to Mexico. It is now stated that Mr. Fould the Minister of Finance, insists on the withdrawal of the French troops from Mexico.

THE old fashion of a "feast at a funeral" is not obsolete in Lebanon county, Pa. Over five hundred persons recently partook of dinner at a house in that vicinity from which that morning a corpse had been buried.

SOLD.—The yacht Whisper, belonging to the State, has been sold to Capt. Wm. H. Smith, of Charlestown, for $925. We have some pleasant memories concerning that vessel which we shall not *whisper* aloud at this time.

RENOUNCED HER BREECHES.—Mrs. Bloomer has abandoned the "reformed" costume which bears her name. Her followers will show wisdom by following her example now.

SEVERE TEMPEST.—A violent thunder storm, accompanied by a tempest of wind, occurred at Gorham, Me., last Sunday. More than a dozen houses and barns were demolished, but no lives lost.

WOMAN DROWNED.—A respectable woman, named Christiana Noble, committed suicide by drowning herself at Chicopee, Mass., last week. Insanity was the cause.

COMPANION POETS FOR THE PEOPLE.—Ticknor & Fields of Boston have commenced a series of small volumes under the above title, in which may be found the choicest selections from our celebrated poets. The volume before us contains household poems by Henry Longfellow, and is very prettily illustrated. The next volume, to be issued this month, will be made up of selections of Tennyson, and be entitled "Songs for all Seasons." Other volumes will follow, making a small library of the very best poetry in the English language. The volume before us is printed on tinted paper, and its typography is beautiful. The low price of 50 cents a volume ought to secure the library to every family.

THE SUPPRESSED TESTIMONY.—The publication of a portion of the suppressed testimony taken before the Commission engaged in the assassination trial shows conclusively to every fair and candid person that President Johnson, in issuing his proclamation declaring Jeff. Davis and his fellow conspirators in Canada guilty of the assassination of Mr. Lincoln, was in possession of sufficient evidence to convict any one of the parties named in any of our civil courts. There are some very nice aristocratic-smelling people here and in England who think Jeff. Davis to much of a "gentleman" to consort with such low persons as were employed in the assassination. To such we would recall to their memories the infamous language used by Davis on learning of the assassination of Mr. Lincoln. "If the same were done to Andy Johnson, the Beast, and Secretary Stanton, the job would then be complete."

FRAUDULENT DISTILLERS.—The Washington correspondent of the New York Tribune says that in the case of a Boston distiller who removed liquor from his distillery without paying excise, Government has found the amount of fraud to be $17,000, and has imposed an additional penalty of $33.000, making $50,000 in all. In a Dubuque case, the amount of fraud has been fixed at half a million, and a penalty of another half million has been imposed, calling for a payment of a million of dollars. In a Peoria case, the frauds will be some hundreds of thousands, and an equal penalty affixed.

TEXAS.—By an arrival of a blockade-runner from Galveston at Havana, we learn that at that place and at Houston anarchy and disorder prevailed. Gen. Magruder's soldiers had rebelled against him, and the Mayor and principal citizens of Galveston had left the city in order to meet the Union officers and hasten the surrender. Gov. Murrah and Ashbel Smith had gone to New-Orleans to surrender the State to the United States forces,

ARRESTED.—The rebel Governor Magrath of South Carolina was arrested at Columbia, and arrived at Charleston, under guard, on the 27th ult. There he was conveyed to Hilton Head, on board a steamer, and it was expected that he would soon be sent North for trial. He surrendered himself quietly, without any attempt at resistance.

HOMESTEADS TAKEN.—In the month of April, 1865 there were taken up 6,345 acres, under the homestead law, at Nebraska City, Nebraska, while the cash sales of the same office, that month, amounted to $900. At Stockton, Cal., the cash land sales in March, 1865 amounted to $2,996, and at Carson, Nevada, for February 1863 to $2,715.

THE ATLANTIC TELEGRAPH.—The Atlantic telegraph cable will probably be laid next month. A private letter from Mr. Cyrus W. Field says: "We have now over twenty two hundred nautical miles completed, and everything is going on well. We expect to sail the last of June or early in July."

☞ The recent expedition from Baton Rogue captured Col. Hatch, Collector of Customs at New Orleans, under the Rebel Government; also, all the records of the Custom-House during his administration. Col. Hatch says that the books and records of the Custom-House prior to secession are secreted in New Orleans.

PARSON BROWNLOW has recently delivered himself of the opinion that he would "rather trust the poorest black now in Tennessee with a vote, than a miserable, canting hypocrite of a rebel, who has sneaked back into the Union without taking time to wash the stains of loyal blood off his hands."

PLANS OF BATTLE-FIELDS.—A party of topographical engineers, under Major Howell, have been detailed to examine and survey all the great battle-fields in Virginia, and carefully elaborate the plans already made with a view to their completeness.

ARRIVAL OF MORMONS.—Six hundred and thirty Mormons arrived at New York on Thursday. They proceeded immediately on their way to Salt Lake City. Five hundred and fifty-eight Mormons from Hamburg, chiefly Germans, are now on their way to this country.

JEFF. AND THE SOUTH.—Governor Brown of Georgia says that the ridiculous figure cut by the rebel chieftain in petticoats will do more to shame the Southerners out of sympathy for their late "President" than all the victories of the Federal army.

HIS REAL NAME.—It was admitted during the assassination trial on Saturday by the prisoner's counsel, that the real name of the prisoner known as Payne, is Powell, and that he comes from Florida.

FORBIDDEN.—Gen. Grant, at the solicitation of Governor Andrew, has forbidden the sale of liquor along the line upon which returning Northern and New England soldiers march homeward, during their movement.

☞ The New York Tribune announces that the President will soon issue a proclamation restoring the privilege of the habeas corpus, and ordering a general clearance of military prisoners.

BOY SUICIDE.—Frank Douglass, a boy sixteen years old, blew his brains out with a rifle in Cincinnati, a few days ago. He had the ague and difficulties with his shcool studies.

PRESIDENT JOHNSON and other officials having received threatning letters, the writer was traced out and found to be an insane man.—He has been sent to an insane hospital.

PALMER AND VICINITY.

TALL RYE.—Somebody has left at our office a stalk of rye 6 feet 10 inches in length.

REV. DR. VAILL repeated his Fast Day sermon on Sunday evening.

THE scarlet fever is prevalent in this village, among children.

FARMERS are getting ready to "hay it." The grass is tall and stout this year, and there will be full barns when haying is over.

THE morning train from Amherst now reaches Palmer in season to connect with the morning trains east and west on the Western Railroad.

AN extra train took the directors of the New London Railroad to Amherst last Monday, on a trip of observation concerning the extension of the road to Montague.

THE Executive Council visit the Monson State Almshouse to-day. They were at the insane hospital at Northampton yesterday.—The Governor is not with them.

SOLD OUT.—E. B. Elsbree, of the firm of Loomis & Elsbree, carriage makers, has sold out to P. A. Paige, who was an employee of that establishment for several years.

NEXT Monday a night express train will commence running from Springfield to Albany, to make connections with the night trains between Boston, Springfield, and New York.

FORTY-NINE DOGS have received license to run, bite, and wag their tails in Palmer during the present year, and yet this is not half the number of dogs in town.

WE acknowledge the benefit of a brief visit from the Palmer Glee Club Thursday night. The club has made an accession of one or two new members lately, and is preparing to give a concert here and another in Ware in a few weeks.

STRAWBERRIES have come to Palmer, and the first to make their appearance were from the garden of Postmaster Knox, whose success in their culture is unequaled by any one in this vicinity. The specimens which graced our table were each large enough for an ordinary sized mouthful, and oh, *how* luscious!

ROWDYISM.—Last Sunday evening, a couple of drunken fellows, on the way from this village to Three Rivers or Duckville, broke down small shade trees in front of Dr. Holbrook's premises, placed telegraph poles across the road, and pulled down fences in several places. They deserve punishment for such lawless work, and will get it if they can be caught.

POLICE.—John Savage, a juvenile boot-black, was up before Justice Allen on Wednesday, for playing a shrewd game on Mr. Jones, the barber. John went to Jones' house and called for a pair of shoes, saying that Mr. Jones had sent him for them. Obtaining them, he departed from the village as fast as possible, but was overhauled by deputy Newton; and the result was a sentence to the house of correction for one month.

BELCHERTOWN.—Hannah Lincham was brought before Justice Dickinson June 3d, on a charge of larceny from Mr. George Chandler. Sent to the House of Correction for 60 days.—Charles Comstock, who made his escape from jail at Northampton on the 18th of April, was arrested in Hartford on the 7th inst., by Deputy Sheriff S. W. Longley, of Belchertown, and carried back to his old quarters.—The citizens of Belchertown met on Monday evening and voted to celebrate the 4th of July.—At a town meeting recently held, the selectmen were instructed, by a vote of the town, to stop the sale of intoxicating liquors.

THE FIELD, THE DUNGEON AND THE ESCAPE, is the title of a new work now in process of publication, by Albert D. Richardson, a correspondent of the New York Tribune who suffered many months of imprisonment among the rebels. It is a thrilling narrative of prison life at the South—one of the most interesting ever written, and which every one should read. Mr. A. F. Blackmer is agent for this town and is now canvassing for subscriptions. We commended him and the work to our citizens.

WILBRAHAM.—Mr. and Mrs. Francis E. Clark of Wilbraham, recently celebrated their tin wedding with about sixty of their friends. After nearly all had arrived and examined the many presents, among which was a tin horn eight feet long, everybody was supprised by being invited into another room where the real and first wedding of Henry A. Clark and Miss. Jennie Pease was solomnized by Rev. A. D. Stowell. The latter was entirely unexpected.

FRAUDS.—Revenue frauds are becoming prevalent in Chicago. The last case is the seizure of fifty thousand barrels of lager beer, together with an extensive brewery, belonging to ex-Alderman John F. Huck. The penalties in this instance, upon conviction, amount to eighteen thousand dollars and the forfeiture of the property involved.

A WORTHLESS COBB.—Among the rebels recently captured is Howell Cobb. What the plague does government want of such a booby as Cobb? He isn't worth the grub it will cost to keep him, and wouldn't be if that grub were to be as little in quantity and as base in quality as that which a federal prisoner used to get at Andersonville or Salisbury.

OUR COTTON PROSPECTS.—The New York Times is of the opinion, founded upon recent information, that the amount of cotton stored and scattered at this time, throughout the Southern States, including Texas, will amount to nearly three millions of bales, of which a greater part can be brought to market during the next six months.

GUERILLA KILLED.—A guerilla named McCleary, disguised as a colored Union soldier, a few days ago undertook to plunder the house of Stanley Yonng, near Bardstown, Kentucky. Mr. Young, though an old man, resisted, and in the struggle, ripped up McCleary with a knife.

MRS. DAVIS AND OTHERS.—The Savannah Republican of May 31, announces the arrival there of Mrs. Jeff. Davis and four children, with Mrs. C. C. Clay, and Miss Howell. The party had taken rooms at the Pulaski House, when this was refused by England, having threatened compulsion. The United States bonds continued, however, to rise, and the last quotation of the 5-20's was 67½.

SURRENDER DEMANDED.—It is understood that our Consul at Havana hae demanded of the Cuban authorities, the surrender of the Stonewall to the United States, and that the Captain General awaits instructions from Spain before replying to the demand.

GONE HOME.—Gen. Pillow passed through Athens, Alabama, on his way back to Tennessee, and has probably reached his home by this time. He was accompanied by many of his former servants and quite a train of wagons and mules with considerable stuff.

STRANGE HALLUCINATION.—The suicide of Calvin S. Morse, paymaster's clerk on board the North Carolina, is now said to have been occasioned by a hallucination that he was one of the assassination conspirators, and that he would soon be placed under arrest.

THE YELLOW FEVER INFECTION.—The New York Herald says that from facts recently developed the authorities are satisfied that the late attempt to spread the yellow fever infection in that city has not been entirely given up by rebel emissaries.

BROKEN UP.—The Washington police have taken possession of the implements and stock in trade of an alleged gambling concern known as the New York Manufacturing Jewelers' Association operating in that city. The parties were held to bail.

COLORED VOTERS.—Colored men recently voted at a recent municipal election in Ferdinanda, in Florida, and not the slightest harm was done. Breckinridge democrats left the meeting, and if they were to leave the country it would be all the better for their absence.

SENTENCE REMITTED.—Congressman Harris has been found guilty and sentenced to three years imprisonment and the forfeiture of all political rights. The President approved the finding but remits the penalty, and Harris has been released.

VEAL UP.—A Captain Veal, in Texas, is peculiarly savage in his declarations against allowing the "sunny South" to be polluted by the breath of "Yankee miscreants." Veal will never become beef if he shall not change his bleat.

TOMB OF LINCOLN GUARDED.—The receiving vault of the Martyr-President is guarded night and day by a guard of honor, which will be maintained until the body is committed to its final resting place in a location in the cemetery selected by Robert Lincoln.

PROPOSITION FAVORABLY RECEIVED.—The proposition to pay off the national debt by voluntary subscription is said to be received with much favor at Newbern, and many of the citizens are willing to contribute.

EGG CURRENCY.—In some cities in Georgia from the lack of a more convenient currency, the newsboys are selling their papers at three eggs apiece.

NOT TRUE.—There is no truth in the report of Cabinet changes or in the prospect of an extra session of Congress.

☞ Preparations for the trial of Jeff. Davis on the 19th instant, are going forward among the civil authorities.

☞ General Hood and staff surrendered to Gen. Davidson on May 31st.

CHINESE MOURNING.—Every Chinese house in San Francisco was draped in mourning for the death of President Lincoln.

COUNSEL FOR JEFF. DAVIS.—The N. Y. Tribune says Mr. A. Gillette, a lawyer of Saratoga, has been engaged as counsel for Jeff. Davis.

☞ Mrs. John C. Breckenridge is, by permission of President Johnson, in Kentucky visiting her relatives and friends.

☞ Ladies use Dr. Velpau's French Pills. Sold at all drug stores.

THE VOICE OF THE PEOPLE.—Liberty is one of the dearest blessings which our forefathers have handed down to us. It was purchased by the blood of many a valiant revolutionary hero; has been guarded by a Washington, a Jefferson, a Clay and a Webster. But dearer still is that world-renowned remedy, known as Coe's Cough Balsam. It cures like magic the most violent attacks of croup, and is indispensible in every family of children. Colds, sudden coughs, sore throat, hoarseness, and inflamed lungs, are instantly and surely cured by its timely use. No cough mixture has ever been known that equals it; which accounts for its great popularity with all classes. The young and old—the rich and poor—physicians, druggists—and all who have ever tested it speak in the highest terms of its merits. We say to our readers—buy it and try it. It costs but 40 cents the bottle, contains twice as much medicine as you can obtain in any other way at the same cost, and all our drug stores keep it.

Whiskers! Whiskers!

Do you want Whiskers or Mustaches? Our Grecian Compound will force them to grow on the smoothest face or chin, or hair on bald heads, in six weeks. Price, $1. Sent by mail anywhere, closely sealed, on receipt of price. Address
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A Pamphlet directing how to speedily restore sight and give up spectacles, without the aid of doctor or medicine. Sent by mail, free, on receipt of 10 cents. Address E. B. FOOTE, M. D.,
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A little of everything relating to the human system, male and female; the causes and treatment of diseases; the marriage customs of the world; how to marry well, and a thousand things never published before, read the revised and enlarged edition of "MEDICAL COMMON SENSE," a curious book for curious people, and a good book for everybody one. 400 pages, 100 illustrations. Price, $1 50. Content tables sent free to any address. Books may be had at the bookstores, or will be sent by mail, post-paid, on receipt of the price. Address
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Lyon's Periodical Drops!

The Great Female Remedy for Irregularities.

These drops are a scientifically compounded fluid preparation, and better than any Pills, Powder, or Nostrums. Being liquid, their action is direct and positive, rendering them a reliable, speedy and certain specific for the cure of all obstructions and suppressions of nature. Their popularity is indicated by the fact that over 100,000 bottles are annually sold and consumed by the ladies of the United States, every one of whome speaks in the strongest terms of praise of their great merits. They are rapidly taking the place of every other Female Remedy, and are considered by all who know aught of them, as the surest, safest, and most infallible preparation in the world, for the cure of all female complaints, the removal of all obstructions of nature, and the promotion of health, regularity and strength. Explicit directions stating when they may be used, and explaining when and why they should not, nor could not be used without producing effects contrary to nature's chosen laws, will be found, carefully folded around each bottle, with the written signature of JOHN L LYON, without which none are genuine.

Prepared by Dr. JOHN L. LYON, 195 Chapel Street, New Haven, Conn., who can be consulted either personally, or by mail, (enclosing stamp,) concerning all private diseases and female weaknesses.

Sold by Druggists everywhere.

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Gen'l Agents for U. S. and Canadas

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THE GREAT REMEDIES OF THE AGE.

Hunnewell's Universal Cough Remedy.

For all Throat and Lung Complaints. Small bottles, 25 cents; Large do., 50 cents.

Hunnewell's Tolu Anodyne.

The great remedy for Asthma, Neuralgia, Pains in Menstruation, all Nervous Complaints, and Sciatica. 50 cts. per Bottle.

Hunnewell's Eclectic Pills.

Cure all derangements of the Stomach or Bowels *without the slightest griping*, a point the great importance of which cannot be overestimated. The dose, a single pill, never more than two, and so very small, make them most valuable in every family. 25 cents per bottle.

Hunnewell's Consumptive Remedy.

A radical cure for this heretofore called incurable complaint. Price, $1 per Bottle.

The testimonials in my possession, to be seen by all, will remove every doubt of the perfect character of the above named preparations, and to publish which would only cause them to be classed with the thousands published in newspapers, and not a fraction of them of the least character. I beg inspection of such at my office, confidence to test the preparation, and correspondence from all.

JOHN L. HUNNEWELL, SOLE PROPRIETOR,
Practical Chemist and Pharmaceutist,
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☞Sold by all wholesale and Retail Dealers in Medicine.

☞The preparations securely packed to be sent in any quantity by express, or as directed.

☞More full and particular description of each article given in notices, to follow this from month to month. m20.

Important to Females.

DR. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS.—The combination of ingredients in these Pills is the result of a long and extensive practice. They are mild in their operation, and certain in correcting all irregularities, painful menstruations removing all obstruction, whether from cold or otherwise, headache, pain in the side, palpitation of the heart, whites, all nervous affections, hysterics, fatigue, pain in the back and limbs, &c, disturbed sleep, which arise from interruption of nature.

DR. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS was the commencement of a new era in the treatment of these irregularities and obstructions which have consigned so many to a premature grave. No female can enjoy good health unless she is regular, and whenever an obstruction takes place the general health begins to decline

DR. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS are the most effectual remedy ever known for all complaints peculiar to females To all classes they are invaluable, inducing, with certainty periodical regularity. They are known to thousand who have used them at different periods, throughout the country, having the sanction of some of the most eminent Physicians in America.

☞Explicit directions, stating when they should not be used, with each box—the Price One Dollar per Box. containing from 50 to 60 Pills.

Pills sent by mail, promptly, by remitting to the Proprietors. Sold by Druggists generally.

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BORN.

In Belchertown, 5th, a daughter to T. S. COOK.
In Wilbraham, 3d, a daughter to Rev. CHARLES H. VINTON.
In Warren, 28th ult., a daughter to JOSEPH BLAIR.

MARRIED.

In Palmer, June 8, by Rev. Dr. Vaill, WILLIAM HENRY CRAWFORD of Worcester, and MARY A. MOORE of Palmer.

At Belchertown, 31st ult., by Rev. W. Gordon, GEO. W. ALDRICH and LOUISA A. FULLER; 1st inst., by Rev. Wm. N. Fay, OLIVER SHANNON, of Springfield, and HATTIE A. PRATT.

At Amherst, 17th ult, HUBBARD H. RISLEY, and NELLIE WARRINER, both of Monson.

At Springfield, 5th, by Rev. S.G. Buckingham, LEONARD S. WINTER and ELLEN M. JACKSON, of Belchertown.

At Stafford Springs, 4th, by Rev. A. W. Ide, ALLEN GREEN and HENRIETTA TURNER, both of Stafford.

DIED.

In Palmer, 2d, Mrs. SUSAN LOOMIS, 66.
In Monson, 5th, ANSEL BEEBE, 56.
In Belchertown, 7th, a child of the late JOSIAH RANDALL, 1.
In Staffordville, 7th, MINERVA A., 24, daughter of Parley Plympton, Esq.
In Stafford Springs, 7th, Mrs. OLIVIA FULLER, 53, wife of John Fuller. Funeral Saturday, June 10th at ten o'clock A. M.

FERTILIZERS!

FARMERS should remember that the present is a good time to apply them to all their crops; and also remember that

POUDRETTE AND BONE DUST

Are the very best things to sow upon Buckwheat when the time arrives—much superior to plaster.

For Sale by E. E. TOWNE, MONSON.
June 10.

NOTICE is hereby given that the subscriber has been duly appointed administrator of the estate of Chas. B. Bromley, late of Monson, in the county of Hampden, deceased; and has taken upon himself that trust, by giving bonds as the law directs. And all persons having demands upon the estate of the said deceased, are required to exhibit the same; and all persons indebted to the said estate are called upon to make payment to ABEL H. CALKINS, Administrator.
Longmeadow, April 4, 1865. j10 3w

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE.

WILL be sold on the premises, at auction, on Saturday, June 24, at 2 o'clock P. M., a Piece of Land containing about 2¼ acres, west of the late residence of Wareham J. Davis, deceased, of Monson, and belonging to the estate of said Davis. L. CLARK, Administrator.
Monson, June 10, 1865. 3w

A NICE ARTICLE OF SUGAR HOUSE SYRUP, For sale
Palmer, Dec. 8. AT PARKS' STORE.

WANTED!

All Kinds of Farmer's Produce in Exchange for Goods, at
A. H. PARKS' Store ..... Palmer, Mass.

STONE WARE.—Butter Pots, Cake Jars, Jugs of all sizes, Flower Pots, plain and glazed, Bean Pots, Stone Pitchers, Spittoons, and all kinds of Stone Ware, at PARKS' Store, Palmer,

WANTED!

BUTTER, EGGS, and all kinds of FARMERS' PRODUCE at NEWTON & Co's.
Palmer, 1865.

FOR SALE.

A One and one-half Story House with L,

CONTAINING EIGHT ROOMS, with Barn and good Garden, situated on Pleasant Street, a few rods from the depot.

Inquire of the subscriber, at L. Dimock's Shoe Store. T. K. WEBBER.
Palmer, May 27, 1865.

A GENTLEMAN cured of Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, and the effects of youthful indiscretion, will be happy to furnish others with the means of cure, (FREE OF CHARGE). This remedy is simple, safe, and certain.

For full particulars, by return mail, please address JOHN B. OGDEN,
m272m 60 Nassau Street, New York.

TRUSSES! TRUSSES!

Branch Depot of the
Metropolitan Truss and Bandage Institute,
OF BOSTON.

Having made arrangements with the proprietors of this institution for the sale of their goods, we have opened rooms over our store for their sale, and would respectfully invite the attention of the citizens of this vicinity to our large assortment of THE VARIOUS STYLES OF

Trusses, Elastic Stockings,
Abdominal Supporters, Knee Caps,
Suspensory Bandages,
Gentlemen's Chest Expanding Suspenders,
Ladies' " " Skirt Supporters,
&c., &c., &c., &c.

Our facilities for the sale and fitting of the above articles are now complete, and we shall give them our special attention.

☞Orders by mail or express will be promptly answered.

E. BIGELOW & CO.,
Opposite Court Square,
je3 Springfield, Mass. 6m

FERTILIZERS.

POUDRETTE, Coe's Super Phosphate of Lime, Ground Bone, and the New England Fertilizer, for sale by GEO. ROBINSON.
Ware, April 29, 1865.

PUMPS! PUMPS!

BEMIS'

DOUBLE PLATFORM PUMP!

One of the Greatest Inventions of the Age!

While other pumps are invariably operated by a person's strength, these are operated by a person's whole weight in addition to his strength, which any one can see is a great acquisition of power.

These pumps are simple, easily worked, and besides they cannot freeze in winter. They are adapted to all places, and especially those where a large amount of water is required to be raised. They must be very durable for two reasons—they are a double pump, and each motion of the plungers raises about three times the amount of water that is raised by the common suction pump, which makes six times less wear in raising the same amount of water.

This pump was patented Aug. 9, 1864, by Wm. A. Bemis, of Lyndon Centre, Vt. Re-issued, Jan. 31, 1865.

Please examine this pump, which is in practical operation at

S. B. WITHERELL'S Stove & Furnace Warehouse, N. 1, Main St., (West end) WARE.

and judge of its merits by your own observation and experience.
Ware, April 15, 1865. 3m

PAINTS, OILS, GLASS,

White Lead and Snow White Zinc, Fresh Ground Brandon Brown and Yellow,

And a General Assortment of Colors,
For sale at LOW PRICES for Cash.

I HAVE secured the services of two of the best Painters in this vicinity, and am prepared to do jobs of

PAINTING, GLAZING, WHITEWASHING, PAPERING, &c., &c.

☞Orders promptly attended to.
Ware, April 15, 1865. GEO. ROBINSON.

AGRICULUURAL TOOLS.

I have a FINE ASSORTMENT of
PLOWS, CULTIVATORS, SHOVELS, HOES, FORKS, &c., &c.,
Which I shall sell at PEACE PRICES.
GEO. ROBINSON.
Ware, April 12, 1865.

New Styles of

PAPER HANGINGS & BORDERS,

CURTAINS, of various kinds, CURTAIN FIXTURES, Cord and Tassels, a great variety.

Also, a good assortment of

Books, Stationery, Music, Periodicals,
And NEWSPAPERS for sale.
Ware, March 4—3m. G. K. CUTLER.

NOTICE.

ON and after Monday, June 5, trains leave Palmer for Amherst at 2.20 and 6.15 P. M. Returning, leave Amherst at 6.30 A. M. and 4.00 P. M.

Leave Palmer for New London at 7.50 A. M. and 2.20 P. M. Returning, leave New London at 8.00 A. M. and 1.40 P. M. R. N. DOWD, Supt.
June 3d, 1865.

MEAL.

BOLTED MEAL, FLOUR,
RYE MEAL, CORN,
GRASS SEEDS, RYE,

Will be found
At NEWTON & Co's, Palmer,
At the Lowest Figures.

FOUND.

ON the 17th, in the pasture of James B. Burlingame, a BAY MARE, with a long switch tail. The owner can have the same by proving the property and paying the expenses.
JAMES B. BURLINGAME.
Palmer, May 20, 1865.

TOBAOCO OF ALL KINDS,

Cavendish, Navy, Fine Cut Chewing, Killekinic Smoking.

We would call particular attention to our Navy Tobacco, that we are selling at 75 cents ℔ lb.

NEWTON & CO.,
Nassowanno Block . . . . Palmer, Mass.

KEROSENE Lamps & Lanterns, Shades, Lantern Globes, Chimneys, &c., for sale at A. H. PARKS' Store, Palmer.

FLOUR

Of all grades, FOR SALE LOW for cash,
AT A. H. PARKS' STORE,
West end of Palmer House Block, Palmer, Mass

SOAPS.—The celebrated "Gold Medal Soap," 'French Lustral,' 'Sawyer's,' and other Soaps, for sale at A. H. PARKS' Store, Palmer.

THE Gold Medal Saleratus, for sale at A. H. PARKS' Store, Palmer.

WOODS & Worcester's Dry Hop Yeast, for sale at PARKS' STORE, Palmer.

IF YOU WANT

ANYTHING

IN THE WAY OF

DRY GOODS,

READY-MADE CLOTHING,

—OR—

GROCERIES,

BY ALL MEANS

CALL ON

KELLOGG & TINKHAM.

THEY HAVE A

VERY LARGE STOCK

OF

GOODS,

AND ARE SELLING AT

VERY LOW PRICES.

j3 4w

TO ALL IN WESTERN MASSACHUSETTS, WHO BUY

DRY GOODS OR CARPETS!

We respectfully invite attention to our

NEW STOCK

For the Later Spring Sales, of

Choice and Fashionable GOODS.

NEW FABRICS, NEW DESIGNS,

For Spring and Summer DRESS GOODS,

A very large and attractive variety—many entirely new things.

MOURNING DRESS GOODS,

In the BEST VARIETY and FINEST QUALITIES to be found in the City.

New Embroideries, New Laces, New Dress and Mantilla Trimmings, Parasols,

GLOVES AND HOSIERY,

in every style; the

BEST HOOP SKIRTS made in America,

BALMORAL SKIRTS,

DRESS SILKS,

All desirable colors, for street, house, or evening wear.

Black Mantilla and Dress Silks,

In the most superb qualities, all widths.

Mantilla, Cloak, and Shawl
EMPORIUM.

SPRING and SUMMER STYLES Now Ready,

We offer an unusually large and attractive variety of ready-made

SILK AND CLOTH GARMENTS,

and no effort will be spared to offer our customers

The Latest and Most Approved Styles.

CLOAK CLOTHS,

in the best makes, the latest colors and kinds; the largest and most complete stock of these goods ever on sale in this city. Every style of Outside Garment for Ladies' or Misses' wear made to order, and work in every particular warranted to give satisfaction. Our

MILLINERY DEPARTMENT

is now filled with a new and beautiful stock. The latest fashions and choice goods can always be found.

HOUSEKEEPING DRY GOODS.

COTTONS AND LINENS.

An immense Stock, always at the Lowest Prices.

CARPETINGS,

Large additions just made. No stock comparing with this this side of Boston. Prices as low as the lowest. All the better qualities of Carpets,

Solid Brussels, Velvets, Tapestries, Three Plys, &c., in Large Assortment.

OIL CLOTHS, MATTINGS, &c.

☞Contracts taken for Carpeting Halls, Churches, Dwellings, &c.,

CURTAINS AND CURTAIN GOODS,
In every variety.

NEW GOODS DAILY.

☞Purchasers visiting our Store will find that they can make their selections from one of the largest stocks in Massachusetts, and can purchase at as low prices as good satisfactory goods can be sold at. Trash and cheap goods, for the sake of advertising prices that they may appear low before an examination, we do not keep.

THE LARGEST AND BEST LIGHTED Store in New England, out of Boston.

TINKHAM & CO.,
184, 186, AND 188 MAIN STREET,
a15 SPRINGFIELD. 4m

ANOTHER LOT JUST RECEIVED.

PRICES FOR THE TIMES!

Good Brown Sugar,	9 lb for	$1.00
Porto Rico do.,	7 " "	1.00
Granulated, Pulv., and Crushed do.,	4½ "	1.00
Porto Rico Molasses,	per gallon,	.90
Good do.,	"	.50
Best quality Oolong Tea,	per pound,	1.25
Fair do.,	"	.75

Another lot of FRESH MILK BISCUIT, with a full

Assortment of all kinds of Groceries,
Just received
—AT—

NEWTON & CO'S,

Nassowanno Block, Palmer.

SMITH & CONVERSE,

Successors to M. W. FRENCH & BRO.,

Have on Hand a Choice Lot of

DRY GOODS,
GROCERIES,
Hats, Caps, Boots, Shoes,
&c., &c., &c.

YARD WIDE COTTONS,
VERY CHEAP.

New Spring Style DeLaines, Very Handsome.

Also, a large assortment of

SPRING SKIRTS,
All Styles and Prices.

GIVE US A CALL.

GEO. F. SMITH. JOHN S. CONVERSE.
Palmer, Mass., 1865.

U. S. 7-30 LOAN.

THIRD SERIES.

$230,000,000.

By authority of the Secretary of the Treasury, the undersigned, the General Subscription Agent for the sale of United States Securities, offers to the public the third series of Treasury Notes, bearing seven and three tenths per cent. interest per annum, known as the

7-30 LOAN.

These notes are issued under date of July 15, 1865, and are payable three years from that date in currency, or are convertible at the option of the holder into

U. S. 5-20 Six Per Cent. GOLD BEARING BONDS.

These Bonds are now worth a handsome premium, and are exempt, as are all the Government Bonds, from State, County, and Municipal taxation, which adds from one to three per cent., per annum to their value, according to the rate levied upon other propepty. The interest is payable semi annually by coupons attached to each note, which may be cut off and sold to any bank or banker.

The interest at 7 30 per cent amounts to

One Cent per Day on a		$50	Note.
Two "	"	$100	"
Ten "	"	$500	"
Twenty "	"	$1000	"
$1	"	$5000	"

Notes of all the denominations named will be promptly furnished upon receipt of subscriptions.

The Notes of this Third Series are precisely similar in form and privileges to the Seven Thirties already sold, except that the Government reserves to itself the option of paying interest in gold coin at 6 per cent., instead of 7 3-10ths in currency. Subscribers will deduct the interest in currency up to July 15th, at the time when they subscribe.

The delivery of the notes of this third series of the 7 30s will commence on the 1st of June, and will be made promptly and continuously after that date.

The slight change made in the conditions of this Third Series affects only the matter of interest. The payment in gold, if made, will be equivalent to the currency interest of the higher rate.

The return to specie payments, in the event of which only will the option to pay interest in Gold be availed of, would so reduce and equalize prices that purchases made with six per cent. in gold would be fully equal to those made with seven and three-tenths per cent, in currency. This is

THE ONLY LOAN IN MARKET,

now offered by the Government, and its superior advantages make it

The Great Popular Loan of the People.

Less than $230,000,000 of the Loan authorized by the last Congress are now on the market. This amount, at the rate at which it is being absorbed, will all be subscribed for within sixty days, when the notes will undoubtedly command a premium, as uniformly been the case on closing the subscriptions to other Loans.

In order that citizens of every town and section of the country may be afforded facilities for taking the loan, the National Banks, State Banks, and Private Bankers throughout the country have generally agreed to receive subscriptions at par. Subscribers will select their own agents, in whom they have confidence, and who only are to be responsible for the delivery of the notes for which they receive orders.

JAY COOKE, Subscription Agent,
PHILADELPHIA.

Subscriptions will be received by the
Ware National Bank of Ware.
Monson National Bank of Monson.
Stafford National Bank of Stafford.
First National Bank of Springfield.
Second National Bank of Springfield.
Third National Bank of Springfield.
f25 3m

SPICES, of all varieties, Raisins, Citron, Extracts, Bluing, Pepper Sauce, Tomato Ketchup, At NEWTON & Co's, Pamler.

A NICE PACK of Wedding or Visiting Cards can be printed at this office at short notice. Wedding Envelopes always on hand.

FARMERS, ATTENTION!

DO you want to raise LARGE CROPS this season? If so buy largely of

Bone Dust, Super Phosphate of Lime, Lodi Poudrette, and Fish Guano,

and your wants will be realized. For sale by
E. E. TOWNE, Monson.

TOBACCO.

FINE CUT, CHEWING, and SMOKING, of the best quality. Also, the best
Navy and Cavendish, Tobacco,
For sale AT PARK'S STORE, Palmer.

TAPIOCA, FARINA, SAGO, CORN STARCH, CHOCOLATE, COCOA &c., &c., for sale at
A. H. PARKS' Cash Store . . . PALMER, MASS.

SOAPS, SOAPS!

BURWELLS, Babbitt's, Castile and Common, at NEWTON & CO'S, Palmer.

NOTICE.

I HEREBY forbid all persons harboring or trusting my wife, Julia M. Squier, as I shall pay no debts of her contracting after this date.
Monson, May 19, 1865. HENRY SQUIER.

APRIL 1, 1865.

FALL

—IN—

GOLD!

FALL

—IN—

Merchandize!

I HAVE THIS DAY

REDUCED THE PRICE

—OF—

MY STOCK OF GOODS

TO THEIR

GOLD VALUE,

COMPRISING ALL MY

DRESS GOODS,

DOMESTIC GOODS,

Gent's Furnishing Goods,

READY-MADE

CLOTHING,

BOOTS & SHOES,

CARPETINGS,

CROCKERY, GLASS WARE,

&c., &c., &c.

ANY PART OF MY STOCK

CAN BE BOUGHT AT

LOW FIGURES,

W. W. CROSS,

PALMER, 1865.

GOLD AT 150,

—AND—

MY PRICES

For all kinds of Goods
ARE MARKED TO CORRESPOND.

Good Prints, Fast Colors,	20 cts.
All others,	22@25
Best DeLaines,	20
7-8 Brown Cottons,	20
Nice yard wide, do.	20
Best 9-8 do., do.,	37½
Larg't size best qual. Ladies' Nubias,	1 25
Heavy Long Shawls, largest size,	7 00
Best quality do.,	11 00
More Ladies' Rubber Boots,	2 50
More Ladies' Rubber Sandals,	1 00
Colored Cambrics (slightly soiled),	17
A lot of shop worn shoes,	75
Good Bleached Cottons,	20, 30, @40
Good Cot. and Wool Flannels,	40@60
Heavy Cotton Goods, for suits,	80
Good Balmoral Skirts,	$3@$4.50
Nice Alpaccas,	50@75
Best All Wool Delaines,	75
Heavy yard wide Cottons,	37½
Heaviest Cottons made,	45
A lot of Ladies' Cambric Collars,	half price.
Six pounds Good Brown Sugar for	$1.00
Five and 5½ pounds very choice do.,	1.00
4½ pounds Crushed & Granulated do.,	1.00
Good Molasses, for	.80@.90
Best Porto Rico in the world,	1.00

All-widths OIL CLOTHS, Palm Leaf MATTRASSES, HOOP SKIRTS, every size from 6 to 40 springs.

A variety of SUGARS; several kinds of MOLASSES and SYRUPS; TEAS and COFFEES.

☞Remember the French Breakfast and Dinner Coffee.

VARIOUS GRADES OF FLOUR,

From the cheapest to the best made. BUCKWHEAT FLOUR, RYE FLOUR, GRAHAM FLOUR, CORN AND RYE MEAL, always on hand.

Just Received, a lot of *SMITH'S PARAFINE*, for Boots, Harnesses, or any Leather work. The *only sure Water Proof Leather Preserver* known, and will be furnished by the dozen or gross, at New York prices.

Always on hand an assortment of

Clocks, Trunks, Toys and Fancy Goods,
Cooking Extracts and Perfumeries,

All the popular *PATENT MEDICINES*,

In STONE and WOODEN WARE, the usual variety.

Crockery and Glass Ware, enough of it.

HATS AND CAPS,

a good stock at all times. Also,

BOOTS AND SHOES,

for Men and Boys, and as good a variety of Ladies', Misses', and Childrens', Shoes, in Leather and Serge Work, as can be found, in stores out of the cities.

Recollect, I always have

A LARGE STOCK OF GOODS,

At *PRICES TO SUIT THE PEOPLE* and the times, all marked in plain figures, and

ONE PRICE ONLY.

☞Every one who owes me is requested to make immediate payment, as a change in business is contemplated.

E. E. TOWNE.
Monson, Feb. 25, 1865.

"A Word to the Wise is Sufficient."

D. H. BRIGHAM & CO.,

OF SPRINGFIELD,

ADVERTISED two weeks ago to give special attention to the

Retail Clothing Trade,

And for the past ten days have had

A CONTINUOUS RUSH!

They are selling their Goods Regardless OF COST!

As the panic has reduced the price of many goods about one-half, and

THEY ARE BOUND TO SELL!

AN EARLY CALL will secure

SPLENDID BARGAINS,

and insure

An Immense Stock to Select From!

What's the use of Paying a Profit?

BUY AT PANIC PRICES AT

D. H. BRIGHAM & CO'S

Wholesale and Retail Clothing House,
a1 SPRINGFIELD, MASS. 3m

DR. LAROOKAH'S SARSAPARILLA COMPOUND!

NOW is the time to use this most wonderful **Magic-Like Spring Compound.**

It is double the strength of any other Sarsaparilla Compound.

For the Cure of Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Scrofula, Dropsy, Neuralgia, Epilepsy, Erysipelas, Boils, Tumors, Salt Rheum, Ulcers and Sores, Rheumatism, Pain in the Stomach, Side, and Bowels, Debility, and all complaints arising from Impurities of the BLOOD.

It is a SURE CURE for LIVER COMPLAINTS.

DYSPEPSIA or Indigestion will find a ready cure in this Compound.

SCROFULA.—This loathsome disease, which afflicts and sweeps off so many from our midst, can be cured by Larookah's Sarsaparilla Compound.

For PURIFYING THE BLOOD, there is nothing now before the public which can equal Larookah's Sarsaparilla Compound. It is a great promoter of health when used in the spring, to remove all Humors that infest the system at that season of the year.

DR. LAROOKAH'S SARSAPARILLA COMPOUND has been so great a blessing to our family that we class it with LAROOKAH'S SYRUP, the BEST article in use for what it purports to do, REV. N. P. SELEE.
Melrose Mass, Dec. 3, 1864.

The following letter is from DR. B. F. ABBOTT, for years an eminent practitioner in the city of Boston:

DR. E. R KNIGHTS—I have been in the habit of prescribing Larookah's Sarsaparilla Compound for two years, with the most satisfactory results.

PRICE, $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

Consumptive Remedy.

DR. LAROOKAH'S
Indian Vegetable Pulmonic Syrup.

The best preparation ever made for the following complaints:

Colds, Coughs, Whooping Cough, Croup, Asthma, Catarrh, Bronchitis, Spitting Blood, Pain in the Side, Night Sweats, Humors, Gener'l Debility, and the various Throat Affections and Hoarseness to which Public Speakers and Singers are liable, and all other complaints tending to

CONSUMPTION.

Letter from a well-known Boston Druggist of Twenty Years' Experience:

BOSTON, March 9, 1865.

Dr. E. R. Knights:—Having used "Larookah's Pulmonic Syrup," myself and in my family for the last six years, I am prepared to say that it is superior to any medicine I have ever known for the positive cure of Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat and all similar complaints.
W. R. BOWEN, 86 Hanover Street.

Rev. John C. Ingalls of Melrose, Mass, says: "As an honest man I can say, that in my judgment, Dr. Larookah's I. V. P. Syrup, for Pulmonary Diseases, stands unrivalled by any medicine yet discovered, it having cured me of Bronchitis, of six years standing.

Prepared by S. SEVERY. Price, 50 cents and $1.00 per bottle.
DR. E. R. KNIGHTS, Proprietor,
Melrose, Mass.

Sold by Wood & Allen, Palmer; H. T. Small & Co., Stafford Springs; D. Holden, Ware; E. E. Towne, Monson, and by druggists and dealers generally. my20.

TEAS.

The best Young Hyson, Black, and Japanese For sale at A. H. PARKS' Store, Palmer.

ALL Goods sold after this date will be cash down, except in exchange for produce. All persons indebted to me will please make immediate payment. A. H. PARKS.
Palmer, May 20, 1865.

SAFE HIDING PLACE.—A few days since a returned soldier purchased a new pair of boots at a store in Buffalo, and left his old ones, but some time after returned and called for them. When they were brought him he ripped open the lining and took from beneath $1,550 in greenbacks, in denominations of $50, $500, and $1000, which he had placed there and forgotton.

A FEMALE THIEF CAUGHT.—Portland papers mention the arrest, in that city Monday afternoon, of a woman named Katharine Gammon who had stolen a large amount of jewelry, &., from a Mrs. Abbott, with whom she had been living in the city. She was making her way to the provinces. A portion of the jewelry was found on her person.

MULES FOR SALE.—Many thousand of mules are being disposed of at public sale by the United States Quarter master's Department. There are in the armies of the Potomac, the Tennessee, and Georgia probably four thousand of the finest six-mule teams in the world.

CLEAR OF TORPEDOES.—The Savannah river is completely cleared of torpedoes. The work of destroying them was very laborious in some cases, it being necessary to bore the torpedoes with augers as they lay, in order to let in water to destroy the powder before it was safe to raise them.

DISCOVERY OF SECRETED TURPENTINE.—A Wilmington, N. C., paper says that some soldiers discovered in a swamp near that place several hundred barrels of turpentine which had been hid away. Further explorations were in course.

PRICES

—ARE—

DOWN! DOWN! DOWN!

—FOR—

DRY GOODS.

J. H. STORRS,

Would inform all who have so liberally patronized him that he will now give a BENEFIT by selling goods at Wholesale Prices at Retail for a few days. We offer

Good Dark Prints for	17 cents.
Best New Styles do ,	20
" " " M'DeLaines,	25
Heavy Cottons, yard wide,	25
Fine Bleached Cottons, yard wide,	25

NEW STYLES OF

DRESS GOODS,

CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS,

FEATHERS,

ALL DOWN TO GOLD VALUE.

☞ We give notice to all we have bought largely at the late Low Prices,

WHICH ENABLES US TO SELL AT

VERY LOW PRICES.

We shall make

Special Inducements to those from a Distance,

Who buy in large quantities.

NEW GOODS WILL BE RECEIVED EVERY WEEK

During the Spring Trade.

A Word to the Wise is Sufficient.

Very respectfully,

J. H. STORRS.

Ware, March 25, 1865.

TAKE NOTICE!

OPENED THIS DY!

A NEW CASE OF GOODS, consisting of

COTTONS, PRINTS, & D'LAINES,

Bought and sold at

PANIC PRICES.

SMITH & CONVERSE.

Palmer, April, 1865.

Instruction Books and Music

—FOR THE—

Cabinet Organ, Melodeon, and Instruments of a Similar Class.

Zundel's Melodeon Instructor.—Containing the Elements of Music, Progressive Finger Exercises, and a large collection of Choice Music, $2 50

New Method for the Melodeon.—Containing in addition to Lessons and Exercises, a collection of Popular Songs, Psalm and Hymn Tunes, $1 50

Carhart's Melodeon.—Elementary and Progressive Studies, with Choice Vocal and Instrumental Music. $1 50.

American School for the Melodeon. $1 50

Model Melodeon Instructor, $1 50.

Winner's Perfect Guide for the Melodeon. Designed as a Self-Instrnctor, with Choice Music, 75.

Melodeon without a Master.—By E. L. White, 75.

Woodbury's Melodeon Instructor, 75.

Green and White's Melodeon Instructor, 75.

Howe's Seraphine and Melodeon Instructor, 50.

The Seraphine.—A collection of Music for the Melodeon, Seraphine and Reed Organ

Sent post-paid, on receipt of price.—*Oliver Ditson & Co.,* Publishers, 277 Washington Street, Boston.

PAPER HANGINGS!

WE have the LARGEST AND BEST STOCK to be found anywhere in New England, FROM THE CHEAPEST STYLES To the ELEGANT GOLD AND PANEL PAPERS,

And furnish them AT RETAIL OR WHOLESALE,

At Lowest Prices.

☞ We send samples by mail or express
☞ when it is not convenient for customers
☞ to call at our store.

BRIDGMAN & WHITNEY,

SPRINGFIELD, MASS.,

April 1, 1865.

CLOTHING

Marked Down! Down!

NOW IS YOUR TIME TO BUY.

CALL ON THE

NEW YORK

CLOTHING COMPANY,

138 MAIN ST., SPRINGFIELD,

(Corner of Vernon Street)

GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS,

HATS AND CAPS,

From one of

THE LARGEST WHOLESALE ESTABLISHMENTS

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ANY ONE WISHING

A Good Substantial Article

FOR A

LITTLE MONEY,

WOULD DO WELL TO

EXAMINE OUR STOCK.

ALL GOODS SOLD BY US ARE

WARRANTED

TO BE AS REPRESENTED.

We will allow the privilege of exchanging (within three days), any garment sold at retail, which upon examination at home does not meet the entire approval of the purchaser, either in material, style, or fit; or, if that is not sufficiently liberal,

WE WILL REFUND THE MONEY.

Our terms of sale are strictly for cash, and

WE GUARANTEE

A BETTER ARTICLE

OF CLOTHING FOR THE PRICE

than can be obtained elsewhere. Call and satisfy yourselves, at

138 MAIN ST.,

nearly opposite Baptist Church,

SPRINGFIELD..... MASS.

w21tf

READY MADE CLOTHING,

Just received and for sale by

D. MULVIHILL,

Nassowanno Block, Palmer, Mass.

March 4, 1865.

PETROLEUM STOCKS

Are now attracting much attention, as

They Pay Larger Dividends

than any other stocks in the market, ranging from

One to Five per Cent. per Month.

Parties wishing to subscribe for stock in the "Great Basin" the "Massachusetts & Oil Creek," the "New England," "Fuller Farm," or other first-class oil companies, or in the

Montezuma Gold Mining Company,

the ore of which assays at over $8,000 per cord, can do so at the office of

Palmer, Jan. 21, 1865. JAS. G. ALLEN.

Manhood: How Lost, How Restored.

JUST PUBLISHED, a new edition of DR. CULVERWELL'S CELEBRATED ESSAY on the Radical Cure (without medicine) of Spermatorrhœa, or seminal weakness, Involuntary Seminal Losses, Impotency, Mental and physical Incapacity; Impediments to Marriage, etc.; also, Consumption, Epilepsy, and Fits, induced by self-indulgence or sexual extravagance.

☞ Price, in a sealed envelope, only six cents.

The celebrated author, in this admirable essay, clearly demonstrates, from a thirty years' successful practice, that the alarming consequences of self-abuse may be radically cured without the dangerous use of internal medicine, or the application of the knife—pointing out a mode of cure at once simple, certain, and effectual, by means of which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately, and radically.

☞ This Lecture should be in the hands of every youth and every man in the land.

Sent under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address, post-paid, on receipt of six cents or two post stamps. Address the publishers,

CHAS. J. C. KLINE & CO.,

127 Bowery, New York, Post Office Box 4,586.

IF YOU WANT

A GOOD ARTICLE

—OF—

READY-MADE CLOTHING

For a Little Money,

Call at D. MULVIHILL'S,

Palmer, March 4, 1865. Nassowanno Block.

ANOTHER LOT Fresh Ground of KENT'S East India and OLMITZ' COFFEES,

The best out. At NEWTON & CO'S, Nassowanno Block, Palmer.

GRASS SEEDS.

HERDS GRASS, RED TOP, CLOVER, and MILLET, at the Agricultural Store in Ware.

April 29, 1865. GEO. ROBINSON.

FIRE AND LIFE

INSURANCE AGENCY.

Ætna Insurance Company,
HARTFORD, CT.
Capital.....$1,500,000

Hartford Fire Ins. Company,
HARTFORD, CT.
Capital.....$1,000,000

Phœnix Insurance Company,
HARTFORD, CT.
Capital.....$400,000

Springfield Fire & Marine Ins. Co.,
SPRINGFIELD, MASS.
Capital and Surplus.....$567,863 17

Norwich Fire Insurance Company,
NORWICH, CT.
Capital.....$300,000

INSURANCE AGAINST FIRE,

ON FACTORIES, STORES, DWELLING Houses, Barns, &c.,

Effected on MOST REASONABLE TERMS, in the Best Companies.

Also; Life Insurance

Effected on good risks in the best Mutual Companies.

Address or apply to

E. F. MORRIS,

MONSON, MASS.

June 25, 1861—1y.

DENTISTRY.

DR. J. B. GOULD,

Surgical and Mechanical Dentist,

Palmer, Mass.

respectfully informs the Citizens of Palmer and vicinity that he has located himself in this place as a permanent Dentist, and hopes by strict attention to business to win the patronage of the public.

The Most Difficult Operations in Dentistry Performed with Care.

One of the most important and often neglected duties of the age is the preservation of the Natural Teeth, and to this end none should neglect having them frequently examined by a Dentist, that decay and other imperfections may be seasonably remedied. Children's teeth should receive frequent and careful attention, to prevent irregularities or decay.

ARTIFICIAL TEETH

inserted on the improved principle of atmospheric pressure. Teeth, from one to an entire set, inserted on Gold, Silver, or Rubber.

A SUPERIOR ARTICLE of DENTRIFICE and TOOTH BRUSHES constantly on hand.

☞ Examinations and advice gratis.

☞ All operations warranted.

TERMS REASONABLE.

TESTIMONIALS:

The undersigned, citizens of Monson, have employed Mr. J. B. Gould, in his regular practice as Dentist, with satisfaction, and would cheerfully recommend him to the citizens of this and adjoining towns, as skillful in all branches of this business. They are happy also to commend him as a man of good principles and high moral character.

Rev. T. G. Colton.	Marcus Keep.
" F. Woods.	S. Darling.
N. F. Rogers.	Dr. J. M. Towne.
E. B. Miles.	" Smith.
Dr. J. McKinstrey.	

n19

Palmer Steam Mill!

THE subscribers, having leased the Steam Mill formerly occupied by Hall & Trumble, offer for sale

A FULL ASSORTMENT OF

FLOUR, GRAIN, MEAL, *FEED, SALT, LIME,* COAL, WOOD, &c,

AT THE LOWEST MARKET PRICES.

CASH PAID FOR ALL KINDS OF GRAIN.

HOVEY & SUTCLIFFE.

Palmer, Mass., Dec. 20, 1862.

NEW GROCERY STORE!

The undersigned, having purchased the stock of

GROCERIES & PROVISIONS

lately owned by J. P. SHAW, and removed them to their Flour and Grain Store, and having made large additions thereto, are prepared to furnish

FAMILY GROCERIES as CHEAP as at any other establishment in the county.

As we deal largely in

FLOUR AND GRAIN,

we are enabled to make purchases at

LOW FIGURES,

and sell in the same manner.

All kinds of FARMERS' PRODUCE taken in exchange for goods.

☞ Remember the place—

At the Palmer Steam Mill.

HOVEY & SUTCLIFFE.

Palmer, Aug. 29, 1863.

GOVERNMENT

PENSION AGENCY!

GOVERNMENT BOUNTY OF $100

Collected for soldiers who have been discharged from service by reason of wounds or disability, without regard to length of time. Invalid soldiers discharged from service, and the widows and orphans of soldiers who died in the U. States service, or of wounds or disease contracted in line of duty, are entitled to pensions. All pension claims against the government, and claims for arrears of pay and bounty, will be promptly attended to and collected at the lowest rates. No charge made to the soldier unless the claim is successful.

This Agency is duly licensed, and the undersigned does his business direct with the authorities at Washington, and not through third parties.

JAS. G. ALLEN. Counsellor & Attorney.

Palmer, March 21, 1863.

M. P. KNOWLTON,

Attorney and Counsellor at Law.

Post Office Building, south side of Court Square,

SPRINGFIELD, MASS.

Soldiers' Pensions, Bounty, Back Pay, &c., procured promptly and at reasonable rates.

TO LET.

THE ROOMS IN STRONG BLOCK heretofore used as a Tin-shop. Enquire of

Palmer, March 4, 1865. JAS. G. ALLEN.

A Superior Article of Pure Ground JAVA COFFEE,

Also, Kent's East India Coffee, French Breakfast Coffee, &c., for sale at

A. H. PARKS' Store.....Palmer House Block.

PURE Ground Spices, of all kinds, also Bluing, Extracts, Pepper Sauce, &c., for sale at PARKS' STORE, Palmer.

HAMS! DRIED BEEF!
HAMS! DRIED APPLES!
ALL KINDS OF FISH!
At NEWTON & Co's . . . Palmer, Mass.

HEALTH

HELMBOLD'S

FLUID EXTRACT

BUCHU.

For Non-Retention or Incontinence of Urine, Inflammation or Ulceration of the Bladder or Kidneys, Diseases of the Prostrate Gland, Gravel, Brick Dust Deposits, Dropsical Swellings, Organic Weakness, Debility, Female Complaints, &c.

Helmbold's Fluid Extract Buchu and

IMPROVED ROSE WASH

Will radically exterminate from the system Diseases arising from habits of Dissipation, at little expense, little or no change of diet, no inconvenience or exposure, completely superseding those unpleasant and dangerous remedies, Copabia and Mercury, in curing these diseases.

USE HELMBOLD'S

FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU

In all Diseases of the Urinary Organs, whether existing in MALE OR FEMALE, *from whatever cause originating,* and no matter of how long standing. It is pleasant in its taste and odor, IMMEDIATE in action, and more strengthening than any of the preparations of Bark or Iron.

Those suffering from Broken Down or Delicate Constitutions, *procure the Remedy at once.*

The reader must be aware that however slight may be the attack of the above diseases, it is certain to affect his *Bodily Health, Mental Powers and Happiness.* If no treatment is submitted to, Consumption or Insanity may ensue.

All the above diseases require the aid of a diuretic.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU

IS THE GREAT DIURETIC.

HELMBOLD'S

HIGHLY CONCENTRATED COMPOUND

FLUID

EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA,

For purifying the blood, removing all diseases arising from excess and imprudence in life, chronic constitutional diseases arising from an impure state of the blood, and the only reliable and effectual know remedy for the cure of Scrofula, Scald Head, Salt Rheum, Pains and Swellings of the Bones, Ulcerations of the Throat and Legs, Blotches, Pimples on the Face, Tetter, Erpsipelas, and all scaly eruptions of the skin, and beautifying the complexion.

AND

HAPPINESS

NOT A FEW

Of the worst disorders that afflict mankind arise from the corruption that accumulates in the Blood. Of all the discoveries that have been made to purge it out, none can equal in effect Helmbold's Compound Extract of Sarsaparilla. It cleanses and renovates the Blood, instills the vigor of health into the system and purges out the humors which make disease. It stimulates the healthy functions of the body, and expels the disorders that grow and rankle in the blood. Such a remedy, that could be relied on, has long been sought for, and now, for the first time, the public have one on which they can depend. Our space here does not admit of certificates to show its effects, but the trial of a single bottle will show to the sick that it has virtues surpassing anything they have ever taken.

Two tablespoonsful of the Extract of Sarsaparilla, added to a pint of water, is equal to the Lisbon Diet Drink, and one bottle is equal to a gallon of the Syrup of Sarsaparilla, or the decoction as usually made.

The above Extracts are prepared on purely scientific principles—in Vacuo—and embody the full strength of the ingredients entering into their composition. A ready and conclusive test will be a comparison of their properties with those set forth in the U. S. Dispensatory.

HOW TO USE THE REMEDIES.

In diseases of the Blood, Humors on the Face, or any and every part of the body, use Extract Sarsaparilla, applying to Pimples and all external Humors or Eruptions the Improved Rose Wash.

Use the Extract Buchu for all diseases requiring the aid of a Diuretic, except those of the Urinary Organs, such as Gonorrhœa and Gleet; in these use the Extract Buchu and inject with the Improved Rose Wash.

☞ THESE EXTRACTS HAVE BEEN ADMITTED TO USE IN THE UNITED STATES ARMY, and are in very general use in all the STATE HOSPITALS and Public Institutions throughout the land, as well as in private practice, and are considered as invaluable remedies.

Medicine delivered to Any Address.

Direct letters to—

HELMBOLD'S DRUG & CHEMICAL WAREHOUSE,

594 Broadway, New York,

Next Metropolitan Hotel, or to

HELMBOLD'S MEDICAL DEPOT,

104 South Tenth St., Philadelphia,

Assembly Buildings.

Describe Symptoms in all Communication.

☞ Sold by all Druggists everywhere.

☞ Beware of Counterfeits.

☞ Ask for Helmbold's. Take no Other.

Feb. 25. 1y.

SECURED.

DR. VELPAU'S FRENCH PILLS.

LADIES, TAKE PARTICULAR NOTICE.

THE REAL VELPAU FEMALE PILL.

[Warranted French.]

These Pills, so celebrated many years ago in Paris, for the relief of female irregularities, and afterward so notorious for their criminal employment in the practice of abortion, are now offered for sale for the first time in America. They have been kept in comparative security from the fact that the originator, Dr. Velpau, is a physician in Paris, of great wealth and strictly conscientious principles, and has withheld them from general use lest they should be employed for unlawful purposes. In overcoming Female Obstructions, Falling of the Womb, Whites, Green Sickness, Suppression, Retention, or Immoderate flow of the monthly discharges, they seem to be truly omnipotent, bursting open the flood gates from whatever cause may have stopped them; but they are offered to the public only for legitimate uses and all agents are forbidden to sell them when it is understood that the object is unlawful. Married ladies should never take them when there is any reason to believe themselves pregnant, for they will be sure to produce a miscarriage.

These Pills are entirely safe under all circumstances, being composed entirely of substances from the vegetable kingdom.

Each box has the coat of arms for the city of Paris stamped on the box, with the words "Trade Mark" in French, to counterfeit which is a misdemeanor, and all persons will be dealt with according to law.

☞ Full directions accompany every box.

Ladies can obtain a box sealed from the eyes of the curious, by enclosing one dollar and six post-office stamps to any respectable druggists, or to O. C. STAPLES, General Agent for the United States, Watertown, N. Y.

For sale in Palmer by Wood & Allen, and Dr. Wm. Holbrook. n51y.

DR. WISTAR'S

BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY,

THE GREAT REMEDY FOR

CONSUMPTION,

And acknowledged by many prominent physicians to be by far the most Reliable Preparation ever introduced for the Relief and cure of all

LUNG COMPLAINTS.

This well-known remedy is offered to the public, sanctioned by the experience of over forty years, and when resorted to in season, seldom fails to effect a speedy cure of

Coughs, Colds, Croup, Bronchitis, Influenza, Whooping Cough, Hoarseness, Pains or Soreness in the Chest and Side, Bleeding at the Lungs, Liver Complaints, &c., &c.

Its complete success in many cases of confirmed consumption has reversed the opinion so long entertained, that this much dreaded disease is incurable.

To those who have already made use of this Remedy, no appeal is necessary. To those who have not, we have only to refer them to the written testimonials of many of our most distinguished citizens, who have been restored to health when the expectation of being cured was indeed a "forlorn hope." We have space only for the following

Unsolicited Testimony.

From REV. FRANCIS LOBDELL, Pastor of the South ong. church, Bridgeport, t.

BRIDGEPORT, Jan. 1, 1864.

Messrs. SETH W. FOWLE & Co.—Gentlemen: I consider it a duty which I owe to suffering humanity, to bear testimony to the virtues of Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry. I have used it—when I have had occasion for any remedy for Coughs, Colds, or Sore Throat—for many years, and never, in a single instance, has it failed to relieve and cure me. I have frequently been very hoarse on Saturday, and looked forward to the delivery of two sermons on the following day with sad misgivings, but by a liberal use of the Balsam my hoarseness has invariably been removed, and I have preached without difficulty. I commend it to my brethren in the ministry, and to public speakers generally, as a certain remedy for the bronchial troubles to which we are peculiarly exposed.

Entirely unsolicited I send you this testimonial, which you are at liberty to use in any way you choose. Perhaps the Balsam does not affect all persons alike, but it always removes my hoarseness, and fits me for the minister's hard-working day—the Sabbath.

Very truly yours, FRANCIS LOBDELL.

Clergymen, Lawyers, Singers,

and all those whose occupation requires an unusual exercise of the vocal organs, will find this the Only Remedy which will effectually and instantaneously relieve their difficulties. This Remedy, unlike most others, is not only not nauseous, but is extremely

PLEASANT TO TASTE.

A small quantity allowed to pass over the irritated part at once removes the difficulty.

WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY

IS PREPARED BY

SETH W. FOWLE & CO.,

18 TREMONT STREET, BOSTON,

1ys10. and is sold by all druggists. eow.

REDDING'S RUSSIA SALVE

HEALS OLD SORES.

REDDING'S RUSSIA SALVE cures Burns, Scalds, Cuts.

REDDING'S RUSSIA SALVE cures Wounds, Bruises, Sprains.

REDDINGS' RUSSIA SALVE cures Boils, Ulcers, Cancers.

REDDING'S RUSSIA SALVE cures Salt Rheum, Piles, Erysipelas.

REDDING'S RUSSIA SALVE cures Ringworms, Corns, &c.

☞ No family should be without it. Only 25 cents a box. For sale by

SETH W. FOWLE & CO., Boston, Mass and by all druggists and country storekeepers.

HALL'S VEGETABLE

SICILIAN HAIR RENEWER,

THE best preparation for the Hair. It will immediately free the head from all dandruff, restore the hair to its natural color, and produce a new growth where it has fallen off. It will stop the falling out of the hair in a few days, if faithfully applied, and it will turn gray hair to its original color. Price, one dollar. A large lot just received, and for sale by the bottle or dozen.

WOOD & ALLEN,

Palmer, Mass., Feb. 11, 1865. 1y

ANY BOOK WANTED!

CAN be obtained at short notice by leaving orders at our store. A select assortment of STANDARD WORKS on hand, together with TOY BOOKS and BOOKS FOR YOUTH.

Also, different styles of

Pocket Bibles and Testaments,

PHOTOGRAPH ALBUMS, &C.

Give us a Call.

WOOD & ALLEN,

Palmer, Feb. 11, 1865. tf

REMOVED.

I HAVE removed my shop from Commercial Block to the new building adjoining the Journal Office, where I am prepared to make

BOOTS AND SHOES.

and do REPAIRING at short notice.

CALVIN HITCHCOCK.

Palmer, April 8, 1865.

GEO. S. BOSWORTH,

CARPENTER AND JOINER,

—AND DEALER IN—

Doors, Sash, Blinds, Framing Timber, &c., &c.

Doors, Sash, and Blinds constantly on hand. All kinds of jobbing done to order. Palmer, Jan. 30

ENVELOPES, embellished with Business Cards, furnished at this office.

POTASH, at NEWTON & CO'S, Palmer. Of the best quality

AMERICAN AND FOREIGN PATENTS.

R. H. EDDY,

SOLICITOR OF PATENTS,

Late Agent of U. S. Patent Office, Washington' (under the Act of 1837.)

76 STATE ST.....opp. Kilby st.....BOSTON

After an extensive practice of upwards of twenty years, continues to secure Patents in the United States, also in Great Britain, France, and other foreign countries. Caveats, Specifications, Bonds, Assignments, and all Papers or Drawings for Patents executed on liberal terms, and with dispatch. Researches made into American or Foreign works to determine the validity or utility of Patents or inventions—and legal or other advice rendered in all matters touching the same. Copies of the claims of any patent furnished by remitting one dollar. Assignments recorded at Washington.

The Agency is not only the largest in New England, but through it inventors have advantages for securing Patents, of ascertaining the patenability of inventions, unsurpassed by, if not immeasurably superior to any which can be offered them elsewhere. The Testimonials below given prove that none is MORE SUCCESSFUL AT THE PATENT OFFICE than the subscriber, and as SUCCESS IS THE BEST PROOF OF ADVANTAGES AND ABILITY, he would add that he has abundant reason to believe, and can prove, that at no other office of the kind are the charges for professional services so moderate. The immense practice of the subscriber during the twelve years past has enabled him to accumulate a vast collection of specifications and official decisions relative to patents.

These, besides his extensive library of legal and mechanical works, and full accounts of patents granted in the United States and Europe, render him able, beyond question, to offer superior facilities for obtaining Patents.

All necessity of a journey to Washington to procure a Patent, and the usual great delay there, are here saved inventors.

TESTIMONIALS.

"I regard Mr. Eddy as one of the MOST CAPABLE and SUCCESSFUL practitioners with whom I have had official intercourse." CHAS. MASON.
Commissioner of Patents.

"I have no hesitation in assuring inventors that they cannot employ a person more competent and trustworthy, and more capable of putting their applications in a form to secure for them an early and favorable consideration at the Patent Office."
EDMUND BURKE.
Late Commissioner of Patents.

"Mr. R. H. Eddy has made for me THIRTEEN applications, on all but one of which patents have been granted, and that is now pending. Such unmistakeable proof of great talent and ability on his part leads me to recommend ALL inventors to apply to him to procure their patents, as they may be sure of having the most faithful attention bestowed on their cases, and at very reasonable charges." JOHN TAGGART.

During eight months, the subscriber, in course of his large practice, made on TWICE rejected applications, SIXTEEN APPEALS, EVERY ONE of which was decided in his favor by the Commissioner of Patents. R. H. EDDY.

January 1, 1865. 1y

E. & H. T. ANTHONY & CO.,

Manufacturers of Photographic Materials,

Wholesale and Retail.

501 BROADWAY . . . . NEW YORK.

In addition to our main business of PHOTOGRAPHIC MATERIALS, we are headquarters for the following, viz.:

Stereoscopes and Stereoscopic Views.

Of these we have an immense assortment, including War Scenes, American and Foreign Cities and Landscapes, Groups, Statuary, &c., &c. Also, Re-coloring Stereoscopes, for public or private exhibition. Our Catalogue will be sent to any address on receipt of stamp.

PHOTOGRAPHIC ALBUMS.

We were the first to introduce these into the United States, and we manufacture immense quantities in great variety, ranging in price from 50 cts. to $50 each. Our Albums have the reputation of being superior in beauty and durability to any others. They will be sent by mail, FREE, on receipt of price.

FINE ALBUMS MADE TO ORDER.

CARD PHOTOGRAPHS.

Our Catalogue now embraces over FIVE THOUSAND different subjects, to which additions are continually being made, of Portraits of Eminent Americans, &c., viz.: about

100 Major Generals,	550 Statesmen,
400 Brig.-Generals,	139 Divines,
275 Colonels,	125 Authors,
200 Lieut.-Colonels,	40 Artists,
150 Other Officers,	125 Stage,
75 Navy Officers,	50 Prominent Women,

150 Prominent Foreign Portraits,
3,000 Copies of Works of Art.

including reproductions of the most celebrated Engravings, Paintings, Statutes, &c. Catalogues sent on receipt of stamp. An order for One Dozen Pictures from our Catalogue will be filled on the receipt of $1.30, and sent by mail, FREE.

Photographers and others, ordering goods C.O.D. will please remit 25 per cent. of the amount with their order. E. & H. T. ANTHONY & CO.,
Manufacturers of Photographic Materials.
501 Broadway, New York.

☞ The prices and quality of our goods cannot fail to satisfy. n19ly

Caution to Females in Delicate Health.

DR. DOW,

Physician and Surgeon, 7 Endicott st., Boston,

IS consulted daily for all diseases incident to the female system. Prolapsus Uteri, or Falling of the Womb, Fluor Albus, Suppression, and other Menstrual derangements, are all treated on new pathological principles, and speedy relief guaranteed in a very few days. So invariably certain is the new mode of treatment, that most obstinate complaints yield under it, and the most afflicted person soon rejoices in perfect health.

Dr. Dow has no doubt had greater experience in the cure of diseases of women than any other physician in Boston.

Boarding accommodations for patients who may wish to stay in Boston a few days under his treatment.

Dr. Dow, since 1845, having confined his whole attention to an office practice for the cure of Private Diseases and Female Complaints, acknowledges no superior in the United States.

N. B.—All letters must contain one dollar, or they will not be answered.

Office hours from 8 A. M. to 9 P. M.

Boston, July 30, 1864. 1y.

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THE subscriber has taken the shop lately occupied by A. M. Titus, and will attend to all orders for

Painting, Graining, Paper Hanging, &c.,

at short notice. Special attention given to

SIGN PAINTING.

A. W. CLARK.

Palmer, April 8, 1865.

FOX & HOLBROOK,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

FRESH FISH, OYSTERS,

Fruit, Confectionery, Pies and Cakes, Vegetables

Spruce and Hop Beer, Soda,

And SOLE AGENTS in Eastern Hampden for Millard & Waterbury's Hudson Pale Ale.

Nassowanno Block.....Palmer, Mass.

M. FOX. Feb. 20, 1864. C. HOLBROOK.

A TIMELY WARNING.

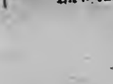
DISEASES of the Urinary and Sexual Organs, the result of Self-abuse, Sexual Excesses, &c. Reports on the above, supplying the means of cure, sent free on receipt of a red stamp.

Address JOHN D. WILLIAMS,
a21. P. O. box, 2353, Philadelphia, Pa.

The New 7 3-10 Treasury Notes

ARE on hand and for sale at the MONSON NATIONAL BANK, in denominations of $50, $100, $500, and $1000.

Monson, Dec. 17. E. F. MORRIS, Cashier.



A. B. COWAN,

DENTIST,

Office and residence in

LAWRENCE BLOCK, PALMER, MASS.

The Palmer Journal.

VOLUME XVI. PALMER, MASS., SATURDAY, JUNE 17, 1865. NUMBER 14.

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY.
—BY—
GORDON M. FISK & Co.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.—Two Dollars a year; a discount of twenty-five cents made to those who pay in advance. Six months, $1; three months, 50 cents.—Single copies, five cents.

ADVERTISEMENTS inserted at the following rates:—One square, one week, $1; 25 cents per square, per week, for each week after the first. One square, one year, without change, $12. One-half square, one year, $7. Legal advertising, $1.75 per square for three insertions. Notices in editorial columns, 20 cents per line; no charge less than $1. Obituary notices, 6 cents per line; no charge less than 25 cents. Notices of funerals, under the head of deaths, 25 cts. each. Special notices, before marriages and deaths, 33⅓ per cent. advance of regular rates. The space occupied by ten lines solid minion type constitutes a square. To merchants advertising their business at above rates discounts will be made of ten per cent. on yearly bills of $50, fifteen per cent. on bills of $75, and twenty-five per cent on bills of $100 and over.

JOB PRINTING, of all kinds, executed in the best style and at short notice.

G. M. FISK. JAS. M'LAUGHLIN.

LOCAL BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

PALMER.

ALBERT BURLEIGH, Carpenter and Joiner, and Dealer in Lumber, Doors, Windows, &c.

A. H. PARKS, Dealer in Family Groceries, Flour, Farmer's Produce, &c.

A. MASON, Refreshment Saloon. Weddings and parties supplied with Cake and Ice Creams.

ANTIQUE HOUSE, by E. B. Shaw, east of railroad bridge.

A. R. MURDOCK, Licensed Auctioneer, Thorndike.

A. W. CLARK, Portrait and Landscape Painter; tudio at his residence.

B. H. JOHNSON, Carpenter and Joiner, and Mover of Buildings.

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BLANCHARD & Co., Dealers in Hardware. Iron, Nails, Carriage Trimmings, Paints, Oils, Glass, &c.

CALVIN HITCHCOCK. Boot and Shoe Maker and Repairer, Commercial Block.

CYRUS KNOX, JR., News Room and Stationery, at the Post Office.

D. MELVIHILL, Merchant Tailor, and dealer in Gent's Furnishing Goods.

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E. BROWN, Dealer in Hardware, Iron, Steel. Paints, Oils, and Glass.

E. S. BROOKS, Repairer of Watches and Jewelry. Nassowanno Block.

E. S. BURWELL, House, Sign, and Carriage Painter, first door south of Caswell's blacksmith shop

FOX & HOLBROOK, Dealers in Fresh Fish. Oysters, Fruit, &c., and ag'ts for various varieties of Ale

F. J. WASSUM, Merchant Tailor and dealer in Gents' Furnishing Goods.

G. M. FISK & COMPANY, Job Printers and agency for Book binding, Lithographing, Engraving, &c.

HENRY JONES, Barber and Hair Dresser. opposite the depot.

H. G. CROSS, Ambrotype and Photograph Rooms, Strong Block,

H. MCMASTER, Livery Feeding, and Boarding Stable.

HOVEY & SUTCLIFFE, wholesale and retail dealer in Flour, Meal, Grain and Feed.

H. W. MUNGER, Merchant Tailor, and manufacturer of Custom Clothing.

IRON FOUNDRY, by John A. Squier, Furnace street.

J. G. ALLEN, Counsellor and Attorney at Law, Notary Public, and General Insurance Agent.

J. H. BLAIR, Attorney and Counsellor at Law, office in Waite's Block, opposite Antique House.

JOHN FEENEY, Eating Saloon, opposite the depot.

JOHN SHAW, Brick Mason and Plasterer. Residence at the Antique House.

J. S. LOOMIS, Dealer in all kinds of House Furniture, Coffins, and Burial Caskets.

J. W. THOMPSON, Dealer in Groceries, Crockery, Provisions, Flour.

LOOMIS & ELSBREE, Carriage Makers and Repairers, at the old stand of N. Smith & Co.

L. DIMOCK, Dealer in Boots and Shoes, Center Store Palmer House Block.

MRS. A. C. COLLINS, Dealer in Millinery and Fancy Goods.

NESSOWANNO HOUSE, by J. W. Weeks, opposite the depot.

NEWTON & Co., Dealers in Groceries, Flour, Feed, Crockery, Glassware, &c., Nassowanno Block.

N. PIPER, Manufacturer of Monuments, Tombstones, and other Marble Works.

P. P. KELLOGG, Dealer in Dry Goods, Groceries, Ready Made Clothing, Boots, Shoes, &c.

S. G. NEWTON, Deputy Sheriff, for Hampden County.

SHAW & NICHOLS, Dealers in Flour, Grain, Meal, Feed, Lime, Salt, Lime &c., McGilvray Block.

SMITH & CONVERSE, Dealers in Dry Goods, and Groceries, opposite the depot.

S. R. LAWRENCE & Co. will pay the Highest Market Price for Hides and Skins deliv'd at their Market

WM. BARNES & Co., Dealers in Stoves, Tin Ware, Pipe, &c.

WM. MERRIAM, Currier and Retail Dealer in all kinds of Leather.

WOOD & ALLEN, Druggists, and dealers in Medicines and Fancy Articles.

W. W. CROSS, Dealer in Dry Goods, Millinery, Carpets, and Crockery Ware.

WARE.

BYRNS & Co., Staple and Fancy Bakers, opposite the Hotel, Main street.

E. F. HITCHCOCK, Dealer in Stoves, and manufacturer of Tin Ware, &c.

F. D. RICHARDS, Attorney and Counsellor at Law.

F. L. CHAPIN, Life Insurance Agent, office at the Savings Bank.

G. C. HOLDEN, Dealer in Fruit, Confectionery, Pies, Cakes, Oysters and Ice Cream.

GEO. ROBINSON, Dealer in Hardware, Agricultural and Mechanic Tools, Paints, Oils, and Glass, Furniture and Wooden Ware. Especial attention given to Framing Pictures.

H. S. PARSONS, Dealer in Fine Watches and Jewelry, Agent for Florence Sewing Machines.

MRS. A. F. STRICKLAND, Dress and Cloak Maker. Room opposite the Bank, up stairs.

P. D. WILLIS, Dealer in Dry Goods, Groceries, Boots, Shoes, Flour, Fish, Crockery, &c.

S. B. WITHERELL, Dealer in Furnaces and Stoves, and Tin, Iron and Copper Work.

WM. MCKINSTREY, Merchant Tailor and Manufacturer of Custom Clothing, opposite the Bank.

WM. O. GOULD, Dealer in Millinery of all kinds, Demond's Block, Main street, up stairs.

Thoughtless Words.

Rememberest thou a little word.
A thoughtless word in anger spoken.
A word that pierced a gentle heart,
And left on some bright cheek its token?

Rememberest thou how pride rose up,
And neither asked to be forgiven.
And how that dear one drooped and died.
And went in youth's bright noon to Heav'n?

Rememberest thou his parting kiss,
And how he pressed thy hand in dying?
He would not have thee think him wronged,
When cold in death his form was lying.

Rememberest thou through wasting years,
How kind he was, how fond he loved thee?
And yet when he was all thine own.
How little his affection moved thee!

'Twas deemed a trifle once,
But years of grief are made of these—
O. God, how oft one little word,
Makes sad and deathless memories!

LEICESTER, MASS., June 7, 1865. S. P. P.

ASTOUNDING DELUSION!

FROM THE PONTAIC (MICHIGAN) JACKSONIAN.

Revolting and shocking to the moral sense as are the details of the offense as brought to light by the evidence, the enlightened and cultivated mind at once loses sight of them in an unavailing effort to fathom a hallucination which involved two whole families, for nearly twenty years, and which was the percursor and accompaniament of a crime which has also destroyed the peace and happiness of these families, and disgraced a moral community.

Uri Adams, the defendant, is a farmer in easy circumstances, aged some sixty years; a resident of Avon, near the village of Rochester, Oakland county, Mich., where he has resided some thirty years, and aside from the suspicions which have for many years existed in the community where he lives, regarding the immoralities now brought to light, has borne a good character. He is an intelligent man, of fair personal appearance, and one who exhibits no outward indication of the depravity which a jury of his peers has pronounced against him.

As long ago as 1840 or 1841, Adams together with two or three brothers, his then living second wife, and a sister, were believers in the doctrine of the Second Advent of Christ; otherwise called Millerites. There was nothing at that time, either in the deportment of Adams, or any of his family, that attracted the undue attention or excited the suspicion of his neighbors. The family, Uri Adams included, seemed honest and consistent in their religious convictions and devotions, and were as peaceable and harmonious in them as are the adherents to any religious faith. The autumn of 1844, was the time fixed for the coming of Christ. It was believed he would appear in the clouds of heaven, and that in some miraculous manner all the faithful would be by him saved, while the remainder, constituting of course the great mass of humanity, would be forever lost.—Christ did not appear as expected, yet these enthusiasts still clung to their visionary theory.

About this time Adams became acquainted with his victim, Mrs. Jane E. Gillett, who with her husband, then resided in the township of Bloomfield. Gillett and his wife were also disappointed believers in the second coming, and were, like the Adamses, casting about for some new light upon which to pin their faith as to the period of time and the manner of the Advent. Gillett who was the complainant in this case, is a simple-minded, inoffensive, honest man, not remarkable for foresight or sagacity, and the dreamy, visionary temperament peculiar to all who have in most ardently and enthusiastically embraced the wild religious fantasies that have from time to time arisen for a brief hour in this country. His wife was far from being a counterpart. And it is in contemplating the history, character, attainments, mind, and apparent temperament of this woman that those conversant with this case are lost in their efforts to fathom its mysteries.

Mrs. Gillett was from a most respectable family and has living in this vicinity many relatives, all above reproach, and several of them standing high in society. In early life a teacher, she possesses qualities of mind which, but for the singular hallucination which has followed her for years, would have raised her quite above mediocrity. Since early childhood, and down to the lamentable period of her acquaintance with Uri Adams—yea, even up to the time when her husband made complaint against him, no one, with all the suspicion against Adams and others of his household, had suspected the chastity of this woman. More singularly than all, notwithstanding her own testimony, there are many who, believing it implicitly, yet as firmly believe in her present virtue, and the testimony which follows will show the ground of their faith in her.

Gillett and his wife and family not long after their disappointment in regard to the coming of Christ removed to Avon, and commenced living on a farm of Adams', situated but a few rods from his own dwelling. It appears from the evidence that the visionary mind of Gillett eventually wrought out a singular theory as to Christ's coming. He conceived that he had been mistaken in the manner as well as the date of that appearance and now became "impressed," as he termed it, that Christ would appear in the person of one of the faithful. This he communicated to Uri Adams, who, as events have justified us in believing, seized upon the idea as one he might turn to his worldly and carnal advantage. He at once deliberatly set about the hellish work of enslaving the body and destroying the soul of at least one of the innocent and deluded believers who surrounded him. By representing to the credulous Gillett that he had had remarkable visions and strange dreams, the latter already looking for Christ to appear in the body of some one, was easily induced to accept as true the ridiculous dogma that Uri Adams had died and that Christ himself had taken possession of the body of the defunct Uri. One or two of the brothers of Uri were incredulous, but with these exceptions, including a brother and sister now dead, gave in their adhesion to the new faith.

Not long after this, a girl named Eliza Jane Warner came upon the stage where these mad fantasies were being enacted, and Adams' wife having died, this girl took her place of mistress of the house, if she did not that as the person of Uri Adams. All under the roof of "Jesus Christ" were required to yield obedience and homage to Uri and the girl. Adams announced extravagant and unheard of edicts and among them was one dissolving all worldly family ties and combining all into one family, with himself and this girl (whom he married and who is at present his wife) as the respective male and female heads. He caused to be erected a sort of throne, and upon this throne, clothed in white raiment, he issued his edicts, obedience to which was rewarded with "eternal life," and the penalty for disobedience to which was "eternal death." No one was allowed to pass his majesty without kneeling, and the women of his harem washed his feet in holy awe. He declared spiritual marriage contracts—gave scriptural names to his followers, and made them scriptural personages. The women of his household worked like slaves in his fields, and we are told were clad like slaves. To sustain his pretended character with the world outside his domains, and to conceal his real designs, he even sought notoriety as "Jesus Christ," and drove about the streets with bells upon his horse in mid-summer to attract attention and remark.

But suspicion fast settled down upon the minds of the community where he lived that all was not as is it seemed to be at the house of Adams. It was rumored that illegitimate children had been born there, and that a complete system of prostitution to his beastly lust existed. Adultery and even incest was whispered from mouth to mouth against him. Fruitless attempts were made to substantiate in the courts of law what was firmly believed to be true of this man. The women of his household, consisting of Mrs. Gillett, his present wife, and his sister, seemed to be infatuated with him, and his brothers who had believed in the original doctrine of Christ's second advent but discarded Uri Adams as the personage, made vain efforts even by force to leave him. After a time the brother, and then the sister of Adams, who remained with him as believers, died, and yet with this evidence before them that obedience to "Christ" was not eternal life, Gillett and his wife remained for a time and hugged the chains of a bondage which they declared in their evidence was killing them by inches.—But as all things came ultimately to an end so did this terrible spell, and Gillett—the simple minded Gillett—strange to say, was the first to muster courage to break it. He survived the daring experiment of leaving, and this with other transactions, gradually opened the eyes of the deluded but lost woman, and then she, too, "rebelled" against her Lord and master.

Emerging into the clear light of reason once more, Mrs. Gillett was struck with horror at the transactions of the past, and saw in all its enormity the crime of adultery that she, for ten long years had been committing with this more than a monster, Uri Adams. The dark shadow of fanatical idolitry and she became a woman, possessed of all the attributes of true womanhood again, and she straightway communicated the dark deeds of the past to her husband. Mr. Gillett at once filed information against Adams for incest with his sister, and adultery with Mrs. Gillett. Upon this information of adultery Adams was examined and bound over for trial, upon charge of adultery.

Thus have we given a brief history of the case. It was managed on the part of the prosecution and defence with signal ability, the latter relying mainly upon rebutting testimony and the law as applicable to the case. The trial occupied but about two days, was submitted to the jury on the third day, who, after an absence of nearly an hour, returned a verdict of GUILTY, and Adams was subsequently sentenced to imprisonment in the State Prison, at Jackson for the term of one year.

SECESH GHOSTS FORESHADOWED.—When General Sherman's army occupied Savannah the citizens pleaded starvation and asked to be fed. Amongst other applications, several ladies called upon the Provost Marshal of the Western District and unfolded a horrible story of suffering. The gallant Gen. B——, impressed with the tale, seated himself to write the order for supplies. While so engaged some remark was made about the termination of the war. Whereupon one of the suffering applicants opened upon the General as follows:

"This war won't be terminated until you kill all the men, and then we women will fight you, and if you kill all of us, it won't be terminated then, we'll come back as ghosts and haunt you." This sanguinary oration, delivered with all the venom of a southern beggar, quite appalled the General, who quietly tore up the order he was writing, saying:

"If such be the case, I think you might as well die of starvation, as then your ghosts may be too weak to haunt us." And he coolly but politely bowed the lady mendicants in the street.

CLERICAL PROWESS.—The Lawrence American gives the following extract from the ancient records of the town of Andover, in the year 1645:

Capt. John Chandler, celebrated for wrestling, finding no champion in Andover who could throw him, and being informed that Rev. Mr. Wise of Ipswich, exceeded in this art and had not been thrown, made a journey on purpose to try his strength and skill. Mr. Wise, on being requested to wrestle, declined having relinquished the practice as unsuitable to his profession. Being earnestly solicited by Mr. Chandler, they went into the door yard, which was fenced by a wall set into the bank, took hold and began to play, when Mr. Wise suddenly with a trip and twitch threw him over the wall upon his back. Another trial was not made.

☞Good men are human suns! They brighten and warm whenever they pass.—Fools count them mad till death wrenches open foolish eyes. They are not often sung by poets when they die; but the hearts they heal and their own are their own rich reward on earth, and their place is high in heaven.

☞It takes but a moment to cloud a lovely morning, and a slight misdeed may mar the happiness of a lifetime.

A SAILOR'S FUNERAL AND GRAVE.

How wonderful is the mantle with which the deep sea bottom is found to be covered! The dream of Clarence could not be realized at the bottom of "blue water." The gold and gems which he saw in such profusion may sink into those depths; but, instead of remaining exposed, they must soon be covered up by the showers of falling shells. Yes, and the dead, too. The bodies which are dropped into the deep sea do not want due burial.—We landsmen are apt to think with a shudder of the sailor's funeral. Yet it is an impressive ceremony. When any one dies on board a man-of-war, his body is sewed up in a hammock, with one or two cannon balls securely fastened to his feet. It is then stretched on a plank at the gangway, and all hands are summoned on deck to "bury the dead."—The funeral services being read, the plank is tilted, and the body slides, feet foremost, into the sea. Should this happen out in "blue water," we have little difficulty in imagining what will follow. We shall suppose the body, in its descent, to pass safely through the region of fishes, into the depths where no living thing is. Down and still down it sinks, until, at last, it reaches the bottom, to which its feet are tied, as it were, by the weight of the cannon balls attached to them. The rest of the body, however, will be buoyed up by the water; hence, it will assume and retain a standing position. Nor is it likely that it will soon decay. Many of the shells brought up by Brooke's apparatus actually contain in them the fleshy parts of their inhabitants.—So that, in all probability, we may conclude that the sea embalms its dead. Yet let us not suppose that, if the waters were drained off, we should see a dreadful array of dead men standing on the ocean bed. Such a scene would be far more terrible than any which the poet's fancy has ever dared to paint. But it is a scene which has, doubtless, no existence; for the little mites of shells which are constantly falling must soon cover up the bodies of the ocean's mightiest dead, as they sink successively to the bottom.—*Rev. John Black.*

SHOW FURNITURE.

Furniture too good to be used is a nuisance. What can be more unpleasant than the aspect of a room, or a suite of rooms, where everything is bagged up? Chairs and sofas in pinafores, mirrors in muslins, a droggeted carpet, a hearth rug wrong side out, and a chandelier in a sack, seen by rays of light that struggle in edgewise, through the slits in the shutters, and exhaling that peculiar brown Holland fragrance which belongs to drawing-rooms in masquerade dress, form one of the most cheerless, dispiriting, inhuman-like spectacles in the dioramas of human life. We would as lief be ushered into a vault as into such an apartment. Why do people buy magnificent furniture to clothe it in hideous disguises? Does the glory of exhibiting the articles undressed half a dozen evenings in the year pay for the cost and trouble? The miser enjoys the flashing lustre of his gold every time he lifts the lid of his strong box, but what pleasure can there be in possessing a species of property that is invisible to the owner three hundred and fifty days out of every three hundred and sixty-five? Give us furniture that is made for wear—tables upon which you can bring down your fist with an emphasis without throwing the lady of the house into hysterics—chairs that you can lean back in; in a word, give us comfort, and let us wear things out. It is provoking to see chairs and sofas preserved for years without spot or blemish, while the wrinkles are multiplying in the face and the gray hairs on the head of the proprietor.

WHAT TO READ.—Are you deficient in taste? Read the best English poets, such as Gray and Goldsmith, Pope and Thompson, Cowper and Coleridge, Scott and Wordsworth.

Are you deficient in imagination? Read Milton, and Akenside, and Burke.

Are you deficient in judgement and good sense in the common affairs of life? Read Franklin.

Are you deficient in the power of reason? Read Chillingworth, and Bacon, and Locke.

Are you deficient in sensibility? Read Goethe and Mackenzie.

Are you deficient in vigor of style? Read Junius and Fox.

Are you deficient in political knowledge? Read Montesquieu, the "Federalist," Webster and Calhoun.

Are you deficient in patriotism? Read Demosthenes, and the "Life of Washington."

Are you deficient in conscience? Read some of President Edward's works.

Are you deficient in holiness? Read the Bible.

THE ROCKY MOUNTAIN STATES.—Few have yet begun to realize the extent of the twelve States and Territories on our Western borders, whose vast stores of mineral wealth are yet to attract teeming multitudes to them.

California has 158,685 square miles, containing 101,659,680 acres: Dakota, 148,832 square miles and 95,315,486 acres; Nevada, 31,529 square miles, 52,184,950 acres: Colorado, 104,500 square miles and 66,880,000 acres; New Mexico, 121,201 square miles and 78,568,640 acres; Arizona, 126,141 square miles and 80,730,140 acres; Utah, 106,382 square miles and 68,074,480 acres; Oregoo, 84,248 square miles and 60,658,720 acres; Idaho, 326,375 square miles and 208,878,726 acres; Nebraska, 75,955 square miles and 44,768,160 acres; Washington, 69,994 square miles and 48,636,800 acres; Kansas, 81,318 square miles and 52,043,520 acres; making a total of 1,496,310 square miles and 957,730,400 acres, of which only 61,738,546 have been disposed of. Idaho alone will make five States as large as Pennsylvania or New York.

☞Tillotson says it is hard to personate and act a part long, for where truth is not at the bottom, nature will always be endeavoring to return, and will peep out and betray herself one time or another.

☞Philosophy triumphs easily over past and future evils, but present evils triumph over philosophy.

☞A down east editor declares that modesty is a quality that highly adorns a women; but ruins a man.

A Prayer for My Absent Brother.

Oh, God! I pray to Thee,
Whose watchful eye beholds us day by day,
Whose love supports us in the darkest day;
Thou art still near him though so far away—
Watch o'er him tenderly!

Make him Thy love and care;
Let sweetest peace upon his heart descend;
Be Thou, forevermore, his Guide and Friend;
May the rich blessings of Thy love attend
And guard him everywhere.

Save him from every ill;
Grant that the sorrows of his life be few—
Friends whom he cherishes be fond and true—
And, in the darkest paths he journeys through,
Be with him still.

Make his a holy heart;
May he press onward in Thy fear alway;
Let not temptation and the world gain sway;
And, when his feet would falter by the way,
Thy strength impart.

Bless him, oh God, through all—
When life is beautiful, when life is o'er;
Grant him all happiness forevermore;
Bless him and keep him!—I can ask no more
For the sad tears that fall!

S. P. P.

LEICESTER, MASS., June 2d, 1865.

WOMAN'S WORK.

Slow, dripping, mossy, brown, turns the old mill-wheel, ever running its ceaseless round; or, if it takes rest, it is only at hours when we rest also, so that we do not appreciate it. The old wheel has been mended.—One part of its sturdy frame gave way; and, one day, the carpenter put in a new piece of wood—bright, clear, yellow—in the midst of the gathered moss and rust of years.

Children sit watching it, and, every time the new, bright spot appears, they cry, "There it comes again!" and so they count the revolutions.

Here it comes again.

Women meet and tell their wrongs and cry for redress, and the world would gladly help them. But how? I do not expect to throw much light upon the matter—there is no new thing under the sun—but one cannot well let the subject alone.

Does not this subject bear upon the point? When any commodity is in excess of the demand, prices fall. There is too much woman's labor in the market—not of the highest class, for skill commands almost any price—but poor and ordinary ability to use the needle.

My opinion is that the effects of raising the prices would only make more women turn to sewing for (I will not say a livelihood) an existence. The experiment was tried on a small scale in Cincinnati during a winter of suffering. Benevolent individuals formed an association, bought materials, and furnished work at living prices. No sooner was it known that work was offered than crowds rushed in, and women came from the country and from other places, because work was to be had for money. They had as many poor and as much suffering as ever, and a great quantity of clothing on their hands.

Sewing is an unhealthy employment, and kills by inches if not faster, while the machine work, if followed continuously, is worse than the needle. "A girl was at work for me; she seemed well. One morning she did not come, and two days afterward, a substitute appeared. She said Julia was dead."—This was the history told me many years ago; and no wonder. Only a constitution of iron could stand such wear and tear.

What shall we do?

We do not expect to do anything. We should be glad to convince young girls that varied employment is more useful and more healthful; that household labor is a better apprenticeship for the ordinary course of woman's life, and that only a false pride rejects it.

There must be many women with families, or those who have cares at home, to whom sewing is the only resource; and if there were only these they would be better paid.

As it is, a girl who spends her life at the needle, with scanty sleep and often wretched fare, is but ill-fitted to be a poor man's wife and the mother of his children. She has neither health nor knowledge for her position; and, as there is no school in which she can learn these duties, her best training would be in a well-regulated family.

I have watched the course of many families, and have found thrift, care, economy, and health in those who had been educated at service. Our servants ("help," if you will,) are better fed and lodged than the majority of the sewing women, and that is no small consideration, aside from other points.

"How is it that ——— does not get on better at home?" "Oh! his wife was a teacher, or something, and she does not know how to manage."

We met a well-favored, but pale and worn-looking girl, whose face rather struck me.—"That girl," said my friend, "works in a factory from twelve to fourteen hours a day, with half an hour for dinner—rooms hot, atmosphere foul." "She looks like it. The girl will have no health. I could give her as good wages and better health in my house." "As your servant? She would not go for a thousand dollars—she has too much pride. She is engaged to be married, and is saving her money for her outfit." "I hope her pride will keep her up, poor girl! She will not have much else to go upon—her life is wearing out fast."

And what kind of a housekeeper will she be? Men serve an apprenticeship to any trade or business before they are fit to carry it on for themselves. A woman is expected to be cook, nurse, laundress, housekeeper, without any previous training—trusting to luck or instinct, both of which may fail; and, judging from results, they generally do.

The best place for a girl who cannot live at home is in a well-regulated family, and the worst—mentally, morally, and physically—is a crowded factory or sewing-room.

I do not set this forth as a cure for all the ills complained of—only as the best that circumstances will allow.—*N. Y. Evening Post.*

☞It was a golden query of Dr. Franklin, in answer to one of the importunate letters of Tom Paine: "If men are so wicked with religion, what would they be without it?"

☞Mr. Breckenridge is supposed to have reached Texas. He had better luck than Mr. Davis, but only because he has better powers of estimating the state of affairs.

THE PAINTER AND THE POET.

Joshua Reynolds was apprenticed to Hudson the portrait painter, and while with him the happy boy met with an unexpected delight. He was sent one day to make a purchase for his master at a sale of pictures.—The auction room was crowded, and he was at the upper end of it, next to the auctioneer. There was a hustle near the door, and he presently heard "Mr. Pope, Mr. Pope," whispered through the room. The crowd opened a passage for the poet, and the hands of all were held out to touch him as he passed along bowing to the company on either side. Reynolds, though not in the front row put out his hand under the arm of another person who stood before him, and the hand that had penned the "Rape of the Lock," was shaken by that which was to immortalize on canvas the Belinda's of the coming age, as well as all Pope's successors in genius.

In relating this incident to Malone in after life, Reynolds described Pope as "about 4 feet 6 inches high, very hump-backed, and deformed. He wore a black coat, and according to the fashion of that time, had on a little sword. He had a large and very fine eye, and a long handsome nose; his mouth had those peculiar marks which are always found in the mouths of crooked persons, and the muscles which ran across the cheek were so strongly marked that they seemed like strong cords."

Long after this occurrence Reynolds possessed himself of the fan that Pope presented to Martha Blount, and on which the poet had painted a design of his own, from the story of Cephalous and Procris, with the motto of "Aura Veni." On being asked his opinion of it, Reynolds said it was such as might be expected from one who painted for his amusement—like the performance of a child. This must always be the case where the work is only taken up from idleness and laid aside when it ceases to amuse. But those who are determined to excel must go to their work willing or unwilling, morning, noon, and night and they will find it to be no play, but on the contrary, very hard labor.

NATURE AS AN ARTIST.

Nature never places two inharmonious colors in juxtaposition, but every tint is laid on with the most perfect artistic effect, not a shadow out of place. Her colors are contrasted, never opposed, and even in her wildest moods she still flings down her massive rocks, and pours her foaming water, where the landscape seems to need it most. In the words of the talented author of "The Land we Live in,"—

"Nature is always at work, producing changes which do not show from day to day, but are very striking after a course of years. She disintegrates the rocks, and now and then sends down masses thundering along the ravines, to bridge over a chasm or make a new islet in a pool; she sows her seeds in crevices or on little projections, so that the bare face of the precipice becomes feathered with the rowan and the birch; she draws her carpet of verdure gradually up the bare slopes where she has deposited earth to sustain vegetation; she is forever covering with her exquisite mosses and ferns every spot which has been left unsightly; nothing appears to offend the human eye within a whole circle of hills. She even silently rebukes and repairs the false taste of uneducated man. If he makes his new dwelling of too glaring a white, she tempers it with weather stains; if he indolently leaves the stonewalls and blue slates unrelieved by any neighboring vegetation, she supplies the needful screens by bringing out tufts of delicate fern in the crevices and springing coppice on the nearest slope."

KNOW AND DO.—Why, if a man knew that the ship in which he and his family were sailing, and which contained all his property, was leaking day and night, do you suppose he would be careless about it? Would he not be constantly bailing out the water lest it should sink the vessel with its precious freight? If a man understood that a spark from the flue of the furnace had set fire to the timber of his dwelling, and that, smothered, it was creeping along and charring the wainscoting and partition, do you suppose he would content himself merely with saying "I have no doubt that this house is on fire, and that it is dangerous?" Would he not do something? Many men read the Bible, and say, "My dear children, we are all sinful; we are sold in sin;" may God lead us out of our sinfulness and draw us towards Him;" and yet they put forth no effort to reform their lives. Meanwhile their sinfulness increases, and envelops them, and consumes them. Thousands and thousands of men have died in that way, and been utterly destroyed. If a man is wise no sooner does he have the slightest intimation that there is fire threatening the destruction of his house and all that are in it, than he calls for men and sets them at work to put an end to the mischief. And when a man is touched by the Spirit of God, and he is made conscious that the fires of hell are in him, with what earnestness does he enter upon a course of repentence? How does he say, "God have mercy on me; help me: teach me; lead me!"

CUTTING RED TAPE.—When the Sixth Massachusetts Regiment of hundred-days men arrived at Fort Delaware last September, the fact that food is necessary to the body was in their case utterly ignored for about two days. Finally an officer went to General Schoepf, the commander of the post, and complained that the men were starving. "Notting to eat! cried the gallant Hungarian, "notting to eat! what te cause?" "Red tape," replied the officer. "Red tape," echoed the general, "Cut te red tape, and fill te men's pellies." The officer obeyed.

☞The mill where Henry Clay, when a boy, used to ride with his meal bags, is still standing and performing its old work. It is about three miles north of Ashland, on the Fredericksburg Railroad, and about 19 miles from Richmood. It escaped all injury from the ravages of war.

☞A man should have a fire in him that will, upon every occasion, blaze up to melt all difficulties into implements in the mould of a heroic will.

Palmer Journal.

SATURDAY, JUNE 17, 1865.

What is Freedom?

Whatever may be said of the ignorance of the colored race of the South, their ideas of Freedom come fully up to a class at the North, who have claimed suffrage on the ground taken by the Constitution, that all men were created equal. The alien, fresh from the shores of Ireland, does not consider that he enjoys freedom here, unless he can walk up to the polls and deposite his vote in the same box with the native born American; and we accord him this privilege, though he may be ever so ignorant of our system of government. The wily politician too often takes advantage of this ignorance to prostitute his vote to base purposes; yet to deny such a man the privilege of suffrage would call down a cry of general disapprobation. But are not the colored men of the South as capable of discriminating in the politics of the country as these new-made citizens? Are they not as loyal as their masters, and, during the late bloody rebellion, did they not always prove themselves the friends of the Union soldiers? What reward, then, shall Government give? Emancipation is not Freedom. With the right to vote denied them, their condition would be little better than it has been. Thrown upon the unfeeling mercy of their late masters, how, with the rights of citizenship withheld, can they expect to be treated with any degree of consideration?—They may ultimately rise to the privilege of voters, it is said; but, if they are not accorded that privilege now, when will they obtain it? Not when their late masters have recovered from their humiliation before military authority; not when they return to their local civil governments, and grow haughty and proud, as before the rebellion. Senator Sherman, of Ohio, heretofore a strict conservative, is of opinion that the United States Government has full power to prescribe the terms of citizenship, and to confer the right of suffrage, in the revolted States, and believes that the ballot should be given to the negro in order to insure a loyal and republican form of government. The new constitutions to be adopted by the revolted States may be rejected by Congress unless they grant these privileges to the freedmen; and, if it is beyond the power of the President to confer the right of suffrage upon them, we trust Congress will do its duty in the matter.

The time and place of the trial of Jefferson Davis are all in doubt. It is quite certain that it will not take place during the present month, while there is a very urgent pressure from certain quarters for the the trial to be had before a military commission. The President, it is said, is not disposed to do this, inasmuch as he contemplates throwing the protection of civil law over the whole country by restoring the privilege of the writ of *habeas corpus*. Very grave doubts exist as to whether a jury to convict Jeff Davis of treason could be obtained in the Districts of Columbia.

Wendell Phillips denies having advocated a repudiation of the public debt. He says it was the war debt of the South he wanted repudiated. On the other hand, a reporter, who took notes at the time, declares that Phillips did say just what was reported. It matters little, however, what Mr. Phillips did say, as nobody expects that it will amount to anything.

The fact is just made public that an attempt was made to destroy the arsenal at Springfield last December, by a rebel torpedo made in the shape and appearance of a piece of coal. One or two other attempts were made to fire the armory buildings, and it is not certain that the wing which was destroyed by fire was not the work of a rebel incendiary.

The President has issued a proclamation still further opening the South to commerce, declaring that armed rebellion has ceased to exist in Tennessee, and annulling previous disqualifying proclamations which applied only to a State in insurrection against the Government.

We have intelligence from Hayti stating that the insurgent force was reported to be on the march for Port-au-Prince. The rebels declare that it is their determination to establish a more liberal government and place themselves under the protection and patronage of the United States.

The President has, by proclamation, appointed William L. Sharkey provisional governor of the state of Mississippi, with powers to convene a convention of the loyal people of that State to amend the constitution of the State and restore it to the Union.

The forts at Sabine Pass, Texas, have been surrendered, and the whole line of coast, from the St. Lawrence to the Rio Grande, is now under the protection of the Star Spangled Banner.

There is doubt as to the acceptance of the new constitution for Missouri. The vote recently taken is very close, and the friends of the new constitution claim that it is adopted.

Poetess Dead.—Mrs. Lydia H. Sigourney, the poetess, sometimes called the "Hemans of America," died at her residence in Hartford, Conn., on Saturday, in the 74th year of her age. Her published works, in all, number nearly fifty volumes.

The Devil offers a Good Price.—A man in Hemberton, C. W., who committed suicide, told his wife before the act that the devil had offered him $150,000 and he had concluded to accept.

The Pope.—The Pope of Rome was seventy-three years old on the 13th of May, and on the 16th of this month will reach the nineteenth year of his pontificate. Out of the long list of two hundred and fifty-nine Popes, only eight have worn the tiara for a longer period than Pius IX.

Gold has gone up to 147.

Forgiveness to Rebels.

Forgiveness is a divine attribute; so is Justice, but there is a disposition among a certain class to ignore justice in the wholesale disposition of mercy to the men who have used the most infamous and brutal means in their power to destroy the Union. Gerrit Smith, Wendell Phillips, Horace Greely and others are of this class. In a speech which Gerritt Smith made at New York, the other evening, the views of this class were set forth as follow:—

That the South should not be punished for rebellion; in other words, that the South should not be punished for treason. He did not have reference to the assassination, or the starvation and murdering of prisoners; let the perpetrators of these crimes suffer merited punishment. He entered into a long argument to prove that the rebels could not either by law or justice, be punished as traitors. We had accorded to the South belligerent rights; our highest court had recognised those rights, and with respect to us, the rebels were in fact, so far as the war was concerned, a nation.—He gave many reasons of his own in favor of his position that this nation cannot punish the vanquished rebels for treason or any kindred crime. He also argued that we should do as we would be done by. If we had the magnanimity to apply this rule how quickly we should reach a beautiful, blessed, bloodless peace!—He called the Southerners our brothers, and proposed if we hated them while they were rampant enemies, we should now love them when they are fallen foes. The doctrine of state sovereignty with slavery led them into rebellion, and this fact should make us reluctant rather than eager to punish them. The North and South had sinned alike against the black man, and the just duty of the North is to humble herself by the side of the South, in common repentance for common sins. But we must have security for the future by letting bygones be bygones. In order to provide such security there must be, First, no more slavery; secondly, men must no more gain or lose civil or political rights by virtue of race or origin; thirdly, the great landed estates of the South which are essential attributes of slavery, must be broken up and parcelled out to the poor—not to the soldiers, for we can pay them, and can never pay them too much—but to the poor whites of the South. Again, we must jointly repudiate the confederate debt. One change again. To the loyal belongs the ballot box. The disloyal should be deprived of votes for ten or twelve years to come.

They Don't Like it.—Considerable excitement exists in Washington among rebel sympathizers over the indictment of General Lee. The action of the grand jury of the United States District Court of Virginia, recently sitting at Norfolk, in finding this indictment is bitterly denounced by them as a violation of the plighted faith of the Government. Besides Lee, indictments were found by the grand jury against some forty prominent persons—among others, ex-governor Henry A. Wise, ex-governor Letcher, ex-governor Smith, William N. McVeihgh, David Funston, William B. Richards, Jr., James Lyon and Gens. Breckenridge, Early and Kemper.

The Work of Rebel Incendiaries.—Official information has been received concerning the recent fires at Chattanooga and Nashville. The loss at Chattanooga amounted to $200,000 and at Nashville to nearly $3,000,000, which amount may possibly be reduced one-half by the iron chains, machinery, &c., which may be saved from the wreck. About the same time a fire occured in Gallatin, the loss by which is not reported. There was also one near the Chattanooga depot at Nashville which was soon suppressed. It is the opinion of the Quartermaster's Department that these fires were the work of rebel incendiaries.

The Condition and Prospects of Richmond.—A letter from the late rebel capital says at the present time Richmond is the dullest city of its size on the continent. There is very little trade and no prospect of any improvement, at least before fall. The burnt district stands as it was two months ago—a sad spectacle of chaotic ruin, with no signs of any progress in the work of reconstruction save an odd shanty here and there, which scarcely serves to relieve the sombre and desolate aspect of the forbidding scene.

Royal Displeasure.—The Emperor Napoleon has visited Prince Napoleon with unsparing and public censure for the speech which the Prince lately delivered at Ajacio. Immediately after the publication of this letter, Prince Napoleon resigned his posts of Vice-President of the Privy Council and President of the Commission of the Universal Exhibition.

Girl Killed.—Miss Elizabeth Brown, 18 years of age, attending school at Deerfield, while in a frolic with some of her schoolmates, attempted to cross the railroad track in front of a train coming to the depot, on Thursday, and was struck by the engine and instantly killed, her body being mangled in a shocking manner. She was the daughter of George Brown, of Whately.

Barbarous.—A story comes to us from Nassau of the capture, off Imagua, of the barque Lizzy and the Roanoke, from Cuba, by the rebel pirate Parr. He is said to have set fire to both vessels, and to have threatened to shoot the sailors to prevent their escaping a watery grave. One of the Lizzy's small boats was taken and sunk for the same purpose. It is not yet known how many of the crew were burned or drowned.

Hostile Indians.—About 16,000 hostile Sioux Indians, including 4000 warriors, are now assembled in the northern part of Dacotah, near the British boundary, and they threaten a raid upon the frontier settlements. A movement is on foot which will interfere with their hostile plan.

Poisoned Cider.—A man and wife residing in Milburn N. Y., lost their lives last week by drinking cider from a barrel which had previously been filled with an "Infallible remedy for bugs."

Pardoned.—Delaney, the Maine Bounty broker who was proved to have made over $100,000, has been unconditionally pardoned by the President.

☞ The Princess of Wales has been safely delivered of a son.

A Variety of Things.

Breckinridge has escaped to Cuba.

—During the past ten days, no less than 106,505 troops have been furnished with transportation and left Washington.

—The manufacture of the Atlantic telegraph cable was completed on Monday, May 29th. No time will be lost in getting the final installment of the cable on board the Great Eastern, which is expected to start early in July.

—President Johnson has been invited to visit Boston on the Fourth of July, but declines coming.

—A California court has decided that greenbacks are legal tender.

—Some 60 rebel prisoners, including several captains and lieutenants, were released on taking the oath, at Fort Warren, on Monday.

—The boiler of a freight locomotive recently exploded at Frankfort, Ky., killing ten persons and severely injuring ten others.

—Sherman's Bummers are disbanded.

—Assistant Adjutant General Townsend submitted a captured document lately, which shows that the explosion at City Point in August last was owing to a torpedo planned and developed by John D. Maxwell, of Richmond. The document was addressed to Capt. Z. McDaniels, commanding the torpedo company at Richmond, and was endorsed by Gen. Paines and an officer of the rebel war department.

—South Carolinians were much astonished when they read Gen. Gillmore's announcement that all their slaves were free. They didn't know what to make of it, but we expect that the freed slaves will make a very good thing of it.

—Kirby Smith has gone to Mexico, where he intends to live "on his industry," or rather on his industry's proceeds. He has feathered his nest well with the plumage of the golden eagle.

—Coal has fallen one dollar per ton within a week, at New Haven, and now sells at $9 and $9.50 per ton; while in other places which are blessed with mutual coal companies the price is still lower.

—The members of the Massachusetts Legislature have postponed an intended visit to the Hoosac Tunnel because of the prevalence of small pox in that vicinity.

—Mr. Davis is allowed no books but the Bible and book of Common Prayer. Isn't this very, very small business? What possible harm could follow from allowing him to have a little variety in his reading?

—Spiritual mediums are required to take out licenses by the federal revenue authorities. This is making a material matter of a ghostly one.

—Confiscated property sells very low in Louisiana. Some valuable property which belonged to Mr. Slidell brought no more than it cost in 1832.

—A project is on foot by some of the citizens of South Dartmouth to prosecute the cod and mackerel fisheries from that port.

—South Carolina is reported to be overrun with robbers. Some of them stole the State in 1860, and tried to carry it off, but failed.

—The quantity of cotton in the South is now put at 3,000,000 bales. What it will be next week we may know when that week shall come.

—An extra session of Congress is talked of, to commence Oct. 1st, or two months in advance of the usual time.

—Gen. Sherman makes very short speeches on his Northern journey—but on his Southern tour he made very long marches.

—Hacks can be had in Washington at five dollars an hour. They are anything but hacknied there.

—The evidence already taken in the assassination trial is said to cover 4000 pages of cap paper.

—Gen. Longstreet has taken the oath of allegiance, and says he would like a full pardon.

—The suicide of ex-U. S. and rebel Senator Toombs is reported.

—Yellow fever is raging at Demarara, about one-fifth of those who are attacked dying.

—The wreck of the steamship Bohemian has been sold.

—Gen. Osterhaus succeeds Gen. Warren at Vicksburg.

A Royal Elopement.—The Russian imperial family have been in a state of consternation in consequence of an attempt made by a French actress to capture one of their members. The actress succeeded in carrying off her prey as far as Berlin, and but for telegraphic wires, through whose malefficient agency the flight of the happy couple to Paris was ruthlessly interrupted, their Imperial Majesties would have had to endured the mortification of a plebian neice, the hero of the adventure being no less a personage than the Duke of Leuchtenburg, eldest son of the Empress's eldest sister, Grand Duchess Maria, aged 22. The youthful innamorate was ignominiously escorted back to St. Petersburg by a Prussian police agent. The marriage was to have taken place in Paris, and in consequence of a written promise having been signed by him, a very large sum of money has been paid over to the disappointed *fiancee*.—*Paris Letter.*

The Return of Texas.—From the reports of a commission sent by the people of Texas to tender the return of their State to the Union, without condition or reserve, it appears that Jeff Davis, had he escaped across the Mississippi, would have found but little aid and comfort to prolong the war. The people of the "Lone Star" State do not desire to set up any barriers between themselves and any other State, east, west, or north, or the people thereof. They are anxious, and have long been, to return to the Union as it is, without a claim upon the past, and are willing to accept the abolition of slavery with equanimity if not with alacrity, and desire to have the institution buried out of sight, that it may serve no longer to vitiate the air.

An Anxious Wife.—A woman who had not seen her husband for three long years caught sight of him in the ranks of one of the returning regiments in Portland last week as it was marching through the streets. Affection got the better of strict decorum and the overjoyed woman rushed to the ranks, embraced and kissed her husband and marched along by his side amid the cheers of the spectators.

Fatal Accident. A serious railway accident occurred near Washington Monday evening. Two trains, one filled with soldiers, collided, killing six and more or less severely wounding from thirty to forty others. One of the conductors is said to be to blame.

☞ Speaker Colfax and party arrived at Salt Lake on the 11th inst. A meeting of 3,000 people was addressed by Mr. Colfax and others on the night of the 12th. The party will remain until Monday next.

The White House.—The President authorizes the announcement that the White House will be open to the public every day, Sundays excepted, between the hours of nine and three.

☞ Springfield has a population of 22,038.

PALMER AND VICINITY.

Sold.—John Waite has sold his block, south of the railroad bridge, to Elam Ferry.

A few more of the 7-30 U. S. bonds, old issue, may be had at this office.

The anniversary of the battle of Bunker Hill was celebrated with a ball at Palmer House Hall last evening.

Rhaman B. Adams, Station Agent of this village has been commissioned a Justice of the Peace.

A little the largest strawberries that have made their way to our table this season were from the garden of Dr. Comins, of this village.

Wilbraham.—Wm. P. Spellman, of South Wilbraham, has been licensed an auctioneer by the Government.

Elder Ralph Williams, of Bristol, Ct., is expected to preach at Pickering Hall, Three Rivers, to-morrow afternoon.

The directors of the New London and Amherst railroad have taken further time to consider the project of extending their road to Montague.

Since the morning train from Amherst has changed its time to an early hour, the stage which run from Greenwich to Belchertown, has come directly through to Palmer.

Catholic Sabbath Schools.—Rev. P. V. Moyee, of the Catholic church in this town, has established Sabbath schools in the school houses at the several villages, and all are well attended.

Belchertown.—F. B. Phelps, of Belchertown, has a cow which seems inclined to do her best to remedy the existing scarcity of stock. She has produced, within the past four years, seven calves—three pairs of twins and one single calf.

Police.—Peter Sullivan, of Duckville, was before Justice Allen on Monday, for an assault upon Wm. N. Spencer. Sullivan, in defence, said that he had strong suspicions that Spencer had stolen his coat, and he licked him to make him own it. Fined $4 and costs, in all $10.60, which Peter paid.

Horse Trotting.—There was a brisk little trot on the Park last Tuesday, between horses owned by D. O. Gilmore, of Springfield, Chas. Fuller, Sandford Fuller, and Mr. Dunbar, of Monson, for purses of $40 and $20. Gilmore's horse took the $40 purse, and Dunbar's the $20.

Chas. Fuller, of Monson, has associated himself with J. C. Cotton, of Brattleboro, Vt., under the firm of Fuller & Cotton, and the firm has opened a wholesale and retail store for foreign and domestic tobacco and cigars, and other articles appropriate to that business, in the Revere House Block, at Brattleboro.

Woman Struck by Lightning.—The house of Francis A. Talmadge, of Belchertown (Turkey Hill), was struck by lightning during the heavy thunder shower on Friday evening, last week; and Mrs. Talmadge, who was washing dishes at the time, was stunned by the shock, and at last accounts had not recovered. A chair standing beside her was shattered in pieces.

Thief Arrested.—Patrick Sweeney alias Dennis Sweeny, a returned soldier, stole from Luther H. Arnold of South Hadley, a few days ago, $1700 in U. S. 7-30 bonds and about $150 in money. Mr. Arnold offered $200 for his arrest, and Lyman Nelson, the night watchman at the depot here, was fortunate enough to nab him on Thursday morning just as he was about taking the cars at Power's Depot. He owned up, and gave up all the bonds and money not having spent a cent.—He was taken to Northampton.

Michael in Trouble.—It appears from the following letter, picked up on the sidewalk, that there was a knocking down fray last Saturday night, and that the knocker has got nabbed. We fear his "Dear Love" has not seen the letter; so we publish to let her know how he happens to be missing:

Palmer Mass June 12th 1865

Dear Love I write you these few lines in hopes they may find you in as good health as it leaves me at present Thanks be to god for his mercies to us all

I am arrested for knocking a man down last Saturday night and I must leave town So good bye Dont write till you hear from me again No more at present from your Love

Michael Prindible

A New and Simple Washing Machine.—We supposed that Yankee ingenuity had been exhausted some time ago in the production of patent washing machines; but we have just seen a new one, called the Hudson Washer and Wringer, which is so simple in construction and yet so practical in its operation that its merits are seen at a glance. It rubs clothes, without pulling or straining them, and can be used to wash the finest lace or the thickest woolen fabric. It is a simple machine, which can be attached to a common wash-board and used in any tub, the washer keeping her hands out of the suds while rubbing the clothes. We have seen nothing in the washing machine line which equals this, both for utility and cheapness. Mr. Reed, one of the proprietors, is in town, engaged in selling county, town, or State rights, and may be found, with his machine, at Blanchard's agricultural store, for a day or two.

The case of the second mortgage and income bond holders of the old New London, Willimantic & Palmer R. R. Co., against the New London Northern Railroad Company, which holds the road by virtue of the foreclosure of the first mortgage bonds, was argued before Judge Nelson, of the United States Supreme Court, at New York, last week. Geo. T. Curtis, of New York, and J. Halsey, of Norwalk, appeared for the bond-holders, and Caleb Cushing and Wm. M. Evarts for the railroad company. Judge Nelson reserved his decision.

The anniversary exercises of the Wesleyan Academy, at Wilbraham, will occur on the 26th, 27th, and 28th inst. The examinations will take place on Monday and Tuesday. Monday evening will be occupied by the exercises of the gymnastic class, which has been taught by Miss Wells, one of Dr. Dio Lewis' pupils. The annual exhibition will occur on Wednesday, June 28th, and will be confined to members of the senior class. Unlike former years, the ladies' and gentlemen's exhibitions will be consolidated. The appointments are as follows: Ladies—Valedictory, Miss Ellen Holden, Rutland, Mass.; ancient classical essay, Christine Ladd, Windsor, Conn.; essays, H. Handy, North Becket, B. Holden, Rutland, Mass., L. J. Jillson, Charlemont, C. M. Loyd, Newton U. Falls, R. P. Merrill, Heath, G. Parker, Wilbraham, E. M. Steele, Bolton, Ct., S. D. Tupper, Boston, E. Whitman, Hopkinton. Gents—Salutatory, Caleb T. Winchester, Long Plain, Mass.; modern classical oration, J. R. Cushing, Wilbraham; discussion, G. C. Osgood of Charlton City, and Alfred Noon of Wales; orations by D. G. Hill, West Medway, F. R. Holway, Boston, T. P. Marsh, Chicago, Ill., F. E. Porter, Boston, G. E. Reed, Lowell, E. Senior, Rockville, Conn., S. E. Wood, Winchester, N. H. M.

Fire.—Last Friday evening between nine and ten o'clock, the paper mill and saw mill owned and operated by Messrs. George Robinson & Co., in the southwest part of Ware, were entirely consumed by fire with all their contents. The buildings are supposed to have been struck by lightning. They were in good condition and had just been extensively repaired at considerable expense. Messrs. Robinson & Co., were doing a prosperous business, and the check which this calamity will give to their enterprising endeavors, will be more detrimental at this time, than the actual material loss by the destruction of their property. They were insured in the Home Insurance, office of New York, for $4,000. Their loss is $10,000. Work has already commenced towards rebuilding the saw mill.

Another trotting match for purses of $50 and $25 will come off on the park at three o'clock to-day. Horses will be entered for the trot by S. G. Newton, Freeman Dodge, and Wm. Fuller.

A Singular Religious Sect.—Five persons were tried at the Supreme Court in Alfred, Me., last week, charged in the indictment with riotous proceedings at a meeting for public worship held in Limerick in May last. The meeting was held by Rev. Mr. Adams of the Church of the Messiah. Among its many eccentricities, was eternal warfare with all religious denominations; power of the Elders to heal the sick by the laying on of hands, and the expectation that in a short time they would raise the dead. Defence—not a religious meeting within the meaning of the law. If so, respondents did not wilfully commit acts amounting to a disturbance. Three of the accused were acquitted and the jury disagreed on the others.

Himself and Dog.—At New Berlin, Lancaster county, Pa., one day last week, a man named Samuel Richardson tried to hang his dog, but not succeeding he tied one end of a rope about the dog's neck and the other end around his own. Then throwing the centre of the rope over a beam, both dog and man were instantly hanging together. The dog kicked himself out of the noose, but his master could not, and was nearly dead when discovered and taken down by some friends.

Killed by the Explosion of a Soda Fountain.—At Haverhill, Mass., on Thursday as Mr. Hiram Young was engaged in charging a soda fountain, he unfortunately applied more than the usual quantity of pressure, and the result was the bursting of the fountain, which mangled him terribly, causing his death in a short time. Mr Eustace Kelly, who was assisting him, was badly wounded, although not dangerously.

Important Revelation.—Something of a sensation was created in Washington Sunday evening, by the appearance of a well dressed and highly respectable individual informing pedestrians in the streets that he had received a special revelation from the Lord that this world was to be destroyed in a few hours.

Mal-Practice.—Mrs. E. Blanche, of Pittsfield, has sued Dr. Harvey Cole, of that town, for mal-practice in setting her arm some months ago. The docter thought it was broken, when it was a luxation at the shoulder. Mrs. Blanche lays her damages at $10,000. Dr. Cole treated it sixty-five days for fracture.

Killed by Cannibals.—The sad news is received from New Zealand that the Pai Mariri fanatics have visited Opotiki, hung and hearted the Rev. M. Volkner, abandoned by and vainly calling upon his flock for aid. They scooped out and ate his brains. A fanatic priest ate his eyes. M. Volkner died praying.

Terrible Explosion.—A terrible explosion took place at Chattanooga on Saturday, owing to a spark from a locomotive having fallen among the loose powder in the ordnance department. Several persons were killed and wounded. The Quartermaster's and Commissary's buildings also caught fire and were consumed. Loss $250,000.

Freedom in Tennessee.—Gov. Curtin stated in Pennsylvania, the other day, a fact which the public has lost sight of, that "when Tennessee was not included by President Lincoln in the Emancipation Proclamation, Andrew Johnson, as governor, proclaimed on his own responsibility, universal freedom to all the people of that State."

Generous Gift.—Two gentlemen of New York have recently given to Madison University in that city, the sum of sixty thousand dollars, one half of which amount is to be applied to the endowment of twenty permanent and free scholarships for the benefit of young soldiers.

Heavy Defalcation.—The Hartford Times states that Government officers arrested, in that city, on Wednesday, a party charged with defalcation in Tennessee to the amount of $150,000.

Deserting.—Large numbers of soldiers are deserting from their regiments at Washington and going home on the ground that they enlisted "for the war" and that the war is now ended.

Ruled by a Woman.—The Republic of Paraguay is now said to be mainly ruled by a woman picked up in the streets of London by Lopez the President—a curious whirligig of fortune.

Rebel Impudence.—The notorious John A. Wise, of Virginia, who admits that his four sons had been in the rebel army till its surrender, and that he and his family had done all they could towards the success of the rebellion, recently wrote to General Gordon, commanding at Norfolk, demanding that the Government should supply him and his family with farming implements, horses and seeds, claiming a restoration of his citizenship rights, and complaining of his sufferings and losses during the war, and that his sons were not allowed to wear their rebel uniform. General Gordon's reply to this impertinent secessionist gave him to understand that he and his sons had been traitors to the Government, and were entitled to no favors from it, but would receive such as in its leniency it might see proper to grant.

A Woolen Eating Boy.—The Boston Medical and Surgical Journal of June 1st, contains a curious case of a child about three years of age who had a morbid appetite for everything made of wool. The little fellow would pick up from the floor bits of yarn and swallow them; gnaw his blankets, so that it became necessary to encase them in cotton; rush at woolen garments, ladies' plush overcoats especially, like a little fury. Diarrhœa ensued, accompanied by vomiting, and, at the end of ten days, he threw up a very hard, egg shaped mass of woolen, three inches in length, and an inch and a quarter in diameter in its largest part.

Got him.—General Canby has, by orders from Secretary Stanton, hunted out and arrested the man who offered, last winter, in an Alabama paper, to be one of a certain number of persons to pay a million dollars for the murder of Mr. Lincoln, and he is on his way, under guard, to Washington.

An Empty Head.—Less than four years ago Gov. Magrath of South Carolina declared that rather than be taken by the Yankees he would blow his brains out. He is a captive of the Yankees, and as he hasn't blown any brains out yet, it is fair to conclude that he hasn't any.

The Crops.—From all parts of the States and from Canada we learn that the growing crops never gave greater promise. The wheat and hay crops in particular are represented to be unusually forward, and the yield is expected to be immensely over a common average.

Reduction of Wages.—The Harrisburg Telegraph states that there appears to be a general agreement among the railroad companies and proprietors of machine shops, &c., to reduce the wages of employees fifteen per cent., commencing with the present month.

Death at a Card Table.—A young man, while engaged at a card table in Frankfort, Ky., on Thursday night, received a paralytic stroke and expired with the deal in his hands. It was a game of hazard, and excitement had so affected the mind that his life paid the forfeit.

☞ The Indians attacked a Mormon train at North Platte crossing, and at Eagle Creek Station on the overland route recently, killing and wounding all the stock-tenders and soldiers. Gen. Conner has sent troops out to keep the mail-route open.

☞ Rosa Schiller, a girl of 12 years, died at Hartford, Sunday, from excessive exercise in jumping rope. She jumped more than 500 times without stopping. This is the second case of death from the same cause in Hartford within a few weeks.

Right of Way.—It has been decided that passengers alighting from the cars have the right of way, and those who wish to get into the cars must first give the outcomers a reasonable time to leave the cars.

Recovered—The archives of Virginia, which were removed from Richmond on its evacuation, were captured intact in the jail of Buckingham County, and have been sent to Richmond by order of Gen. Hartsuff.

Reduction in Hotel Board.—Last Monday the hotel proprietors in Boston reduced their prices fifty cents per diem.

The Voice of the People.—Liberty is one of the dearest blessings which our forefathers have handed down to us. It was purchased by the blood of many a valiant revolutionary hero; has been guarded by a Washington, a Jefferson, a Clay and a Webster. But dearer still is that world-renowned remedy, known as Coe's Cough Balsam. It cures like magic the most violent attacks of croup, and is indispensible in every family of children. Colds, sudden coughs, sore throat, hoarseness, and inflamed lungs, are instantly and surely cured by its timely use. No cough mixture has ever been known that equals it; which accounts for its great popularity with all classes. The young and old—the rich and poor—physicians, druggists—and all who have ever tested it speak in the highest terms of its merits. We say to our readers—buy it and try it. It costs but 40 cents the bottle, contains twice as much medicine as you can obtain in any other way at the same cost, and all our drug stores keep it.

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Do you want Whiskers or Mustaches? Our Grecian Compound will force them to grow on the smoothest face or chin, or hair on bald heads, in six weeks. Price, $1. Sent by mail anywhere, closely sealed, on receipt of price. Address

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6mja28. 1130 Broadway, New York.

If You Want to Know

A little of everything relating to the human system, male and female; the causes and treatment of diseases; the marriage customs of the world; how to marry well, and a thousand things never published before, read the revised and enlarged edition of "Medical Common Sense," a curious book for curious people, and a good book for every one. 400 pages, 100 illustrations. Price, $1 50. Content tables sent free to any address. Books may be had at the bookstores, or will be sent by mail, post-paid, on receipt of the price. Address E. B. FOOTE, M. D.,

ja28 6m 1130 Broadway, New York.

Matrimonial.

Ladies and Gentlemen.—If you wish to marry you can do so by addressing me. I will send you, without money and without price, valuable information, that will enable you to marry happily and speedily, irrespective of age, wealth, or beauty. This information will cost you nothing and if you wish to marry, I will cheerfully assist you. All letters strictly confidential. The desired information sent by return mail, and no reward asked. Please enclose postage or stamped envelope, addressed to yourself. Address Sarah B. Lambert, Greenpoint, Kings Co., New York. m203m.

Youth and beauty restored to the grey-headed by the use of Webster's Vegetable Hair Invigorator. Wood & Allen, Agents.

U. C. R.——T. A.——E. P.——& C. R.

THE GREAT REMEDIES OF THE AGE.

Hunnewell's Universal Cough Remedy.
For all Throat and Lung Complaints. Small bottles, 25 cents; Large do., 50 cents.

Hunnewell's Tolu Anodyne.
The great remedy for Asthma, Neuralgia, Pains in Menstruation, all Nervous Complaints, and Sciatica. 50 cts. per Bottle.

Hunnewell's Eclectic Pills.
Cure all derangements of the Stomach or Bowels *without the slightest griping*, a point the great importance of which cannot be overestimated. The dose, a single pill, never more than two, and so very small, make them most valuable in every family. 25 cents per bottle.

Hunnewell's Consumptive Remedy.
A radical cure for this heretofore called incurable complaint. Price, $1 per Bottle.

The testimonials in my possession, to be seen by all, will remove every doubt of the perfect character of the above named preparations, and to publish which would only cause them to be classed with the thousands published in newspapers, and not a fraction of them of the least character. I beg inspection of such at my office, confidence to test the preparation, and correspondence from all.

JOHN L. HUNNEWELL, SOLE PROPRIETOR,
Practical Chemist and Pharmaceutist,
9 Commercial Wharf, Boston, Mass.

☞Sold by all wholesale and Retail Dealers in Medicine.

☞The preparations securely packed to be sent in any quantity by express, or as directed.

☞More full and particular description of each article given in notices, to follow this from month to month. m20.

Important to Females.

DR. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS.—The combination of ingredients in these Pills is the result of a long and extensive practice. They are mild in their operation, and certain in correcting all irregularities, painful menstruations removing all obstruction, whether from cold or otherwise, headache, pain in the side, palpitation of the heart, whites, all nervous affections, hysterics, fatigue, pain in the back and limbs, &c, disturbed sleep, which arise from interruption of nature.

DR. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS was the commencement of a new era in the treatment of these irregularities and obstructions which have consigned so many to a premature grave. No female can enjoy good health unless she is regular, and whenever an obstruction takes place the general health begins to decline

DR. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS are the most effectual remedy ever known for all complaints peculiar to females To all classes they are invaluable, inducing, with certainty periodical regularity. They are known to thousand who have used them at different periods, throughout the country, having the sanction of some of the most eminent Physicians in America

☞Explicit directions, stating when they should not be used, with each box—the Price One Dollar per Box containing from 50 to 60 Pills.

Pills sent by mail, promptly, by remitting to the Proprietors. Sold by Druggists generally.

HUTCHINGS & HILLYER, Proprietors, 81 Cedar st., New York. Agents.—Palmer, Wood & Allen; Ware, D Holden; Stafford Springs, H. T. Small & Co. ag29

A CARD.—MR. EDITOR:—In reply to many letters and inquiries from people in this section of the country, the undersigned take great pleasure in saying through the columns of your paper, that our renowned preparation known as COE'S DYSPEPSIA CURE, is a certain cure for Dyspepsia, in its worst stages. Many cures of long standing, within our own acquaintance, have been completely, and we believe permanently cured It will stop distress after eating almost instantaneously, and enables the dyspeptic who has lived for years upon Graham bread and the plainest diet, to eat as heartily as he pleases, and anything he chooses, without danger of distress, or souring, or rising on the stomach. It is an infallible corrector of indigestion and constipation, creates a healthy appetite, stops sick-headache, heart-burn, sickness at the stomach, pains, cramps, or colic in either stomach or bowels, and sweetens offensive breath, as soon as you take it, and by enabling the patient to take plenty of hearty food, "which is the parent of health," produces vigor, strength and energy. In every trial we have known it has speedily eradicated Dyspepsia with all its attendant sufferings, weaknesses, debility, and loss of power, giving instead, a proper activity and tone to the stomach and organs of digestion, and as we confidently believe, and as the published certificates in our circulars, almanacs, and in many of the leading Journals, from convalescent patients will *confirm*, completly, permanently, and almost miraculously "cure the worst case of Dyspepsia in existence." We warrant it in every instance. It can be obtained at all the Drug Stores in the United States and Canadas, at $1.00 per bottle, or six bottles for $5. C. G. CLARK & CO.,
1y14. Proprietors, New Haven, Ct.

BORN.

In Wilbraham, 14th, a daughter to H. H. STEVENS.
In Belchertown, 5th, a daughter to F. S. COOK.
In Thorndike, 13th, a son to JOHN T. BURKE.

MARRIED.

In Palmer, 14th, by Rev. Joseph Vaill, D. D., assisted by Rev Thomas Wilson, Dr. EDWIN B. LYON and CHARLOTTE M., only daughter of John Ward, Esq., of Palmer.
In Palmer, 9th, by Rev. Dr. Vaill, WILLIAM L. CATES and MARIANNA SWEET, both of Palmer.
In Willington, Ct., 11th, by Rev. Mr. Pease, ALVAH FRANCIS, Esq., of Stafford, and Mrs. HARRIET BUGNEE of Willington.
In Warren, 8th, GEO. A. SHUMWAY of Spencer, and MARGIE, daughter of Joseph Ramsdell.
In New York, 6th, CYRUS G. GRIFFITH and SARAH S. BROWN, of Brimfield.
In Boston, 7th, by Rev. Chandler Robbins, D.D., HENRY F. SMITH, Esq., of Concord, Mass., and NANNIE, daughter of the late Wm. S. Lincoln of Boston.
In Stafford Springs, 12th, by Rev. J. T. Benton, JULIUS P. MAINE and AURELIA F. ORCUTT.
In Baltic, Ct., May 39th, CHESTER ROYCE of Willington, (Village Hill), and Mrs. SUSAN PRESCOTT of Baltic.

DIED.

In Wilbraham, 14th, HORACE STEVENS, 53.
In South Wilbraham, 31st ult., STEPHEN LADD, 89, formerly of Tolland, Ct.
In Ware, 3d, CLARISSA L. LEONARD, 39.
In Ludlow, May 28th, PORTER TILLY, 68.
In Conesus, N. Y., April 9th, SYLVESTER MORRIS, 89, a native of South Wilbraham.
In Brimfield, May 23d, JONATHAN BROWN, 83.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE.

BY order of Hon. Wm. S. Shurtleff, Judge of Probate, I shall sell at auction, on the premises, at 2 o'clock P. M., on Monday, July 3, 1865, so much of the estate of the late Wareham J. Davis, late of Monson, deceased, as will bring the sum of seventy-two dollars and fifteen cents, for the payment of his debts and charges of administration, subject to the widow's right of dower.
L. CLARK, Administrator.
Monson, June 17, 1865. 3w

Won't Use Any Other.

Webster's Vegetable Hair Invigorator

IS PREFERRED BY ALL to any in market, because it turns gray hair to its original color, in four weeks, and IS NOT A DYE.

For sale by
WOOD & ALLEN, Palmer.
je17. 3m.

HAYING TOOLS.

Blanchard's Scythes.	Forks.
Eureka do.,	Horse and Hand Rakes.
Winsted (Red) do., and others,	Grind and Scythe Stones.

And a General Assortment of Agricultural Tools,
FOR SALE AT LOW PRICES.
GEO. ROBINSON.
Ware, June, 17, 1865.

MONSON!

I HAVE constantly on hand

A LARGE STOCK OF GOODS,

Additions being made to it every week. Next week I shall receive an invoice of nearly all kinds, which will make it complete. It will consist of many styles of

LADIES' DRESS GOODS,

adapted to all ages and the present season,
Brown and Bleached Sheetings,
Stripes, Ticks, Denims, Cottonades,
Kentucky Jeans, Woolen Cloths, Brown and Bleached Linen, Damask, by the yard, White Muslins, White Cambries, Hoop Skirts, Balmorals, Linen, Paper, and Cambric Collars, Sun Umbrellas, Laces, Trimmings, Buttons, Velvet Ribbons, Braids, &c., &c.,

BOOTS AND SHOES,

nearly all styles, qualities, and prices, for every age and sex, from which any one ought to be suited.

PAPER & CLOTH CURTAINS
AND FIXTURES.

Boys' and Mens' Straw, Cloth, and For
HATS,
VARIOUS KINDS OF FLOUR,
from the cheapest to the best St. Louis made, and warranted to suit.

Also, RYE and GRAHAM FLOUR, Fine and Coarse Corn Meal, Rye Feed, and Wheat Middlings,
Black TEA, Green Tea, Japanese Tea.
Rio COFFEE, Dandelion Coffee, and French Breakfast and Dinner Coffee, the best in use.
All kinds of SUGAR and MOLASSES.
Beans, Dried Apple, Cheese, Raisins, Currants, Citron, Tapioca, Sago, Maizena, all kinds of Spices, put up perfectly pure; Nuts, Oranges, Lemons, and Figs; Tobacco, in all styles and qualities, from 50 cents to $1 ℔ lb.
Salt, in boxes, bags and barrels, from 5 to 240 lb packages.

CROCKERY,
in large quantities,
Paper Hangings and Borders,
All sizes STONE JARS, Pitchers, Jugs, Flower Pots, and Churns,
A great many kinds of WOODEN WARE.
FLOOR OIL CLOTHS,
Mattrasses, Clocks, Trunks, Carpet Bags,
Toys and Fancy Goods,
Hair. Clothes, Whitewash, and Horse
BRUSHES,
Cooking Extracts, Perfumeries, and many kinds of Valuable Medicines. A few
SACKS AND CIRCULARS,
At greatly reduced prices.

I shall receive before the
FOURTH OF JULY.
a large assortment of
FIREWORKS.

☞All who owe me a dollar contracted previous to April 1st, '65, are requested to give immediate attention to the payment of it. All bills payable monthly.
E. E. TOWNE.
Monson, June 17, 1865.

New and Choice Sheet Music.

THE GOLDEN RING.—Scotch Ballad. 30
"O, Jamie, where's the golden ring,
And where's the necklace rare,
And where's the pretty velvet string
To tie my raven hair."

I HEAR THE WEE BIRD SINGING. 30
Both of the above songs are by Geo. Linly. Arr. by Thos. Ryan, sung at the concerts of the Mendelssohn Quintette Club, and great favorites.

WHERE THE WILLOW WEEPETH.—L. H. Gurney, 30

MOVE MY ARM-CHAIR, DEAREST MOTHER.— 30 Wilmarth,
"Move my arm chair, dearest mother,
In the sonshine bright and strong,
For the world is fading mother,
I shall not be with you long."

MY SISTER DEAR, REMEMBER ME.— 30
Edward Everett's Song. Set to music by Lesia Vese.

RADIERSE.— 1.50
Grand Valse de Concert a 4 Mains par Seven Octaves.

ORFA. 60
Grand Polka pour le Piano, par 7 Octaves.

O, WHISPER WHAT THOU FEELEST.— 75
Fantasie de Salon, par E. Hoffman.

THE PARTRIDGE POLKA CHARACTERISQUE.— 40
by Koppitz.

The above sent post-paid, on receipt of price.
OLIVER DITSON & Co., Publishers, Boston.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.
PROBATE COURT. HAMPDEN, ss.

To all persons interested in the Estate of Rufus F. Fay, late of Monson, in said County, deceased. Greeting:

Whereas, Rufus F. Fay, (late Jr.,) executor of the will of said deceased, has presented for allowance the first account of his administration upon the estate of said deceased:

You are hereby cited to appear at a Probate Court to be holden at Springfield, in said county of Hampden, on the first Tuesday of July next, at nine o'clock before noon, to show cause, if any you have, why the same should not be allowed. And said executor is ordered to serve this citation by publishing the same in the Palmer Joornal, a new-paper printed at Palmer, three weeks successively, the first publication to be fourteen days at least before said Court, and by sending or causing to be sent a written or printed copy hereof, properly mailed, postage prepaid, to each of the heirs, devisees or legatees of said deceased, or their legal representatives known to said administrator, within two days of said first publication.

Witness, WILLIAM S. SHURTLEFF, Esquire, Judge of said Court, this thirteenth day of June, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five.
SAMUEL B. SPOONER, Register.
Copy—attest, SAMUEL B. SPOONER, Register.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.
HAMPDEN, ss. PROBATE COURT.

To the Heirs-at-Law, and others interested in the estate of Rufus F. Fay, late of Monson, in said county, deceased greeting:

Whereas Rufus F. Fay, (late Jr.,) executor of the will of said deceased, has presented to said Court his petition for license to sell so much of the real estate of said deceased as will raise the sum of seventeen hundred and thirty-four dollars and seventeen cents, for the payment of debts, legacies, and charges of administration:

You are hereby ordered to appear at a Probate Court to be holden at Springfield, in said County, on the first Tuesday of July next, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause, if any you have, against the same; and said executor is ordered to serve this Citation by publishing the same once a week, three weeks successively, in the Palmer Journal, a newspaper printed at Palmer, the first publication to be fourteen days at least before said Court, and by sending or causing to be sent a written or printed copy hereof, porperly mailed, postage prepaid, to each or the heirs, devisees or legatees of said deceased, or their legal representatives, known to the petitioner, within two days of the date of said first publication.

Witness, WILLIAM S. SHURTLEFF, Esquire, Judge of said Court, this thirteenth day of June, in the year one thousand, eight hundred and sixty-five. SAMUEL B. SPOONER, Register.
A copy, attest, SAMUEL B. SPOONER, Register.

SUGARS, of all grades, for sale low for cash at A. H. PARKS' Store, Palmer House Block.

WOODS & Worcester's **Dry Hop Yeast,** for sale at PARKS' STORE, Palmer.

TO ALL IN WESTERN MASSACHUSETTS, WHO BUY

DRY GOODS OR CARPETS!

We respectfully invite attention to our
NEW STOCK
For the Later Spring Sales, of
Choice and Fashionable
GOODS.

NEW FABRICS, NEW DESIGNS,
For Spring and Summer DRESS GOODS,
A very large and attractive variety—many entirely new things.
MOURNING DRESS GOODS,
In the BEST VARIETY and FINEST QUALITIES to be found in the City.
New Embroideries, New Laces, New Dress and Mantilla Trimmings, Parasols,
GLOVES AND HOSIERY,
in every style; the
BEST HOOP SKIRTS made in America,
BALMORAL SKIRTS,
DRESS SILKS,
All desirable colors, for street, house, or evening wear.
Black Mantilla and Dress Silks,
In the most superb qualities, all widths.
Mantilla, Cloak, and Shawl
EMPORIUM.
SPRING and SUMMER STYLES Now Ready,
We offer an unusually large and attractive variety of ready-made
SILK AND CLOTH GARMENTS,
and no effort will be spared to offer our customers
The Latest and Most Approved Styles.
CLOAK CLOTHS,
in the best makes, the latest colors and kinds; the largest and most complete stock of these goods ever on sale in this city. Every style of Outside Garment for Ladies' or Misses' wear made to order, and work in every particular warranted to give satisfaction. Our
MILLINERY DEPARTMENT
is now filled with a new and beautiful stock. The latest fashions and choice goods can always be found.
HOUSEKEEPING DRY GOODS.
COTTONS AND LINENS.
An immense Stock, always at the Lowest Prices.
CARPETINGS,
Large additions just made. No stock comparing with this this side of Boston. Prices as low as the lowest. All the better qualities of Carpets,
Solid Brussels, Velvets, Tapestries,
Three Plys, &c., in Large Assortment.
OIL CLOTHS, MATTINGS, &c.
☞Contracts taken for Carpeting Halls, Churches, Dwellings, &c.,
CURTAINS AND CURTAIN GOODS,
In every variety.

NEW GOODS DAILY.

☞Purchasers visiting our Store will find that they can make their selections from one of the largest stocks in Massachusetts, and can purchase at as low prices as good satisfactory goods can be sold at. Trash and cheap goods, for the sake of advertising prices that they may appear low before an examination, we do not keep.
THE LARGEST AND BEST LIGHTED Store in New England, out of Boston.
TINKHAM & CO.,
184, 186, AND 188 MAIN STREET,
a15 SPRINGFIELD. 4m

CHEAP PASSAGE
—TO AND FROM—
GREAT BRITAIN AND IRELAND.
TAPSCOTT, BROTHERS, & CO.'S
Emigration & Foreign Exchange Office,
86 SOUTH STREET, NEW YORK.

Drafts on England, Ireland, Scotland and Wales.

Tapscott's Favorite Line of LIVERPOOL PACKETS Sails Every Three Days.

X LINE of LONDON PACKETS Sails Every Ten Days. Also, by
STEAMSHIP SAILING WEEKLY.

Parties wishing to send for their friends, or remit money to the Old Country, can do so at the Lowest Rates by applying to
j10 6m CHAS. E. STEVENS, WARE.

New Styles of
PAPER HANGINGS & BORDERS,
CURTAINS, of various kinds, CURTAIN FIXTURES, Cord and Tassels, a great variety.
Also, a good assortment of
Books, Stationery, Music, Periodicals,
And NEWSPAPERS for sale.
Ware, March 4—3m. G. K. CUTLER.

A NICE ARTICLE OF
SUGAR HOUSE SYRUP,
For sale
Palmer, Dec. 8. AT PARKS' STORE.

WANTED!
All Kinds of Farmer's Produce in Exchange for Goods, at
A. H. PARKS' Store . . . . . Palmer, Mass.

STONE WARE.—Butter Pots, Cake Jars, Jugs of all sizes. Flower Pots, plain and glazed, Bean Pots, Stone Pitchers, Spittoons, and all kinds of Stone Ware, at PARKS' Store, Palmer,

WANTED!
BUTTER, EGGS, and all kinds of FARMERS' PRODUCE at NEWTON & Co's.
Palmer, 1865.

A GENTLEMAN cured of Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, and the effects of youthful indiscretion, will be happy to furnish others with the means of cure, (FREE of CHARGE). This remedy is simple, safe, and certain.
For full particulars, by return mail, please address JOHN B. OGDEN,
m272m 60 Nassau Street, New York.

TEAS.
The best Young Hyson, Black, and Japanese
For sale at A. H. PARKS' Store, Palmer.

ALL Goods sold after this date will be cash down, except in exchange for produce All persons indebted to me will please make immediate payment. A. H. PARKS.
Palmer, May 20, 1865.

ENVELOPES, embellished with Business Cards, furnished at this office.

POTASH, at NEWTON & CO'S, Palmer.
Of the best quality

KEROSENE Lamps & Lanterns, Shades, Lantern Globes, Chimneys, &c., for sale at A. H. PARKS' Store, Palmer.

FLOUR
Of all grades, FOR SALE LOW for cash,
AT A. H. PARKS' STORE,
West end of Palmer House Block, Palmer, Mass

SOAPS.—The celebrated "Gold Medal Soap." 'French Lustral,' 'Sawyer's,' and other Soaps, for sale at A. H. PARKS' Store, Palmer.

THE Gold Medal Saleratus, for sale at A. H. PARKS' Store, Palmer.

IF YOU WANT

ANYTHING

IN THE WAY OF

DRY GOODS,

READY-MADE CLOTHING,

—OR—

GROCERIES,

BY ALL MEANS

CALL ON

KELLOGG & TINKHAM.

THEY HAVE A

VERY LARGE STOCK

OF

GOODS,

AND ARE SELLING AT

VERY LOW PRICES.

j3 4w

TRUSSES! TRUSSES!

Branch Depot of the
Metropolitan Truss and Bandage Institute,
OF BOSTON.

Having made arrangements with the proprietors of this institution for the sale of their goods, we have opened rooms over our store for their sale, and would respectfully invite the attention of the citizens of this vicinity to our large assortment of THE VARIOUS STYLES OF

Trusses, Elastic Stockings,
Abdominal Supporters, Knee Caps,
Suspensory Bandages,
Gentlemen's Chest Expanding Suspenders,
Ladies' " " Skirt Supporters,
&c., &c., &c., &c.

Our facilities for the sale and fitting of the above articles are now complete, and we shall give them our special attention.

☞Orders by mail or express will be promptly answered.

E. BIGELOW & CO.,
Opposite Court Square,
je3 **Springfield, Mass.** 6m

NOTICE.

ON and after Monday, June 5, trains leave Palmer for Amherst at 2.20 and 6.15 P. M. Returning, leave Amherst at 6.30 A. M. and 4.00 P. M.

Leave Palmer for New London at 7.50 A. M. and 2.20 P. M. Returning, leave New London at 8.00 A. M. and 1.40 P. M. R. N. DOWD, Supt.
June 3d, 1865.

MEAL.
BOLTED MEAL, FLOUR,
RYE MEAL, CORN,
GRASS SEEDS, RYE,
Will be found
At NEWTON & Co's, Palmer,
At the Lowest Figures.

FOUND.

ON the 17th, in the pasture of James B. Burlingame, a BAY MARE, with a long switch tail. The owner can have the same by proving the property and paying the expenses.
JAMES B. BURLINGAME.
Palmer, May 20, 1865.

FERTILIZERS!

FARMERS should remember that the present is a good time to apply them to all their crops; and also remember that
POUDRETTE AND BONE DUST
Are the very best things to sow upon Buckwheat when the time arrives—much superior to plaster.
For Sale by **E. E. TOWNE,** MONSON.
June 10.

NOTICE is hereby given that the subscriber has been duly appointed administrator of the estate of Chas. B. Bromley, late of Monson, in the county of Hampden, deceased; and has taken upon himself that trust, by giving bonds as the law directs. And all persons having demands upon the estate of the said deceased, are required to exhibit the same; and all persons indebted to the said estate are called upon to make payment to ABEL H. CALKINS, Administrator.
Longmeadow, April 4, 1865. j10 3w

NOTICE.

I HEREBY forbid all persons harboring or trusting my wife, Sarah J. Works, on my account, as I shall pay no debts of her contracting after this date. JOHN N. WORKS.
Brimfield, May 30, 1865. j3 3w

AT NEWTON & CO'S
WILL be found those choice Milk Crackers. Also Boston and Springfield Crackers.

TOBACCO OF ALL KINDS,
Cavendish, Navy, Fine Cut Chewing, Killekinic Smoking.
We would call particular attention to our Navy Tobacco, that we are selling at 75 cents ℔ lb.
NEWTON & CO.,
Nassowanno Block . . . . Palmer, Mass.

SMITH & CONVERSE,
Successors to M. W. FRENCH & BRO.,
Have on Hand a Choice Lot of
DRY GOODS,
GROCERIES,
Hats, Caps, Boots, Shoes,
&c., &c., &c.
YARD WIDE COTTONS,
VERY CHEAP.
New Spring Style DeLaines, Very Handsome.
Also, a large assortment of
SPRING SKIRTS,
All Styles and Prices.
GIVE US A CALL.
GEO. F. SMITH. JOHN S. CONVERSE.
Palmer, Mass., 1865.

"A Word to the Wise is Sufficient."

D. H. BRIGHAM & CO.,
OF SPRINGFIELD,
ADVERTISED two weeks ago to give special attention to the
Retail Clothing Trade,
And for the past ten days have had
A CONTINUOUS RUSH!
They are selling their Goods Regardless of COST!
As the panic has reduced the price of many goods about one-half, and
THEY ARE BOUND TO SELL!
AN EARLY CALL will secure
SPLENDID BARGAINS,
and insure
An Immense Stock to Select From!
What's the use of Paying a Profit?
BUY AT PANIC PRICES AT
D. H. BRIGHAM & CO'S
Wholesale and Retail Clothing House,
a1 SPRINGFIELD, MASS. 3m

U. S. 7-30 LOAN.
THIRD SERIES.
$230,000,000.

By authority of the Secretary of the Treasury, the undersigned, the General Subscription Agent for the sale of United States Securities, offers to the public the third series of Treasury Notes, bearing seven and three tenths per cent. interest per annum, known as the
7-30 LOAN.
These notes are issued under date of July 15, 1865, and are payable three years from that date in currency, or are convertible at the option of the holder into
U. S. 5-20 Six Per Cent.
GOLD BEARING BONDS.
These Bonds are now worth a handsome premium, and are exempt, as are all the Government Bonds, from State, County, and Municipal taxation, which adds from one to three per cent., per annum to their value, according to the rate levied upon other propepty. The interest is payable semi annually by coupons attached to each note, which may be cut off and sold to any bank or banker.
The interest at 7 30 per cent amounts to

One Cent per Day on a	$50	Note.
Two "	" $100	"
Ten "	" $500	"
Twenty "	" $1000	"
$1	" $5000	"

Notes of all the denominations named will be promptly furnished upon receipt of subscriptions.
The Notes of this Third Series are precisely similar in form and privileges to the Seven Thirties already sold, except that the Government reserves to itself the option of paying interest in gold coin at 6 per cent., instead of 7 3-10ths in currency. Subscribers will deduct the interest in currency up to July 15th, at the time when they subscribe.
The delivery of the notes of this third series of the 7 30s will commence on the 1st of June, and will be made promptly and continuously after that date.
The slight change made in the conditions of this Third Series affects only the matter of interest. The payment in gold, if made, will be equivalent to the currency interest of the higher rate.
The return to specie payments, in the event of which only will the option to pay interest in Gold be availed of, would so reduce and equalize prices that purchases made with six per cent. in gold would be fully equal to those made with seven and three-tenths per cent, in currency. This is
THE ONLY LOAN IN MARKET,
now offered by the Government, and its superior advantages make it
The Great Popular Loan of the People.
Less than $230,000,000 of the Loan authorized by the last Congress are now on the market. This amount, at the rate at which it is being absorbed, will all be subscribed for within sixty days, when the notes will undoubtedly command a premium, as uniformly been the case on closing the subscriptions to other Loans.
In order that citizens of every town and section of the country may be afforded facilities for taking the loan, the National Banks, State Banks, and Private Bankers throughout the country have generally agreed to receive subscriptions at par. Subscribers will select their own agents, in whom they have confidence, and who only are to be responsible for the delivery of the notes for which they receive orders.
JAY COOKE, Subscription Agent,
PHILADELPHIA.
Subscriptions will be received by the
Ware National Bank of Ware.
Monson National Bank of Monson.
Stafford National Bank of Stafford.
First National Bank of Springfield.
Second National Bank of Springfield.
f25 Third National Bank of Springfield. 3m

SPICES, of all varieties, Raisins, Citron, Extracts, Bluing, Pepper Sauce, Tomato Ketchup, At NEWTON & Co's, Pamler.

A NICE PACK of Wedding or Visiting Cards can be printed at this office at short notice. Wedding Envelopes always on hand.

TOBACCO.
FINE CUT, CHEWING, and SMOKING, of the best quality. Also, the best
Navy and Cavendish, Tobacco,
For sale AT PARK'S STORE, Palmer.

TAPIOCA, FARINA, SAGO, CORN STARCH, CHOCOLATE, COCOA &c., &c., for sale at
A. H. PARKS' Cash Store . . . PALMER, MASS.

SOAPS, SOAPS!
BURWELLS, Babbitt's, Castile and Common, at NEWTON & CO'S, Palmer.

ANOTHER LOT Fresh Ground of
KENT'S East India and OLMITZ'
COFFEES,
The best out. At NEWTON & CO'S,
Nassowanno Block, Palmer.

APRIL 1, 1865.

FALL

—IN—

GOLD!

FALL

—IN—

Merchandize!

I HAVE THIS DAY

REDUCED THE PRICE

—OF—

MY STOCK OF GOODS

TO THEIR

GOLD VALUE,

COMPRISING ALL MY

DRESS GOODS,

DOMESTIC GOODS,

Gent's Furnishing Goods,

BOOTS & SHOES,

CARPETINGS,

CROCKERY, GLASS WARE,

&c., &c., &c.

ANY PART OF MY STOCK

CAN BE BOUGHT AT

LOW FIGURES,

W. W. CROSS.

PALMER, 1865.

Youth and beauty restored to the grey-headed by the use of Webster's Vegetable Hair Invigorator. Wood & Allen, Agents.

U. C. R.——T. A.——E. P.——& C. R.

THE GREAT REMEDIES OF THE AGE.

Hunnewell's Universal Cough Remedy.
For all Threat and Lung Complaints. Small bottles, 25 cents; Large do., 50 cents.

Hunnewell's Tolu Anodyne.
The great remedy for Asthma, Neuralgia, Pains in Menstruation, all Nervous Complaints, and Sciatica. 50 cts. per Bottle.

Hunnewell's Eclectic Pills.
Cure all derangements of the Stomach or Bowels *without the slightest griping*, a point the great importance of which cannot be overestimated. The dose, a single pill, never more than two, and so very small, make them most valuable in every family. 25 cents per bottle.

Hunnewell's Consumptive Remedy.
A radical cure for this heretofore called incurable complaint. Price, $1 per Bottle.

The testimonials in my possession, to be seen by all, will remove every doubt of the perfect character of the above named preparations, and to publish which would only cause them to be classed with the thousands published in newspapers, and not a fraction of them of the least character. I beg inspection of such at my office, confidence to test the preparation, and correspondence from all.

JOHN L. HUNNEWELL, Sole Proprietor,
Practical Chemist and Pharmaceutist,
9 Commercial Wharf, Boston, Mass.

☞Sold by all wholesale and Retail Dealers in Medicine.

☞The preparations securely packed to be sent in any quantity by express, or as directed.

☞More full and particular description of each article given in notices, to follow this from month to month. m20.

Important to Females.

Dr. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS.—The combination of ingredients in these Pills is the result of a long and extensive practice. They are mild in their operation, and certain in correcting all irregularities, painful menstruations removing all obstruction, whether from cold or otherwise, headache, pain in the side, palpitation of the heart, whites, all nervous affections, hysterics, fatigue, pain in the back and limbs, &c, disturbed sleep, which arise from interruption of nature.

Dr. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS was the commencement of a new era in the treatment of these irregularities and obstructions which have consigned so many to a premature grave. No female can enjoy good health unless she is regular, and whenever an obstruction takes place the general health begins to decline

Dr. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS are the most effectual remedy ever known for all complaints peculiar to females To all classes they are invaluable, inducing, with certainty periodical regularity. They are known to thousand who have used them at different periods, throughout the country, having the sanction of some of the most eminent Physicians in America

☞Explicit directions, stating when they should not be used, with each box—the Price One Dollar per Box containing from 50 to 60 Pills.

Pills sent by mail, promptly, by remitting to the Proprietors. Sold by Druggists generally.

Hutchings & Hillyer, Proprietors, 81 Cedar st., New York. Agents.—Palmer, Wood & Allen; Ware, D Holden; Stafford Springs, H. T. Small & Co. ag29

A CARD.—Mr. Editor:—In reply to many letters and inquiries from people in this section of the country, the undersigned take great pleasure in saying through the columns of your paper, that our renowned preparation known as COE'S DYSPEPSIA CURE, is a certain cure for Dyspepsia, in its worst stages. Many cures of long standing, within our own acquaintance, have been completely, and we believe permanently cured It will stop distress after eating almost instantaneously, and enables the dyspeptic who has lived for years upon Graham bread and the plainest diet, to eat as heartily as he pleases, and anything he chooses, without danger of distress, or souring, or rising on the stomach. It is an infallible corrector of indigestion and constipation, creates a healthy appetite, stops sick-headache, heart-burn, sickness at the stomach, pains, cramps, or colic in either stomach or bowels, and sweetens offensive breath, as soon as you take it, and by enabling the patient to take plenty of hearty food, "which is the parent of health," produces vigor, strength and energy. In every trial we have known it has speedily eradicated Dyspepsia with all its attendant sufferings, weaknesses, debility, and loss of power, giving instead, a proper activity and tone to the stomach and organs of digestion, and as we confidently believe, and as the published certificates in our circulars, almanacs, and in many of the leading Journals, from convalescent patients will *confirm*, completly, permanently, and almost miraculously "cure the worst case of Dyspepsia in existence." We warrant it in every instance. It can be obtained at all the Drug Stores in the United States and Canadas, at $1.00 per bottle, or six bottles for $5. C. G. CLARK & CO., Proprietors, New Haven, Ct.
1yf4.

BORN.

In Wilbraham, 14th, a daughter to H. H. Stevens.
In Belchertown, 5th, a daughter to F. S. Cook.
In Thorndike, 13th, a son to John T. Burke.

MARRIED.

In Palmer, 14th, by Rev. Joseph Vaill, D. D., assisted by Rev Thomas Wilson, Dr. Edwin B. Lyon and Charlotte M., only daughter of John Ward, Esq., of Palmer.
In Palmer, 9th, by Rev. Dr. Vaill, William L. Cates and Marianna Sweet, both of Palmer.
In Willington, Ct., 11th, by Rev. Mr. Pease. Alvah Francis, Esq., of Stalford, and Mrs. Harriet Bugbee of Willington.
In Warren, 8th, Geo. A. Shumway of Spencer, and Margie, daughter of Joseph Ramsdell.
In New York, 6th, Cyrus G. Griffith and Sarah S. Brown, of Brimfield.
In Boston, 7th, by Rev. Chandler Robbins, D. D., Henry F. Smith, Esq., of Concord, Mass., and Nannie, daughter of the late Wm. S. Lincoln of Boston.
In Stafford Springs, 12th, by Rev. J. T. Benton, Julius P. Maine and Aurelia F. Orcutt.
In Baltic, Ct., May 39th, Chester Royce of Willington, (Village Hill), and Mrs. Susan Prescott of Baltic.

DIED.

In Wilbraham, 14th, Horace Stevens, 53.
In South Wilbraham, 31st ult., Stephen Ladd, 89, formerly of Tolland, Ct.
In Ware, 3d, Clarissa L. Leonard, 39.
In Ludlow, May 28th, Porter Tilly, 68.
In Conesus, N. Y., April 9th, Sylvester Morris, 89, a native of South Wilbraham.
In Brimfield, May 23d, Jonathan Brown, 83.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE.

BY order of Hon. Wm. S. Shurtleff, Judge of Probate, I shall sell at auction, on the premises, at 2 o'clock P. M., on Monday, July 3, 1865, so much of the estate of the late Wareham J. Davis, late of Monson, deceased, as will bring the sum of seventy-two dollars and fifteen cents, for the payment of his debts and charges of administration, subject to the widow's right of dower.
L. CLARK, Administrator.
Monson, June 17, 1865. 3w

Won't Use Any Other.

Webster's Vegetable Hair Invigorator

IS PREFERRED BY ALL to any in market, because it turns gray hair to its original color, in four weeks, and IS NOT A DYE.

For sale by
WOOD & ALLEN, Palmer.
je17. 3m.

HAYING TOOLS.

Blanchard's Scythes.	Forks.
Eureka do.,	Horse and Hand Rakes.
Winsted (Red) do., and others,	Grind and Scythe Stones.

And a General Assortment of Agricultural Tools,
FOR SALE AT LOW PRICES.
GEO. ROBINSON.
Ware, June, 17, 1865.

MONSON!

I HAVE constantly on hand

A LARGE STOCK OF GOODS,

Additions being made to it every week. Next week I shall receive an invoice of nearly all kinds, which will make it complete. It will consist of many styles of

LADIES' DRESS GOODS,

adapted to all nges and the present season,
Brown and Bleached Sheetings,
Stripes, Ticks, Denims, Cottonades,
Kentucky Jeans, Woolen Cloths, Brown and Bleached Linen, Damask, by the yard, White Muslins, White Cambrics, Hoop Skirts, Balmorals, Linen, Paper, and Cambric Collars, Sun Umbrellas, Laces, Trimmings, Buttons, Velvet Ribbons, Braids, &c., &c.,

BOOTS AND SHOES,

nearly all styles, qualities, and prices, for every age and sex, from which any one ought to be suited.

PAPER & CLOTH CURTAINS
AND FIXTURES.

Boys' and Mens' Straw, Cloth, and Fur
HATS,
VARIOUS KINDS OF FLOUR,
from the cheapest to the best St. Louis made, and warranted to suit.

Also, RYE and GRAHAM FLOUR, Fine and Coarse Corn Meal, Rye Feed, and Wheat Middlings,
Black TEA, Green Tea, Japanese Tea.
Rio COFFEE, Dandelion Coffee, and French Breakfast and Dinner Coffee, the best in use.
All kinds of SUGAR and MOLASSES.
Beans, Dried Apple, Cheese, Raisins, Currants, Citron, Tapioca, Sago, Maizena, all kinds of Spices, put up perfectly pure; Nuts, Oranges, Lemons, and Figs; Tobacco, in all styles and qualities, from 50 cents to $1 ₩ lb.
Salt, in boxes, bags and barrels, from 5 to 240 lb packages.

CROCKERY,
in large quantities,
Paper Hangings and Borders,
All sizes STONE JARS, Pitchers, Jugs, Flower Pots, and Churns,
A great many kinds of WOODEN WARE.
FLOOR OIL CLOTHS,
Mattrasses, Clocks, Trunks, Carpet Bags,
Toys and Fancy Goods,
Hair, Clothes, Whitewash, and Horse
BRUSHES,
Cooking Extracts, Perfumeries, and many kinds of Valuable Medicines. A few
SACKS AND CIRCULARS,
At greatly reduced prices.

I shall receive before the
FOURTH OF JULY.
a large assortment of
FIREWORKS.

☞All who owe me a dollar contracted previous to April 1st, '65, are requested to give immediate attention to the payment of it. All bills payable monthly.
E. E. TOWNE.
Monson, June 17, 1865.

New and Choice Sheet Music.

The Golden Ring.—Scotch Ballad. 30
"O, Jamie, where's the golden ring,
And where's the necklace rare,
And where's the pretty velvet string
To tie my raven hair."

I Hear the Wee Bird Singing. 30
Both of the above songs are by Geo. Linly. Arr. by Thos. Ryan, sung at the concerts of the Mendelssohn Quintette Club, and great favorites.

Where the Willow Weepeth.—L. H. Gurney, 30

Move my Arm-Chair, Dearest Mother.— 30
Wilmarth,
"Move my arm chair, dearest mother,
In the sunshine bright and strong,
For the world is fading mother,
I shall not be with you long."

My Sister Dear, Remember Me.— 30
Edward Everett's Song. Set to music by Lesta Vese.

Radetsk.— 1.50
Grand Valse de Concert a 4 Mains par Seven Octaves.

Orfa. 60
Grand Polka pour le Piano, par 7 Octaves.

O, Whisper What Thou Feelest.— 75
Fantasie de Salon, par E. Hoffman.

The Partridge Polka Characterisque.— 40
by Koppitz.

The above sent post-paid, on receipt of price.
OLIVER DITSON & Co., Publishers, Boston.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.
Probate Court. Hampden, ss.

To all persons interested in the Estate of Rufus F. Fay, late of Monson, in said County, deceased. Greeting:

Whereas, Rufus F. Fay, (late Jr.,) executor of the will of said deceased, has presented for allowance the first account of his administration upon the estate of said deceased:

You are hereby cited to appear at a Probate Court to be holden at Springfield, in said county of Hampden, on the first Tuesday of July next, at nine o'clock before noon, to show cause, if any you have, why the same should not be allowed. And said executor is ordered to serve this citation by publishing the same in the Palmer Journal, a newspaper printed at Palmer, three weeks successively, the first publication to be fourteen days at least before said Court, and by sending or causing to be sent a written or printed copy hereof, properly mailed, postage prepaid, to each of the heirs, devisees or legatees of said deceased, or their legal representatives known to said administrator, within two days of said first publication.

Witness, William S. Shurtleff, Esquire, Judge of said Court, this thirteenth day of June, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five.
SAMUEL B. SPOONER, Register.
Copy—attest, Samuel B. Spooner, Register.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.
Hampden, ss. PROBATE COURT.

To the Heirs-at-Law, and others interested in the estate of Rufus F. Fay, late of Monson, in said county, deceased greeting:

Whereas Rufus F. Fay, (late Jr.,) executor of the will of said deceased, has presented to said Court his petition for license to sell so much of the real estate of said deceased as will raise the sum of seventeen hundred and thirty-four dollars and seventeen cents, for the payment of debts, legacies, and charges of administration:

You are hereby ordered to appear at a Probate Court to be holden at Springfield, in said County, on the first Tuesday of July next, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause, if any you have, against the same; and said executor is ordered to serve this Citation by publishing the same once a week, three weeks successively, in the Palmer Journal, a newspaper printed at Palmer, the first publication to be fourteen days at least before said Court, and by sending or causing to be sent a written or printed copy hereof, porperly mailed, postage prepaid, to each or the heirs, devisees or legatees of said deceased, or their legal representatives, known to the petitioner, within two days of the date of said first publication.

Witness, William S. Shurtleff, Esquire, Judge of said Court, this thirteenth day of June, in the year one thousand, eight hundred and sixty-five. SAMUEL B. SPOONER, Register.
A copy, attest, Samuel B. Spooner, Register.

SUGARS, of all grades, for sale low for cash at A. H. PARKS' Store, Palmer House Block.

WOODS & Worcester's **Dry Hop Yeast,** for sale at PARKS' STORE, Palmer.

TO ALL IN WESTERN MASSACHUSETTS, WHO BUY
DRY GOODS OR CARPETS!
We respectfully invite attention to our
NEW STOCK
For the Later Spring Sales, of
Choice and Fashionable
GOODS.

NEW FABRICS, NEW DESIGNS,
For Spring and Summer DRESS GOODS,
A very large and attractive variety—many entirely new things.
MOURNING DRESS GOODS,
In the BEST VARIETY and FINEST QUALITIES to be found in the City.
New Embroideries, New Laces, New Dress and Mantilla Trimmings, Parasols,
GLOVES AND HOSIERY,
in every style; the
BEST HOOP SKIRTS made in America,
BALMORAL SKIRTS,
DRESS SILKS,
All desirable colors, for street, house, or evening wear.
Black Mantilla and Dress Silks,
In the most superb qualities, all widths.
Mantilla, Cloak, and Shawl
EMPORIUM.
SPRING and SUMMER STYLES Now Ready,
We offer an unusually large and attractive variety of ready-made
SILK AND CLOTH GARMENTS,
and no effort will be spared to offer our customers
The Latest and Most Approved Styles.
CLOAK CLOTHS,
in the best makes, the latest colors and kinds; the largest and most complete stock of these goods ever on sale in this city. Every style of Outside Garment for Ladies' or Misses' wear made to order, and work in every particular warranted to give satisfaction. Our
MILLINERY DEPARTMENT
is now filled with a new and beautiful stock. The latest fashions and choice goods can always be found.
HOUSEKEEPING DRY GOODS.
COTTONS AND LINENS.
An immense Stock, always at the Lowest Prices.
CARPETINGS,
Large additions just made. No stock comparing with this this side of Boston. Prices as low as the lowest. All the better qualities of Carpets,
Solid Brussels, Velvets, Tapestries,
Three Plys, &c., in Large Assortment.
OIL CLOTHS, MATTINGS, &c.
☞Contracts taken for Carpeting Halls, Churches, Dwellings, &c.,
CURTAINS AND CURTAIN GOODS,
In every variety.

NEW GOODS DAILY.

☞Purchasers visiting our Store will find that they can make their selections from one of the largest stocks in Massachusetts, and can purchase at as low prices as good satisfactory goods can be sold at. Trash and cheap goods, for the sake of advertising prices that they may appear low before an examination, we do not keep.
THE LARGEST AND BEST LIGHTED Store in New England, out of Boston.
TINKHAM & CO.,
184, 186, AND 188 MAIN STREET,
a15 SPRINGFIELD. 4m

CHEAP PASSAGE
—TO AND FROM—
GREAT BRITAIN AND IRELAND.
TAPSCOTT, BROTHERS, & CO.'S
Emigration & Foreign Exchange Office,
86 SOUTH STREET, NEW YORK.

Drafts on England, Ireland, Scotland and Wales.

Tappscott's Favorite Line of LIVERPOOL PACKETS Sails Every Three Days.

X LINE of LONDON PACKETS Sails Every Ten Days. Also, by
STEAMSHIP SAILING WEEKLY.
Parties wishing to send for their friends, or remit money to the Old Country, can do so at the Lowest Rates by applying to
jl0 6m **CHAS. E. STEVENS,** Ware.

New Styles of
PAPER HANGINGS & BORDERS,
CURTAINS, of various kinds, CURTAIN FIXTURES. Cord and Tassels, a great variety.
Also, a good assortment of
Books, Stationery, Music, Periodicals,
And NEWSPAPERS for sale.
Ware, March 4—3m. G. K. CUTLER.

A NICE ARTICLE OF
SUGAR HOUSE SYRUP,
For sale
Palmer, Dec. 8. AT PARKS' STORE.

WANTED!
All Kinds of Farmer's Produce in Exchange for Goods, at
A. H. PARKS' Store ..... Palmer, Mass.

STONE WARE.—Butter Pots, Cake Jars, Jugs of all sizes, Flower Pots, plain and glazed, Bean Pots, Stone Pitchers, Spittoons, and all kinds of Stone Ware, at PARKS' Store, Palmer,

WANTED!
BUTTER, EGGS, and all kinds of FARMERS' PRODUCE at NEWTON & Co's.
Palmer, 1865.

A GENTLEMAN cured of Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, and the effects of youthful indiseretion, will be happy to furnish others with the means of cure, (Free of Charge). This remedy is simple, safe, and certain.
For full particulars, by return mail, please address JOHN B. OGDEN,
m272m 60 Nassau Street, New York.

TEAS.
The best Young Hyson, Black, and Japanese
For sale at A. H. PARKS' Store, Palmer.

ALL Goods sold after this date will be cash down, except in exchange for produce All persons indebted to me will please make immediate payment. A. H. PARKS.
Palmer, May 20, 1865.

ENVELOPES, embellished with Business Cards, furnished at this office.

POTASH, at NEWTON & CO'S, Palmer.
Of the best quality

KEROSENE Lamps & Lanterns, Shades, Lantern Globes, Chimneys, &c., for sale at A. H. PARKS' Store, Palmer.

FLOUR
Of all grades, FOR SALE LOW for cash,
AT A. H. PARKS' STORE,
West end of Palmer House Block, Palmer, Mass

SOAPS.—The celebrated "Gold Medal Soap." 'French Lustral,' 'Sawyer's,' and other Soaps, for sale at A. H. PARKS' Store, Palmer.

THE Gold Medal Saleratus, for sale at A. H. PARKS' Store, Palmer.

IF YOU WANT
ANYTHING
IN THE WAY OF
DRY GOODS,
READY-MADE CLOTHING,
—OR—
GROCERIES,
BY ALL MEANS
CALL ON
KELLOGG & TINKHAM.
THEY HAVE A
VERY LARGE STOCK
OF
GOODS,
AND ARE SELLING AT
VERY LOW PRICES.
j3 4w

TRUSSES! TRUSSES!

Branch Depot of the
Metropolitan Truss and Bandage Institute,
OF BOSTON.
Having made arrangements with the proprietors of this institution for the sale of their goods, we have opened rooms over our store for their sale, and would respectfully invite the attention of the citizens of this vicinity to our large assortment of
THE VARIOUS STYLES OF
Trusses, Elastic Stockings,
Abdominal Supporters, Knee Caps,
Suspensory Bandages,
Gentlemen's Chest Expanding Suspenders,
Ladies' " " Skirt Supporters,
&c., &c., &c., &c.
Our facilities for the sale and fitting of the above articles are now complete, and we shall give them our special attention.
☞Orders by mail or express will be promptly answered.
E. BIGELOW & CO.,
Opposite Court Square,
je3 Springfield, Mass. 6m

NOTICE.
ON and after Monday, June 5, trains leave Palmer for Amherst at 2.20 and 6.15 P. M. Returning, leave Amherst at 6.30 A. M. and 4.00 P. M.
Leave Palmer for New London at 7.50 A. M. and 2.20 P. M. Returning, leave New London at 8.00 A. M. and 1.40 P. M. R. N. DOWD, Supt.
June 3d, 1865.

MEAL.
BOLTED MEAL, FLOUR,
RYE MEAL, CORN,
GRASS SEEDS, RYE,
Will be found
At NEWTON & Co's, Palmer,
At the Lowest Figures.

FOUND.
ON the 17th, in the pasture of James B. Burlingame, a BAY MARE, with a long switch tail. The owner can have the same by proving the property and paying the expenses.
JAMES B. BURLINGAME.
Palmer, May 29, 1865.

FERTILIZERS!
FARMERS should remember that the present is a good time to apply them to all their crops; and also remember that
POUDRETTE AND BONE DUST
Are the very best things to sow upon Buckwheat when the time arrives—much superior to plaster.
For Sale by **E. E. TOWNE,** Monson.
June 10.

NOTICE is hereby given that the subscriber has been duly appointed administrator of the estate of Chas. B. Bromley, late of Monson, in the county of Hampden, deceased; and has taken upon himself that trust, by giving bonds as the law directs. And all persons having demands upon the estate of the said deceased, are required to exhibit the same; and all persons indebted to the said estate are called upon to make payment to ABEL H. CALKINS, Administrator.
Longmeadow, April 4, 1865. j10 3w

NOTICE.
I HEREBY forbid all persons harboring or trusting my wife, Sarah J. Works, on my account, as I shall pay no debts of her contracting after this date. JOHN N. WORKS.
Brimfield, May 30, 1865. j3 3w

AT NEWTON & CO'S
WILL be found those choice Milk Crackers. Also Boston and Springfield Crackers.

TOBACCO OF ALL KINDS,
Cavendish, Navy, Fine Cut Chewing, Killekinic Smoking.
We would call particular attention to our Navy Tobacco, that we are selling at 75 cents ₩ lb.
NEWTON & CO.,
Nassowanno Block . . . . Palmer, Mass.

SMITH & CONVERSE,
Successors to M. W. FRENCH & BRO.,
Have on Hand a Choice Lot of
DRY GOODS,
GROCERIES,
Hats, Caps, Boots, Shoes,
&c., &c., &c.
YARD WIDE COTTONS,
VERY CHEAP.
New Spring Style DeLaines, Very Handsome.
Also, a large assortment of
SPRING SKIRTS,
All Styles and Prices.
GIVE US A CALL.
GEO. F. SMITH. JOHN S. CONVERSE.
Palmer, Mass., 1865.

"A Word to the Wise is Sufficient."

D. H. BRIGHAM & CO.,
OF SPRINGFIELD,
ADVERTISED two weeks ago to give special attention to the
Retail Clothing Trade,
And for the past ten days have had
A CONTINUOUS RUSH!
They are selling their Goods Regardless of Cost!
As the panic has reduced the price of many goods about one-half, and
THEY ARE BOUND TO SELL!
AN EARLY CALL will secure
SPLENDID BARGAINS,
and insure
An Immense Stock to Select From!
What's the use of Paying a Profit?
BUY AT PANIC PRICES AT
D. H. BRIGHAM & CO'S
Wholesale and Retail Clothing House,
al SPRINGFIELD, MASS. 3m

U. S. 7-30 LOAN.
THIRD SERIES.
$230,000,000.

By authority of the Secretary of the Treasury, the undersigned, the General Subscription Agent for the sale of United States Securities, offers to the public the third series of Treasury Notes, bearing seven and three tenths per cent. interest per annum, known as the
7-30 LOAN.
These notes are issued under date of July 15, 1865, and are payable three years from that date in currency, or are convertible at the option of the holder into
U. S. 5-20 Six Per Cent.
GOLD BEARING BONDS.
These Bonds are now worth a handsome premium, and are exempt, as are all the Government Bonds, from State, County, and Municipal taxation, which adds from one to three per cent., per annum to their value, according to the rate levied upon other propepty. The interest is payable semi annually by coupons attached to each note, which may be cut off and sold to any bank or banker.
The interest at 7 30 per cent amounts to

One Cent per Day on a		$50 Note.
Two "	"	$100 "
Ten "	"	$500 "
Twenty "	"	$1000 "
$1 "	"	$5000 "

Notes of all the denominations named will be promptly furnished upon receipt of subscriptions.
The Notes of this Third Series are precisely similar in form and privileges to the Seven Thirties already sold, except that the Government reserves to itself the option of paying interest in gold coin at 6 per cent., instead of 7 3-10ths in currency. Subscribers will deduct the interest in currency up to July 15th, at the time when they subscribe.
The delivery of the notes of this third series of the 7 30s will commence on the 1st of June, and will be made promptly and continuously after that date.
The slight change made in the conditions of this Third Series affects only the matter of interest. The payment in gold, if made, will be equivalent to the currency interest of the higher rate.
The return to specie payments, in the event of which only will the option to pay interest in Gold be availed of, would so reduce and equalize prices that purchases made with six per cent. in gold would be fully equal to those made with seven and three-tenths per cent, in currency. This is
THE ONLY LOAN IN MARKET,
now offered by the Government, and its superior advantages make it
The Great Popular Loan of the People.
Less than $230,000,000 of the Loan authorized by the last Congress are now on the market. This amount, at the rate at which it is being absorbed, will all be subscribed for within sixty days, when the notes will undoubtedly command a premium, as uniformly been the case on closing the subscriptions to other Loans.
In order that citizens of every town and section of the country may be afforded facilities for taking the loan, the National Banks, State Banks, and Private Bankers throughout the country have generally agreed to receive subscriptions at par. Subscribers will select their own agents, in whom they have confidence, and who only are to be responsible for the delivery of the notes for which they receive orders.
JAY COOKE, Subscription Agent,
PHILADELPHIA.
Subscriptions will be received by the
Ware National Bank of Ware.
Monson National Bank of Monson.
Stafford National Bank of Stafford.
First National Bank of Springfield.
Second National Bank of Springfield.
f25 Third National Bank of Springfield. 3m

SPICES, of all varieties, Raisins, Citron, Extracts, Bluing, Pepper Sauce, Tomato Ketchup, At NEWTON & Co's, Pamler.

A NICE PACK of Wedding or Visiting Cards can be printed at this office at short notice. Wedding Envelopes always on hand.

TOBACCO.
FINE CUT, CHEWING, and SMOKING, of the best quality. Also, the best
Navy and Cavendish, Tobacco,
For sale AT PARK'S STORE, Palmer.

TAPIOCA, FARINA, SAGO,
CORN STARCH, CHOCOLATE, COCOA
&c., &c., for sale at
A. H. PARKS' Cash Store . . . Palmer, Mass.

SOAPS, SOAPS!
BURWELLS, Babbitt's, Castile and Common, at NEWTON & CO'S, Palmer.

ANOTHER LOT Fresh Ground of
KENT'S East India and OLMITZ'
COFFEES,
The best out. At NEWTON & CO'S,
Nassowanno Block, Palmer.

APRIL 1, 1865.

FALL
—IN—
GOLD!

FALL
—IN—
Merchandize!

I HAVE THIS DAY
REDUCED THE PRICE
—OF—
MY STOCK OF GOODS
TO THEIR
GOLD VALUE,
COMPRISING ALL MY
DRESS GOODS,
DOMESTIC GOODS,
Gent's Furnishing Goods,
READY-MADE
CLOTHING,
Boots & Shoes,
CARPETINGS,
CROCKERY, GLASS WARE,
&c., &c., &c.

ANY PART OF MY STOCK
Can be Bought at
LOW FIGURES,

W. W. CROSS.
Palmer, 1865.

DISSATISFIED.—Great dissatisfactinn prevails among the Pennsylvania one year troops, at the order reducing their bounties 25 per cent. An effort is being made to have the order rescinded.

SWORD FOR BEN BUTLER.—A sword, costing $750, has been purchased by the freedmen at Fortress Monroe, for presentation to Gen. Butler, in token of his services rendered them while in command in that department.

GOOD DECISION.—It is stated that President Johnson has determined to permit our soldiers to retain posession of their arms used in battle as mementoes of their honorable services and heir-looms to their children.

☞ Will the author of the lines entitled "Changes," published in our paper, a few weeks ago, report his name at our office.

☞ Sixty thousand acres of land are soon to be advertised for sale by the Central Railroad Company.

PRICES

—ARE—

DOWN! DOWN! DOWN!

—FOR—

DRY GOODS.

J. H. STORRS,

Would inform all who have so liberally patronized him that he will now give a BENEFIT by selling goods at Wholesale Prices at Retail for a few days. We offer

Good Dark Prints for	17 cents.
Best New Styles do,	20
" " " M'DeLaines,	25
Heavy Cottons, yard wide,	25
Fine Bleached Cottons, yard wide,	25

NEW STYLES OF

DRESS GOODS,

CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS,

FEATHERS,

ALL DOWN TO GOLD VALUE.

☞ We give notice to all we have bought largely at the late Low Prices,

WHICH ENABLES US TO SELL AT

VERY LOW PRICES.

We shall make

Special Inducements to those from a Distance,

Who buy in large quantities.

NEW GOODS WILL BE RECEIVED EVERY WEEK

During the Spring Trade.

A Word to the Wise is Sufficient.

Very respectfully,

J. H. STORRS.

Ware, March 25, 1865.

DR. LAROOKAH'S

SARSAPARILLA COMPOUND!

NOW is the time to use this most wonderful **Magic-Like Spring Compound.**

It is double the strength of any other Sarsaparilla Compound.

For the Cure of Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Scrofula, Dropsy, Neuralgia, Epilepsy, Erysipelas, Boils, Tumors, Salt Rheum, Ulcers and Sores, Rheumatism, Pain in the Stomach, Side, and Bowels, Debility, and all complaints arising from Impurities of the BLOOD.

It is a SURE CURE for LIVER COMPLAINTS.

DYSPEPSIA or Indigestion will find a ready cure in this Compound.

SCROFULA.—This loathsome disease, which afflicts and sweeps off so many from our midst, can be cured by Larookah's Sarsaparilla Compound

For PURIFYING THE BLOOD, there is nothing now before the public which can equal Larookah's Sarsaparilla Compound. It is a great promoter of health when used in the spring, to remove all Humors that infest the system at that season of the year.

DR. LAROOKAH'S SARSAPARILLA COMPOUND has been so great a blessing to our family that we class it with LAROOKAH'S SYRUP, the BEST article in use for what it purports to be. REV. N. P. SELEE.

Melrose Mass, Dec 3, 1864.

The following letter is from DR. B. F. ABBOTT, for years an eminent practitioner in the city of Boston:

DR. E. R. KNIGHT.—I have been in the habit of prescribing Larookah's Sarsaparilla Compound for two years, with the most satisfactory results.

PRICE, $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

Consumptive Remedy.

DR. LAROOKAH'S

Indian Vegetable Pulmonic Syrup.

The best preparation ever made for the following complaints:

Colds, Coughs, Whooping Cough, Croup, Asthma, Catarrh, Bronchitis, Spitting Blood, Pain in the Side, Night Sweats, Humors, General Debility, and the various Throat Affections and Hoarseness to which Public Speakers and Singers are liable, and all other complaints tending to

CONSUMPTION.

Letter from a well-known Boston Druggist of Twenty Years' Experience:

BOSTON, March 9, 1865.

DR. E. R. KNIGHTS:—Having used "Larookah's Pulmonic Syrup," myself and in my family for the last six years, I am prepared to say that it is superior to any medicine I have ever known for the positive cure of Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat and all similar complaints.

W. B. BOWEN, 86 Hanover Street.

Rev. John C. Ingalls of Melrose, Mass, says: "As an honest man I can say, that in my judgment, Dr. Larookah's I. V. P. Syrup, for Pulmonary Diseases, stands unrivalled by any medicine yet discovered, it having cured me of Bronchitis, of six years standing.

Prepared by S. SEVERY. Price, 50 cents and $1.00 per bottle.

DR. E. R. KNIGHTS, Proprietor, Melrose, Mass.

Sold by Wood & Allen, Palmer; H. T. Small & Co., Stafford Springs; D. Holden, Ware; E. E. Towne, Monson, and by druggists and dealers generally. my20.

ANOTHER LOT JUST RECEIVED.

PRICES FOR THE TIMES!

Good Brown Sugar,	9 lb for	$1.00
Porto Rico do..	7 " "	1.00
Granulated, Pulv., and Crushed do.,	4½ "	1.00
Porto Rico Molasses,	per gallon,	.90
Good do.,	"	.50
Best quality Oolong Tea,	per pound,	1.25
Fair do.,	"	.75

Another lot of FRESH MILK BISCUIT, with a full

Assortment of all kinds of Groceries, Just received

—AT—

NEWTON & CO'S,

Nassowanno Block, Palmer.

TAKE NOTICE!

OPENED THIS DY!

A NEW CASE OF GOODS, consisting of

COTTONS, PRINTS, & D'LAINES,

Bought and sold at

PANIC PRICES.

SMITH & CONVERSE.

Palmer, April, 1865.

CLOTHING

Marked Down! Down!

NOW IS YOUR TIME TO BUY.

CALL ON THE

NEW YORK

CLOTHING COMPANY,

138 MAIN ST., SPRINGFIELD,

(Corner of Vernon Street)

GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS,

HATS AND CAPS,

From one of the *LARGEST WHOLESALE ESTABLISHMENTS* in the City of New York,

ANY ONE WISHING

A Good Substantial Article

FOR A

LITTLE MONEY,

WOULD DO WELL TO

EXAMINE OUR STOCK.

ALL GOODS SOLD BY US ARE

WARRANTED

TO BE AS REPRESENTED.

We will allow the privilege of exchanging (within three days), any garment sold at retail, which upon examination at home does not meet the entire approval of the purchaser, either in material, style, or fit; or, if that is not sufficiently liberal,

WE WILL REFUND THE MONEY.

Our terms of sale are strictly for cash, and

WE GUARANTEE

A BETTER ARTICLE

OF CLOTHING FOR THE PRICE

than can be obtained elsewhere. Call and satisfy yourselves, at

138 MAIN ST.,

nearly opposite Baptist Church,

SPRINGFIELD..... MASS.

n21tf

READY MADE CLOTHING,

Just received and for sale by

D. MULVIHILL,

Nassowanno Block, Palmer, Mass.

March 4, 1865.

PETROLEUM STOCKS

Are now attracting much attention, as

They Pay Larger Dividends

than any other stocks in the market, ranging from *One to Five per Cent. per Month.*

Parties wishing to subscribe for stock in the "Great Basin" the "Massachusetts & Oil Creek," the "New England," "Fuller Farm," or other first-class oil companies, or in the

Montezuma Gold Mining Company,

the ore of which assays at over $8,000 per cord, can do so at the office of

Palmer, Jan. 21, 1865. JAS. G. ALLEN.

Manhood: How Lost, How Restored.

JUST PUBLISHED, a new edition of DR. CULVERWELL'S CELEBRATED ESSAY on the Radical Cure (without medicine) of Spermatorrhœa, or seminal weakness, Involuntary Seminal Losses, Impotency, Mental and physical Incapacity; Impediments to Marriage, etc.; also, Consumption, Epilepsy, and Fits, induced by self-indulgence or sexual extravagance.

☞ Price, in a sealed envelope, only six cents.

The celebrated author, in this admirable essay, clearly demonstrates, from a thirty years' successful practice, that the alarming consequences of self-abuse may be radically cured without the dangerous use of internal medicine, or the application of the knife—pointing out a mode of cure at once simple, certain, and effectual, by means of which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately, and radically.

☞ This Lecture should be in the hands of every youth and every man in the land.

Sent under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address, post-paid, on receipt of six cents or two post stamps. Address the publishers,

CHAS. J. C. KLINE & CO.,

127 Bowery, New York, Post Office Box 4,586.

IF YOU WANT

A GOOD ARTICLE

—OF—

READY-MADE CLOTHING

For a Little Money,

Call at D. MULVIHILL'S,

Palmer, March 4, 1865. Nassowanno Block.

GRASS SEEDS.

HERDS GRASS, RED TOP, CLOVER, and MILLET, at the Agricultural Store in Ware.

April 29, 1865. GEO. ROBINSON.

FIRE AND LIFE

INSURANCE AGENCY.

Ætna Insurance Company,
HARTFORD, CT.
Capital.....$1,500,000

Hartford Fire Ins. Company,
HARTFORD, CT.
Capital.....$1,000,000

Phœnix Insurance Company,
HARTFORD, CT.
Capital.....$400,000

Springfield Fire & Marine Ins. Co.,
SPRINGFIELD, MASS.
Capital and Surplus.....$567,863 17

Norwich Fire Insurance Company,
NORWICH, CT.
Capital.....$300,000

INSURANCE AGAINST FIRE,

ON FACTORIES, STORES, DWELLING Houses, Barns, &c.,

Effected on MOST REASONABLE TERMS, in the Best Companies.

Also, Life Insurance

Effected on good risks in the best Mutual Companies.

Address or apply to

E. F. MORRIS,

MONSON, MASS.

June 25, 1864—1y.

DENTISTRY.

DR. J. B. GOULD,

Surgical and Mechanical Dentist,

Palmer, Mass.

respectfully informs the Citizens of Palmer and vicinity that he has located himself in this place as a permanent Dentist, and hopes by strict attention to business to win the patronage of the public.

The Most Difficult Operations in Dentistry Performed with Care.

One of the most important and often neglected duties of the age is the preservation of the Natural Teeth, and to this end none should neglect having them frequently examined by a Dentist, that decay and other imperfections may be seasonably remedied. Children's teeth should receive frequent and careful attention, to prevent irregularities or decay.

ARTIFICIAL TEETH

inserted on the improved principle of atmospheric pressure. Teeth, from one to an entire set, inserted on Gold, Silver, or Rubber.

A SUPERIOR ARTICLE of DENTRIFICE and TOOTH BRUSHES constantly on hand.

☞ Examinations and advice gratis.

☞ All operations warranted.

TERMS REASONABLE.

TESTIMONIALS:

The undersigned, citizens of Monson, have employed Mr. J. B. Gould, in his regular practice as Dentist, with satisfaction, and would cheerfully recommend him to the citizens of this and adjoining towns, as skillful in all branches of this business. They are happy also to commend him as a man of good principles and high moral character.

Rev. T. G. Colton.	Marcus Keep.
" F. Woods.	S. Darling.
N. F. Rogers.	Dr. J. M. Towne.
E. B. Miles.	" Smith.

n19 Dr. J. McKinstrey.

Palmer Steam Mill!

THE subscribers, having leased the Steam Mill formerly occupied by Hall & Trumble, offer for sale

A FULL ASSORTMENT OF

FLOUR, GRAIN, MEAL, *FEED, SALT, LIME,*

COAL, WOOD, &c.

AT THE LOWEST MARKET PRICES.

CASH PAID FOR ALL KINDS OF GRAIN.

HOVEY & SUTCLIFFE.

Palmer, Mass., Dec. 20, 1862.

NEW GROCERY STORE!

The undersigned, having purchased the stock of

GROCERIES & PROVISIONS

lately owned by J. P. SHAW, and removed them to their Flour and Grain Store, and having made large additions thereto, are prepared to furnish

FAMILY GROCERIES as CHEAP as at any other establishment in the county.

As we deal largely in

FLOUR AND GRAIN,

we are enabled to make purchases at

LOW FIGURES,

and sell in the same manner.

All kinds of FARMERS' PRODUCE taken in exchange for goods.

☞ Remember the place—

At the Palmer Steam Mill.

HOVEY & SUTCLIFFE.

Palmer, Aug. 29, 1863.

GOVERNMENT

PENSION AGENCY!

GOVERNMENT BOUNTY OF $100

Collected for soldiers who have been discharged from service by reason of wounds or disability, without regard to length of time. Invalid soldiers discharged from service, and the widows and orphans of soldiers who died in the U. States service, or of wounds or disease contracted in line of duty, are entitled to pensions. All pension claims against the government, and claims for arrears of pay and bounty, will be promptly attended to and collected at the lowest rates. No charge made to the soldier unless the claim is successful.

This Agency is duly licensed, and the undersigned does his business direct with the authorities at Washington, and not through third parties.

JAS. G. ALLEN, Counsellor & Attorney.

Palmer, March 21, 1863.

M. P. KNOWLTON,

Attorney and Counsellor at Law.

Post Office Building, south side of Court Square,

SPRINGFIELD, MASS.

Soldiers' Pensions, Bounty, Back Pay, &c., procured promptly and at reasonable rates.

TO LET.

THE ROOMS IN STRONG BLOCK heretofore used as a Tin-shop. Enquire of

Palmer, March 4, 1855. JAS. G. ALLEN.

A Superior Article of Pure Ground JAVA COFFEE,

Also, Kent's East India Coffee, French Breakfast Coffee, &c., for sale at

A. H. PARKS' Store.....Palmer House Block.

PURE Ground Spices, of all kinds, also Bluing, Extracts, Pepper Sauce, &c., for sale at PARKS' STORE, Palmer.

HAMS! DRIED BEEF!

HAMS! DRIED APPLES!

ALL KINDS OF FISH!

At NEWTON & Co's . . . Palmer, Mass.

HEALTH

HELMBOLD'S

FLUID EXTRACT

BUCHU.

For Non-Retention or Incontinence of Urine, Inflammation or Ulceration of the Bladder or Kidneys, Diseases of the Prostrate Gland, Gravel, Brick Dust Deposits, Dropsical Swellings, Organic Weakness, Debility, Female Complaints, &c.

Helmbold's Fluid Extract Buchu and

IMPROVED ROSE WASH

Will radically exterminate from the system Diseases arising from habits of Dissipation, at little expense, little or no change of diet, no inconvenience or exposure, completely superseding those unpleasant and dangerous remedies, Copabia and Mercury, in curing these diseases.

USE HELMBOLD'S

FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU

In all Diseases of the Urinary Organs, whether existing in MALE OR FEMALE, *from whatever cause originating*, and no matter of how long standing. It is pleasant in its taste and odor, IMMEDIATE in action, and more strengthening than any of the preparations of Bark or Iron.

Those suffering from Broken Down or Delicate Constitutions, *procure the Remedy at once.*

The reader must be aware that however slight may be the attack of the above diseases, it is certain to affect his *Bodily Health, Mental Powers and Happiness.* If no treatment is submitted to, Consumption or Insanity may ensue.

All the above diseases require the aid of a diuretic.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU

IS THE GREAT DIURETIC.

HELMBOLD'S

HIGHLY CONCENTRATED COMPOUND

FLUID

EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA,

For purifying the blood, removing all diseases arising from excess and imprudence in life, chronic constitutional diseases arising from an impure state of the blood, and the only reliable and effectual know remedy for the cure of Scrofula, Scald Head, Salt Rheum, Pains and Swellings of the Bones, Ulcerations of the Throat and Legs, Blotches, Pimples on the Face, Tetter, Erysipelas, and all scaly eruptions of the skin, and beautifying the complexion.

AND

HAPPINESS

NOT A FEW

Of the worst disorders that afflict mankind arise from the corruption that accumulates in the Blood. Of all the discoveries that have been made to purge it out, none can equal in effect Helmbold's Compound Extract of Sarsaparilla. It cleanses and renovates the Blood, instills the vigor of health into the system and purges out the humors which make disease. It stimulates the healthy functions of the body, and expels the disorders that grow and rankle in the blood. Such a remedy, that could be relied on, has long been sought for, and now, for the first time, the public have one on which they can depend. Our space here does not admit of certificates to show its effects, but the trial of a single bottle will show to the sick that it has virtues surpassing anything they have ever taken.

Two tablespoonsful of the Extract of Sarsaparilla, added to a pint of water, is equal to the Lisbon Diet Drink, and one bottle is equal to a gallon of the Syrup of Sarsaparilla, or the decoction as usually made.

The above Extracts are prepared on purely scientific principles—in Vacuo—and embody the full strength of the ingredients entering into their composition. A ready and conclusive test will be a comparison of their properties with those set forth in the U. S. Dispensatory.

HOW TO USE THE REMEDIES.

In diseases of the Blood, Humors on the Face, or any and every part of the body, use Extract Sarsaparilla, applying to Pimples and all external Humors or Eruptions the improved Rose Wash.

Use the Extract Buchu for all diseases requiring the aid of a Diuretic, except those of the Urinary Organs, such as Gonorrhœa and Gleet; in these use the Extract Buchu and inject with the Improved Rose Wash.

☞ THESE EXTRACTS HAVE BEEN ADMITTED TO USE IN THE UNITED STATES ARMY, and also are in very general use in all the STATE HOSPITALS and Public Institutions throughout the land, as well as well as in private practice, and are considered as invaluable remedies.

Medicine delivered to Any Address.

Direct letters, to—

HELMBOLD'S DRUG & CHEMICAL WAREHOUSE,

594 Broadway, New York,

Next Metropolitan Hotel, or to

HELMBOLD'S MEDICAL DEPOT,

104 South Tenth St., Philadelphia,

Assembly Buildings.

Describe Symptoms in all Communication.

☞ Sold by all Druggists everywhere.

☞ Beware of Counterfeits.

☞ Ask for Helmbold's. Take no Other.

Feb. 25. 1y.

SECURED.

DR. VELPAU'S FRENCH PILLS.

LADIES, TAKE PARTICULAR NOTICE.

THE REAL VELPAU FEMALE PILL.

[Warranted French.]

These Pills, so celebrated many years ago in Paris, for the relief of female irregularities, and afterward so notorious for their criminal employment in the practice of abortion, are now offered for sale for the first time in America. They have been kept in comparative security from the fact that the originator, Dr. Velpau, is a physician in Paris, of great wealth and strictly conscientious principles, and has withheld them from general use lest they should be employed for unlawful purposes. In overcoming Female Obstructions, Falling of the Womb, Whites, Green Sickness, Suppression, Retention, or Immoderate flow of the monthly discharges, they seem to be truly omnipotent, bursting open the flood gates from whatever cause may have stopped them; but they are offered to the public only for legitimate uses and all agents are forbidden to sell them when it is understood that the object is unlawful. Married ladies should never take them when there is any reason to believe themselves pregnant, for they will be sure to produce a miscarriage.

These Pills are entirely safe under all circumstances, being composed entirely of substances from the vegetable kingdom.

Each box has the coat of arms for the city of Paris stamped on the box, with the words "Trade Mark" in French, to counterfeit which is a misdemeanor, and all persons will be dealt with according to law.

☞ Full directions accompany every box.

Ladies can obtain a box sealed from the eyes of the curious, by enclosing one dollar and six post-office stamps to any respectable druggists, or to O. C. STAPLES, General Agent for the United States, Watertown, N. Y.

For sale in Palmer by Wood & Allen, and Dr. Wm. Holbrook. n51y.

Important to All Invalids!

IRON IN THE BLOOD

IT is well known to the medical profession that IRON is the Vital Principle or Life Element of the blood. This is derived chiefly from the food we eat; but if the food is not properly digested, or if from any cause whatever, the necessary quantity of iron is not taken into the circulation, or becomes reduced, the whole system suffers. The bad blood will irritate the heart, will clog up the lungs, will stupefy the brain, will obstruct the liver, and will send its disease producing elements to all parts of the system, and every one will suffer in whatever organ may be predisposed to disease.

The great value of

IRON AS A MEDICINE

is well known and acknowledged by all medical men. The difficulty has been to obtain such a preparation of it as will enter the circulation and assimilate at once with the blood. This point, says Dr. Hayes, Massachusetts State Chemist, has been attained in the Peruvian Syrup, by combination in a way before unknown.

THE PERUVIAN SYRUP

OR PROTECTED solution of the PROTOXIDE OF IRON. A NEW Discovery in Medicine that strikes at the Root of Disease by supplying the Blood with its Vital Principle or Life Element—blood.

THE PERUVIAN SYRUP

Cures Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Dropsy, Fever and Ague, Loss of Energy, Low Spirits.

THE PERUVIAN SYRUP

infuses strength, vigor, and new life into the system, and builds up an "Iron Constitution"

THE PERUVIAN SYRUP

cures Nervous Affections, Female Complaints, and all Diseases of the Kidneys and Bladder.

THE PERUVIAN SYRUP

is a SPECIFIC for all diseases originating in a BAD STATE OF THE BLOOD, or accompanied by Debility or a Low State of the System.

Pamphlets containing certificates of cures, and recommendations from some of the most eminent Physicians, Clergymen, and others, will be sent FREE to any address.

We select a few of the names to show the character of the testimonials.

Rev. John Pierpont.	Lewis Johnson, M. D.
Rev. Warren Burton.	Roswell Kinney, M. D.
Rev. Arthur B. Fuller.	S. H. Kendall, M. D.
Rev. Aug. R. Pope.	W. R. Chisholm, M. D.
Rev. Gurdon Robbins.	Francis Dana, M. D.
Rev. Sylvanus Cobb.	Jeremiah Stone, M. D.
Rev. T. Starr King.	Jose Anto. Sanchez M.D
Rev. Osburn Myrick.	Marcelino Aranda, M. D.
Rev. Ephraim Nute, Jr.	Abraham Wendell, M.D.
Rev. Thomas H. Pons.	A. A. Hayes, M. D.
Rev. Richard Metcalf.	J. R. Chilton, M. D.
Rev. M. P. Webster.	H. E. Kinney, M. D.
Rev. Jos. H. Clinch.	Jose d'Espinar, M. D.
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Rev. J. Pearson, Jr.	Thomas C. Armory, Esq.
Rev. A. R. R. Crawley.	Hon. Peter Harvey.
Rev. Henry Upham.	James C. Dunn, Esq.
Rev. H. S. Riddel.	Samuel May, Esq.
Rev. P. C. Headley.	Prof. E. Vitalis Scherb.
Rev. John W. Olmstead.	Ferdinand Andrews, Esq

—FOR SALE BY—

SETH W FOWLE & Co., 18 Tremont st., Boston.

J. P. DINSMORE, 491 Broadway, New York.

And by all Druggists.

REDDING'S RUSSIA SALVE!

FORTY YEAR'S EXPERIENCE

Has fully established the superiority of Redding's Russia Salve over all other healing preparations.

It cures all kinds of

Sores, Cuts, Scalds, Burns, Boils, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Skies, Piles, Corns, Sore Lips, Sore Eyes, &c., &c., Removing the Pain at once, and Reducing the most Angry Looking Swellings and Inflammation as if by Magic.

Only 25 Cents a Box.

For sale by SETH W. FOWLE & Co. 18 Tremont st., Boston, and by all Druggists and Grocers, and at all country stores.

HALL'S VEGETABLE

SICILIAN HAIR RENEWER,

THE best preparation for the Hair. It will immediately free the head from all dandruff, restore the hair to its natural color, and produce a new growth where it has fallen off. It will stop the falling out of the hair in a few days, if faithfully applied, and it will turn gray hair to its original color. Price, one dollar. A large lot just received, and for sale by the bottle or dozen.

WOOD & ALLEN,

Palmer, Mass., Feb. 11, 1865. 1y

ANY BOOK WANTED!

CAN be obtained at short notice by leaving orders at our store. A select assortment of STANDARD WORKS on hand, together with TOY BOOKS and BOOKS FOR YOUTH.

Also, different styles of

Pocket Bibles and Testaments,

PHOTOGRAPH ALBUMS, &C.

Give us a Call.

WOOD & ALLEN,

Palmer, Feb. 11, 1865. tf

REMOVED.

I HAVE removed my shop from Commercial Block to the new building adjoining the Journal Office, where I am prepared to make

BOOTS AND SHOES.

and do REPAIRING at short notice.

CALVIN HITCHCOCK.

Palmer, April 8, 1865.

GEO. S. BOSWORTH,

CARPENTER AND JOINER,

—AND DEALER IN—

Doors, Sash, Blinds, Framing Timber, &c., &c.

Doors, Sash, and Blinds constantly on hand. All kinds of jobbing done to order. Palmer, Jan. 30

AMERICAN AND FOREIGN PATENTS.

R. H. EDDY,

SOLICITOR OF PATENTS,

Late Agent of U. S. Patent Office, Washington (under the Act of 1837.)

76 STATE ST.....opp. Kilby st.....BOSTON

After an extensive practice of upwards of twenty years, continues to secure Patents in the United States, also in Great Britain, France, and other foreign countries. Caveats, Specifications, Bonds, Assignments, and all Papers or Drawings for Patents executed on liberal terms, and with dispatch. Researches made into American or Foreign works to determine the validity or utility of Patents or inventions—and legal or other advice rendered in all matters touching the same. Copies of the claims of any patent furnished by remitting one dollar. Assignments recorded at Washington.

The Agency is not only the largest in New England, but through it inventors have advantages for securing Patents, of ascertaining the patentability of inventions, unsurpassed by, if not immeasurably superior to any which can be offered them elsewhere. The Testimonials below given prove that none is MORE SUCCESSFUL AT THE PATENT OFFICE than the subscriber, and as SUCCESS IS THE BEST PROOF OF ADVANTAGES AND ABILITY, he would add that he has abundant reason to believe, and can prove, that at no other office of the kind are the charges for professional services so moderate. The immense practice of the subscriber during the twelve years past has enabled him to accumulate a vast collection of specifications and official decisions relative to patents.

These, besides his extensive library of legal and mechanical works, and full accounts of patents granted in the United States and Europe, render him able, beyond question, to offer superior facilities for obtaining Patents.

All necessity of a journey to Washington to procure a Patent, and the usual great delay there, are here saved inventors.

TESTIMONIALS.

"I regard Mr. Eddy as one of the MOST CAPABLE and SUCCESSFUL practitioners with whom I have had official intercourse." CHAS. MASON, Commissioner of Patents.

"I have no hesitation in assuring inventors that they cannot employ a person more competent and trustworthy, and more capable of putting their applications in a form to secure for them an early and favorable consideration at the Patent Office." EDMUND BURKE, Late Commissioner of Patents.

"Mr. R. H. Eddy has made for me THIRTEEN applications, on all but one of which patents have been granted, and that is now pending. Such unmistakeable proof of great talent and ability on his part leads me to recommend ALL inventors to apply to him to procure their patents, as they may be sure of having the most faithful attention bestowed on their cases, and at very reasonable charges." JOHN TAGGART.

During eight months, the subscriber, in course of his large practice, made on TWICE rejected applications, SIXTEEN APPEALS, EVERY ONE of which was decided in his favor by the Commissioner of Patents. R. H. EDDY.

January 1, 1865. 1y

E. & H. T. ANTHONY & CO.,

Manufacturers of Photographic Materials,

Wholesale and Retail,

591 BROADWAY . . . . NEW YORK.

In addition to our main business of PHOTOGRAPHIC MATERIALS, we are headquarters for the following, viz.:

Stereoscopes and Stereoscopic Views.

Of these we have an immense assortment, including War Scenes, American and Foreign Cities and Landscapes, Groups, Statuary, &c., &c. Also, Revolving Stereoscopes, for public or private exhibition. Our Catalogue will be sent to any address on receipt of stamp.

PHOTOGRAPHIC ALBUMS.

We were the first to introduce these into the United States, and we manufacture immense quantities in great variety, ranging in price from 50 cts. to $75 each. Our Albums have the reputation of being superior in beauty and durability to any others. They will be sent by mail, FREE, on receipt of price.

FINE ALBUMS MADE TO ORDER.

CARD PHOTOGRAPHS.

Our Catalogue now embraces over FIVE THOUSAND different subjects, to which additions are continually being made, of Portraits of Eminent Americans, &c., viz.: about

100 Major Generals,	550 Statesmen,
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The Palmer Journal.

VOLUME XVI. PALMER, MASS., SATURDAY, JUNE 24, 1865. NUMBER 15

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—BY—

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GOING HOME.

Where are you going so fast, old man,
Where are you going so fast?
There's a valley to cross and a river to ford,
There's a clasp of the hand, and a parting word,
And a tremulous sigh for the past, old man,
The beautiful, vanished past.

The road has been rugged and rough, old man;
To your feet it's been rugged and rough;
But you see a dear being, with gentle eyes,
Has shared in your labor and sacrifice;
Ah! that has been sunshine enough, old man,
For you or me, sunshine enough.

How long since you passed o'er the hill, old man,
Of life, o'er the top of the hill?
Were there beautiful vallies on t'other side?
Were there flowers and trees with branches wide,
To shut out the heat of the sun, old man,
The heat of the fervid sun?

And how did you cross the dark waves, old man,
Of sorrow, the fearful waves?
Did you lay your dear treasures by, one by one,
With an aching heart, and "God's will be done,"
Under the wayside dust, old man,
In their graves, 'neath the waysile dust?

There are sorrow and labor for all, old man,
Alas! there is sorrow for all,
And you, peradventure, have had your share,
For eighty long winters have whitened your hair,
And have whitened your heart as well, old man,
Thank God! your old heart as well.

You're now at the foot of the hill, old man,
At last at the foot of the hill;
The sun has gone down in a golden glow,
And the heavenly city lies just below;
Go in through the pearly gate, old man,
The beautiful pearly gate.

THE DOUBLE-BEDDED ROOM.

A TRAGEDY.

In the spring of 18—, I went to G—to transact some professional business, and attend a trial which was then before a local court. I reached the place late in the evening, and found that every hotel was full, with the exception of one bed in a double-bedded room at a second-rate tavern.

"The other bed is occupied by a gentleman from Boston," said the landlord; and, as an inducement for me to help on the profits of the house, he added, "He is neither a rogue nor a cut-throat, judging from his appearance. Of course, you will have no objections to sleeping in the same room with him?"

As I had nothing about me to tempt even a third-rate thief, and had never given any of my fellow-men sufficient reason for severing my jugular vein in the dark, I decided to take the bed in question, and soon after retired to my room.

My fellow-traveler was already in bed and apparently asleep, with his face turned toward me. It was that of a mild looking man of thirty-five, of a sandy complexion, with a hungry look. There was nothing in his physiognomy, however, to lead me to suspect him of being given to deeds of darkness; so I ensconsed myself in bed, and, with my last thoughts upon dear Mrs. Jones, was soon as unconscious as one of the seven sleepers.

A little past oildnight, I was awakened by a voice from my neighbor's bed. I listened. He was muttering something in his sleep.

"O Mary! how can you cast me off?" he went on, in the pleading tones of a distracted lover. "How can you forget the love which has followed you for so many years, and never turned from you in your misfortune, when you stood alone in the world?"

Then came a pause, after which he continued, in more moving tones than before:

"Say not so; say not so. Before he, with his wealth, crossed your path, we were happy in each other; and why should I now be cast off, after you have sworn by all that is high and good that you would be mine? Ah, Mary! if you reject me, my soul will be given to some dark deed which will destroy us both. I shall have faith neither in heaven nor woman to restrain me. Then you turn a deaf ear to my last prayer? You have chosen your owo fate; and, mark my words—*you shall never marry him!*"

The mind of the sleeper seemed to have become calm, and his dreams undisturbed, as soon as he had given utterance to these last words.

"He doesn't sleep well," thought I. "He is going through with a romantic part of his life. He has taken the disease at an untimely age; it goes hard with him."

And, as I remembered that I had just such dreams at one time, when I was near losing the present Mrs. Jones, I was not at all alarmed by my neighbor's ominous expression.

I thought no more about the matter till I saw the individual in court the next day.

The case was that of a young man on trial for the murder of a young woman to whom he was betrothed. The ground of his arrest was that, on the night of the murder, in her own father's house, he was the last person known to be with her. She had lived for several years in Boston, and it was reported that she there made the acquaintance of a penniless young man, to whom she was engaged to be married, and that she had broken off her engagement with him for a more wealthy rival, whom she met after her return home.

As I listened to the proceedings of the trial, I noticed that my fellow lodger seemed to take more of an interest in them than would be expected in an ordinary spectator. I then began to think whether there could be any connection between the crime and what I had heard him saying in his sleep the preceeding night. It was a striking coincidence that Mary was the name of the murdered young woman. He had seemed to be pressing his claims as more binding than those of a later and wealthy lover. His threadbare suit and general appearance showed that he might personify the poor lover. Moreover, he was from Boston, and seemed to have no particular business except to hang about the court and note the proceedings.

That night I went to bed first. My strange friend came up after I was apparently asleep. He seemed wholly unconscious of my presence. He placed his candle on the table near his bed, and began to examine some papers which he drew from the breast pocket of his seedy coat. Occasionally he would rise and pace to and fro, as if there were some burden upon his soul.

"Yes, it must be so," he muttered. "There is no other way for it. A man driven on by such a passion as Mary iospired is not master of himself, though close upon the horrid deed may follow black remorse. But I'll to bed, and bide the morrow's events; and then, if I see no other way, I'll do it."

What was it he was to do? I could only speculate. That it was connected with the trial I could not donbt. It seemed plain that he was in some way connected with the murder. Perhaps he might be the real murderer, and, driven by a guilty conscience, was awaiting the result of the trial before making a full confession of the crime.

The next day I attended the court as before. My strange friend was there, and seemed scarcely less interested than the prisoner at the bar. I watched him attentively.

Later in the afternoon, as I was riding through the outskirts of the town, I passed him pacing slowly, with his hands behind him, and so lost in thought that he did not look up as I went by. He returned to the hotel, and ate his supper in silence.

When I retired for the night, I left him sitting in the coffee-room, with an elbow on each arm of his chair, gazing silently at the fire.

I had been in bed about half an hour when he came up stairs with two candles, which he placed upon his table. He then went to his valise and took out several quires of foolscap, and, lastly, drew from his pocket a small black bottle, and placed it by his side, as he sat down and began to write.

I was too much interested in this movement to think of going to sleep; so I lay still, and kept my attention fixed upon him.

At first his pen moved deliberately over the paper; then, as his hand passed over page after page, its scratching became louder and more nervous. There was, evidently, a burning thought that must find expression in words. The veins upon his forehead were swoolen as if ready to burst, and his whole expression was that of intense excitement.—He seemed to have forgotten that there was any one else in the roum, for I could hear him muttering his thoughts aloud as he penned them. Now and then he would pause, draw a long breath, and then dash on again. At last he threw down his pen, and struck his hand against his forehead, with the exclamation:—

"I did it! And, now that she is gone, why do I tarry here to see that poor wretch suffer in my stead? 'Twas as I said—*she did not marry him!* There's comfort in that thought. I loved her well—so well that I did slay her. Could I have seen her as his wife, and not gone mad? Ye cruel fates, ye were too many for me to the unequal strife, when 'twas a woman's heart which became the price of wealth; but my good steel did find its way where gold is powerless. I'll wed her yet; for here is that which shall give me quick conveyance to the shore where she has gone before."

He seized the little black bottle, took a deep draught, and then resumed his writing.

"I see it all now," thought I. "It is as I suspected. This is the murderer—the lover who did the deed. He is committing suicide, and writing out his confession."

I was not inclined to disturb a man under such circumstances; so I lay still and waited the result. His pen dashed on more furiously than ever before. Occasionally his hand would go to the bottle, whose contents were evidently working upon his brain. One of his candles had gone out, and the other burnt low in the socket. He threw down his pen, and applied his bottle once more to his lips, swallowing the last drop it contained; and then, in a sepulchral tone, he gave expression to these words, as he stood before the expiring embers:—

"That is all. When they do look on this, then they will know why 'twas they thought me strange. There's my confession, writ for those who think it was a little thing that she rejected one. They shall know that what I swore I had the courage to perform. I'll to my couch, and let the morrow tell a tale of horror which shall make their drowsy souls believe there is a love far stronger than grim death. Farewell, earth, where gold doth rob me of my love; and hail thou strange unknown who doth wait my coming!"

The candle burnt blue as the excited man uttered these last words, with the gestures and tones of one talking with the spirit of Mary. The last glimmer of the light was gone; and then I heard the man throw himself heavily upon the bed.

My first impulse was to give the alarm; but a second thought told me that, if he was the murderer, and had written his confession, and was now taking himself off by a dose of poison, I could do no good by bringing him back to life again only to be strung up by a rope and die like a dog. I did not see why I should try to keep a poor wretch in this world when he had become convinced that he had better leave. He might make his exit under worse circumstances; and, as he had done me no wrong, I could not, out of charity, interfere.

With a quiet conscience I dropped asleep, and did not wake till after daylight the next morning.

I looked towards my neighbor's bed. There he lay upon the outside of the bed, with his back towards me, and none of his clothes removed. The candlesticks, the black bottle, and the papers, were on the table near him. I rose and dressed myself, and glanced at the papers. They contained a murderer's confession, evidently. The bottle was labelled "Poison," with a death's-head and crossbones, but with a strong smell of brandy.

I bent over the motionless figure on the bed. He was asleep. The whole thing was so mysterious that I said nothing about it; but, after eating my breakfast and settling my bill, left for home, wondering whether I should see in the papers the next morning, "The Murderer's Confession!" I looked for it for some time; but, as it did not appear, I began to suspect that something had been the matter with my brain during my stay in G——.

Some weeks afterwards I went into the Boston Museum to hear a sensational play which was that night to be brought out. I took my seat and watched the development of the plot. It was one of the "love and murder" sort. I could not help thinking how similar were the circumstances to those of the trial at G——. When, in the last act, the murderer's confession was reached, it seemed but a repetition of the scene in the double-bedded room which I have already described. There was the actor striking his hand against his forehead, and finally, with outstretched arms and eyes gazing into futurity, uttering these words which had been so deeply impressed upon my mind:

"Farewell, earth, where gold doth rob me of my love; and hail thou strange unknown where she doth wait my coming!"

He then staggered towards a couch, and fell senseless upon it as becomingly as could be expected of a suicide.

The applause was deafening. My neighbor, whom I had not particularly noticed before, clapped his hands, and beat the floor with his boots and cane till the dust he raised was almost suffocating. I was about to remonstrate, when my eyes assured me that he was no other than my lean friend of the double bedded room.

The truth flashed upon me. I had heard of poor authors mingling with the crowd, and going wild at the success of their plays. But the opportunity was too good to lose.

"My friend," said I, "you seem to consider the play a master-stroke."

"Indeed I do," he replied, hammering away to keep up the applause. "It takes, you see, the first time. I knew it would."

"I think I have seen it acted before," I remarked.

"Never, sir—never, I assure you; for I wrote it myself, and this is the first time it has been put upon the stage."

"I do not doubt your word, sir; but perhaps you have forgotten the double-bedded room in the hotel at G——, where the 'Murderer's Confession' first saw the light of two tallow candles?"

"Ah, yes! I recollect trying it on that night, after I had worked it out of that murder trial."

"But why did you have your brandy bottle labelled '*Poison?*'"

"Well, sir, the truth is that I sometimes forget to put it away, and it lasts longer with that label."

There was both philosophy and common sense in the answer, and I was satisfied.

A SOIREE OF LIONS.

In the adult state there exists four times as many lionesses as lions, although in youth the balance of the sexes is pretty nearly equal. The disturbance of the equilibrium may be attributed to the furious battles between the males, at the close of which one of the rivals is almost always left for dead, sometimes both. In fact, the most efficient exterminators of lions are the lionesses. These ladies are fond of holding soirees, at which every gentleman present is expected to fight for his love and his life, the survivor to enjoy the honors of the evening in undisturbed tranquility. The invitation given is a passionate roar, which attracts all the lions in the neighborhood. Their assemblies are sometimes even held by day.

While following some footprints at about eleven in the morning, M. Chassaing reached an eminence covered with thick brushwood. In this retreat he suddenly caught sight of two magnificent lionesses and three lioos, one of whom was monstrous. This last followed one of the lionesses step by step, keeping his weaker rivals at a respectful distance. The latter manifested their impotent rage by short, snappish, subdued cries. The happy sultan swept round his favorite in rapid circlings, seeming proudly to enjoy his conquest. M. Chassaing was considering whether he might not venture to disturb the party, and was trying to get nearer the amorous couple, when, to his astonishment, he perceived a little further off four other lions, from two to three years of age, who doubting their own strength, kept their distance from the lionesses, not daring to venture nearer. He had the good luck to gaze on this strange tableau for several minutes. Deeming it folly to quarrel with the assembled nine, he quietly and prudently retired from the spot.

HOW ENVY WAS PUNISHED.—Near a certain farm, long ago, three children were playing on a grassy mound—a little girl and two boys. After they had played for some time, the girl, who was the youngest, found a deep hole in the ground—so deep that she could not see the bottom of it. Stooping down, she thrust her hand into it, and, shutting her eyes, cried out in fun:—

"Put something into the palm of an old beggar, and an old beggar shall not see." No sooner had she said the words than a large silver button was placed in her hand.

When the other children saw her good luck they were fit to burst with envy; and the eldest, stooping down, thrust his hand into the hole too, and said:—

"Put something into the hand of an old beggar, and an old beggar shall not see"; for he hoped to get something at least as good as the little girl had got, if not better, indeed.—But no—far from it. When he drew out his hand again, he only found that he had lost the use of it; and, what was more, he never recovered it again; for the elf, who hated envy more than anything else, had given it a squeeze.—*Icelandic Legends.*

PROBABILITY OF MARRYING.—From 20 to 25 and from 25 to 30, the probability of a widower marrying in a year is nearly three times as great as that of a bachelor. At 30 it is nearly four times as great; from 30 to 45 nearly five times as great; and it increases until, at 60, the chance of a widower marrying within a year is eleven times as great as that of a bachelor. It is curious to remark how confirmed either class becomes in its condition in life—how little likely, after a few years, is a bachelor to break through his habits and solitary condition; and, on the other hand, how readily in proportion does a husband contract a second marriage, who has been prematurely deprived of his first partner. After the age of thirty, the probability of a bachelor marrying in a year diminishes in a more rapid ratio. The probability at 35 is not much more than half that at 30, and nearly the same proportion exists between each quiquennial period afterward.—*Assurance Magazine.*

☞ A foreign sporting paper makes mention of a parson, in old times, who had one room in his house filled with spiders. This he called his preserve; and the housemaid was forbidden to meddle with them, as, on a wet day, they might be wanted to make sport for a clerical party, who shot them with popguns.

WHEN IN OUR NURSERY GARDEN.

When in our nursery garden falls a blossom,
And we kiss the hand and fold the feet,
We cannot see the lamb in Abraham's bosom,
Nor hear the footfall in the golden street.

When all is silent, neither moan nor cheering,
The hush of hope, the end of all our cares—
All but that harp above, beyond our hearing,
Then most we need to trouble Him with prayers.

Then most we need the thoughts of Resurrection,
Not the life here, 'mid pain, and sin, and woe:
But ever in the fulness of perfection,
To walk with him in robes as white as snow.

THE CHICAMAUGA BATTLE-FIELD.

A writer in the Cincinnati Commercial speaks of a recent visit to the memorable field of Chicamaug aas follows:

We came upoo the scene of the first day's battle, September 19, on the Layfayette Road. The ground was not lacking in evidences of the bloody work which had been enacted upon it. Although nature had for two years been undisturbed in her kiodly efforts to restore and to heal, yet the whole surface was strewn with ghastly proofs of the mighty wreck which had been made there. No army had before been through there. The farmers were quiet and prospering; the cattle were in the fields, and as the derstroying column swayed madly to and fro, erushing the fences before them, many of them met death, and in all directions are scattered heaps of bones that show where they fell. The ground was rolling, and about equally divided between field and forest, and through these lines were formed, with regard mainly to the fitness of the position, and little to its clearness or otherwise. As we rode over the field it was plainly evident where the rebel dead had been buried, and where our own, the few of them that were granted that poor boon. The rebel soldiers had been placed in graves huwever shallow, and decently covered with earth or stones and the spot marked with a neat head board, labelled, and the whole often surrounded by a square pen of rails. Our own boys had the hard fate of being left on the field, and when the rebels vouchsafed to bury them, they were collected in rows, or in groups of two or three, upon the top of the ground, and a few spadefuls of earth thrown over them. I do not snppose that one half of our dead were buried thus slightly, and before spring the raio had exposed the extremities of these.

At one end of one of these little mounds lay a pair of skulls bleaching in the sun, and at the other two pairs of shoes, full of bones. Better that they should have lain in the opeo air wrapped in their blood-stained blankets, than to have been subjected to this mockery.

In one of these skulls the wasps had built their nest, and, flitting to and fro with busy wing, they were hiving their little stores, and would defend them with boldness against any who intruded upon their strange dwelling place.

HORNBUGS.

An exchange discourses as follows, concerning ye horny-bug:

We should at this time—(a June evening, moonlight,) prepare an elaborate and highly poetic article upon the season—the gushing sunshine and the genial warmth of the days—the benevolent, mellow moonlight of the nights, and the general balminess of all creation,—if it wern't for horn-bugs. But these pestilent insects spoil it all. The sunlight breeds them, and the moonlight stirs up the week-eyed bugger-hood. We light our evening taper for an hour with the new novel or the evening paper, and a horn-bug invites himself into our company and casts anchor directly on the spot we wish to read up. Disturb him and he hides in our hair. In deep disgust we turn off the gas to outflank our troublesome guest in the deep security of virtuous linen, and lo not the lion and the lamb, but ye writer and ye horn-bug, lie down together. We eject the intruler, but as with the garish morning light we draw on the editorial vestments, behold our ever-attached friend of the previous evening has ensconced himself in a far-down wrinkle of ye pantloons, and the ousting of him is sadly infelicitous and disadvantageous to that serene frame and those spiritual exercises with which all good men and Editors begin the day. Oh for the power that cast out devils in the olden time! We would promise to use it with all moderation, but would begin with hornbugs.

A LARGE STORY.—There is an old fellow residing in South Royalton, Vermont, who has for a lifetime been the story teller of the neighborhood. His experience has been great in that line, and the composure and placidity while he enunciates a "whopper," unequalled. No matter what extraordinary event happens, he instantly remembers one that surpasses it. The last time we heard of him was in the tavern, talkiog with a number of farmers about the effects of poudrette upon corn. Poudrette was a new thing there and each one who had tried it vied with each other in their statistics. Our friend, whose tactics were always to draw out the strength of the enemy before he ventured anything himself, waited till everybody was through, then took up the thread of the following tale:

"When I fust heerd of this here Poudrette I went an' got a pint, and put it all inter one hill, an' then I put five kernals of corn in the hill five inches apart, an' I stuck a stick inter the hill so's I should know it again.

Wa'al, I never seed corn grow like that 'ere. It growed an' growed till it got to be ten feet high, an' when it eared every ear was fifteen inches long, an' when I harvested that hill I got five ears off every stalk, and seven ears off the stick!"

KIND WORDS.—They are the brightest flowers of earth's existence; they make a very paradise of the humblest home the world can show. Use them, and especially around the fireside circle. They are jewels beyond price, and more precious to heal the wounded heart, and make the weighed down spirit glad, than all the other blessings the earth can give.

☞ Mrs. Lincoln and her family will remove to Hyde Park, a suburban village on the lake shore, six miles south of Chicago, in a few days. Her residence there will be only for the summer.

7-30's---Third Series Now Ready.

The demand for the second series of the 7 30 notes was so great that the treasury department was unable to print them with sufficient rapidity to fill the orders. It will be remembered that a hundred millions were subscribed and paid for in a single week. The printing presses have finally surmounted the difficulty, and on Wednesday, June 7, the deliveries of the third series commenced, and will be continued with the same promptness that marked the supply of the notes of the first and second series. It has been this interruption of delivery at the time of subscription which has given an appearance of a falling off in the popular taking of the loan—the great body of small takers being unwilling to pay their money unless they receive their notes right in hand, to carry them home. It is expected that after this week the daily subscriptions to the 7-30's will run up into millions, as they will undoubtedly be stimulated by the opening of the farmers' wool markets, east and west. It is not at all likely that the government will ever again offer so desirable a security as these notes, and about 200,000,000 only remain to be taken.

With the close of the war the national expenses will be vastly reduced, and investors must look for a sharp reduction to the rate of interest as soon as the present loans become due and can be paid off. There is no reason why the United States' credit for *money* should ever again fall below its credit for *courage*. The same spirit that preserved the *geographical* integrity of the country will place its *pecuniary* integrity on a par with that of the most favored nations—and that will represent a rate of interest under rather than over four per cent.

THE WORK OF A REBEL.—New Orleans advices of the 6th state that an important clue to the cause of the late dissastrous explosion at Mobile, is thought to have been obtained. A man named Wall has been arrested at Mobile, charged with being implicated. He states that on the night previous to the explosion, he and two other men, placed torpedoes between the buildings containing powder; that the work was performed under the direction of a rebel Major, who threatened them with instant death if they disobeyed or offered to resist and that the Major afterwards lighted the fuse of the shell connected with the infernal arrangement. Torpedoes have also been discovered in rooms in the Custom house so arranged as to explode on opening the doors. Others have been found concealed in desks of the same building.

BATTLE MONUMENTS.—A very interesting event took place Sunday on the historic Bull Run battleground, it being the consecration of two monuments to commemorate the great struggles which took place there and the memory of the patriots who fell. One of the monuments is situated on the field of the first battle of Bull Run, on that portion of the ground where Heintzelman fought on the right. The other is on the field where the second battle of Bull Run was fought, or as it is generally called the battle of Groveston, Aug. 21, 1862. These monuments are plain, simple structures of red sand stone, the first twenty-seven and the latter twenty-one feet high, and have been erected within the past week by detachments of troops from the first separate brigade of the 22d army corps, stationed at Fairfax courthouse.

THE PRESIDENT AND THE KENTUCKY NEGROES.—President Johnson last week received a delegation of colored men from Kentucky, and in reply to their address assured them that they need have no apprehension as to their protection; that martial law should still be maintained in Kentucky, and that General Palmer with an army would still be maintained there until Kentuckians should learn their position and their duty to their nation. He added: "They shall be obliged to treat their slaves accordiog to humanity. Yet the colored people must not expect progress to be too rapid for the change of condition was so great that time only could effect it harmoniously.

COLLEGE FOR WOMEN.—A college for the thorough education of women has been established at Poughkeepsie, N. Y. One maxim established in the college is, that the health of its students is not to be sacrificed to any other object whatever; and that so far as the result is attainable by means within its power, its almumnae shall go forth physically well-developed, vigorous, and graceful women.

BOUNTY JUMPERS.—The Canadian papers are complaining that the bounty jumpers, whose "occupation's gone," are now crowding over the line and filling the cities in the British provinces, doing much mischief and threatening more. One of the schemes of the rascals is the robbery of the banks of Toronto in the day time.

LET OFF.—Mary Jane White and Mary A Thornton, two nurses at the small-pox hospital in Chicago, who were arrested for the murder of one of the patients, have been discharged for the want of evidence against them. They were accused of poisoning the man and stealing $1500 from him.

RAILROAD DEPOT BURNED.—The depot on the Grand Trunk Railroad, at Bethel Hill, Me., together with a wood-shed and about 400 cords of wood, was destroyed by fire last Tuesday morning.

☞ It is now said that the indictment of Jeff. Davis was drawn up without the advice of or any consultation with, the President or any of the leading officials.

FISH AS FLESH.—Salmon usually considered as an expensive luxury in the Boston markets, is now cheaper than the first quality of beef.

DISSAPPEARED.—A millionaire, and president of a petroleum company at New York, is missing, and it is feared he has met with foul usage.

☞ Rousseau says:—"The empire of woman is an empire of softness, of address, of complacency. Her commands are caresses; her menaces are tears."

FOR A CHAPPED SKIN.—Put a large teaspoonful of honey into the basin of water intended for washing yourself.

Palmer Journal.

SATURDAY, JUNE 24, 1865.

The Boys at Home.

Our soldier boys are coming home from the war by thousands and tens of thousands. Their absence has been felt in every department of business, making help scarce and wages high. Yet we have all managed to get along, and the wheels of trade and commerce have not lagged in their course. The addition of so many new hands to the laboring force of the country will naturally create a surplus of help, and cause a reduction of wages. This state of things, however, will not long exist. The manufacturing establishments that shut down their gates at the opening of the war will start again with its close, opening avenues for labor that have long been shut, so that we shall soon see the large armies of the Union, who for four years have made war a business, sink back to the peaceful pursuits of life, filling the chasm in society which has been caused by their absence.

It is argued, and with some force, that the thousands of young men, by several years' training in the exciting business of war, will not readily return to their ordinary occupations, but will be inclined to lead idle, vicious lives; but we anticipate no such result. In six months after the wars of Cromwell, we are told by history, that an indolent or strolling soldier could not be found in England. So, we expect it will be here. Those who were industrious and domestic in their habits before going to war will return to their old habits and occupations; those who were idle or dissipated we presume have not improved much by years of camp-life. But to all the brave boys who have done so much for their country we owe a debt of lasting gratitude. While they were fighting the enemy we held fairs and festivals, sewing bees and sociables to furnish them with creature comforts. We sent them balm for their wounds and delicacies for their appetites. Now that they are returning shall we cease to care for them? Some of them are maimed and crippled, and others mere wrecks of their former selves. Have they not a right to expect us to do our duty to them? Thy must be aided, and we should not wait for them to solicit our charity. No man who has carried a musket in this war should be insulted with the offer of alms. What our returning soldiers may need they have honestly and rightfully earned, and it should be paid as a debt due them, and not bestowed as an act of charity.

In some of our large cities the Sanitary Commission has established bureaus of employment for disabled and honorably discharged soldiers. The plan works well, as it brings the man wanting employment in contact with those wanting help, and many desire giving employment to soldiers in preference to other applicants. It is a good rule, and if farmers, mechanics, manufacturers, and merchants would adopt it our returned soldiers would soon be cared for. Our soldier boys have the first claim upon our liberality and kindness, and he that denies them these obligations is unworthy to enjoy the precious boon of liberty and union which they have preserved for us.

England has withdrawn her concession of belligerent rights to the rebels, but does it with such poor grace as to leave serious doubts as to honesty of purpose. She still gives rebel cruisers the right to leave any of her ports twenty-four hours before any federal vessel is allowed to follow; which is nothing less than allowing a piratical vessel to prey upon our commerce, and preventing us from capturing the pirates. England knows the confederacy is dead, and that any vessel floating the confederate flag has no authority for so doing, and is nothing less than a pirate. To allow such a vessel to enter and leave an English port is giving countenance to pirates, and exhibiting bad faith to us. Mr. Seward has protested against such treatment in language that cannot be mistaken. It takes John Bull a good while to realize that there is nothing left of his friend, the confederacy.

John Mitchell, who returned from the south after the war was over, and arrogantly set himself down in New York to editing the Daily News, has been arrested, and enjoys at present a casemate at Fortress Monroe. He has acted so outrageously mean towards this government, which protected him when fleeing from his enemies in England, that he will get sympathy from none but secessionists and copperheads.

It has come out in the assassination trials at Washington that the rebels in Canada paid Ben Wood, of the New York News $25,000 it is supposed for using his paper in behalf of the rebels. Ben says it was money put into his hands to use in speculation in gold, but his well known copperhead character seems to favor the supposition that it was used to help on the rebel cause.

Confiscation.—The Richmond Republic says the work of confiscation has commenced in that city, and seventy-five pieces of property have already been libelled—which is only a beginning. The policy seems to be to proceed against the property, real and personal, of all persons included in the fourteen classes who are denied the benefits of general amnesty by the late proclamation.

Bought Them for Us.—Prior to the surrender of Gen. Johnston the late rebel Confederacy had accumulated an immense amount of medical hospital stores of all kinds at Charlotte, N. C., directly imported from England just before the fall of Wilmington, which have been received at Newbern, after an inventory which consumed three weeks time.

Visitors.—The number of visitors to Bull Run is already becoming so great that a hotel is talked of, to be erected as soon as the railroad is again in operation.

Good Eating.—The New Yorkers regale the returning soldiers with cart-loads of strawberries.

A Shocking Tragedy.

A Young Girl Violated and Murdered! Her Brother Also Murdered.—A shocking murder was disclosed at West Roxbury last Sunday. As two gentlemen were walking in the woods at that place they came upon the body of a young girl which was subsequently identified as that of Isabella N. Joyce, a girl of fifteen, who with her brother had been missed by their mother in Boston since the previous Monday. The boy and girl had taken a walk to Roxbury, and had left the road apparently to stroll in the woods. On examination it was ascertained that the girl had been outraged, and then murdered, no less than ten stabs were found in the region of the breast, each of which would have proved fatal, and as many more having been given in the back. The clothes of the poor girl were torn, and the appearance of the body gave evidence that she struggled hard with the fiend before he effected his purpose, one of her arms being cut half through above the wrist, and two or three fingers of both hands being nearly severed.

On ascertaing the name of the girl and that her brother was also missing, the people rallied by thousands to search the woods for the missing boy. Towards evening his body was found in a thicket near a brook. He had been stabbed eight times, five stabs going entirely through his body, and three through his heart. He had evidently fled when the assault upon his sister took place, and he was murdered to better conceal the outrage and murder of his sister. The boy's name was John S. Joyce, and his age was twelve. So shocking a crime near a populous city created great excitement. Large rewards have been offered for the perpetrator, but as yet he has not been arrested. One or two arrests have been made but they proved to be the wrong men. No one but a hardened desperado could have the heart to murder two innocent children, yet we believe his enormous sin will find him out, and that he will be brought to justice. Her mother, who was deeply distressed when her children were missing, is now frantic over their horrible death. The generous people of Boston have contributed liberally to her temporal wants, but neither money nor sympathy can console her in a bereavement under such terrible circumstances.

The funeral of the murdered children took place at Lynn on Tuesday and was an affecting occasion. Near the slope of the hill where the girl's body was found some young ladies have erected a small cross made of the branch of a small tree and trimmed it round with leaves. A small wreath of wild flowers in the shape of a star, is also attached to the cross, bearing a small card with the following inscription written in pencil:—"Here was murdered Belle and Johnny Joyce, sister and brother, June 12, 1865. Stranger, whoever thou art, stay a moment and drop a tear with the mourners."

How they Submit.—Those men at the North who have always predicted that we could never subdue the people of the South, if we did their armies, can see how easily rebels submit on reading the following from the Houston (Texas) Telegraph:

We went into secession and the formation of the confederacy from an honest conviction of duty. We stood by the confederacy as long as it existed, and sustained it with all the zeal and ability we were possessed of. It is crushed, and with it are crushed our long-adhered to political views. We have now no politics save alone the safety and security of the society in which we live. To that safety and security we are willing to give all our energies. State rights, state sovereignty and all that theory of United States government are now exploded. The question of the reserved rights of states has been settled by the stern arbitrament of arms. That arbitrament is, whether right or wrong, decisive. It ends the controversy. We who are defeated must yield to the decision, because we can do nothing else. We must entertain no private enmities against the federal government, because they will lead us into treason.

Pardoning the Rebels.—President Johnson is likely to be pretty busy for the next year at least, in pardoning rebels who are excepted from the privileges of amnesty. Among those who have lately applied for pardon are R. M. T. Hunter, late rebel senator; James Reagan, late postmaster-general; W. W. Boyce of South Carolina, and W. T. Avery of Tennessee, late rebel congressmen; Major Generals Kershaw, Mahone, Pickett, Echols, Anderson, Quartz, Basil Duke, and about a dozen late rebel brigadier-generals.

Shocking Death.—Miss Kate Degraw, of Rahway, N. J., met with a shocking death on Thursday evening last week. On returning from a pic-nic, the horses took fright just as she was being handed from the carriage, and her dress catching upon the step, she was dragged twice around the village before the horses were stopped. She was taken up dead, being shockingly mangled.

Judicial Corruption.—A soldier in New York was recently robbed of $500 by an abandoned woman, and though he was prepared to prove the theft in court, yet Judge Ingraham would only hear the woman's story, and she was acquitted. The soldier believes that the court was interested in the swindle. That New York is a strange place.

The Supply and Price of Cattle.—The Albany Argus of Saturday reports large arrivals of cattle—the supply being nearly 6000 head. Prices are lower. The highest paid for the best is 8¾c. From this figure prices range down to 5c and 6c for poor common stock. Very fair cattle, in good killing condition, are offered at 8c.

Will Jeff Remit?—Among the prisoners of war released from Rock Island barracks the other day was one who went straight to the telegraph office and sent a dispatch, at a cost of $5.05, paid in advance, to Jeff Davis, requesting him to remit the amount due him for eighteen months' service in the rebel army.

Great Fire at Saratoga.—A destructive fire occurred at Saratoga Springs Sunday afternoon, which destroyed the United States Hotel, the Marvin House and block, and ten cottages. Two lives were lost by the falling of a chimney.

A VARIETY OF THINGS.

We are in the longest days of the year.

—That villain, Dick Turner, has been recaptured, and if there are bolts and bars enough in Richmond, he ought to be held this time.

—People are beginning to take up the line of march to the watering places. Visitors to those places will be many this year.

—Gold has been found in a creek at Rutland, Vt., and there are indications of incipient gold fever in consequence.

—A house of ill-fame in Brooklyn, N. Y., was destroyed by a mob of 300 persons last week Wednesday. It took only fifteen minutes to clean it out of everything breakable or removable. The house had long been a nuisance, and the police tolerated it,

—The man who offered $1,000,000 for the murder of President Lincoln has been arrested. His name is Col. Gaunley, of Louisianna.

—Richmond papers say that thieves abound in that city. That is nothing new. The South has been full of thieves for years, and they have tried to steal the Union, but it was too big a load for them.

—The most valuable estates in North Carolina are being offered at the nominal sum of $1@$10 per acre, the proprietors having resolved to emigrate North.

—Barnum paid $20.50 for one of the draft wheels sold at auction in New York. Two others, made at an expense of $250 each, were sold for $5.50.

—Large numbers of repentant rebels apply daily at the provost-marshal's office in Washington to take the oath of allegiance. Two, having over $20,000 in property, were detected on Thursday trying to come in under the general amnesty.

—A New York paper says that of seventy-five street-walkers arrested in New York in one night, not one had ever attended school!

—The Providence papers call the session of the Rhode Island legislature, which occupied seventeen days, a "protracted" one. Bless us!

SUMMER.

"'Twas noon; and every orange bud
Hung languid o'er the crystal flood,
Faint as the lids of maiden eyes,
Beneath a lover's burning sighs."

—A correspondent of the New York Herald says that "in a short time twenty-five thousand southerners from Texas will be in Mexico, and the leading men will have no sympathy with Maximilian.

—Daniel Howe, an Irishman, was the first man killed in the late war. He fell at Fort Sumter in 1861. His brother has asked President Johnson for leave to bring his remains to New York.

—The transport Kentucky, with 1200 paroled rebel troops, struck a snag twelve miles below Shreveport, on the 9th, and sunk in three minutes. Over 200 lives were lost.

—Butter has got down to twenty cents in St. Albans, Vt., ranging from that to twenty-five, according to quality.

—Mrs. Betsey Eastman, of Salisbury, N. H., mother of Hon. Joel Eastman, of Conway, in the same state, completed her one hundred and third year on the 23d ultimo.

—Mrs. Holland, of Boston, gave birth to three children one day this week—all girls.

—In the gizzard of a healthy fat hen, which was killed at Amherst, the other day, there was found no less than thirty-six rusty pins.

—Some wag poured a lot of fish-oil into a spring on the farm of a gentleman in Mystic, Ct., and got up quite a petroleum excitement.

—Not long since a man hung himself in Derbyshire, England, in attempting a rope-trick something after the fashion of the Davenport brothers.

—There are some rebel women who are still so embittered against the government as to refuse to walk under the flag when they go to procure their rations.

—Advices from Richmond represent that the odious enlored pass system has been abolished, and the freedmen's school re-opened.

—The Alabama indemnity claim is no recent thing, but has been made from time to time for the past three years.

—A part of the state prison at Jackson, Mich., was burned on Thursday night. The loss is quite heavy.

—The sanitary fair at Chicago has netted over $235,000.

A Better Look.—The news from the South, received by way of New Orleans, has a very cheerful aspect. The tone of the newspapers as well as the accounts given by correspondents is different from anything received before since the commencement of the war, and much improved as compared with the contents of any previous mail, even by recent arrivals. This is true both in regard to business prospects and the political condition of the interior of the Southern country, from which advices have been necessarily meagre. In Mississippi and Arkansas, than which few States have been more addicted to fire eating, there seems to be a prompt and positive acquiescence in the results of the war, and a disposition on all sides to patch up broken fortunes in the most expeditious manner, preparatory to the resumption of business in the old way. Few symptoms of disorder are anywhere manifested.

A Richmond Conspiracy.—It is ascertained that there is a secret combination among the Rebel real estate owners of Richmond not to sell to any Northern or Yankee purchaser. This accounts for the fact that property there is now held from 100 to 300 per cent higher then before the Rebellion. A little wholesome confiscation by Dr. Underwood, it is thought, may somewhat mollify this disease. The local clergy have a special fear of Northern preachers and teachers. The other learned profession are similarly exercised, while the old business men look with an evil eye upon every new Yankee comer who brings brains, energy or capital with him.

Repudiation in Virginia.—It is supposed that the next Legislature of Virginia, at the recommendation of Governor Pierpont, will repudiate every dollar of the State debt contracted since the war. This amounts to about ten millions. Most of this sum is due to citizens of the State and the State banks; but inasmuch as the purchases were in confederate money, the loss will not be much felt, as the retention of these promises to pay would leave their possessors in no better condition.

John M. Botts's Theory.—John Minor Botts's theory of reconstrution is to let everybody vote who was eligible under the former State Constitution, and none others; but to allow no man to be eligible to an elective office who has in any manner aided the Rebellion.

Troops Sent North.—The whole number of troops sent north and west from Washington, since the great review, is a trifle under 155,000, of whom about half have gone home to be mustered out. There yet remain within a circuit of fifteen miles of the city not far from seventy-five thousand.

New Publications.

Atlantic for July—Contents: Young men in history; Around Mull,; The Changeling; Ellen; Winter life in St. Petersburg; Needle and garden; A paper of caudle-ends; Doctor Johns; Deep-sea damsels; Skipper Ben; Assassination; The chimney corner; Accomplices; The Chicago conspiracy; Reviews and literary notices.

Eve Isle, or the Last Voyage of the Calypso. This is the title of a new romance just published in the Saturday Evening Post. It is very exciting, and full of interest. Eve Isle herself is a singular creature, overflowing with spirit and romance with a touch of the mysterious about her. Any one beginning this story will find it difficult to refrain from following to the end the varied fortunes of the singular girl and the characters with whom fate has connected her. The Post may be obtained of periodical agents, or by addressing the publishers, 319 Walnut street, Philadelphia. Single copies five cents, $2.50 a year, or $1.25 for 6 months.

The Lady's Friend for July has a beautiful steel engraving—"On the Cliff," also the usual number of other embellishments. Among the literary contents we may specify "The silent nun," by S. May; "One is missing," by Eleanor C. Donnelly; "John Smith's brother," by Frances Lee; editorials, fashion articles, &c.

Our Young Folks, continues those charming tales "our young folks, have got so interested in, tells "How our great grandfather died," and about "The fish I didn't catch." And then the puzzles, &c.—oh there's nothing like it, the boys and girls say, and they know.

The Negro in Tennessee.—The bill fixing the legal status of the negro, which has passed the lower house of the Tennessee legislature by a two-thirds majority, guarantees the sanctity of the matrimonial relation among them, but forbids their intermarriage with whites. All laws in force for the benefit of married women and children are to apply to them, provided that colored children are not to be admitted into the same schools with white children. Colored persons may be witnesses in all State courts, for or against each other, but not in cases to which the parties are white, and no contract between a white and colored person shall be binding, unless reduced to writing and witnessed by a white person. Colored persons are subject to the same penalties for crimes as whites, with the addition that rape by a negro upon a white women is punishable with death. These are the most prominent and important features of the bill.

Revival of Business Down South.—The Richmond Times puts a better aspect on the condition of affairs at the South than is received from any other sources. It says that late papers from all parts of the Southern country report a sudden activity in business operations as gratifying as it is surprising.—Cities down there which, viewed a brief three months ago, looked as if they could never be galvanized into life and activity again, have suddenly shaken off the deadly apathy, which as the consequence of hostilities had consigned them to desolation and silence, and are reaching out for trade; are repairing the damages suffered from the war, are developing resources long hidden away, until it would seem that but little time will elapse before all will be moving on with the full tide of prosperity.

Things Down in Dixie.—The editor of the Macon Telegraph, who has just made a visit to Southwestern Georgia, says reports have been greatly exaggerated as to the condition of planters and negroes. But few negroes left their work for a single day, and most of these have returned. They have made up their minds that they are compelled to work to keep from starving, and obey cheerfully. Some of the influential planters have already made equitable terms with their negroes, and propose establishing stores among them, that they may be supplied with everything necessary for their comfort. Planters have adopted the proper course, and if they continue in the way they have commenced, abundant crops will be realized, and very little suffering need be anticipated.

"One More Unfortunate."—Anne Ledour, of St. Louis, committed suicide last week having been disappointed in love. She was seen sitting in a dejected attitude under a tree, from which position she suddenly arose and threw herself into the river. Attempts were made to rescue her, but in vain. An old man named Link saw the body, supposed it was that of his daughter, went to St. Louis, bought a coffin, and, going home, was met by his daughter, alive and well, who informed him of his mistake. The coffin, however, was used for the burial of the poor suicide.

Desirous to Retire.—Private letters received in New York from Europe say that in the best informed political circles in Europe it is generally believed that Maximilian has written to his father-in-law, the King of Belgium, and to his brother the Emperor of Austria, his desire to get out of the Mexican scrape.

The Corpse of the Rebellion.—The rebel Gen. Dick Taylor, on being asked whether the Trans-Mississippi army ought to be surrendered, quickly replied: "Yes, surrender as soon as possible. You are only sitting up with a corpse. I sat up with it until it was blue and if you delay much longer it will become too offensive for decent burial."

Another Monument to Lincoln.—The colored people of the country, intend, we are told, to erect a monument of their own, in Washington, to be called "Educational Monument." The subscription for the purpose is to be general, and the colored people have already began to gather contributions.

Canadian Girls.—There is a great rush from the Canadian provinces to the States. Four hundred girls from Canada came over the Grand Trunk Railroad on Tuesday, and passed to the various factory villages of New England.

Pensioners.—In 1862 the names of all pensioners from the rebellious States were dropped from the rolls; if any now wish their names restored it will be done on proof that the persons applying have remained loyal throughout the Rebellion.

Cheap Horses.—Horses have become so plenty in New York, by the Government ceasing to buy, that the prices have come down very much. The city railroads, which had reduced their stock, are replenishing it with considerable saving.

The Manufacture of Paper Collars.—The paper mill of Prentiss & Baird, in Lee, with one machine make six miles of paper daily, equal to three miles of collar paper and 30,000 collars.

PALMER AND VICINITY.

Elder Timothy Cole of Haverhill, Mass., will preach at Pickering Hall, Three Rivers, at the usual hours, to-morrow.

Our citizens are going into a "coal-at-cost" company, in order to provide themselves fuel next winter.

The Palmer Quartette Club will give a concert in Palmer, Monday evening, July 3, and and in Ware on Tuesday evening, July 4.

The barn of Emory B. Ellis in the northern part of Ware was struck by lightning on the 9th inst., and badly damaged.

The track repairers between Palmer and Amherst have presented their foreman, R. Ladd, an American watch valued at $50 as a token of esteem.

The laws and resolves of the late four dollars a day legislature have been published, and can be obtained dog cheap—that is free—at the town clerk's office.

The first and only move towards repairing the highways in this village is the picking up of the loose cobble stones. For want of a surveyor the selectmen have taken the roads under their official thumb.

Vegetables.—Dodge & Hastings have now on hand, and propose keeping in the future, a supply of vegetables of all kinds, fresh from the market.

The dust has been grievous the past week, but dust will come with warm weather, and there is no use complaining. The good book says we are made of dust; why, therefore, should we not get dusty?

Holland.—The people of Holland have voted not to reimburse those who subscribed and paid money to raise volunteers last year. The defeated think of petitioning for another town meeting.

A refreshing thunder storm wet the earth and purified the air Thursday P. M. Lightning struck and shivered a cherry tree on John Converse's farm, (late Maj. Morgan's) in close proximity to a house, frightening the family, but doing no further damage.

Monson Academy.—The anniversary exercises of Monson Academy will take place next week—the examination on Tuesday, June 27, and the exhibition on Wednesday, June 28, at 9½ o'clock A. M. The Brookfield band are to furnish the music. A reunion of the students of the past and former years will be held on Tuesday evening at the Academy Hall.

The horse trot on the Park last Saturday did not draw a large concourse of people.—The weather was exceedingly hot, and the horses lathered freely. Horses were entered for the race by Sanford Fuller and Chas. Fuller of Monson, S. G. Newton and Freeman Dodge of Palmer. Chas. Fuller withdrew his nag after the first heat, and the Dodge horse won the race in three straight heats.

Coming Home.—Many of our boys who went into the armies of the Union three years ago have returned home, looking hale and hearty, with better constitutions and better pluck than they had when they left. Some of them have seen hard times, but none regret having served their country, and all feel proud, as well they may, of the great and final victory which they have achieved over the rebellion.

Scarlet Fever.—It is remarkable that the fatal destroyer which visited the children of this village last Spring, should be followed so soon by another fatal visitor. The alarming meningitis had hardly taken its leave before the scarlet fever made its appearance, and is now prevailing in a dozen houses in this village. It assumes a very malignant type, almost baffling the skill of physicians. Mr. J. W. Thompson has lost two children in less than a week and has two others sick with the same disease.

Bloody Retaliation.—The Union men in the interior of Missouri are carrying on a war of retaliation with the rebels and the latter are getting the worst of it. A great many good Union men have been killed by returned rebels from Price's army, and as soon as an authenticated case of killing by a rebel is made known to a neighborhood of Union men, they turn out on a rebel hunt and kill about ten rebels for every Union man hurt. Then after a while another batch of rebels will pass through and kill another Union man, and then the experience before related is repeated. In neither case does the guilty rebel suffer. He is far out of reach before the avenger is on his track. Well informed parties state that during the last month not less than a hundred rebels were quietly suppressed by these means.

Suicide of a Lover.—A young man named John Craig, who enlisted in the navy some 14 months since, and had sent his pay to a young lady in Haverhill, to whom he intended to be married on the expiration of his term of service, returned home a few days since, and ascertained that his intended was on the point of being married to another, whereupon he took a dose of bed-bug poison and ended his troubles. He belongs in Westford, Mass.

He Takes it all Back.—An advertisement in the Pawtucket Chronicle of this week ought to be posted before the eyes of every husband who proposes to seek relief from his domestic difficulties by parading them in the newspapers:

"I take back posting my wife. I was a little too fast. I acknowledge I was wrong."

Governor of Texas.—The President has appointed Andrew J. Hamilton of Texas, to be Provisional Governor of that state, and also James Johnson of Georgia. The form of the proclamation is precisely similar to these heretofore appointing Provisional Governors, for North Carolina and Mississippi, and the duties prescribed the same.

Sticks to Slavery.—In his plea for pardon, ex-Vice-President Stephens is said to still insist on the righteousness and necessity of Slavery.

Negro Suffrage.—In answer to many inquiries made since the question of negro suffrage at the South has been agitated, we will state for the information of the general public that in this State no citizen, white or black, can vote, unless he can read and write. New York only allows colored men to vote on a property qualification; in New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Indiana, or Illinois, they do not vote at all. In Ohio, only the colored man who has the largest admixture of white blond enjoys the right to vote. In Connecticut there is no colored suffrage, although the Legislature has provided that there shall be hereafter.

How a Rebel General Eats his Words Instead of his Wife.—In 1862 the rebel General Heath declared at a hotel in Barboursville, Ky., that he would eat his own wife and children to sustain life a little longer to fight for the Southern Confederacy. Brave fellow.—But he changed his mind, and concluded he had better eat his own words than to turn cannibal, for he recently voluntarily took the oath of allegiance to the United States Government.

Death from Toothache.—A dressmaker named Elizabeth Quain, at Limerick, Ireland, died lately from the effects of toothache. It appears that the poor creature had been suffering such torture with it for several days previous to her demise that it was feared she was becoming a lunatic. She finally summoned up courage sufficient to get the tooth drawn and after returning from the doctor's she became quite faint and died.

The Late Indictments.—There is yet no definite conclusion as to what will be done with the indictments for treason found against Gen. Lee, ex-Governors Smith and Letcher, and other prominent participants in the late rebellion. It is understood that the influential gentlemen in Washington are inclined, instead of trying them, to notify them of their indictments and give them an opportunity to leave the country never to return.

Wholesale Robbery by a Gang of Thieves at a Race Course.—The Union Course on Long Island was visited on Monday by a large number of thieves, pick-pockets, prize-fighters, &c., who set the officers at defiance and robbed such of the spectators as were unknown to the thieves, of watches, diamond pins, and other valuables. The Sheriff of Queen's county, with a force of men attempted to make arrests, but the thieves turned upon the officers and beat them away. The Sheriff is said to be much injured.

How to Make a Loyal Southern People.—It is suggested that if the surviving heroes of the war are to have a hundred and sixty acres apiece, the acres should be chosen of the first in Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana, and Texas, in abandoned lands or confiscated estates. That's the way to give a proper tone to the Southern society of the next generation.

Aiding the Farmers.—The Baltimore agricultural Society has subscribed eleven thousand dollars with which to furnish aid to Southern farmers resident in sections commercially connected with Baltimore. Farming tools, seed and stock are to be bought for such farmers as are worthy of assistance. They are to have them at wholesale cost, and pay for them at their convenience.

☞ The heir to the empire of Austria is in a very precarious state of health, and it appears quite probable that Maximilian, under these circumstances, will resign his sovereignty in Mexico, and that thus the affairs of that country may come to a peaceful settlement by his abdication.

The Scene of the Assassination.—Bishop Simpson, of the Methodist Episcopal Church, is now in Washington negotiating for the purchase of Ford's Theatre, for its conversion into a church. It seems quite probable that the building will be disposed of to some religious denominations.

Would Like to Go to Mexico.—The Mobile News says that the Rebel Gens. Taylor and Cockerill, lately expressed the wish that the Government would allow them to take their commands and join the Union forces to aid in maintaining the Monroe doctrine in Mexico.

Cutting Expenses.—The President is resolved on cutting down expenses to the lowest point. He is known to favor retrenchment as a means for returning to specie payment, which he will recommend to Congress.—It is expected that the army will be reduced to 100,000 men by the New Year.

What he Does.—It is said that ex-Vice-President Stephens spends much of his time in writing. He also reads considerably and devotes a portion of each morning to singing hymns. He will sing a different tune before he gets his liberty again, we suspect.

Found Dead.—The body of J. H. Paige, President of the Cape Cod Railroad Company, and a prominent citizen of Boston, who has been missing since Wednesday last, was found in the water on Saturday. Deceased was subject to fits of insanity.

Spirit of the South.—All the petitions for pardon presented by rebels breathe the same spirit of unrepenting faith in State rights and State supremacy over the National Union.

High Constable.—The appointment of Col. Wm. S. King, of Roxbury, as High Constable of the Commonwealth is officially announced. Col. King is just home from the war.

Opposed to Negro Suffrage.—The various Southern delegations in Washington, and the Provisional Governors thus far appointed are opposed to negro suffrage.

Elopement.—A fast man from New York has lately eloped with the wife of a hotel keeper at Springfield, and $4500 of the hotel keeper's earnings.

Death of Mrs. Seward.—The wife of Secretary Seward died at Washington on Wednesday. Her remains will be embalmed and taken to Auburn, N. Y.

Rebellion Ended.—The insurrection in Hayti is at an end. President Geffrard has issued a proclamation granting a full amnesty to the insurgents, with the exception of the leaders.

Gold closed at 141¼ on Thursday evening.

Youth and beauty restored to the grey-headed by the use of Webster's Vegetable Hair Invigorator. Wood & Allen, Agents.

THE VOICE OF THE PEOPLE.—Liberty is one of the dearest blessings which our forefathers have handed down to us. It was purchased by the blood of many a valiant revolutionary hero; has been guarded by a Washington, a Jefferson, a Clay and a Webster. But dearer still is that world-renowned remedy, known as Coe's Cough Balsam. It cures like magic the most violent attacks of croup, and is indispensible in every family of children. Colds, sudden coughs, sore throat, hoarseness, and inflamed lungs, are instantly and surely cured by its timely use. No cough mixture has ever been known that equas t;ihw lihe accounts for its great popularity with all classes. The young and old—the rich and poor—physicians, druggists—and all who have ever tested it speak in the highest terms of its merits. We say to our readers—buy it and try it. It costs but 40 cents the bottle, contains twice as much medicine as you can obtain in any other way at the same cost, and all our drug stores keep it.

Hunnewell's

Universal Cough Remedy.

TEN YEARS has clearly proved that the theory of simplicity, the great element of this splendid preparation, which allows its use whenever there is tickling or irritation in the throat, and producing no debility, is the only and true theory by which a true remedy for Colds, Coughs, Hoarseness, Bronchial Complaints, and all Throat Affections, which, if neglected, end in Consumption, can be effectually cured.

☞SORE THROAT, the great origin of Diptheria, when neglected, is cured by making a GARGLE with equal parts of water.

Testimonials of undoubted character can be seen at my office by all.

Small bottles, 25 Cents; Large do., 50 Cents.

JOHN L. HUNNEWELL, PROPRIETOR,
Practical Chemist, 9 Commercial Wharf, Boston.

☞Sold by all wholesale and Retail Dealers in Medicine.

Agents—Wood & Allen, Palmer; H. T. Small & Co., Stafford Springs; D. Holden, Ware. m20

Whiskers! Whiskers!

Do you want Whiskers or Mustaches? Our Grecian Compound will force them to grow on the smoothest face or chin, or hair on bald heads, in six weeks. Price, $1. Sent by mail anywhere, closely sealed, on receipt of price. Address
1sd24 WARNER & Co., Brooklyn, New York.

Old Eyes Made New.

A Pamphlet directing how to speedily restore sight and give up spectacles, without the aid of doctor or medicine. Sent by mail, free, on receipt of 10 cents. Address
6mja28. E. B. FOOTE, M. D., 1130 Broadway, New York.

If You Want to Know

A little of everything relating to the human system, male and female; the causes and treatment of diseases; the marriage customs of the world; how to marry well, and a thousand things never published before, read the revised and enlarged edition of "MEDICAL COMMON SENSE," a curious book for curious people, and a good book for every one. 400 pages, 100 illustrations. Price, $1 50. Content tables sent free to any address. Books may be had at the bookstores, or will be sent by mail, post-paid, on receipt of the price. Address
E. B. FOOTE, M. D.,
ja28 6m 1130 Broadway, New York.

Matrimonial.

Ladies and Gentlemen.—If you wish to marry you can do so by addressing me. I will send you, without money and without price, valuable information, that will enable you to marry happily and speedily, irrespective of age, wealth, or beauty. This information will cost you nothing and if you wish to marry, I will cheerfully assist you. All letters strictly confidential. The desired information sent by return mail, and no reward asked. Please enclose postage or stamped envelope, addressed to yourself. Address SARAH B. LAMBERT, Greenpoint, Kings Co., New York. m20 3m.

Important to Females.

DR. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS.—The combination of ingredients in these Pills is the result of a long and extensive practice. They are mild in their operation, and certain in correcting all irregularities, painful menstruations removing all obstruction, whether from cold or otherwise, headache, pain in the side, palpitation of the heart, whites, all nervous affections, hysterics, fatigue, pain in the back and limbs, &c, disturbed sleep, which arise from interruption of nature.

DR. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS was the commencement of a new era in the treatment of these irregularities and obstructions which have consigned so many to a premature grave. No female can enjoy good health unless she is regular, and whenever an obstruction takes place the general health begins to decline

DR. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS are the most effectual remedy ever known for all complaints peculiar to females To all classes they are invaluable, inducing, with certainty periodical regularity. They are known to thousand who have used them at different periods, throughout the country, having the sanction of some of the most eminent Physicians in America

☞Explicit directions, stating when they should not be used, with each box—the Price One Dollar per Box containing from 50 to 60 Pills.

Pills sent by mail, promptly, by remitting to the Proprietors. Sold by Druggists generally.

HUTCHINGS & HILLYER, Proprietors, 81 Cedar st., New York. Agents,—Palmer, Wood & Allen; Ware, D Holden; Stafford Springs, H. T. Small & Co. ag29

Lyon's Periodical Drops!

The Great Female Remedy for Irregularities.

These drops are a scientifically compounded fluid preparation, and better than any Pills, Powder, or Nostrums. Being liquid, their action is direct and positive, rendering them a reliable, speedy and certain specific for the cure of all obstructions and suppressions of nature. Their popularity is indicated by the fact that over 100,000 bottles are annually sold and consumed by the ladies of the United States, every one of whome speaks in the strongest terms of praise of their great merits. They are rapidly taking the place of every other Female Remedy, and are considered by all who know aught of them, as the surest, safest, and most infallible preparation in the world, for the cure of all female complaints, the removal of all obstructions of nature and the promotion of health, regularity and strength. Explicit directions stating when they may be used, and explaining when and why they should not, nor could not be used without producing effects contrary to nature's chosen laws, will be found, carefully folded around each bottle, with the written signature of JOHN L LYON, without which none are genuine.

Prepared by Dr. JOHN L. LYON, 195 Chapel Street, New Haven, Conn., who can be consulted either personally, or by mail, (enclosing stamp,) concerning all private diseases and female weaknesses.

Sold by Druggists everywhere.

C. G. CLARK & CO.,
Gen'l Agents for U. S. and Canadas
Wood & Allen, agents, Palmer, Mass.

BORN.

In Stafford Springs, 21st, a daughter to CYRUS BAMFORD.

MARRIED.

In Ware, 20th, by Rev. Wm. Merrill RENNSELLEAR C. SNOW and S. ELLEN CANTERBURY, both of Ware.

DIED.

In Palmer, 22d, DELIA R., 8, daughter of John M. Converse. Funeral at the Palmer House, today, (Saturday) at 10 1-2 A. M.

In Palmer, 18th, MERCELLA, 3 years, 4 months; 21st, MARY ELLEN, 6 years, 3 months; children of Joseph Thompson.

Drowned in Rockville, Ct., 18th, HENRY CLAY, 17, eldest son of the late Col. Chauncey Hibbard.

NOTICE.

YOU who have nothing better than a CHAIN PUMP as a WATER ELEVATOR, can find **Something Better, and the Best Thing in** use, by calling on the subscriber.

Palmer, June 24. R. B. CASWELL.

NEW SKIRT FOR 1865!

THE GREAT INVENTION OF THE AGE IN

HOOP SKIRTS.

J. W. Bradley's New Patent Duplex Elliptic (or double) Spring Skirt.

WEST, BRADLEY & CARY, (late J. I. & J. O. West,) Sole Proprietors and Manufactuers.

97 Chambers and 79 & 81 Reade Sts....New York.

THIS invention consists of Duplex (or two) Elliptic Steel Springs, ingeniously braided tightly and firmly together, edge to edge, making the toughest, most flexible, elastic, and durable spring ever used. They seldom bend or break like the single springs, and consequently preserve their perfect and beautiful shape twice as long as any other skirt. The wonderful flexibility and great comfort and pleasure to any lady wearing the Duplex Elliptic Skirt will be experienced particularly in all crowded assemblies, operas, carriages, railroad cars, church pews, arm chairs, for promenade and house dress, as the skirt can be folded, when in use, to occupy a small place as easily as a silk or muslin dress.

A lady having enjoyed the comfort, pleasure, and great convenience of wearing the "Duplex Elliptic Spring Skirt for a single day, will never afterwards willingly dispense with their use. For children, Misses, and young ladies they are Superior to all others.

They are the best quality in every part, and unquestionably the lightest, most desirable, comfortable and economical skirt ever made.

For sale in all first class stores in this city, and throughout the United States and Canadas, Havana de Cuba, Mexico, South America, and the West Indies.

INQUIRE for the DUPLEX ELLIPTIC SKIRT.
June 24, 1865.

HAYING TOOLS.

Blanchard's Scythes.	Forks.
Eureka do.,	Horse and Hand Rakes.
Winsted (Red) do., and others,	Grind and Scythe Stones.

And a General Assortment of Agricultural Tools,

FOR SALE AT LOW PRICES.

GEO. ROBINSON.

Ware, June, 17, 1865.

Won't Use Any Other.

Webster's Vegetable Hair Invigorator

IS PREFERRED BY ALL to any in market, because it turns gray hair to its original color, in four weeks, and IS NOT A DYE.

For sale by
WOOD & ALLEN, Palmer.
je17. 3m.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE.

BY order of Hon. Wm. S. Shurtleff, Judge of Probate, I shall sell at auction, on the premises, at 2 o'clock P. M., on Monday, July 3, 1865, so much of the estate of the late Wareham J. Davis, late of Monson, deceased, as will bring the sum of seventy-two dollars and fifteen cents, for the payment of his debts and charges of administration, subject to the widow's right of dower.

L. CLARK, Administrator.
Monson, June 17, 1865. 3w

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

PROBATE COURT. HAMPDEN, ss.

To all persons interested in the Estate of Rufus F. Fay, late of Monson, in said County, deceased, Greeting:

Whereas, Rufus F. Fay, (late Jr.,) executor of the will of said deceased, has presented for allowance the first account of his administration upon the estate of said deceased:

You are hereby cited to appear at a Probate Court to be holden at Springfield, in said county of Hampden, on the first Tuesday of July next, at nine o'clock before noon, to show cause, if any you have, why the same should not be allowed. And said executor is ordered to serve this citation by publishing the same in the Palmer Journal, a newspaper printed at Palmer, three weeks successively, the first publication to be fourteen days at least before said Court, and by sending or causing to be sent a written or printed copy hereof, properly mailed, postage prepaid, to each of the heirs, devisees or legatees of said deceased, or their legal representatives known to said administrator, within two days of said first publication.

Witness, WILLIAM S. SHURTLEFF, Esquire Judge of said Court, this thirteenth day of June, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five.

SAMUEL B. SPOONER, Register.
Copy—attest, SAMUEL B. SPOONER, Register.

New Styles of

PAPER HANGINGS & BORDERS,

CURTAINS, of various kinds, CURTAIN FIXTURES, Cord and Tassels, a great variety.

Also, a good assortment of

Books, Stationery, Music, Periodicals,

And NEWSPAPERS for sale.

Ware, March 4—3m. G. K. CUTLER.

POTASH, at NEWTON & CO'S, Palmer.
Of the best quality

New and Choice Sheet Music.

THE GOLDEN RING.—Scotch Ballad. 30
"O, Jamie, where's the golden ring,
And where's the necklace rare,
And where's the pretty velvet string
To tie my raven hair."

I HEAR THE WEE BIRD SINGING. 30
Both of the above songs are by Geo. Linly. Arr. by Thos. Ryan, sung at the concerts of the Mendelssohn Quintette Club, and great favorites.

WHERE THE WILLOW WEEPETH.—L. H. Gurney, 30

MOVE MY ARM-CHAIR, DEAREST MOTHER.— 30
Wilmarth.
"Move my arm chair, dearest mother,
In the sunshine bright and strong,
For the world is fading mother
I shall not be with you long."

MY SISTER DEAR, REMEMBER ME.— 30
Edward Everett's Song. Set to music by Lesta Vese.

RADIEUSE.— 1.50
Grand Valse de Concert a 4 Mains par Seven Octaves.

ORFA. 60
Grand Polka pour le Piano, par 7 Octaves.

O, WHISPER WHAT THOU FEELEST.— 75
Fantasie de Salon, par E. Hoffman.

THE PARTRIDGE POLKA CHARACTERISQUE.— 40
by Koppitz.

The above sent post-paid, on receipt of price.
OLIVER DITSON & Co., Publishers, Boston.

KEROSENE Lamps & Lanterns, Shades, Lantern Globes, Chimneys, &c., for sale at A. H. PARKS' Store, Palmer.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

HAMPDEN, ss. PROBATE COURT.

To the Heirs-at-Law, and others interested in the estate of Rufus F. Fay, late of Monson, in said county, deceased, greeting:

Whereas Rufus F. Fay, (late Jr.,) executor of the will of said deceased, has presented to said Court his petition for license to sell so much of the real estate of said deceased as will raise the sum of seventeen hundred and thirty-four dollars and seventeen cents, for the payment of debts, legacies, and charges of administration:

You are hereby ordered to appear at a Probate Court to be holden at Springfield, in said County, on the first Tuesday of July next, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause, if any you have, against the same; and said executor is ordered to serve this Citation by publishing the same once a week, three weeks successively, in the Palmer Journal, a newspaper printed at Palmer, the first publication to be fourteen days at least before said Court, and by sending or causing to be sent a written or printed copy hereof, porperly mailed, postage prepaid, to each or the heirs, devisees or legatees of said deceased, or their legal representatives, known to the petitioner, within two days of the date of said first publication.

Witness, WILLIAM S. SHURTLEFF, Esquire, Judge of said Court, this thirteenth day of June, in the year one thousand, eight hundred and sixty-five. SAMUEL B. SPOONER, Register.
A copy, attest, SAMUEL B. SPOONER, Register.

SUGARS, of all grades, for sale low for cash at A. H. PARKS' Store, Palmer House Block.

WOODS & Worcester's **Dry Hop Yeast,** for sale at PARKS' STORE, Palmer.

MONSON!

I HAVE constantly on hand

A LARGE STOCK OF GOODS,

Additions being made to it every week. Next week I shall receive an invoice of nearly all kinds, which will make it complete. It will consist of many styles of

LADIES' DRESS GOODS,

adapted to all ages and the present season,
Brown and Bleached Sheetings,
Stripes, Ticks, Denims, Cottonades,
Kentucky Jeans, Woolen Cloths, Brown and Bleached Linen, Damask, by the yard, White Muslins, White Cambrics, Hoop Skirts, Balmorals, Linen, Paper, and Cambric Collars, Sun Umbrellas, Laces, Trimmings, Buttons, Velvet Ribbons, Braids, &c., &c.,

BOOTS AND SHOES,

nearly all styles, qualities, and prices, for every age and sex, from which any one ought to be suited.

PAPER & CLOTH CURTAINS

AND FIXTURES.

Boys' and Mens' Straw, Cloth, and Fur

HATS,

VARIOUS KINDS OF FLOUR,

from the cheapest to the best St. Louis made, and warranted to suit.

Also, RYE and GRAHAM FLOUR, Fine and Coarse Corn Meal, Rye Feed, and Wheat Middlings,

Black TEA, Green Tea, Japanese Tea.

Rio COFFEE, Dandelion Coffee, and French Breakfast and Dinner Coffee, the best in use.

All kinds of SUGAR and MOLASSES.

Beans, Dried Apple, Cheese, Raisins, Currants, Citron, Tapioca, Sago, Maizena, all kinds of Spices, put up perfectly pure; Nuts, Oranges, Lemons, and Figs; Tobacco, in all styles and qualities, from 50 cents to $1 ₰ lb.

Salt, in boxes, bags and barrels, from 5 to 240 lb packages.

CROCKERY,

in large quantities,

Paper Hangings and Borders,

All sizes STONE JARS, Pitchers, Jugs, Flower Pots, and Churns,

A great many kinds of WOODEN WARE.

FLOOR OIL CLOTHS,

Mattrasses, Clocks, Trunks, Carpet Bags,

Toys and Fancy Goods,

Hair, Clothes, Whitewash, and Horse

BRUSHES,

Cooking Extracts, Perfumeries, and many kinds of Valuable Medicines. A few

SACKS AND CIRCULARS,

At greatly reduced prices.

I shall receive before the

FOURTH OF JULY.

a large assortment of

FIREWORKS.

☞All who owe me a dollar contracted previous to April 1st, '65, are requested to give immediate attention to the payment of it. All bills payable monthly.

E. E. TOWNE.

Monson, June 17, 1865.

TO ALL IN WESTERN MASSACHUSETTS, WHO BUY

DRY GOODS OR CARPETS!

We respectfully invite attention to our

NEW STOCK

For the Later Spring Sales, of

Choice and Fashionable GOODS.

NEW FABRICS, NEW DESIGNS,

For Spring and Summer DRESS GOODS,

A very large and attractive variety—many entirely new things.

MOURNING DRESS GOODS,

In the BEST VARIETY and FINEST QUALITIES to be found in the City.

New Embroideries, New Laces, New Dress and Mantilla Trimmings, Parasols,

GLOVES AND HOSIERY,

in every style; the

BEST HOOP SKIRTS made in America,

BALMORAL SKIRTS,

DRESS SILKS,

All desirable colors, for street, house, or evening wear.

Black Mantilla and Dress Silks,

In the most superb qualities, all widths.

Mantilla, Cloak, and Shawl

EMPORIUM.

SPRING and SUMMER STYLES Now Ready,

We offer an unusually large and attractive variety of ready-made

SILK AND CLOTH GARMENTS,

and no effort will be spared to offer our customers

The Latest and Most Approved Styles.

CLOAK CLOTHS,

in the best makes, the latest colors and kinds; the largest and most complete stock of these goods ever on sale in this city. Every style of Outside Garment for Ladies' or Misses' wear made to order, and work in every particular warranted to give satisfaction. Our

MILLINERY DEPARTMENT

is now filled with a new and beautiful stock. The latest fashions and choice goods can always be found.

HOUSEKEEPING DRY GOODS.

COTTONS AND LINENS.

An immense Stock, always at the Lowest Prices.

CARPETINGS,

Large additions just made. No stock comparing with this this side of Boston. Prices as low as the lowest. All the better qualities of Carpets,

Solid Brussels, Velvets, Tapestries,

Three Plys, &c., in Large Assortment.

OIL CLOTHS, MATTINGS, &c.

☞Contracts taken for Carpeting Halls, Churches, Dwellings, &c.,

CURTAINS AND CURTAIN GOODS,

In every variety.

NEW GOODS DAILY.

☞Purchasers visiting our Store will find that they can make their selections from one of the largest stocks in Massachusetts, and can purchase at as low prices as good satisfactory goods can be sold at. Trash and cheap goods, for the sake of advertising prices that they may appear low before an examination, we do not keep.

THE LARGEST AND BEST LIGHTED Store in New England, out of Boston.

TINKHAM & CO.,

184, 186, AND 188 MAIN STREET,

al5 SPRINGFIELD. 4m

FLOUR

Of all grades, FOR SALE LOW for cash,
AT A. H. PARKS' STORE,
West end of Palmer House Block, Palmer, Mass

IF YOU WANT

ANYTHING

IN THE WAY OF

DRY GOODS,

READY-MADE CLOTHING,

—OR—

GROCERIES,

BY ALL MEANS

CALL ON

KELLOGG & TINKHAM.

THEY HAVE A

VERY LARGE STOCK

OF

GOODS,

AND ARE SELLING AT

VERY LOW PRICES.

j3 4w

TRUSSES! TRUSSES!

Branch Depot of the

Metropolitan Truss and Bandage Institute,

OF BOSTON.

Having made arrangements with the proprietors of this institution for the sale of their goods, we have opened rooms over our store for their sale, and would respectfully invite the attention of the citizens of this vicinity to our large assortment of

THE VARIOUS STYLES OF

Trusses, Elastic Stockings,
Abdominal Supporters, Knee Caps,
Suspensory Bandages,
Gentlemen's Chest Expanding Suspenders,
Ladies' " " Skirt Supporters,
&c., &c., &c., &c.

Our facilities for the sale and fitting of the above articles are now complete, and we shall give them our special attention.

☞Orders by mail or express will be promptly answered.

E. BIGELOW & CO.,
Opposite Court Square,
jc3 **Springfield, Mass.** 6m

NOTICE.

ON and after Monday, June 5, trains leave Palmer for Amherst at 2.20 and 6.15 P. M. Returning, leave Amherst at 6.30 A. M. and 4.00 P. M.

Leave Palmer for New London at 7.50 A. M. and 2.20 P. M. Returning, leave New London at 8.00 A. M. and 1.40 P. M. R. N. DOWD, Supt.
June 3d, 1865.

MEAL.

BOLTED MEAL, FLOUR,
RYE MEAL, CORN,
GRASS SEEDS, RYE,

Will be found
At NEWTON & Co's, Palmer,
At the Lowest Figures.

FERTILIZERS!

FARMERS should remember that the present is a good time to apply them to all their crops; and also remember that

POUDRETTE AND BONE DUST

Are the very best things to sow upon Buckwheat when the time arrives—much superior to plaster.

For Sale by **E. E. TOWNE,** MONSON.
June 10.

NOTICE is hereby given that the subscriber has been duly appointed administrator of the estate of Chas. B. Bromley, late of Monson, in the county of Hampden, deceased; and has taken upon himself that trust, by giving bonds as the law directs. And all persons having demands upon the estate of the said deceased, are required to exhibit the same; and all persons indebted to the said estate are called upon to make payment to ABEL H. CALKINS, Administrator.
Longmeadow, April 4, 1865. j10 3w

AT NEWTON & CO'S

WILL be found those choice Milk Crackers. Also Boston and Springfield Crackers.

TOBACCO OF ALL KINDS,

Cavendish, Navy, Fine Cut Chewing, Killckinic Smoking.

We would call particular attention to our Navy Tobacco, that we are selling at 75 cents ₰ lb.

NEWTON & CO.,
Nassowanno Block . . . . Palmer, Mass.

STONE WARE.—Butter Pots, Cake Jars, Jugs of all sizes, Flower Pots, plain and glazed, Bean Pots, Stone Pitchers, Spittoons, and all kinds of Stone Ware, at PARKS' Store, Palmer,

TEAS.

The best Young Hyson, Black, and Japanese For sale at A. H. PARKS' Store, Palmer.

ALL Goods sold after this date will be cash down, except in exchange for produce. All persons indebted to me will please make immediate payment. A. H. PARKS.
Palmer, May 20, 1865.

SOAPS.—The celebrated "Gold Medal Soap," 'French Lustral,' 'Sawyer's,' and other Soaps, for sale at A. H. PARKS' Store, Palmer.

SMITH & CONVERSE,

Successors to M. W. FRENCH & BRO.,

Have on Hand a Choice Lot of

DRY GOODS,

GROCERIES,

Hats, Caps, Boots, Shoes,

&c., &c., &c.

YARD WIDE COTTONS,

VERY CHEAP.

New Spring Style DeLaines, Very Handsome.

Also, a large assortment of

SPRING SKIRTS,

All Styles and Prices.

GIVE US A CALL.

GEO. F. SMITH. JOHN S. CONVERSE.
Palmer, Mass., 1865.

"A Word to the Wise is Sufficient."

D. H. BRIGHAM & CO.,

OF SPRINGFIELD,

ADVERTISED two weeks ago to give special attention to the

Retail Clothing Trade,

And for the past ten days have had

A CONTINUOUS RUSH!

They are selling their Goods Regardless of Cost!

As the panic has reduced the price of many goods about one-half, and

THEY ARE BOUND TO SELL!

AN EARLY CALL will secure

SPLENDID BARGAINS,

and insure

An Immense Stock to Select From!

What's the use of Paying a Profit?

BUY AT PANIC PRICES AT
D. H. BRIGHAM & CO'S
Wholesale and Retail Clothing House,
al SPRINGFIELD, MASS. 3m

U. S. 7-30 LOAN.

THIRD SERIES.

$230,000,000.

By authority of the Secretary of the Treasury, the undersigned, the General Subscription Agent for the sale of United States Securities, offers to the public the third series of Treasury Notes, bearing seven and three tenths per cent. interest per annum, knowu as the

7-30 LOAN.

These notes are issued under date of July 15, 1865, and are payable three years from that date in currency, or are convertible at the option of the holder into

U. S. 5-20 Six Per Cent.
GOLD BEARING BONDS.

These Bonds are now worth a handsome premium, and are exempt, as are all the Governmeut Bonds, from State, County, and Municipal taxation, which adds from one to three per cent., per annum to their value, according to the rate levied upon other propepty. The interest is payable semi annually by coupons attached to each note, which may be cut off and sold to any bank or banker.

The interest at 7.30 per cent amounts to

One Cent per Day on a $50 Note.

Two	"	$100	"
Ten	"	$500	"
Twenty	"	$1000	"
$1	"	$5000	"

Notes of all the denominations named will be promptly furnished upon receipt of subscriptions.

The Notes of this Third Series are precisely similar in form and privileges to the Seven Thirties already sold, except that the Government reserves to itself the option of paying interest in gold coin at 6 per cent., instead of 7 3-10ths in currency. Subscribers will deduct the interest in currency up to July 15th, at the time when they subscribe.

The delivery of the notes of this third series of the 7 30c will commence on the 1st of June, and will be made promptly and continuously after that date.

The slight change made in the conditions of this Third Series affects only the matter of interest. The payment in gold, if made, will be equivalent to the currency interest of the higher rate.

The return to specie payments, in the event of which only will the option to pay interest in Gold be availed of, would so reduce and equalize prices that purchases made with six per cent. in gold would be fully equal to those made with seven and three-tenths per cent, in currency. This is

THE ONLY LOAN IN MARKET,

now offered by the Government, and its superior advantages make it

The Great Popular Loan of the People.

Less than $230,000,000 of the Loan authorized by the last Congress are now on the market. This amount, at the rate at which it is being absorbed, will all be subscribed for within sixty days, when the notes will undoubtedly command a premium, as uniformly been the case on closing the subscriptions to other Loans.

In order that citizens of every town and section of the country may be afforded facilities for taking the loan, the National Banks, State Banks, and Private Bankers throughout the country have generally agreed to receive subscriptions at par. Subscribers will select their own agents, in whom they have confidence, and who only are to be responsible for the delivery of the notes for which they receive orders.

JAY COOKE, Subscription Agent,
PHILADELPHIA.

Subscriptions will be received by the
Ware National Bank of Ware.
Monson National Bank of Monson.
Stafford National Bank of Stafford.
First National Bank of Springfield.
Second National Bank of Springfield.
f25 Third National Bank of Springfield. 3m

SPICES, of all varieties, Raisins, Citron, Extracts, Bluing, Pepper Sauce, Tomato Ketchup, At NEWTON & Co's, Pamler.

TOBACCO.

FINE CUT, CHEWING, and SMOKING, of the best quality. Also, the best
Navy and Cavendish, Tobacco,
For sale AT PARK'S STORE, Palmer.

TAPIOCA, FARINA, SAGO, CORN STARCH, CHOCOLATE, COCOA &c., &c., for sale at
A. H. PARKS' Cash Store . . . PALMER, MASS.

SOAPS, SOAPS!

BURWELLS, Babbitt's, Castile and Common, at NEWTON & CO'S, Palmer.

ANOTHER LOT Fresh Ground of
KENT'S East India and OLMITZ'

COFFEES,

The best out. At NEWTON & CO'S,
Nassowanno Block, Palmer.

WANTED!

All Kinds of Farmer's Produce in Exchange for Goods, at
A. H. PARKS' Store . . . . . Palmer, Mass.

JUNE 23, 1865.

FALL

—IN—

GOLD!

FALL

—IN—

Merchandize!

I HAVE THIS DAY

REDUCED THE PRICE

—OF—

MY STOCK OF GOODS

TO THEIR

GOLD VALUE,

COMPRISING ALL MY

DRESS GOODS,

DOMESTIC GOODS,

Gent's Furnishing Goods,

READY-MADE

CLOTHING,

Boots & Shoes,

CARPETINGS,

CROCKERY, GLASS WARE,

&c., &c., &c.

ANY PART OF MY STOCK

CAN BE BOUGHT AT

LOW FIGURES,

W. W. CROSS,

PALMER, 1865.

THE RICH FRUIT REGION OF ILLINOIS.—The Peoria (Ill.) Farmer publishes an account of a trip to the fruit region of that state. Cobden, or South Pass, is the principal fruit depot. In this region there are about 200 acres of bearing strawberries, but the crop this season was seriously injured by the late April frost. But the shipments opened at the rate of 80 to 125 bushels per day, and in the hight of the season they were sent off by the carload. In large fruits one planter has 20,000 peach trees, 7,000 apple trees and 5,000 grape vines, besides some acres of the small fruits. Another has 2,600 peach trees. Several other planters have orchards, and in general a fine yield is expected. At Makadda one planter sold his peach crop in a single season for $12,000. Another man near the station has 150 acres in fruit, with 17,500 peach trees, 3,000 apple trees, 500 pear trees, twelve acres of grapes, &c. Another grower has 10,000 peach trees, another 6,000, another 3,000 several others 3,000, and one has from 6,000 to 8,000 apple trees. Several other growers have more limited orchards. At DuQuoin one grower has 8,000 peach trees, and within twelve miles around there are some 16,000 peach trees. At Centralia one man had 112 acres mostly in peaches. Another has 111 acres in fruit and has about 3,000 grape vines.—Other large growers are in this vicinity. The grape vines and all the fruit trees, bushes and vines, are in a flourishing condition.

☞ Testimony before the Military Court at Washington, of an Irishman:

Question—Where were you on the night of the 14th of April?

Answer—At Ford's Theatre, sir.

Q.—What did you see?

A.—I saw a man jump on the stage and sing out—"*I am sick, send for McGinnis!*"

☞ It is a strange way of showing our humble reverence and love for the Creator to be perpetually condemning and reviling everything He has created.

☞ A pleasure is sometimes only a change of pain. A man who has the gout feels first-rate when he gets down to only rheumatism.

☞ Last February Mr. Jefferson Davis was urging his armies to "whip the Yankee spaniels back to their kennels."

PRICES

—ARE—

DOWN! DOWN! DOWN!

—FOR—

DRY GOODS.

J. H. STORRS,

Would inform all who have so liberally patronized him that he will now give a BENEFIT by selling goods at Wholesale Prices at Retail for a few days. We offer

Good Dark Prints for	17 cents.
Best New Styles do,	20
" " " M'DeLaines,	25
Heavy Cottons, yard wide,	25
Fine Bleached Cottons, yard wide,	25

NEW STYLES OF

DRESS GOODS,

CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS,

FEATHERS,

ALL DOWN TO GOLD VALUE.

☞ We give notice to all we have bought largely at the late Low Prices,

WHICH ENABLES US TO SELL AT

VERY LOW PRICES.

We shall make

Special Inducements to those from a Distance,

Who buy in large quantities.

NEW GOODS WILL BE RECEIVED EVERY WEEK

During the Spring Trade.

A Word to the Wise is Sufficient.

Very respectfully,

J. H. STORRS.

Ware, March 25, 1865.

READY MADE CLOTHING,

Just received and for sale by

D. MULVIHILL,

Nassowanno Block, Palmer, Mass.

March 4, 1865.

PETROLEUM STOCKS

Are now attracting much attention, as

They Pay Larger Dividends

than any other stocks in the market, ranging from

One to Five per Cent. per Month.

Parties wishing to subscribe for stock in the "Great Basin" the "Massachusetts & Oil Creek," the "New England," "Fuller Farm," or other first-class oil companies, or in the

Montezuma Gold Mining Company,

the ore of which assays at over $8,000 per cord, can do so at the office of

Palmer, Jan. 21, 1865. JAS. G. ALLEN.

IF YOU WANT

A GOOD ARTICLE

—OF—

READY-MADE CLOTHING

For a Little Money,

Call at D. MULVIHILL'S,

Palmer, March 4, 1865. Nassowanno Block.

ANOTHER LOT JUST RECEIVED.

PRICES FOR THE TIMES!

Good Brown Sugar,	9 lb for	$1.00
Porto Rico do.,	7 " "	1.00
Granulated, Pulv., and Crushed do.,	4½ "	1.00
Porto Rico Molasses,	per gallon,	.90
Good do.,	"	.50
Best quality Oolong Tea,	per pound,	1.25
Fair do.,	"	.75

Another lot of FRESH MILK BISCUIT, with a full

Assortment of all kinds of Groceries,

Just received

—AT—

NEWTON & CO'S,

Nassowanno Block, Palmer.

TAKE NOTICE!

OPENED THIS DY!

A NEW CASE OF GOODS, consisting of

COTTONS, PRINTS, & D'LAINES,

Bought and sold at

PANIC PRICES.

SMITH & CONVERSE.

Palmer, April, 1865.

CLOTHING

Marked Down! Down!

NOW IS YOUR TIME TO BUY.

CALL ON THE

NEW YORK

CLOTHING

COMPANY,

138 MAIN ST., SPRINGFIELD,

(Corner of Vernon Street)

GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS,

HATS AND CAPS,

From one of

THE LARGEST WHOLESALE ESTABLISHMENTS

in the City of New York,

ANY ONE WISHING

A Good Substantial Article

FOR A

LITTLE MONEY,

WOULD DO WELL TO

EXAMINE OUR STOCK.

ALL GOODS SOLD BY US ARE

WARRANTED

TO BE AS REPRESENTED.

We will allow the privilege of exchanging (within three days), any garment sold at retail, which upon examination at home does not meet the entire approval of the purchaser, either in material, style, or fit; or, if that is not sufficiently liberal,

WE WILL REFUND THE MONEY.

Our terms of sale are strictly for cash, and

WE GUARANTEE

A BETTER ARTICLE

OF CLOTHING FOR THE PRICE

than can be obtained elsewhere. Call and satisfy yourselves, at

138 MAIN ST.,

nearly opposite Baptist Church,

SPRINGFIELD..... MASS.

n21tf

DR. LAROOKAH'S SARSAPARILLA COMPOUND!

NOW is the time to use this most wonderful **Magic-Like Spring Compound.**

It is double the strength of any other Sarsaparilla Compound.

For the Cure of Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Scrofula, Dropsy, Neuralgia, Epilepsy, Erysipelas, Boils, Tumors, Salt Rheum, Ulcers and Sores, Rheumatism, Pain in the Stomach, Side, and Bowels, Debility, and all complaints arising from Impurities of the BLOOD.

It is a SURE CURE for LIVER COMPLAINTS. DYSPEPSIA or Indigestion will find a ready cure in this Compound.

SCROFULA.—This loathsome disease, which afflicts and sweeps off so many from our midst, can be cured by Larookah's Sarsaparilla Compound.

For PURIFYING THE BLOOD, there is nothing now before the public which can equal Larookah's Sarsaparilla Compound. It is a great promoter of health when used in the spring, to remove all Humors that infest the system at that season of the year.

DR LAROOKAH'S SARSAPARILLA COMPOUND has been so great a blessing to our family that we class it with LAROOKAH'S SYRUP, the BEST article in use for what it purports to do, REV. N. P. SELEE.

Melrose Mass, Dec. 3, 1861.

The following letter is from DR. B. F. ABBOTT, for years an eminent practitioner in the city of Boston:

DR. E. R KNIGHTS:—I have been in the habit of prescribing Larookah's Sarsaparilla Compound for two years, with the most satisfactory results.

PRICE, $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

Consumptive Remedy.

DR. LAROOKAH'S

Indian Vegetable Pulmonic Syrup.

The best preparation ever made for the following complaints:

Colds, Coughs, Whooping Cough, Croup, Asthma, Catarrh, Bronchitis, Spitting Blood, Pain in the Side, Night Sweats, Humors, Gener'l Debility,

and the various Throat Affections and Hoarseness to which Public Speakers and Singers are liable, and all other complaints tending to

CONSUMPTION.

Letter from a well-known Boston Druggist of Twenty Years' Experience:

BOSTON, March 9, 1865.

Dr. E. R. Knights:—Having used "Larookah's Pulmonic Syrup," myself and in my family for the last six years, I am prepared to say that it is superior to any medicine I have ever known for the positive cure of Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat and all similar complaints.

W. R. BOWEN, 86 Hanover Street.

Rev. John C. Ingalls of Melrose, Mass, says: "As an honest man I can say, that in my judgment, Dr. Larookah's I. V. P. Syrup, for Pulmonary Diseases, stands unrivalled by any medicine yet discovered, it having cured me of Bronchitis, of six years standing.

Prepared by S. SEVERY. Price, 50 cents and $1.00 per bottle.

DR. E. R. KNIGHTS, Proprietor, Melrose, Mass.

Sold by Wood & Allen, Palmer; H. T. Small & Co., Stafford Springs; D. Holden, Ware; E. E. Towne, Monson, and by druggists and dealers generally. my20.

FIRE AND LIFE

INSURANCE AGENCY.

Ætna Insurance Company,
HARTFORD, CT.
Capital.....$1,500,000

Hartford Fire Ins. Company,
HARTFORD, CT.
Capital.....$1,000,000

Phœnix Insurance Company,
HARTFORD, CT.
Capital.....$400,000

Springfield Fire & Marine Ins. Co.,
SPRINGFIELD, MASS.
Capital and Surplus.....$567,863 17

Norwich Fire Insurance Company,
NORWICH, CT.
Capital.....$300,000

INSURANCE AGAINST FIRE,

ON FACTORIES, STORES, DWELLING Houses, Barns, &c.,

Effected on MOST REASONABLE TERMS, in the Best Companies.

Also, Life Insurance

Effected on good risks in the best Mutual Companies.

Address or apply to

E. F. MORRIS,

MONSON, MASS.

June 25, 1864—1y.

DENTISTRY.

DR. J. B. GOULD,

Surgical and Mechanical Dentist,

Palmer, Mass.

respectfully informs the Citizens of Palmer and vicinity that he has located himself in this place as a permanent Dentist, and hopes by strict attention to business to win the patronage of the public.

The Most Difficult Operations in Dentistry Performed with Care.

One of the most important and often neglected duties of the age is the preservation of the Natural Teeth, and to this end none should neglect having them frequently examined by a Dentist, that decay and other imperfections may be seasonably remedied. Children's teeth should receive frequent and careful attention, to prevent irregularities or decay.

ARTIFICIAL TEETH

inserted on the improved principle of atmospheric pressure. Teeth, from one to an entire set, inserted on Gold, Silver, or Rubber.

A SUPERIOR ARTICLE of DENTRIFICE and TOOTH BRUSHES constantly on hand.

☞ Examinations and advice gratis.

☞ All operations warranted.

TERMS REASONABLE.

TESTIMONIALS:

The undersigned, citizens of Monson, have employed Mr. J. B. Gould, in his regular practice as Dentist, with satisfaction, and would cheerfully recommend him to the citizens of this and adjoining towns, as skillful in all branches of this business. They are happy also to commend him as a man of good principles and high moral character.

Rev. T. G. Colton.	Marcus Keep.
" F. Woods.	S. Darling.
N. F. Rogers.	Dr. J. M. Towne.
E. B. Miles.	" Smith.

n19 Dr. J. McKinstrey.

Palmer Steam Mill!

THE subscribers, having leased the Steam Mill formerly occupied by Hall & Trumble, offer for sale

A FULL ASSORTMENT OF

FLOUR, GRAIN, MEAL,

FEED, SALT, LIME,

COAL, WOOD, &c,

AT THE LOWEST MARKET PRICES.

CASH PAID FOR ALL KINDS OF GRAIN.

HOVEY & SUTCLIFFE.

Palmer, Mass., Dec. 20, 1862.

NEW GROCERY STORE!

The undersigned, having purchased the stock of

GROCERIES & PROVISIONS

lately owned by J. P. SHAW, and removed them to their Flour and Grain Store, and having made large additions thereto, are prepared to furnish

FAMILY GROCERIES as CHEAP as at any other establishment in the county.

As we deal largely in

FLOUR AND GRAIN,

we are enabled to make purchases at

LOW FIGURES,

and sell in the same manner.

All kinds of FARMERS' PRODUCE taken in exchange for goods.

☞ Remember the place—

At the Palmer Steam Mill.

HOVEY & SUTCLIFFE.

Palmer, Aug. 29, 1863.

GOVERNMENT

PENSION AGENCY!

GOVERNMENT BOUNTY OF $100

Collected for soldiers who have been discharged from service by reason of wounds or disability, without regard to length of time. Invalid soldiers discharged from service, and the widows and orphans of soldiers who died in the U. States service, or of wounds or disease contracted in line of duty, are entitled to pensions. All pension claims against the government, and claims for arrears of pay and bounty, will be promptly attended to and collected at the lowest rates. No charge made to the soldier unless the claim is successful.

This Agency is duly licensed, and the undersigned does his business direct with the authorities at Washington, and not through third parties.

JAS. G. ALLEN. Counsellor & Attorney.

Palmer, March 21, 1863.

M. P. KNOWLTON,

Attorney and Counsellor at Law.

Post Office Building, south side of Court Square,

SPRINGFIELD, MASS.

Soldiers' Pensions, Bounty, Back Pay, &c., procured promptly and at reasonable rates.

TO LET.

THE ROOMS IN STRONG BLOCK heretofore used as a Tin-shop. Enquire of

Palmer, March 4, 1865. JAS. G. ALLEN.

A Superior Article of Pure Ground JAVA COFFEE,

Also, Kent's East India Coffee, French Breakfast Coffee, &c., for sale at

A. H. PARKS' Store.....Palmer House Block.

PURE Ground Spices, of all kinds, also Bluing, Extracts, Pepper Sauce, &c., for sale at PARKS' STORE, Palmer.

HAMS! DRIED BEEF!

HAMS! DRIED APPLES!

ALL KINDS OF FISH!

At NEWTON & Co's . . . Palmer, Mass.

HEALTH

HELMBOLD'S

FLUID EXTRACT

BUCHU.

For Non-Retention or Incontinence of Urine, Inflammation or Ulceration of the Bladder or Kidneys, Diseases of the Prostrate Gland, Gravel, Brick Dust Deposits, Dropsical Swellings, Organic Weakness, Debility, Female Complaints, &c.

Helmbold's Fluid Extract Buchu and

IMPROVED ROSE WASH

Will radically exterminate from the system Diseases arising from habits of Dissipation, at little expense, little or no change of diet, no inconvenience or exposure, completely superseding those unpleasant and dangerous remedies, Copabia and Mercury, in curing these diseases.

USE HELMBOLD'S

FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU

In all Diseases of the Urinary Organs, whether existing in MALE OR FEMALE, *from whatever cause originating*, and no matter of how long standing. It is pleasant in its taste and odor, IMMEDIATE in action, and more strengthening than any of the preparations of Bark or Iron.

Those suffering from Broken Down or Delicate Constitutions, *procure the Remedy at once.*

The reader must be aware that however slight may be the attack of the above diseases, it is certain to affect his *Bodily Health, Mental Powers and Happiness.* If no treatment is submitted to, Consumption or Insanity may ensue.

All the above diseases require the aid of a diuretic.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU

IS THE GREAT DIURETIC.

HELMBOLD'S

HIGHLY CONCENTRATED COMPOUND

FLUID

EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA,

For purifying the blood, removing all diseases arising from excess and imprudence in life, chronic constitutional diseases arising from an impure state of the blood, and the only reliable and effectual know remedy for the cure of Scrofula, Scald Head, Salt Rheum, Pains and Swellings of the Bones, Ulcerations of the Throat and Legs, Blotches, Pimples on the Face, Tetter, Erpsipelas, and all scaly eruptions of the skin, and beautifying the complexion.

AND

HAPPINESS

NOT A FEW

Of the worst disorders that afflict mankind arise from the corruption that accumulates in the Blood. Of all the discoveries that have been made to purge it out, none can equal in effect Helmbold's Compound Extract of Sarsaparilla. It cleanses and renovates the Blood, instills the vigor of health into the system and purges out the humors which make disease. It stimulates the healthy functions of the body, and expels the disorders that grow and rankle in the blood. Such a remedy, that could be relied on, has long been sought for, and now, for the first time, the public have one on which they can depend. Our space here does not admit of certificates to show its effects, but the trial of a single bottle will show to the sick that it has virtues surpassing anything they have ever taken.

Two tablespoonsful of the Extract of Sarsaparilla, added to a pint of water, is equal to the Lisbon Diet Drink, and one bottle is equal to a gallon of the Syrup of Sarsaparilla, or the decoction as usually made.

The above Extracts are prepared on purely scientific principles—in Vacuo—and embody the full strength of the ingredients entering into their composition. A ready and conclusive test will be a comparison of their properties with those set forth in the U. S. Dispensatory.

HOW TO USE THE REMEDIES.

In diseases of the Blood, Humors on the Face, or any and every part of the body, use Extract Sarsaparilla, applying to Pimples and all external Humors or Eruptions the Improved Rose Wash.

Use the Extract Buchu for all diseases requiring the aid of a Diuretic, except those of the Urinary Organs, such as Gonorrhœa and Gleet; in these use the Extract Buchu and inject with the Improved Rose Wash.

☞ THESE EXTRACTS HAVE BEEN ADMITTED TO USE IN THE UNITED STATES ARMY, and also are in very general use in all the STATE HOSPITALS and Public Institutions throughout the land, as well as well as in private practice, and are considered as invaluable remedies.

Medicine delivered to Any Address.

Direct letters to—

HELMBOLD'S DRUG & CHEMICAL WAREHOUSE,

594 Broadway, New York,

Next Metropolitan Hotel, or to

HELMBOLD'S MEDICAL DEPOT,

104 South Tenth St., Philadelphia,

Assembly Buildings.

Describe Symptoms in all Communication.

☞ Sold by all Druggists everywhere.

☞ Beware of Counterfeits.

☞ Ask for Helmbold's. Take no Other.

Feb. 25. 1y.

SECURED.

DR. VELPAU'S FRENCH PILLS.

LADIES, TAKE PARTICULAR NOTICE.

THE REAL VELPAU FEMALE PILL.

[Warranted French.]

These Pills, so celebrated many years ago in Paris, for the relief of female irregularities, and afterward so notorious for their criminal employment in the practice of abortion, are now offered for sale for the first time in America. They have been kept in comparative security from the fact that the originator, Dr. Velpau, is a physician in Paris, of great wealth and strictly conscientious principles, and has withheld them from general use lest they should be employed for unlawful purposes. In overcoming Female Obstructions, Falling of the Womb, Whites, Green Sickness, Suppression, Retention, or Immoderate flow of the monthly discharges, they seem to be truly omnipotent, bursting open the flood gates from whatever cause may have stopped them; but they are offered to the public only for legitimate uses and all agents are forbidden to sell them when it is understood that the object is unlawful. Married ladies should never take them when there is any reason to believe themselves pregnant, for they will be sure to produce a miscarriage.

These Pills are entirely safe under all circumstances, being composed entirely of substances from the vegetable kingdom.

Each box has the coat of arms for the city of Paris stamped on the box, with the words "Trade Mark" in French, to counterfeit which is a misdemeanor, and all persons will be dealt with according to law.

☞ Full directions accompany every box.

Ladies can obtain a box sealed from the eyes of the curious, by enclosing one dollar and six postoffice stamps to any respectable druggists, or to O. C. STAPLES, General Agent for the United States, Watertown, N. Y.

For sale in Palmer by Wood & Allen, and Dr. Wm. Holbrook. n51y.

DR. WISTAR'S

BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY,

THE GREAT REMEDY FOR

CONSUMPTION,

And acknowledged by many prominent physicians to be by far the most Reliable Preparation ever introduced for the Relief and cure of all

LUNG COMPLAINTS.

This well-known remedy is offered to the public, sanctioned by the experience of over forty years, and when resorted to in season, seldom fails to effect a speedy cure of

Coughs, Colds, Croup, Bronchitis, Influenza, Whooping Cough, Hoarseness, Pains or Soreness in the Chest and Side, Bleeding at the Lungs, Liver Complaints, &c., &c.

Its complete success in many cases of confirmed consumption has reversed the opinion so long entertained, that this much dreaded disease is incurable.

To those who have already made use of this Remedy, no appeal is necessary. To those who have not, we have only to refer them to the written testimonials of many of our most distinguished citizens, who have been restored to health when the expectation of being cured was indeed a "forlorn hope." We have space only for the following

Unsolicited Testimony.

From REV. FRANCIS LOMBELL, Pastor of the South ong. hurch, Bridgeport, t.

BRIDGEPORT, Jan. t, 1864.

MESSRS. SETH W. FOWLE & CO.—Gentlemen: I consider it a duty which I owe to suffering humanity, to bear testimony to the virtues of Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry: I have used it—when I have had occasion for any remedy for Coughs, Colds, or Sore Throat—for many years, and never, in a single instance, has it failed to relieve and cure me. I have frequently been very hoarse on Saturday, and looked forward to the delivery of two sermons on the following day with sad misgivings, but by a liberal use of the Balsam my hoarseness has invariably been removed, and I have preached without difficulty. I commend it to my brethren in the ministry, and to public speakers generally, as a certain remedy for the bronchial troubles to which we are peculiarly exposed.

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Late Agent of U. S. Patent Office, Washington (under the Act of 1837.)

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January 1, 1865. 1y

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